

**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC** 

MADE IN GERMANY

## Audit

Security Assessment 15. January, 2022



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Version	Date	Description / Description
1.0	15. January 2022	<ul><li>Layout project</li><li>Automated- /Manual-Security Testing</li><li>Summary</li></ul>

#### **Network**

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

#### Website

https://firstshib.app/

#### **Telegram**

https://t.me/FirstSHIBCN

#### **Twitter**

https://twitter.com/FirstSHIB

#### **Description**

FirstShib

is a play-to-earn mmo (massive multiplayer online game) where players can explore a new world and construct buildings to collect resources, level up, compete, socialize and earn the game's.

§Firstshib token.

Our motivation why?

The game industry (and also NFT use) has quickly become one of the main drivers of blockchain adoption among the general public. Many\* giants of the gaming world have understood this well and are

investing colossal sums in the developement of video games based on the blockchain ora features taking advantage of this tech From

now and years to com, the blockchain and its countless possibilities promise to invade the daily lives of gamers.

FirstShib's mission is to build an integrated ·digital platform tokenized That appels to the average consumers as they can play and make profit to the blockchain technology.

The future of blockchain games will first come through non. Fungible tokens (NFTs).

#### **Project Engagement**

During the 12th of January 2022, **FirstShib Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

#### Logo



#### **Contract Link**

#### **v1.0**

https://bscscan.com/address/
 0xe7d692898cba66a6f81ad98c997cc88d23103518#code

### **Vulnerability & Risk Level**

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

# Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

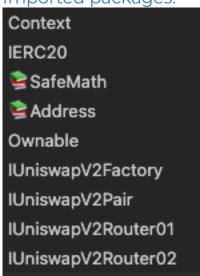
#### Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
  - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
  - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
  - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

## **Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)**

#### Imported packages:



#### **Tested Contract Files**

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

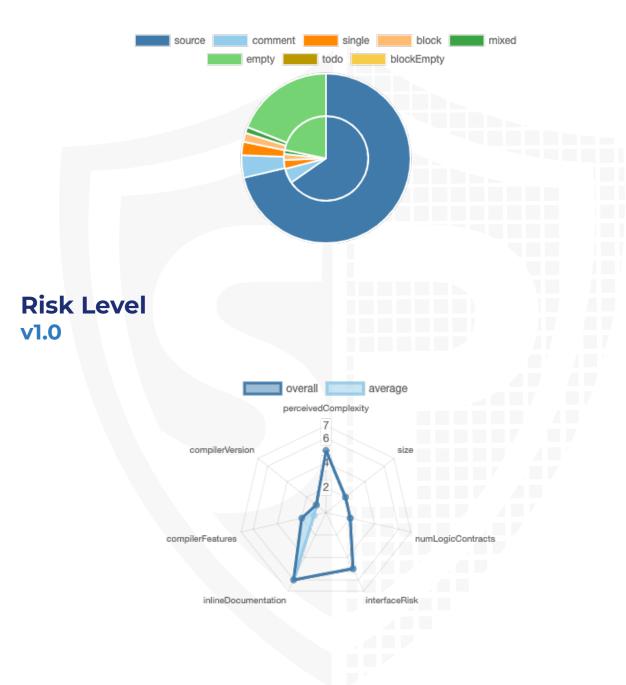
A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

#### **v1.0**

File Name	SHA-1 Hash	
contracts/firstshib.sol	9908bd8967c621132a782a6dbb3dbe3c0b27d66b	

#### **Metrics**

### Source Lines v1.0



#### **Capabilities**

#### Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	2	2	5	1

#### **Exposed Functions**

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Ve	Version Publi		Payable
1.0		101	5

Version	External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
1.0	76	87	7	18	36

#### **State Variables**

Version	Total	Public
1.0	37	26

#### **Capabilities**

Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experim ental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembl Y	Has Destroya ble Contract s
1.0	^0.8.4		yes	yes (2 asm blocks)	

1.0	yes			
	_			



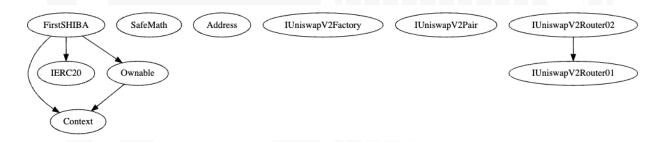
#### **Scope of Work**

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Correct implementation of Token standard
- 2. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
- 3. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
- 4. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 5. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

