

Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC

MADE IN GERMANY

Audit

Security Assessment 18. September, 2021

For



| Disclaimer | 3 |
|--|----|
| Description | 5 |
| Project Engagement | 5 |
| Logo | 5 |
| Contract Link | 5 |
| Methodology | 7 |
| Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports) | 8 |
| Tested Contract Files | 9 |
| Source Lines | 10 |
| Risk Level | 10 |
| Capabilities | 11 |
| Scope of Work | 13 |
| Inheritance Graph | 13 |
| Verify Claims | 14 |
| CallGraph | 19 |
| Source Units in Scope | 20 |
| Critical issues | 21 |
| High issues | 21 |
| Medium issues | 21 |
| Low issues | 21 |
| Informational issues | 22 |
| Commented Code exist | 22 |
| Audit Comments | 22 |
| SWC Attacks | 23 |

Disclaimer

<u>SolidProof.io</u> reports are not, nor should be considered, an "endorsement" or "disapproval" of any particular project or team. These reports are not, nor should be considered, an indication of the economics or value of any "product" or "asset" created by any team. SolidProof.io do not cover testing or auditing the integration with external contract or services (such as Unicrypt, Uniswap, PancakeSwap etc'...)

SolidProof.io Audits do not provide any warranty or guarantee regarding the absolute bug- free nature of the technology analyzed, nor do they provide any indication of the technology proprietors. SolidProof Audits should not be used in any way to make decisions around investment or involvement with any particular project. These reports in no way provide investment advice, nor should be leveraged as investment advice of any sort.

SolidProof.io Reports represent an extensive auditing process intending to help our customers increase the quality of their code while reducing the high level of risk presented by cryptographic tokens and blockchain technology. Blockchain technology and cryptographic assets present a high level of ongoing risk. SolidProof's position is that each company and individual are responsible for their own due diligence and continuous security. SolidProof in no way claims any guarantee of security or functionality of the technology we agree to analyze.

| Version | Date | Description |
|---------|--------------------|--|
| 1.0 | 18. September 2021 | Layout projectAutomated- /Manual-Security TestingSummary |

Network

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

Website

https://drakesnft.com/

Telegram

https://t.me/DrakesNft https://t.me/DrakesNft_chat

Twitter

https://twitter.com/DrakesNFT

Medium

https://medium.com/@DrakesNFT

Description

First blockchain Play-to-Earn multiplayer RPG. The Drakes is the Game of new age in De-Fi Gaming industry. You can farm, fight, upgrade your heroes and enjoy the great lore and global quests and events

Project Engagement

During the 13th of September 2021, **DrakesNFT Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.



Contract Link

v1.0

https://bscscan.com/address/ 0x1c88700e7BfB287036C94e35980C335A4E45ADDF#code

Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

| Level | Value | Vulnerability | Risk (Required Action) |
|---------------|---------|---|---|
| Critical | 9 - 10 | A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken. | Immediate action to reduce risk level. |
| High | 7 – 8.9 | A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way. | Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible. |
| Medium | 4 – 6.9 | A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario. | Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period. |
| Low | 2 – 3.9 | A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective. | Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk. |
| Informational | 0 – 1.9 | A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code. | An observation that does not determine a level of risk |

Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

- OpenZeppelin
 - SafeMath
 - · IBEP20
- Uniswap
 - UniswapV2Factory
 - UniswapV2Pair
 - UniswapV2Router01
 - UniswapV2Router02

Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

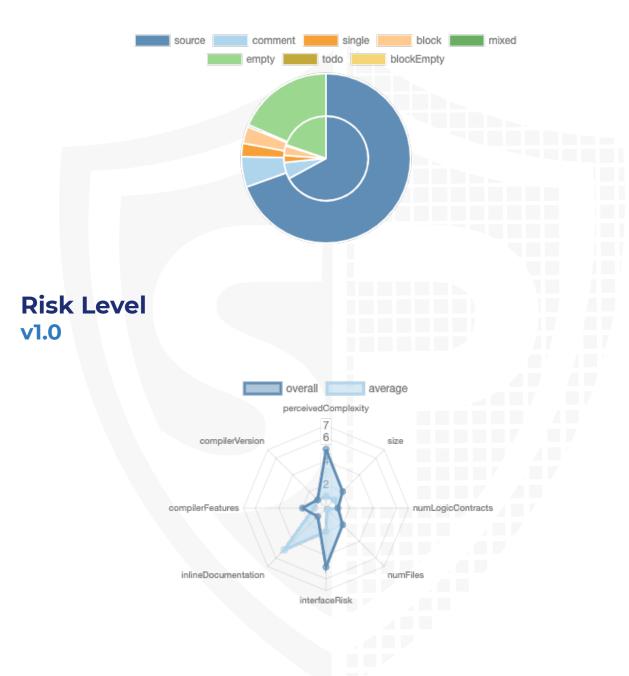
A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

v1.0

| File Name | SHA-1 Hash |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| contracts/IBEP20.sol | 026b32af2d045e51368d3d4e37b75236ac049161 |
| contracts/DrakesToken.sol | 72788fa1c3621692add5342544e19a83efbf42c1 |
| contracts/IUniswapV2Pair.sol | f10815d95ddbf7625d3268e5bc2df25edcae0321 |
| contracts/IUniswapV2Factory.sol | 7862e90c97b780c92cc6ca741e77d99f0c58227a |
| contracts/Game/IDrakeMainToken.sol | 47dfa792a3aaea0840132522bce4be1c04f3220d |
| contracts/Game/IDrakeV0GameMaster.sol | 2a285dbf2148235629b296bf87d72ba7e5b334cb |
| contracts/Game/ICrystalToken.sol | ccbbbd358baf050a4daa7cb978ea101a04e25fb7 |
| contracts/SafeMath.sol | 128a09f314805edbf340a6477e1946aa3620f10d |
| contracts/IUniswapV2Router02.sol | f14be5686f370745872070c969f9dbc72db7aa9b |
| contracts/IUniswapV2Router01.sol | ad7295200bb0a9e1b879d59dae2b66b7e2b99221 |
| contracts/GarbageCleaner.sol | 8ba2623d21308cc6e516c37f68417b2684299ee7 |
| contracts/Auth.sol | 1a2846e2b09a16e4d2e806074e1fc224362b161c |

Metrics

Source Lines v1.0



Capabilities

Components

| Version | Contracts | Libraries | Interfaces | Abstract |
|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|----------|
| 1.0 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 1 |

Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

| Version | Public | Payable |
|---------|--------|---------|
| 1.0 | 66 | 3 |

| Version | External | Internal | Private | Pure | View |
|---------|----------|----------|---------|------|------|
| 1.0 | 53 | 74 | 4 | 8 | 23 |

State Variables

| Version | Total | Public |
|---------|-------|--------|
| 1.0 | 40 | 10 |

Capabilities

| Version | Solidity Versions observed | Experim ental Features | Can Receive Funds | Uses Assembl Y | Has Destroya ble Contract s |
|---------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| 1.0 | 0.6.12 >=0.6.1 2 | | yes | **** (0 asm blocks) | |

| Transf Low- Version ers Level ETH Calls | Delega teCall | Uses Hash Functi ons | ECRec over | New/ Create/ Create 2 |
|---|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|
|---|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|

| 1.0 | Yes | | | |
|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| | | | | |



Scope of Work

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Correct implementation of Token standard
- 2. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
- 3. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
- 4. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 5. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Inheritance Graph v1.0



Verify Claims

Correct implementation of Token standard



| Function | Description | Exist | Tested | Verified |
|--------------|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| TotalSupply | provides information about the total token supply | \checkmark | √ | \checkmark |
| BalanceOf | provides account balance of the owner's account | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| Transfer | executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address | √ | √ | √ |
| TransferFrom | executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address | √ | √ | √ |
| Approve | allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account | √ | √ | √ |
| Allowance | returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner | √ | 1 | √ |

