

Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC

MADE IN GERMANY

Audit

Security Assessment 27. January, 2022

For



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Version	Date	Description
1.0	27. January 2022	Layout projectAutomated-/Manual-Security TestingSummary

Network

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

Website

http://172.104.214.232/Yellowdish/

Twitter

https://twitter.com/Aprilmyoracle

Instagram

https://www.instagram.com/apriloracle/

Description

TBA

Project Engagement

During the 13th of January 2022, **Yellowdish Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.



Contract Link v1.0

- Testnet
 - https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/
 0x4AEf1c68505aDa6272e08cA5E521D243e56a77ae#code

Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

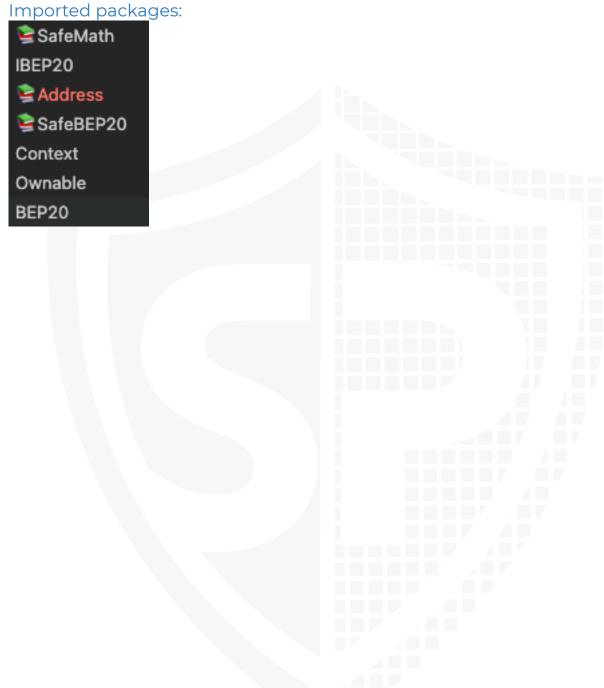
Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)



Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

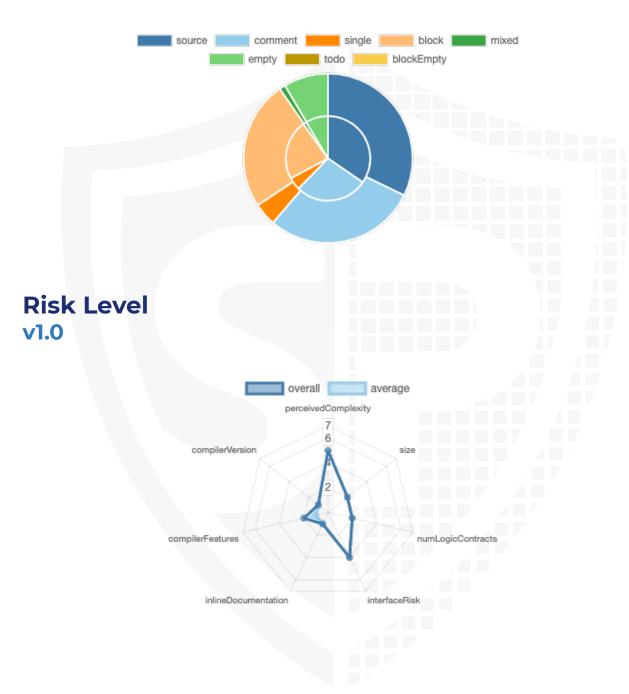
A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

v1.0

File Name	SHA-1 Hash	
contracts/yellowdish.sol	8842225b5433c232c76f48adb0904d417f326036	

Metrics

Source Lines v1.0



Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	4	3	1	1

Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Version	Public	Payable
1.0	53	0

