

Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC

MADE IN GERMANY

Audit

Security Assessment 12. January, 2022

For

VOICE Crypto

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Version	Date	Description / Description
1.0	12. January 2022	Layout projectAutomated- /Manual-Security TestingSummary

Network

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

Website

https://thevoicecrypto.org/

Telegram

https://t.me/tvcchat

Twitter

https://twitter.com/TheVoiceNFT

Discord

https://discord.gg/CDjgnxrrRh

Description

The Voice Crypto is an NFT game implemented under the Binance Smart Chain (BSC) network, where,

in addition to having fun playing, you will get great rewards

Project Engagement

During the 10th of January 2022, **TheVoiceCrypto Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.



Contract Link v1.0

https://bscscan.com/address/
 0x7fd0f673c75786d106ae295f1e4c348fb5b358cf#code

Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

- OpenZeppelin
 - Context
 - ERC20
 - · IERC20

Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

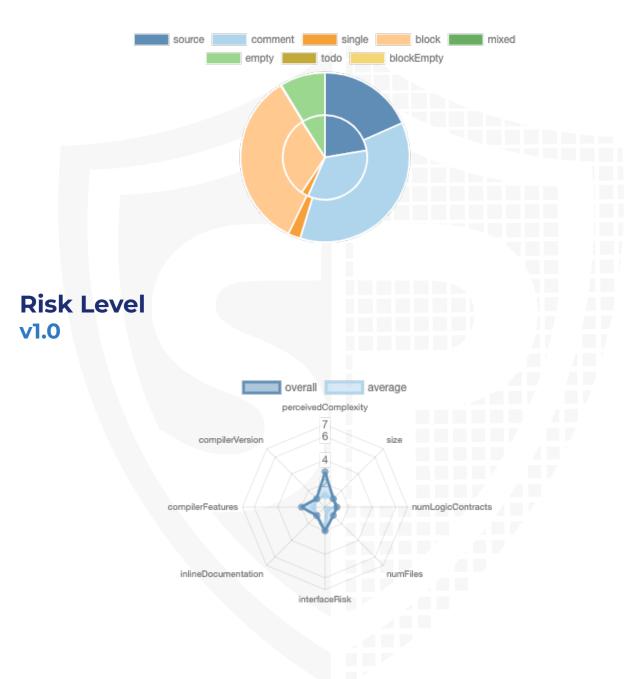
A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

v1.0

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/ERC20.sol	6870f5912ed0581c546419a174617f20f92f65ca
contracts/IERC20.sol	d291a1b2b60f170b82ac516d27850744443b1061
contracts/ENMT.sol	21100d1b6c62af3a79a412a830102fec86c8e2e2
contracts/Context.sol	f5d8feec0045f865471b23db56f61350606cbf25

Metrics

Source Lines v1.0



Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	2	0	1	1

Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Versi	on	Public	Payable
1.0		19	0

Version	External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
1.0	6	23	0	0	12

State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	7	2

Capabilities

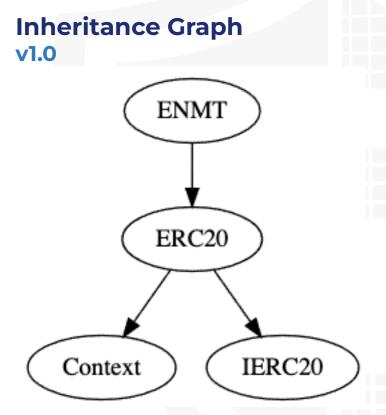
Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experim ental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembl Y	Has Destroya ble Contract s
1.0	^0.8.0			**** (0 asm blocks)	

Scope of Work

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Correct implementation of Token standard
- 2. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
- 3. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
- 4. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 5. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)



Verify Claims

Correct implementation of Token standard

Tested	Verified
√	√

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	provides information about the total token supply	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
BalanceOf	provides account balance of the owner's account	√	√	\checkmark
Transfer	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	√	√	√
TransferFrom	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	√	√	√
Approve	allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	√	√	√
Allowance	returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	√	1	√

Write functions of contract

1. approve 2. burn 3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	2. burn 3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	2. burn 3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	2. burn 3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	2. burn 3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	2. burn 3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	2. burn 3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom					
decreaseAllowance increaseAllowance transfer	3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	3. decreaseAllowance 4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	1. approve				
4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer	4. increaseAllowance 5. transfer 6. transferFrom	2. burn									
5. transfer	5. transfer 6. transferFrom	3. decreaseAllowance									
	6. transferFrom	4. increaseAllowance									
6. transferFrom	6. transferFrom						5. transfer				
							6. transferFrom				

Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified	File
Deployer cannot mint	✓	✓	✓	Main
Comment	Line: -			

Max / Total Supply: 100.000.000 (from BSCScan)



Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot lock	\checkmark	√	✓
Deployer cannot burn	✓	√	X



Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot pause	-	_	-



Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)



Legend

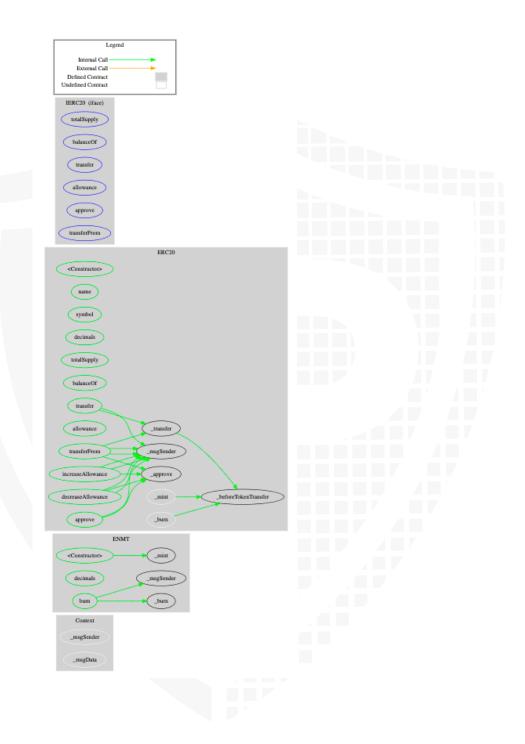
Attribute	Symbol
Verfified / Checked	\checkmark
Partly Verified	
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	-

Modifiers

_



CallGraph



Source Units in Scope

v1.0

Туре	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
%	contracts/Context.sol	1		26	26	10	13	1	
2	contracts/ENMT.sol	1		42	42	20	10	14	
2	contracts/ERC20.sol	1		305	305	90	179	73	
Q	contracts/IERC20.sol		1	79	28	17	58	13	茶
9Q %	Totals	3	1	452	401	137	260	101	*

Legend

Attribute	Description		
Lines	total lines of the source unit		
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)		
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)		
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments		
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)		

Audit Results

AUDIT PASSED

Critical issues

No critical issues

High issues

No high issues

Medium issues

No medium issues

Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	Contract doesn't import npm packages from source (like OpenZeppelin etc.)		We recommend to import all packages from npm directly without flatten the contract. Functions could be modified or can be susceptible to vulnerabilities
#2	Main	A floating pragma is set	12	The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"".

Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	State variables that could be declared constant (constable-states)	20	Add the `constant` attributes to state variables that never change

Audit Comments

12. January 2022:

- No modifiers
- · It's an ENMT (ERC20 Non Mintable Token)



SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>36</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>35</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>34</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>33</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>32</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>31</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>30</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>29</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>28</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>25</u>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>24</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>23</u>	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>21</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
SW C-1 20	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>7</u>	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-1 09	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-1 07	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>06</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>05</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
SW C-1 04	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>03</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>02</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>00</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED



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