Optional implementations

| Function | Description | Exist | Tested | Verified |
|-------------------|---|-------|--------|----------|
| renounceOwnership | Owner renounce ownership for more trust | - | - | - |

Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

| Name | Exist | Tested | Verified | File |
|-------------------------|---------|--------|----------|------|
| Deployer cannot mint | ✓ | ✓ | X | Main |
| Comment | Line: - | | | |

Max / Total Supply: 1.000.000.000

Comments:

v1.0

- · OnlyGameMaster can mint tokens with swapCrystals function
- Function is interacting with other IBEP/ICrystalToken contract

Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

| Name | Exist | Tested | Verified |
|-------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Deployer cannot lock | √ | √ | X |
| Deployer cannot burn | √ | √ | × |



Deployer cannot pause the contract

| Name | Exist | Tested | Verified |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| Deployer cannot pause | \checkmark | √ | \checkmark |



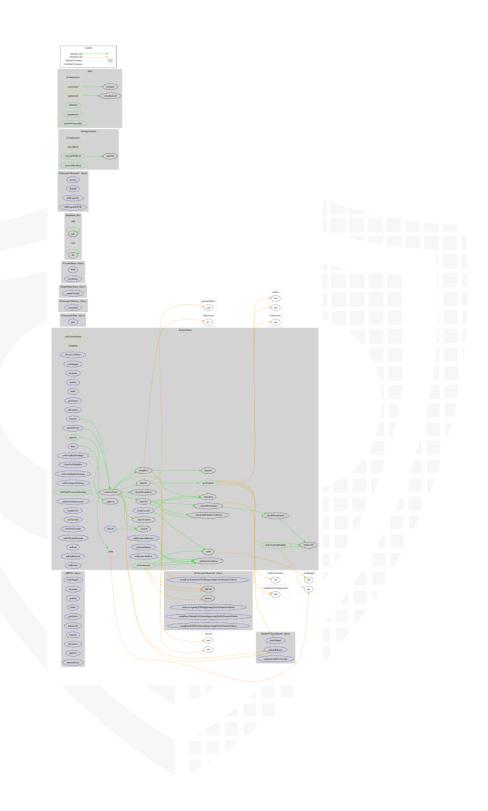
Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

| Tested | Verified |
|--------------|--------------|
| \checkmark | \checkmark |

Legend

| Attribute | Symbol |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| Verfified / Checked | \checkmark |
| Partly Verified | |
| Unverified / Not checked | X |
| Not available | - |

CallGraph



Source Units in Scope

v1.0

| Туре | File | Logic Contracts | Interfaces | Lines | nLines | nSLOC | Comment Lines | Complex. Score | Capabilities |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|-------|--------|-------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| Q | contracts/IBEP20.sol | | 1 | 18 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 21 | |
| > | contracts/DrakesToken.sol | 1 | | 427 | 423 | 325 | 5 | 302 | . <u>Š</u> . |
| Q | contracts/IUniswapV2Pair.sol | | 1 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 3 | |
| Q | contracts/IUniswapV2Factory.sol | | 1 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 3 | |
| Q | contracts/Game/IDrakeMainToken.sol | | 1 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 3 | |
| Q | contracts/Game/IDrakeV0GameMaster.sol | | 1 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 7 | |
| Q | contracts/Game/ICrystalToken.sol | | 1 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 5 | |
| \(\rightarrow\) | contracts/SafeMath.sol | 1 | | 42 | 42 | 32 | 3 | 8 | |
| Q | contracts/IUniswapV2Router02.sol | | 1 | 38 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 14 | |
| Q | contracts/IUniswapV2Router01.sol | | 1 | 29 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 12 | |
| i | contracts/GarbageCleaner.sol | 1 | | 35 | 35 | 27 | 1 | 21 | <u>*</u> |
| % | contracts/Auth.sol | 1 | | 69 | 69 | 33 | 25 | 21 | |
| ∌ ≧Q % | Totals | 4 | 8 | 692 | 611 | 442 | 43 | 420 | . <u>Š</u> . |

