



**SOLIDProof**  
*Bring trust into your projects*

**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC**

MADE IN GERMANY

# Audit

**Security Assessment**  
**29. October, 2021**

**For**



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Version	Date	Description
1.0	29. October 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Layout project</li><li>• Automated- /Manual-Security Testing</li><li>• Summary</li></ul>

## **Network**

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

## **Website**

<https://cryptoforspeed.com/>

## **Telegram**

<https://t.me/cryptoForSpeed>

<https://t.me/cryptoforspeedchannel>

## **Twitter**

<https://twitter.com/cryptoforspeed>

## **Github**

<https://github.com/CryptoForSpeed>

## **Discord**

<https://discord.gg/su3pn62aYE>

## **Reddit**

<https://www.reddit.com/r/CryptoForSpeed/>

## **Medium**

<https://medium.com/@cryptoforspeed>

## **TikTok**

<https://www.tiktok.com/@cryptoforspeed>

## Description

CryptoForSpeed is a cross platform racing gameFi. Players can obtain CFS tokens as reward through various racing models. Innovative game models, It should be noted, we integrate the real world with the virtual world to open the racing metaverse for players. At the same time, we are trying to establish cooperative relations with top automobile companies so that we can manage the abundant and enjoyable features more efficient.

## Project Engagement

During the 25th of October 2021, **CryptoForSpeed Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

## Logo



## Contract Link

**v1.0**

TBA

# Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
<b>Critical</b>	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
<b>High</b>	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon as possible.
<b>Medium</b>	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
<b>Low</b>	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
<b>Informational</b>	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

# Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

## Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

1. Code review that includes the following:
  - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
  - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
  - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

## Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

- Look at inheritance graph





## Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

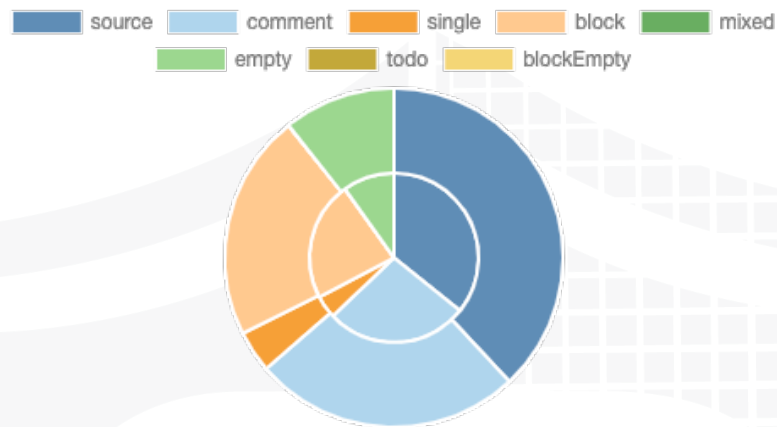
*A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.*

### v1.0

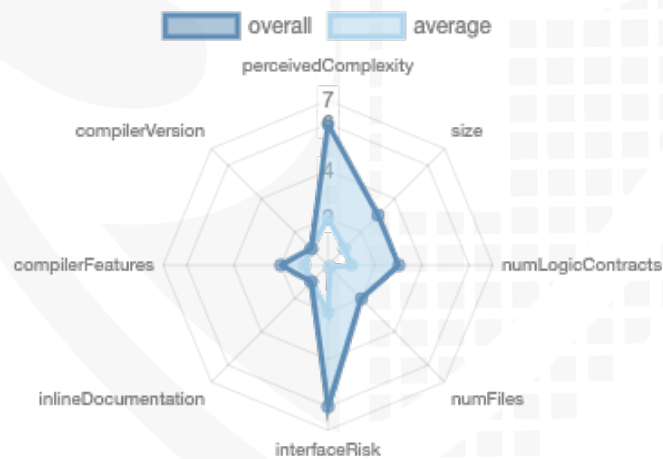
File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/interfaces/IERC721.sol	de367805118fbe1b6d0b004b285f220f76211c53
contracts/interfaces/IAddressManager.sol	efc8ba087790f7dd95d7abf5bdbd2367ea7740cf
contracts/interfaces/IERC20.sol	388238ec66db776f9b126249fc3f54b083ac1b09
contracts/CryptoForSpeedNFT.sol	d0be2f6b66516590128871265bda8d15f6016a27
contracts/CryptoForSpeedStakeLP.sol	309301b5f5e70b366beef938a9957672c2eb1195
contracts/CryptoForSpeedDevLock.sol	27f193061f8852ef5d8028b191625d9b69cca6f4
contracts/CryptoForSpeedToken.sol	2a457f396baf17bf819711f7d9a6211bfe3bbc06
contracts/Z_Proxy.sol	5c3803509cb0a1c39b216f28db8ca1413d198b0a
contracts/Z_CryptoForSpeedGlobalImpl.sol	86d2863ffe2ae3d6a31d568d7a05be0a2038e2b7
contracts/CryptoForSpeedBlindBox.sol	9dd2c04cb42e355cf0ec0b37cfdded746ef4bc8b4
contracts/interfaces/IPancakePair.sol	65ed60b8d296a2e635671d4ef8dc9d4a9ca11cae
contracts/interfaces/IPancakeRouter.sol	cc2bc6b96e53669376ca3d75c096ce05c023a722
contracts/libraries/Utils.sol	aebb67e3f9cfdd26fb4f4ed7626f137f9b69d087
contracts/libraries/TransferHelper.sol	9b9b0a86f512810918b78259c7eff5bca56f91a5
contracts/libraries/Math.sol	0d1cf53d73f205c95a35c963392b0f70f6bd22f7
contracts/libraries/Address.sol	04f1fb6d775f855c49fad9c1bc2ecbb3821aebba
contracts/libraries/SafeMath.sol	2f7d145827069f2574a916212a360a4440c9eaf1

