

Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC

MADE IN GERMANY

Audit

Security Assessment 10. September, 2021



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Version	Date	Description / _
1.0	10. September 2021	Layout projectAutomated- /Manual-Security TestingSummary

Network

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

Website

https://odyssland.io/



Description

Odyssland is a combat and strategy game, in which players can immerse themselves in the dragon world where players can entertain as well as earn reward. With Odyssland, players collect rare species of eggs and build their fighting skills then fight against the enemies to bring the Odyssland back to the way it was.

Their mission is to build a comprehensive platform of blockchain gaming that enables millions of individuals to participate in the NFT and blockchain-based gaming world in a simple, creative, and enjoyable way.

Project Engagement

During the 22nd of August 2021, **Odyssland Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. **Odyssland Team** provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

Logo



Contract Link

https://bscscan.com/address/ 0xc2db4a5118d730a6ad2eb932ea7f7b484b6093d9#code

Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

- OpenZeppelin
 - Ownable
 - SafeMath
 - ERC20
 - Context
 - Reentrancyguard
- Uniswap
 - UniswapV2Factory
 - UniswapV2Pair
 - UniswapV2Router01
 - UniswapV2Router02

Tested Contract Files

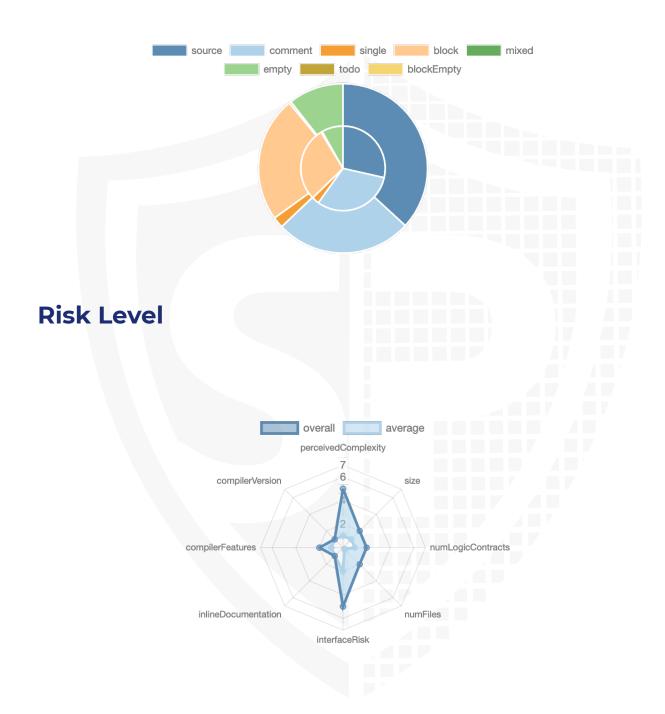
This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/OdysslandFeature.sol	6236ed001bba704af2a8458cb62ea7d3bcba1977
contracts/InterfaceManager.sol	396a277c5e1447dcc989e293e8f161815c86a9f3
contracts/Context.sol	a34cc2179b2da819d60afa9d711d0094d5a72799
contracts/Uniswap.sol	570cda5051df3f905a74466062a24cec0ee4bb77
contracts/odyssland.sol	9511b4aa1840f0a28815d5498cc739f4a7f8487f
contracts/SafeMath.sol	252b3caeb72fa4bde1cf723d04677a593bd82d36
contracts/Ownable.sol	fa2bb34facab3985cc90675da261ff46383443d1
contracts/ERC20.sol	a21cc9366d4464bbf13d6866921aa051c1cc2408
contracts/ReentrancyGuard.sol	15418ab2dc6d962dd376d991088e3577b36ddaaa
contracts/IERC20.sol	2d6eb8a102a8a92dcfef4d19c977a062e891c7cf

Metrics

Source Lines



Capabilities

Components

Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
3	1	6	3

Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Public		Payable	
	106		5

External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
87	80	1	23	48

State Variables

Total		Public	
	28		15

Capabilities

Solidity Versions observed	Experiment al Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembly	Has Destroyable Contracts
^0.7.6 >=0.6.0 <0.8.0		yes	(0 asm blocks)	

Scope of Work

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Correct implementation of Token standard
- 2. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
- 3. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
- 4. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 5. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Inheritance Graph



Verify Claims

Correct implementation of Token standard



Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	provides information about the total token supply	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
BalanceOf	provides account balance of the owner's account	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓
Transfer	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	√	√	√
TransferFrom	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	√	√	√
Approve	allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	√	√	√
Allowance	returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	√	1	√

Optional implementations

Function	Description		Tested	Verified
renounceOwnership	Owner renounce ownership for more trust	\checkmark	√	X

Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified	File
Deployer cannot mint	✓	✓	X	Main
Comment	Line: -			

Max / Total Supply: 70.000.000

Comment

- · Where contract mints tokens
 - Odyssland.sol
 - Line 25 (constructor)
 - OdysslandFeature.sol
 - · Line 61 (farm function)
 - Line 76 (win function)

Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot lock	\checkmark	√	×
Deployer cannot burn	✓	✓	X

Comment Lock

- Lock
 - · Following conditions need to be all true to revert the transfer
 - antiBotTime higher than block.timestamp
 - antiDuration is 10 minutes which will be added to current block.timestamp
 - Amount which to transfer higher than antiBotAmount
 - Msg.sender is true in bots mapping
 - Owner can call antiBot function only once because of the antiBotEnabled state variable which will set to true in the calling function, after that owner cannot call antiBot function anymore because of the require statement
 - require(!antiBotEnabled)
 - · Owner can set amount only once



Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot pause	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark



Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
\checkmark	√

Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verfified / Checked	\checkmark
Partly Verified	P
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	-

CallGraph



Source Units in Scope

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/OdysslandFeature.sol	6236ed001bba704af2a8458cb62ea7d3bcba1977
contracts/InterfaceManager.sol	396a277c5e1447dcc989e293e8f161815c86a9f3
contracts/Context.sol	a34cc2179b2da819d60afa9d711d0094d5a72799
contracts/Uniswap.sol	570cda5051df3f905a74466062a24cec0ee4bb77
contracts/odyssland.sol	9511b4aa1840f0a28815d5498cc739f4a7f8487f
contracts/SafeMath.sol	252b3caeb72fa4bde1cf723d04677a593bd82d36
contracts/Ownable.sol	fa2bb34facab3985cc90675da261ff46383443d1
contracts/ERC20.sol	a21cc9366d4464bbf13d6866921aa051c1cc2408
contracts/ReentrancyGuard.sol	15418ab2dc6d962dd376d991088e3577b36ddaaa
contracts/IERC20.sol	2d6eb8a102a8a92dcfef4d19c977a062e891c7cf

Legend

2090110	
Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)

Audit Results

AUDIT PASSED

Critical issues

- no critical issues found -

High issues

- no high issues found -

Medium issues

- no medium issues found -

Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	A floating pragma is set	2	The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.7.6"".
#2	Main	State variable visibility is not set	11	It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly

Informational issues

- no informational issues found -

Audit Comments 10. September 2021:

- · There is still an owner (Owner still has not renounced ownership)
- Look "Lock" comment

SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>6</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>5</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>4</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>3</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>2</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>1</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-13</u> <u>O</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>9</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>8</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>7</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>5</u>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>4</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>3</u>	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>2</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
SW C-12	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-12</u> <u>0</u>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>7</u>	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-111</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>9</u>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>8</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>7</u>	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>6</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>5</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>4</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>3</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>2</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> 1	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-10</u> <u>0</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED



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