Legend

| <u> </u> | |
|------------------|---|
| Attribute | Description |
| Lines | total lines of the source unit |
| nLines | normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines) |
| nSLOC | normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines) |
| Comment Lines | lines containing single or block comments |
| Complexity Score | a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,) |

Audit Results

AUDIT PASSED

Critical issues

- no critical issues found -

High issues

- no high issues found -

Medium issues

- no medium issues found -

Low issues

| Issue | File | Type | Line | Description |
|-------|------------------------|---|--|---|
| issue | riie | туре | Lifte | Description |
| #1 | Auth | Missing Zero Address Validation (missing- zero-check) | 62 | Check that the address is not zero |
| #2 | DrakesT oken | Missing Zero Address Validation (missing- zero-check) | 395 | Check that the address is not zero |
| #3 | Garbag eCleane r | Missing Zero Address Validation (missing- zero-check) | 21 | Check that the address is not zero |
| #4 | DrakesT oken | Missing Events Arithmetic (events- maths) | 303-308, 389-393, 310-315, 360-363, 317-325 | Emit an event for critical parameter changes |
| #5 | DrakesT oken | State variable visibility is not set | 24, 25, 28, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 58, 66, 69, 70, 71, 73, 77 | It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly |

Informational issues

| Issue | File | Type | Line | Description |
|-------|------|--|--------|--|
| #1 | Main | State variables that could be declared constant (constable-states) | 22, 21 | Add the `constant` attributes to state variables that never change |

Commented Code exist

There are some instances of code being commented out in the following files that should be removed:

| Line | Comment |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| SafeMath (38) | // assert(a == b * c + a % b); |

Recommendation

Remove the commented code, or address them properly.

Audit Comments

18. September 2021:

- There is still an owner (Owner still has not renounced ownership)
- Developer can lock user funds by set launchedAt to zero with stopBotTxs function
 - Check also checkTx Function (DYOR)

SWC Attacks

| ID | Title | Relationships | Status |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--------|
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>6</u> | Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain | CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>5</u> | Code With No Effects | CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>4</u> | Message call with hardcoded gas amount | CWE-655: Improper Initialization | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>3</u> | Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments | CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>2</u> | Unexpected Ether balance | CWE-667: Improper Locking | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>1</u> | Presence of unused variables | CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>O</u> | Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E) | CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>9</u> | Typographical Error | CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>8</u> | DoS With Block Gas Limit | CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption | PASSED |

| <u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>7</u> | Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable | CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality | PASSED |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--------|
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>5</u> | Incorrect Inheritance Order | CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>4</u> | Write to Arbitrary Storage Location | CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>3</u> | Requirement Violation | CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>2</u> | Lack of Proper Signature Verification | CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>1</u> | Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks | CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>0</u> | Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes | CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u> | Shadowing State Variables | CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u> | Incorrect Constructor Name | CWE-665: Improper Initialization | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>7</u> | Signature Malleability | CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature | PASSED |

| <u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u> | Timestamp Dependence | CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere | PASSED |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|---------------|
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u> | Authorization through tx.origin | CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u> | Transaction Order Dependence | CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition') | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u> | DoS with Failed Call | CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u> | Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee | CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-111</u> | Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions | CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u> | Assert Violation | CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>9</u> | Uninitialized Storage Pointer | CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>8</u> | State Variable Default Visibility | CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards | NOT PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>7</u> | Reentrancy | CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>6</u> | Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction | CWE-284: Improper Access Control | PASSED |

| <u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>5</u> | Unprotected Ether Withdrawal | CWE-284: Improper Access Control | PASSED |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--------|
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>4</u> | Unchecked Call Return Value | CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>3</u> | Floating Pragma | CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>2</u> | Outdated Compiler Version | CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>1</u> | Integer Overflow and Underflow | CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation | PASSED |
| <u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>0</u> | Function Default Visibility | CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards | PASSED |
| | | | |



Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC

