



**SOLID**Proof  
*Bring trust into your projects*

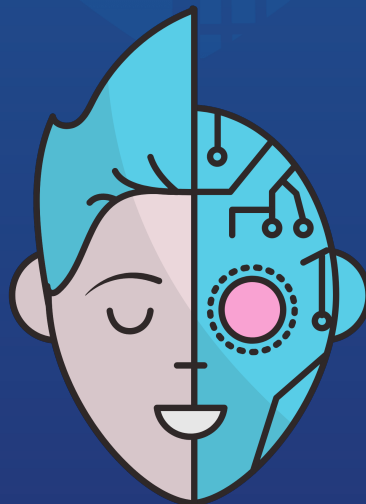
**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC**

MADE IN GERMANY

# Audit

**Security Assessment**  
**28. July, 2021**

**For**



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## Disclaimer

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Version	Date	Description
1.0	26. July 2021	Layout project
	27. July 2021	Automated- /Manual-Security Testing
	27. July 2021	Summary

## **Network**

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

## **Website**

<https://robotoken.app/>

## **Telegram**

<https://t.me/robotokenofficial>

## **Twitter**

<https://twitter.com/tokenrobo?lang=en>

## **Github**

<https://github.com/roboapp>

## **Medium**

<https://medium.com/@RoboToken>

## **Instagram**

<https://www.instagram.com/tokenrobo/>

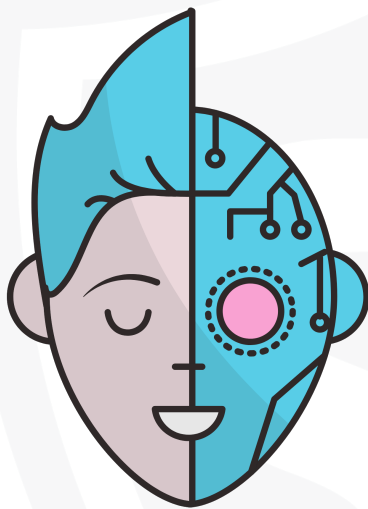
## Description

RoboToken is a modern eco-system with a BNB reward system, auto-claim, buy back, dex swap, and launchpad all under one token \$ROBO.

## Project Engagement

During the 26th of July 2021, **RoboToken Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. **RoboToken Team** provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

## Logo



## Contract Link

TBA

# Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
<b>Critical</b>	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
<b>High</b>	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon as possible.
<b>Medium</b>	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
<b>Low</b>	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
<b>Informational</b>	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

# Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

## Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

1. Code review that includes the following:
  - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
  - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
  - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

## Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

- OpenZeppelin
  - Address
  - Ownable
  - SafeMatch
- Uniswap
  - UniswapV2Factory
  - UniswapV2Pair
  - UniswapV2Router01
  - UniswapV2Router02





## Tested Contract Files

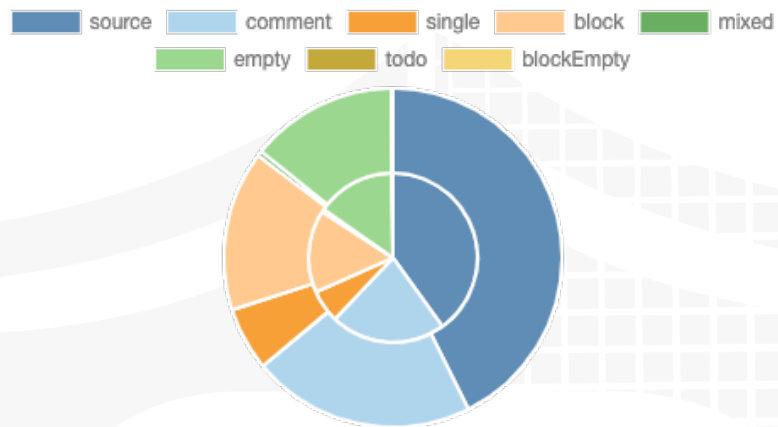
This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

