



SOLIDProof
Bring trust into your projects

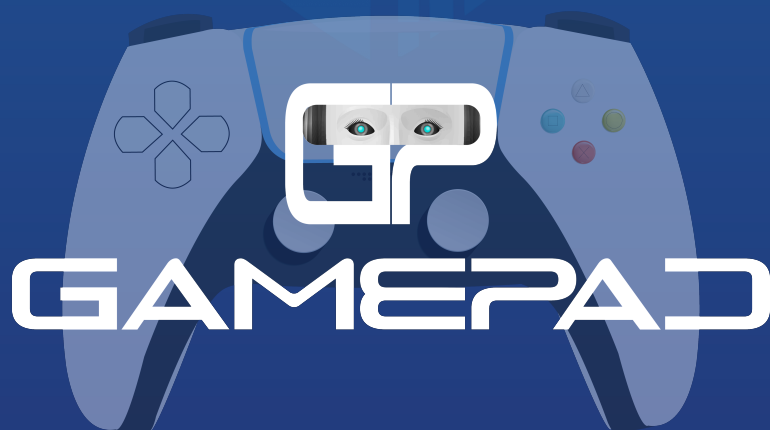
Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC

MADE IN GERMANY

Audit

Security Assessment
11. November, 2021

For



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Disclaimer

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Version	Date	Description
1.0	. November 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Layout project• Automated- /Manual-Security Testing• Summary

Network

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

Website

<https://gamepad.games/>

Telegram

<https://t.me/gamepadofficial>

Twitter

https://twitter.com/gamepad_games

Medium

<https://medium.com/@gamepadgamesinfo>



Description

GAMEPAD IS THE FIRST DECENTRALIZED IGO PLATFORM FOR GAMING PROJECTS ON MULTI CHAINS.

Project Engagement

During the 8th of November 2021, **GamePad Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

Logo



Contract Link

v1.0

<https://bscscan.com/address/0x34052aa925cf10d57a7aa3aa9ccd8dc0600c1e61#code>

Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon as possible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

1. Code review that includes the following:
 - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

```
: SafeMath
: SafeMathInt
: SafeMathUint
: Context
: IERC20
: IERC20Metadata
: ERC20
: IPinkAntiBot
: DividendPayingTokenInterface
: DividendPayingTokenOptionalInterface
: DividendPayingToken
: Ownable
: IterableMapping
: GAMEPADDividendTracker
: IUniswapV2Factory
: IUniswapV2Pair
: IUniswapV2Router01
: IUniswapV2Router02
```


Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

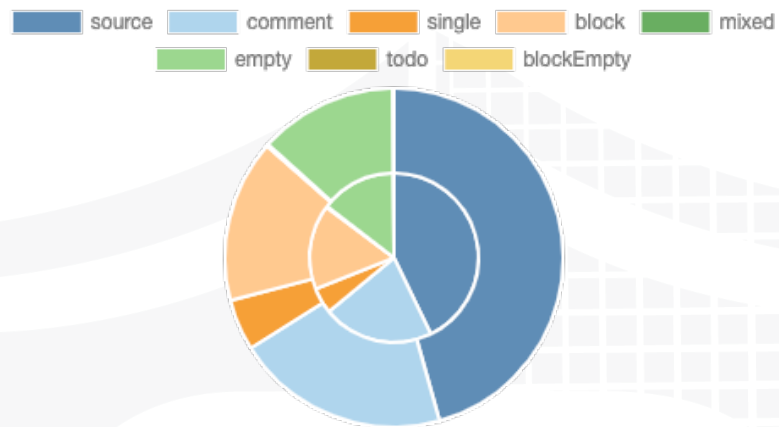
A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