Version	External	Internal	ternal Private		View
1.0	19	87	2	11	23

State Variables

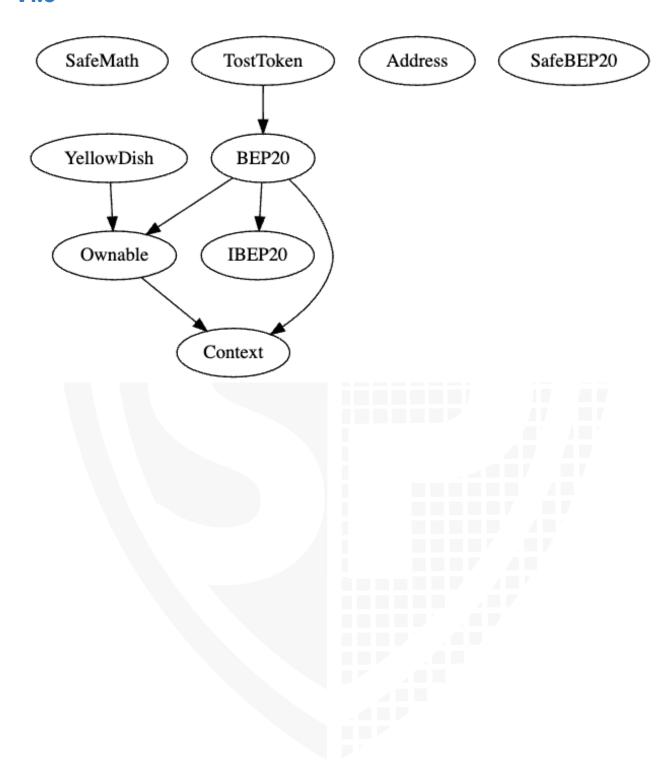
Version	Total	Public
1.0	25	17

Capabilities

Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experim ental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembl Y	Has Destroya ble Contract s
1.0	^0.6.0 >=0.6.4 ^0.6.2 >=0.6.0 <0.8.0 >=0.4.0 0.6.12			yes (3 asm blocks)	

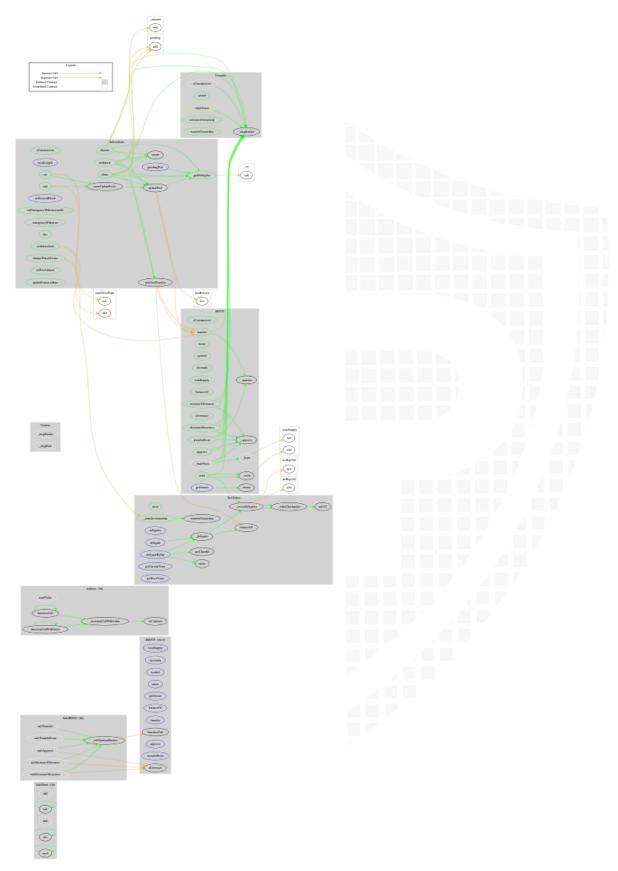
Version	Transfer s ETH	Low- Level Calls	Deleg ateCa II	Uses Hash Function s	EC Rec ove r	New/ Create/ Create2
1.0	yes			yes	yes	

Inheritance Graph v1.0



CallGraph

v1.0



Scope of Work/Verify Claims

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Deployer cannot lock
- 2. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 3. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)



Write functions of contract v1.0

V 1.0	
1. add	
2. changeTokenOwner	
3. claim	
4. deposit	
5. dev	
6. emergencyWithdraw	
7. massUpdatePools	
8. renounceOwnership	
9. set	
10. setEmergencyWithdrawnable	
11. setFeeAddress	
12. setIntervalBlock	
13. transferOwnership	
14. updateEmissionRate	
15. updatePool	
16. withdraw	
17. withdrawSafe	

Deployer cannot lock

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot lock	√	√	X

Comments:

v1.0

- Deployer can lock following functions
 - If intervalBlock is set to 0 (Can be set without any limitations)
 - updatePool
 - deposit
 - · Withdraw
 - · Claim
 - If TostPerBlock is set to 0 (Can be set without any limitations)
 - updatePool
 - Deposit
 - Withdraw
 - Claim

Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot pause	-	-	-



Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

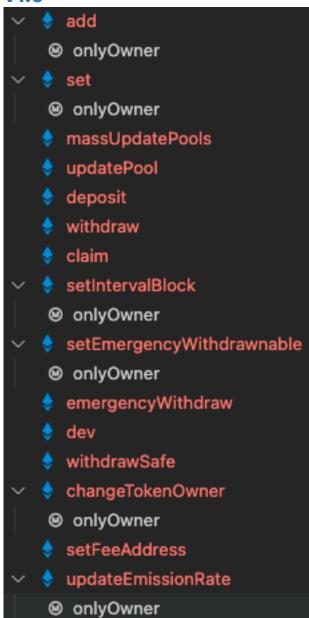


Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verfified / Checked	\checkmark
Partly Verified	>
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	_

Modifiers and public functions

v1.0



Comments

- add
 - Adding new pools
- Set
 - Updating existing pools
- Deposit
 - onlyOwner can choose whether other addresses or onlyOwner can access deposit function
- · Claim
 - onlyOwner can choose whether other addresses or onlyOwner can access claim function
- setEmergencyWithdrawnable

- Owner can set emergencyWlthdrawnable amount for specific pool
- emergencyWithdraw
 - Everybody can withdraw after calling setEmergencyWithdrawnable
- Dev
 - · Dev address can set new dev address
- withdrawSafe
 - Only dev can send a specific address a chosen amount of Tost tokens
- setFeeAddress
 - Only feeAddress can set new feeAddress
- Everybody can call updatePool to update reward variables of the given pool

Please check if an OnlyOwner or similar restrictive modifier has been forgotten.

Source Units in Scope v1.0

Туре	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
∌ ≧Q %	contracts/yellowdish.sol	8	1	1470	1350	670	623	485	■◆≡
≥ €Q	Totals	8	1	1470	1350	670	623	485	■ ◆ Ⅲ

Legend

Attribute	Description			
Lines	total lines of the source unit			
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)			
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)			
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments			
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)			

Audit Results

AUDIT PASSED

Critical issues

No critical issues

High issues

No high issues

Medium issues

No medium issues

Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	A floating pragma is set	Lines next to version	The current pragma Solidity directive is
				- \(\cdot 0.6.0, 37, 513, 540 \) - \(\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
#2	Main	Missing Zero Address Validation (missing- zero-check)	1215, 1216, 1447, 1461	Check that the address is not zero
#3	Main	Missing Events Arithmetic	1410, 1466	Emit an event for critical parameter changes

Informational issues

		<u>_</u>			
Issue	File	Type	Line	Description	

#1	Main	State variables that could be declared constant (constable-states)	1202	Add the `constant` attributes to state variables that never change
#2	Main	Unused state variables	1202, 1224	Remove unused state variables

Commented Code exist

There are some instances of code being commented out in the following files that should be removed:

Line		Comment
	156	$/\!/$ assert(a == b * c + a % b); $/\!/$ There is no case in which this doesn't hold
	1390	//require(user.amount >= _amount, "withdraw: not good");
	1306	// tost.transfer(address(this),tostReward);
	1467	//massUpdatePools();

Recommendation

Remove the commented code, or address them properly.

Audit Comments

We recommend you to use the special form of comments (NatSpec Format, Follow link for more information https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.5.10/natspec-format.html) for your contracts to provide rich documentation for functions, return variables and more. This helps investors to make clear what that variables, functions etc. do.

21. January 2022:

- · Alleviation from team for reentrancy issue
 - It is suggested to remove the amount from the user, after a
 withdraw process and set to 0, but in our case we have
 subtracted the amount of withdrawal request so the same
 process repeated for every claim and withdraw -
- Alleviation from team for packages
 - We have used Flattened contract so we don't require
 OpenZeppelin packages We have used safemath for Arithmetic events
- Read whole report for more information

SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>6</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>5</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>4</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>3</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>2</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>1</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>0</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>9</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>8</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>7</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>5</u>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>4</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>3</u>	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>2</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>1</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>0</u>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>7</u>	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-111</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>9</u>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>8</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>7</u>	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>6</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>5</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>4</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>3</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>2</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> 1	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>0</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED



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