# Metrics

## Source Lines v1.0



## Risk Level v1.0



## Capabilities

### Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	10	6	10	8

### Exposed Functions

*This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.*

Version	Public	Payable
1.0	182	8

Version	External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
1.0	103	183	7	28	64

### State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	60	34

### Capabilities

Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experimental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembly	Has Destroyable Contracts
1.0	=0.6.6		yes	yes (3 asm blocks)	

Version	Transfers ETH	Low-Level Calls	DelegateCall	Uses Hash Functions	ECRecover	New/ Create/ Create2
1.0	yes		yes	yes		



## Scope of Work

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

1. Correct implementation of Token standard
2. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
3. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
4. Deployer cannot pause the contract
5. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

## Inheritance Graph v1.0



## Verify Claims

### Correct implementation of Token standard

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	provides information about the total token supply	✓	✓	✓
BalanceOf	provides account balance of the owner's account	✓	✓	✓
Transfer	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	✓	✓	✓
TransferFrom	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Approve	allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	✓	✓	✓
Allowance	returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	✓	✓	✓

## Write functions of contract

CryptoFprSpeed

-NFT:

-TakeLP:

-BlindBox

-DevLock

-Token

addMinter  
addWhiteList  
approve  
burn  
mint  
removeMinter  
removeWhiteList  
safeMint  
safeMint  
safeTransferFr...  
safeTransferFr...  
scrap  
setAddressMa...  
setApprovalFo...  
setBaseURI  
setData  
setMetadataC...  
setNewCarLimit  
transferFrom  
withdrawBEP20  
withdrawBNB

setAddressMa...  
setMaxUnstak...  
setUnlockTime  
stake  
stakeForOthers  
withdraw  
withdrawBEP20  
withdrawBNB

buyBlindBox...  
claimGift  
giveGiftBlindB...  
giveUserBlind...  
openBlindBox  
setAddressMa...  
setBlindBoxPri...  
setMaxCountP...  
setPause  
withdrawBEP20  
withdrawBNB

devLock  
devWithdraw  
setAddressMa...  
withdrawBEP20  
withdrawBNB

addMinter  
addNoFeeAdd...  
approve  
burn  
decreaseAppr...  
increaseAppro...  
mint  
removeMinter  
removeNoFee...  
setFee  
transfer  
transferFrom  
withdrawBEP20  
withdrawBNB

Z\_CryptoForSpeedGlobalImpl:

withdrawBEP20

withdrawBNB





## Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

File	Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
A_CRYPTOFORSPEEDSTAKELP	Deployer cannot mint	—	—	—
A_CRYPTOFORSPEEDNFT	Deployer cannot mint	✓	✓	✗
A_CRYPTOFORSPEEDBLINDBOX	Deployer cannot mint	—	—	—
A_CRYPTOFORSPEEDDEVLOCK	Deployer cannot mint	—	—	—
A_CRYPTOFORSPEEDTOKEN	Deployer cannot mint	✓	✓	✗
CRYPTOFORSPEEDGLOBALIMPL	Deployer cannot mint	—	—	—

Max / Total Supply: 100.000.000

## Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

File	Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
A_CRYPTOFOR SPEEDSTAKELP	Deployer cannot lock	✓	✓	✓
A_CRYPTOFOR SPEEDSTAKELP	Deployer cannot burn	—	—	—
A_CRYPTOFOR SPEEDNFT	Deployer cannot lock	✓	✓	✓
A_CRYPTOFOR SPEEDNFT	Deployer cannot burn	✓	✓	✗
A_CRYPTOFOR SPEEDBLINDBOX	Deployer cannot lock	✓	✓	✓
A_CRYPTOFOR SPEEDBLINDBOX	Deployer cannot burn	✓	✓	✗
A_CRYPTOFOR SPEEDDEVLOCK	Deployer cannot lock	—	—	—
A_CRYPTOFOR SPEEDDEVLOCK	Deployer cannot burn	—	—	—
A_CRYPTOFOR SPEEDTOKEN	Deployer cannot lock	✓	✓	✓
A_CRYPTOFOR SPEEDTOKEN	Deployer cannot burn	✓	✓	✗
CRYPTOFORS PEEDGLOBALIMPL	Deployer cannot lock	—	—	—
CRYPTOFORS PEEDGLOBALIMPL	Deployer cannot burn	—	—	—

## Deployer cannot pause the contract

File	Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
A_CRYPTOFORSPEEDSTAKELP	Deployer cannot pause	—	—	—
A_CRYPTOFORSPEEDNFT	Deployer cannot pause	—	—	—
A_CRYPTOFORSPEEDBLINDBOX	Deployer cannot pause	✓	✓	✗
A_CRYPTOFORSPEEDDEVELOCK	Deployer cannot pause	—	—	—
A_CRYPTOFORSPEEDTOKEN	Deployer cannot pause	—	—	—
CRYPTOFORSPEEDGLOBALIMPL	Deployer cannot pause	—	—	—

## Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

### Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	✓
Partly Verified	⚠
Unverified / Not checked	✗
Not available	—

# CallGraph



# Source Units in Scope

## v1.0

Type	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
	contracts/interfaces/IERC721.sol	—————	5	125	50	14	73	45	
	contracts/interfaces/IAddressManager.sol	—————	1	9	4	3	—————	7	—————
	contracts/interfaces/IERC20.sol	—————	1	24	7	5	—————	19	—————
	contracts/CryptoForSpeedNFT.sol	7	—————	1011	999	435	426	347	
	contracts/CryptoForSpeedStakeLP.sol	1	—————	105	105	63	30	55	—————
	contracts/CryptoForSpeedDevLock.sol	2	—————	59	55	44	3	40	
	contracts/CryptoForSpeedToken.sol	1	—————	204	204	136	38	106	—————
	contracts/Z_Proxy.sol	2	—————	101	101	45	40	63	
	contracts/Z_CryptoForSpeedGlobalImpl.sol	2	—————	66	66	33	17	29	
	contracts/CryptoForSpeedBlindBox.sol	4	—————	251	240	158	54	145	—————
	contracts/interfaces/IPancakePair.sol	—————	1	51	6	5	—————	55	—————
	contracts/interfaces/IPancakeRouter.sol	—————	2	156	6	4	—————	64	
	contracts/libraries/Utils.sol	1	—————	151	147	78	53	34	
	contracts/libraries/TransferHelper.sol	1	—————	28	28	19	4	26	—————
	contracts/libraries/Math.sol	1	—————	23	23	18	2	5	—————
	contracts/libraries/Address.sol	1	—————	73	73	17	50	12	
	contracts/libraries/SafeMath.sol	1	—————	158	158	39	104	10	
	<b>Totals</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>2595</b>	<b>2272</b>	<b>1116</b>	<b>894</b>	<b>1062</b>	

## Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces, ...)

# Audit Results

## AUDIT PASSED

### Critical issues

- no critical issues found -

### High issues

- no high issues found -

### Medium issues

- no medium issues found -

### Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	Contract doesn't import npm packages from source (like OpenZeppelin etc.)	-	We recommend to import all packages from npm directly without flatten the contract. Functions could be modified or can be susceptible to vulnerabilities
#2	CryptoF orSpeed NFT	Missing Zero Address Validation (missing-zero-check)	816	Check that the address is not zero
#3	CryptoF orSpeed Token	Missing Zero Address Validation (missing-zero-check)	31	Check that the address is not zero
#4	CryptoF orSpeed Token	State variable visibility is not set	10, 11, 12, 14, 20	It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly
#5	CryptoF orSpeed BlindBox	Missing Events Arithmetic	93	Emit an event for critical parameter changes
#6	CryptoF orSpeed StakeLP	Missing Events Arithmetic	40, 44	Emit an event for critical parameter changes

#7	CryptoForSpeedToken	Missing Events Arithmetic	180	Emit an event for critical parameter changes
#8	CryptoForSpeedNFT	Missing Events Arithmetic	440	Emit an event for critical parameter changes
#9	CryptoForSpeedBlindBox	Multiple calls in a loop	163	<p>A_CryptoForSpeedBlindBox.openBlindBox() (CryptoForSpeedBlindBox.sol:163-190) has external calls inside a loop: (succ1,id1) = nft.mint(msg.sender,userInfo[msg.sender]._type,dna) (CryptoForSpeedBlindBox.sol #178)</p> <p>Favor [pull over push](https://github.com/ethereum/wiki/wiki/Safety#favor-pull-over-push-for-external-calls) strategy for external calls</p>

## Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	CryptoForSpeedNFT	Functions that are not used	455-457	Remove unused functions
#2	CryptoForSpeedNFT	Missing inheritance	794-1012	A_CryptoForSpeedNFT (CryptoForSpeedNFT.sol:794-1012) should inherit from CryptoForSpeedNFT (CryptoForSpeedBlindBox.sol #13-15)
#3	CryptoForSpeedStakeLP	Missing inheritance	10-106	A_CryptoForSpeedStakeLP (CryptoForSpeedStakeLP.sol:10-106) should inherit from CryptoForSpeedStakeLP (CryptoForSpeedBlindBox.sol #17-19)



#4	CryptoForSpeedToken	Missing inheritance	8-205	A_CryptoForSpeedToken (CryptoForSpeedToken.sol:8-205) should inherit from CryptoForSpeedToken (CryptoForSpeedDevLock.sol #8-10)
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## Audit Comments

### 29. October 2021:

- All contracts which inherited from Proxy contract can lock ether
  - Remove the payable attribute or add a withdraw function



## SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<a href="#">SW C-13 6</a>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	<a href="#">CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-13 5</a>	Code With No Effects	<a href="#">CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-13 4</a>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	<a href="#">CWE-655: Improper Initialization</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-13 3</a>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	<a href="#">CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-13 2</a>	Unexpected Ether balance	<a href="#">CWE-667: Improper Locking</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-13 1</a>	Presence of unused variables	<a href="#">CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-13 0</a>	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	<a href="#">CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-12 9</a>	Typographical Error	<a href="#">CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-12 8</a>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	<a href="#">CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption</a>	PASSED

<a href="#">SW C-12 7</a>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	<a href="#">CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-12 5</a>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	<a href="#">CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-12 4</a>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	<a href="#">CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-12 3</a>	Requirement Violation	<a href="#">CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-12 2</a>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	<a href="#">CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-12 1</a>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	<a href="#">CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-12 0</a>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	<a href="#">CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-11 9</a>	Shadowing State Variables	<a href="#">CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-11 8</a>	Incorrect Constructor Name	<a href="#">CWE-665: Improper Initialization</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-11 7</a>	Signature Malleability	<a href="#">CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature</a>	PASSED

<a href="#">SW C-11 6</a>	Timestamp Dependence	<a href="#">CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-11 5</a>	Authorization through tx.origin	<a href="#">CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-11 4</a>	Transaction Order Dependence	<a href="#">CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-11 3</a>	DoS with Failed Call	<a href="#">CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-11 2</a>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	<a href="#">CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-111</a>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	<a href="#">CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-11 0</a>	Assert Violation	<a href="#">CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-10 9</a>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	<a href="#">CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-10 8</a>	State Variable Default Visibility	<a href="#">CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</a>	NOT PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-10 7</a>	Reentrancy	<a href="#">CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SW C-10 6</a>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	<a href="#">CWE-284: Improper Access Control</a>	PASSED

<a href="#">SW C-10 5</a>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	<a href="#">CWE-284: Improper Access Control</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 4</a>	Unchecked Call Return Value	<a href="#">CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 3</a>	Floating Pragma	<a href="#">CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 2</a>	Outdated Compiler Version	<a href="#">CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 1</a>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	<a href="#">CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
<a href="#">SW C-10 0</a>	Function Default Visibility	<a href="#">CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</a>	<b>PASSED</b>

The logo features the words "SolidProof" in a white, handwritten-style script. The "P" is particularly large and stylized, with a long horizontal stroke that extends to the left. The background is a solid blue color with a faint, large shield emblem in the center. The shield has a grid-like pattern on its right side and a solid blue area on its left side.

SolidProof

**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC**

A small horizontal bar representing the German flag, with black, red, and gold stripes.

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