v1.0

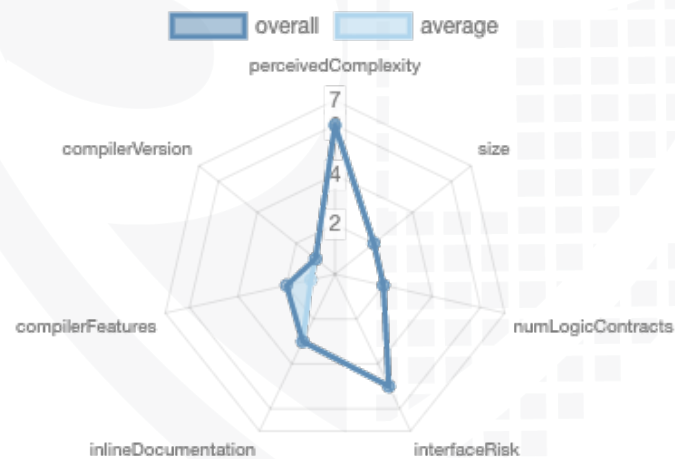
File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/gamepad.sol	48b5ce5a380fbe541fd5ac2924600d12e48ba710

Metrics

Source Lines v1.0



Risk Level v1.0



Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	5	4	9	1

Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Version	Public	Payable
1.0	142	8

Version	External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
1.0	103	115	2	27	59

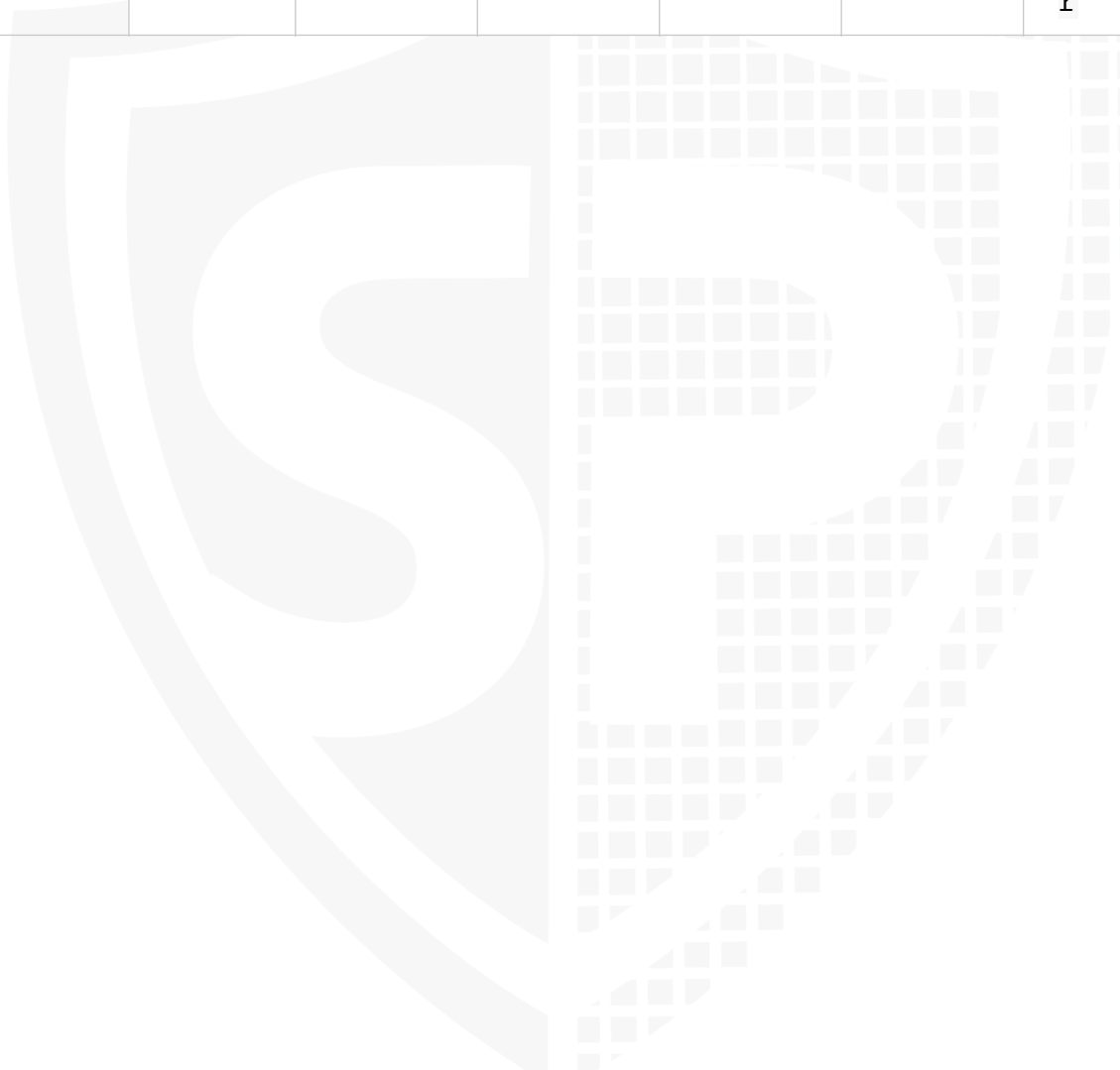
State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	46	29

Capabilities

Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experimental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembly	Has Destroyable Contracts
1.0	0.8.7		yes	**** (0 asm blocks)	

Version	Transfers ETH	Low-Level Calls	DelegateCall	Uses Hash Functions	ECRecover	New/ Create/ Create2
1.0	yes					yes → New Contract: GAM EPAD Dividend Tracker



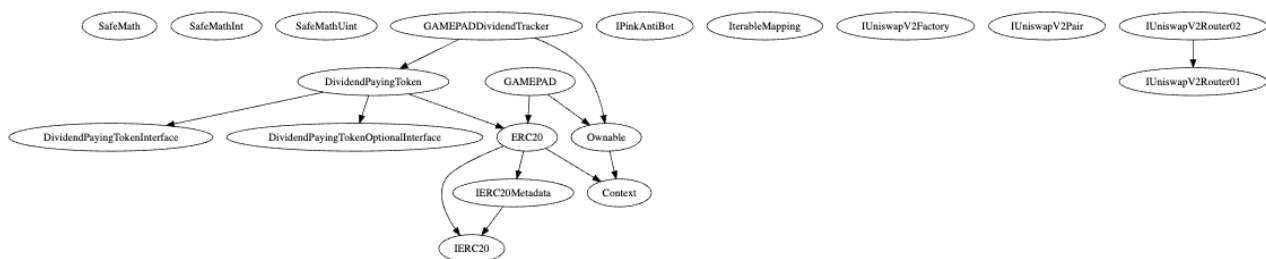
Scope of Work

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

1. Correct implementation of Token standard
2. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
3. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
4. Deployer cannot pause the contract
5. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Inheritance Graph v1.0



Verify Claims

Correct implementation of Token standard

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	provides information about the total token supply	✓	✓	✓
BalanceOf	provides account balance of the owner's account	✓	✓	✓
Transfer	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	✓	✓	✓
TransferFrom	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Approve	allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	✓	✓	✓
Allowance	returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	✓	✓	✓

Write functions of contract

1. approve	→
2. changeCooldownSettings	→
3. changelsDividendExempt	→
4. changelsWalletLimitExempt	→
5. changeSwapThreshold	→
6. changeWalletLimit	→
7. claim	→
8. decreaseAllowance	→
9. enableDisableWalletMax	→
10. excludeFromFees	→
11. increaseAllowance	→
12. prepareForLaunch	→
13. prepareForPresale	→
14. processDividendTracker	→
15. renounceOwnership	→
16. setslTimelockExempt	→
17. setMarketingWallet	→
18. setMaxTxAMount	→
19. transfer	→
20. transferFrom	→
21. transferOwnership	→
22. updateBuyFees	→
23. updateClaimWait	→
24. updateGasForProcessing	→
25. updateSellFees	→
26. updateUniswapV2Router	→

Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified	File
Deployer cannot mint	✓	✓	✗	Main
Comment	Line: -			

Max / Total Supply:

Comments:

v1.0

- Deployer can mint with `_setBalance` function
 - In `includeInDividends`
 - `excludedFromDividends`

Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot lock	✓	✓	✗
Deployer cannot burn	✓	✓	✗

Comments:

v1.0

- Deployer can lock user funds
 - If maxTxAmount is set to 0
 - It could be that the onPreTransferCheck function from pinkAntiBot can lock user funds
 - pinkAntiBot was not provided to solidproof
 - If restrictWhales is true and walletMax is set to 0
- Deployer can burn with _setBalance function

Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot pause	✓	✓	✓



Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	✓
Partly Verified	⚠
Unverified / Not checked	✗
Not available	—

OnlyOwner functions

GamePad:

```
updateBuyFees  
updateSellFees  
changelDividendExempt  
setMarketingWallet  
updateUniswapV2Router  
excludeFromFees  
updateGasForProcessing  
updateClaimWait
```

```
setMaxTxAMount  
changeWalletLimit  
enableDisableWalletMax  
changelWalletLimitExempt  
changeSwapThreshold  
changeCooldownSettings  
setIsTimelockExempt  
prepareForLaunch  
prepareForPresale
```

GamePadDividendTracker

```
excludeFromDividends  
includeInDividends  
updateClaimWait  
setBalance
```

```
processAccount
```

Comments:

- State variables can be set without any limitations by owner
 - Excluded
 - updateGasForProcessing
 - Included
 - buyfees
 - Sellfees
 - maxTxAmount
 - Can lock user funds if it is set to 0
 - walletMax





- Can lock user funds if it is set to 0



CallGraph



Source Units in Scope v1.0

Type	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
	contracts/gamepad.sol	10	9	1782	1416	776	460	795	
	Totals	10	9	1782	1416	776	460	795	

Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces, ...)

Audit Results

AUDIT PASSED

Critical issues

- no critical issues found -

High issues

- no high issues found -

Medium issues

- no medium issues found -

Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	Contract doesn't import npm packages from source (like OpenZeppelin etc.)	-	We recommend to import all packages from npm directly without flatten the contract. Functions could be modified or can be susceptible to vulnerabilities
#2	Main	Missing Zero Address Validation (missing-zero-check)	1515	Check that the address is not zero
#3	Main	Tautology or contradiction	1624	Fix the incorrect comparison by changing the value type or the comparison

Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	State variables that could be declared constant (constable-states)	1389	Add the `constant` attributes to state variables that never change
#2	Main	Unused state variables	1389, 1414, 159	Remove unused state variables

Commented Code exist

There are some instances of code being commented out in the following files that should be removed:

Line	Comment
1449	// IUniswapV2Router02 _uniswapV2Router = IUniswapV2Router02(0xD99D1c33F9fC3444f8101754aBC46c52416550D1); // Testnet

Recommendation

Remove the commented code, or address them properly.

Audit Comments

11. November 2021:

- There is still an owner (Owner still has not renounced ownership)
- Developer can lock user funds
 - For more information please read comment sections above

SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
SW C-13 6	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
SW C-13 5	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
SW C-13 4	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
SW C-13 3	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
SW C-13 2	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
SW C-13 1	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
SW C-13 0	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
SW C-12 9	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
SW C-12 8	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

SW C-12 7	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
SW C-12 5	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
SW C-12 4	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
SW C-12 3	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
SW C-12 2	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
SW C-12 1	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
SW C-12 0	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
SW C-11 9	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-11 8	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
SW C-11 7	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

SW C-11 6	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
SW C-11 5	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
SW C-11 4	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
SW C-11 3	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
SW C-11 2	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
SW C-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
SW C-11 0	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-10 9	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
SW C-10 8	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-10 7	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
SW C-10 6	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

SW C-10 5	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
SW C-10 4	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
SW C-10 3	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	PASSED
SW C-10 2	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
SW C-10 1	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
SW C-10 0	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED

The logo features the word "SolidProofed" in a white, handwritten-style script. The text is set against a dark blue background that includes a faint, stylized shield emblem. The shield has a grid-like pattern on its right side and a solid blue area on its left.

SolidProofed

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A small horizontal bar representing the German flag, with black, red, and gold stripes.

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