*A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.*

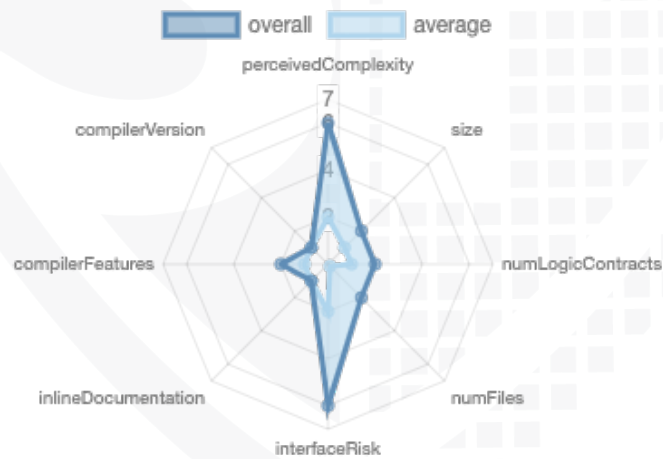
File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/DividendPayingToken.sol	633b4dff40098943e3725845028b7987be72ee83
contracts/IUniswapV2Pair.sol	05e647da1a2fa7934af97a8db4c9f78ad2c9d8d9
contracts/SafeMathUint.sol	7808353a4a6fe523b1c744e2572fe77582579725
contracts/Context.sol	3c3bf995d75c7830097481749c3bd2f6696d3026
contracts/IUniswapV2Factory.sol	91cbb4cce3b151becf39e1dfe36c51c8907e791
contracts/DividendPayingTokenInterface.sol	e6bfbae79ab8cac72fcfa1813bf576a232543b8
contracts/IERC20Metadata.sol	538888ee2b512d81e4bc2e666d10ac9a2e3d499d
contracts/SafeMathInt.sol	3e72493239b14328c296eb20404dfa0de3a324c3
contracts/SafeMath.sol	96fc1b5e5afbed1c85e0c9b9b4edf61364b4e77b
contracts/Robo.sol	3d170a9c5ac19a07979a4145fb161aca8c4df607
contracts/IUniswapV2Router.sol	587ae175ab043b78a9bec57b3df8d315d2cf494c
contracts/Ownable.sol	f4e27b795348c1bbc5ee8055d19b7dd8cfe5ff70
contracts/IterableMapping.sol	c5a0c8df26c889d8003190632a9157210dd92619
contracts/ERC20.sol	280344751f8c458bd6b61586bb45a090b73f0eb7
contracts/DividendPayingTokenOptionalInterface.sol	145167f2f8b9ec0fb5b33f0a1dd9b268c9bb6cc2
contracts/IERC20.sol	71ce18b11f2db4fd80a99dc8acc7782beb9d69b7
contracts/ROBODividendTracker.sol	82abf804f3455566a786697c2d95dc7c42f53f20

# Metrics

## Source Lines



## Risk Level



## Capabilities

### Components

Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
5	4	8	1

### Exposed Functions

*This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.*

Public	Payable
154	8

External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
104	125	9	25	63

### State Variables

Total	Public
45	29

### Capabilities

Solidity Versions observed	Experimental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembly	Has Destroyable Contracts
<sup>^</sup> 0.6.2 0.6.12		Yes	**** (0 asm blocks)	

Transfers ETH	Low-Level Calls	Delegate Call	Uses Hash Functions	ECRecover	New/Create/Create2
---------------	-----------------	---------------	---------------------	-----------	--------------------

yes					yes → NewContract: ROBODiv idendTracker
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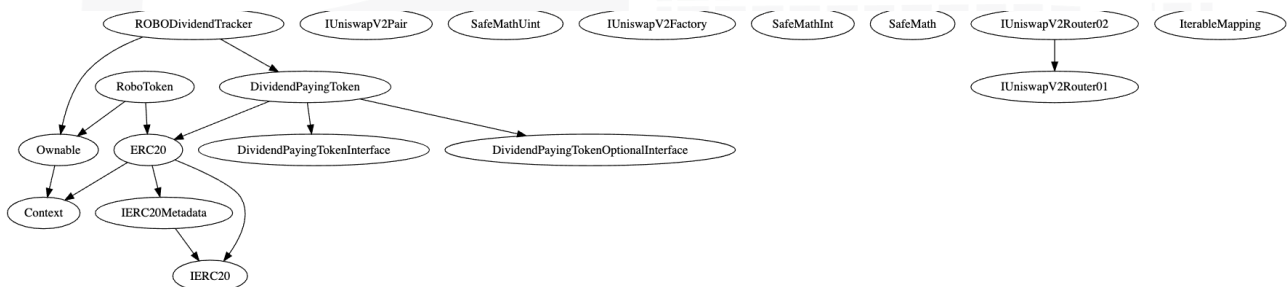
## Scope of Work

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

1. Correct implementation of Token standard
2. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
3. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
4. Deployer cannot pause the contract
5. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

## Inheritance Graph



## Verify Claims

### Correct implementation of Token standard

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	provides information about the total token supply	✓	✓	✓
BalanceOf	provides account balance of the owner's account	✓	✓	✓
Transfer	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	✓	✓	✓
TransferFrom	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Approve	allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	✓	✓	✓
Allowance	returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	✓	✓	✓

### Optional implementations

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
renounceOwnership	Owner renounce ownership for more trust	✓	✓	✓

## Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Tested	Verified	File	Comment
✓	✓	Main	Line: -

Max / Total Supply: 1.000.000.000

```
constructor() public ERC20("RoboToken", "ROBO") {
    uint256 _BNBRewardsFee = 10;
    uint256 _liquidityFee = 2;
    uint256 _buyBackFee = 4;
    // Rewards Pool is to store BNB in case of low volume. This can be adjusted at a later date.
    uint256 _rewardsPoolFee = 0;

    BNBRewardsFee = _BNBRewardsFee;
    liquidityFee = _liquidityFee;
    buyBackFee = _buyBackFee;
    rewardsPoolFee = _rewardsPoolFee;

    totalFees = BNBRewardsFee.add(liquidityFee).add(buyBackFee).add(rewardsPoolFee);

    dividendTracker = new ROBODividendTracker();

    liquidityWallet = owner();

    IUniswapV2Router02 _uniswapV2Router = IUniswapV2Router02(0xD99D1c33F9fC3444f8101754aBC46c52416550D1);
    // Create a uniswap pair for this new token
    address _uniswapV2Pair = IUniswapV2Factory(_uniswapV2Router.factory())
        .createPair(address(this), _uniswapV2Router.WETH());

    uniswapV2Router = _uniswapV2Router;
    uniswapV2Pair = _uniswapV2Pair;

    _setAutomatedMarketMakerPair(_uniswapV2Pair, true);

    // Exclude from receiving dividends
    dividendTracker.excludeFromDividends(address(dividendTracker));
    dividendTracker.excludeFromDividends(address(this));
    dividendTracker.excludeFromDividends(owner());
    dividendTracker.excludeFromDividends(deadAddress);
    dividendTracker.excludeFromDividends(address(_uniswapV2Router));

    // Exclude from paying fees or having max transaction amount
    excludeFromFees(liquidityWallet, true);
    excludeFromFees(address(this), true);

    /*
    _mint is an internal function in ERC20.sol that is only called here,
    and CANNOT be called ever again
    */
    _mint(owner(), 1000000000 * (10**18));
}
```

```
function _mint(address account, uint256 amount) internal virtual {
    require(account != address(0), "ERC20: mint to the zero address");

    _beforeTokenTransfer(address(0), account, amount);

    _totalSupply = _totalSupply.add(amount);
    _balances[account] = _balances[account].add(amount);
    emit Transfer(address(0), account, amount);
}
```

## Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Tested	Exist	Verified
No Lock function	✓	✓	✓
No Burn function	✓	✓	✓





## Deployer cannot pause the contract

Tested	Verified	No pause function
✓	✓	✓



## Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
✓	✓






























### Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	✓
Partly Verified	⚠
Unverified / Not checked	✗

# CallGraph



# Source Units in Scope

Type	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
	contracts/DividendPayingToken.sol	1	————	187	187	88	65	80	
	contracts/IUniswapV2Pair.sol	————	1	55	9	5	1	55	————
	contracts/SafeMathUint.sol	1	————	16	16	8	5	3	————
	contracts/Context.sol	1	————	25	25	10	12	1	————
	contracts/IUniswapV2Factory.sol	————	1	20	8	4	1	17	————
	contracts/DividendPayingTokenInterface.sol	————	1	42	13	3	20	10	
	contracts/IERC20Metadata.sol	————	1	28	16	4	15	9	
	contracts/SafeMathInt.sol	1	————	93	93	33	47	16	————
	contracts/SafeMath.sol	1	————	147	147	39	93	10	
	contracts/Robo.sol	1	————	585	563	390	45	390	 
	contracts/IUniswapV2Router.sol	————	2	143	7	4	2	64	
	contracts/Ownable.sol	1	————	58	58	27	21	25	————
	contracts/IterableMapping.sol	1	————	64	64	49	2	19	————
	contracts/ERC20.sol	1	————	311	295	85	178	82	————
	contracts/DividendPayingTokenOptionalInterface.sol	————	1	26	13	3	14	7	————
	contracts/IERC20.sol	————	1	82	27	17	57	13	
	contracts/ROBODividendTracker.sol	1	————	222	204	145	2	94	————
	<b>Totals</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2104</b>	<b>1745</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>895</b>	  

## Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces, ...)

# Audit Results

# AUDIT PASSED

## Critical issues

- no critical issues found -

## High issues

- no high issues found -

## Medium issues

- no medium issues found -

## Low issues

- no low issues found -

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	Call with hardcoded gas amount.	396	rewardsPool.transfer(address (this).balance.div(2)) forwards a fixed amount of gas. This is discouraged as the gas cost of EVM instructions may change in the future, which could break this contract's assumptions.
#2	Main	Call with hardcoded gas amount.	513	rewardsPool.transfer(reward BNB) forwards a fixed amount of gas. This is discouraged as the gas cost of EVM instructions may change in the future, which could break this contract's assumptions.
#3	Main	Call with hardcoded gas amount.	575	rewardsPool.transfer(reward BNB) forwards a fixed amount of gas. This is discouraged as the gas cost of EVM instructions may change in the future, which could break this contract's assumptions.

## Informational issues

- no informational issues found -

## Audit Comments

27. July 2021: Wrong Routeraddress were used (Testnet router address: 0xD99D1c33F9fC3444f8101754aBC46c52416550D1)



## SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<a href="#">SW C-13 6</a>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	<a href="#">CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-13 5</a>	Code With No Effects	<a href="#">CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-13 4</a>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	<a href="#">CWE-655: Improper Initialization</a>	NOT PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-13 3</a>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	<a href="#">CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-13 2</a>	Unexpected Ether balance	<a href="#">CWE-667: Improper Locking</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-13 1</a>	Presence of unused variables	<a href="#">CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-13 0</a>	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	<a href="#">CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-12 9</a>	Typographical Error	<a href="#">CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-12 8</a>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	<a href="#">CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption</a>	PASSED

<a href="#">SW C-12 7</a>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	<a href="#">CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-12 5</a>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	<a href="#">CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-12 4</a>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	<a href="#">CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-12 3</a>	Requirement Violation	<a href="#">CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-12 2</a>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	<a href="#">CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-12 1</a>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	<a href="#">CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-12 0</a>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	<a href="#">CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-11 9</a>	Shadowing State Variables	<a href="#">CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-11 8</a>	Incorrect Constructor Name	<a href="#">CWE-665: Improper Initialization</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-11 7</a>	Signature Malleability	<a href="#">CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature</a>	<b>PASSED</b>



<a href="#">SW C-11 6</a>	Timestamp Dependence	<a href="#">CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-11 5</a>	Authorization through tx.origin	<a href="#">CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-11 4</a>	Transaction Order Dependence	<a href="#">CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-11 3</a>	DoS with Failed Call	<a href="#">CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-11 2</a>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	<a href="#">CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-111</a>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	<a href="#">CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-11 0</a>	Assert Violation	<a href="#">CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 9</a>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	<a href="#">CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 8</a>	State Variable Default Visibility	<a href="#">CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 7</a>	Reentrancy	<a href="#">CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 6</a>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	<a href="#">CWE-284: Improper Access Control</a>	<b>PASSED</b>

<a href="#">SW C-10 5</a>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	<a href="#">CWE-284: Improper Access Control</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 4</a>	Unchecked Call Return Value	<a href="#">CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 3</a>	Floating Pragma	<a href="#">CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 2</a>	Outdated Compiler Version	<a href="#">CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 1</a>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	<a href="#">CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 0</a>	Function Default Visibility	<a href="#">CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</a>	<b>PASSED</b>

The logo features the words "SolidProof" in a white, handwritten-style script. The "P" is large and stylized, with a long horizontal stroke that extends to the left. The background is a solid blue color with a faint, large shield emblem. The shield has a grid-like pattern on its right side and a solid blue area on its left side.

SolidProof

**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC**

A small horizontal bar representing the German flag, with black, red, and gold stripes.

MADE IN GERMANY