### Inheritance Graph v1.0



#### **Verify Claims**

#### **Correct implementation of Token standard**

Tested	Verified
<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	provides information about the total token supply	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$
BalanceOf	provides account balance of the owner's account	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$
Transfer	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
TransferFrom	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Approve	allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Allowance	returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	<b>√</b>	1	✓

1. approve
2. changeRouterVersion
3. decreaseAllowance
4. enableDisableWalletLimit
5. increaseAllowance
6. lock
7. setBuyTaxes
8. setDistributionSettings
9. setisExcludedFromFee
10. setIsTxLimitExempt
11. setIsWalletLimitExempt
12. setMarketPairStatus
13. setMarketingWalletAddress
14. setMaxTxAmount
15. setNumTokensBeforeSwap
16. setSellTaxes
17. setSwapAndLiquifyByLimitOnly
18. setSwapAndLiquifyEnabled
19. setTeamWalletAddress
20. setWalletLimit
21. transfer
22. transferFrom
23. transferOwnership
24. unlock
25. waiveOwnership

#### **Deployer cannot mint any new tokens**

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot mint	-	-	-

Max / Total Supply: 1.000.000.000.000



#### Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot lock	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	X
Deployer cannot burn	-	-	_

#### Comments:

#### **v1.0**

- Deployer can lock user funds by
  - Setting \_maxTxAmount to 0
  - · Setting \_walletMax to 0 if checkWalletLimit is true

#### **Deployer cannot pause the contract**

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot pause	-	_	-



#### **Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)**



#### Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verfified / Checked	$\checkmark$
Partly Verified	
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	-

#### **Modifiers**

#### onlyOwner

setMarketPairStatus setIsTxLimitExempt setIsExcludedFromFee setBuvTaxes setSellTaxes setDistributionSettings setMaxTxAmount enableDisableWalletLimit setIsWalletLimitExempt setWalletLimit setNumTokensBeforeSwap setMarketingWalletAddress setTeamWalletAddress setSwapAndLiquifyEnabled setSwapAndLiquifyByLimitOnly changeRouterVersion

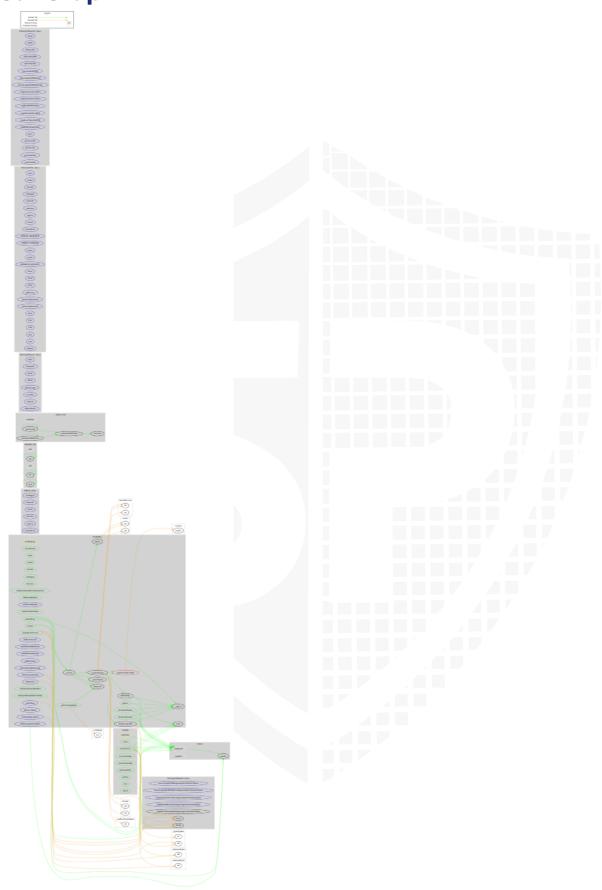
#### **Comments**

- Deployer can set following state variables without any limitations
  - \_buyLiquidityFee
  - \_buyMarketingFee
  - \_buyTeamFee
  - \_totalTaxIfBuying
  - \_sellLiquidityFee
  - \_sellMarketingFee
  - \_sellTeamFee
  - \_totalTaxIfSelling
  - \_liquidityShare
  - \_marketingShare
  - \_teamShare
  - \_totalDistributionShares
  - \_maxTxAmount
  - walletMax
  - minimumTokensBeforeSwap
- Deployer can enable/disable following state variables

- isMarketPair
- isTxLimitExempt
- isExcludedFromFee
- checkWalletLimit
- isWalletLimitExempt
- swapAndLiquifyEnabled
- swapAndLiquifyByLimitOnly



#### **CallGraph**



### **Source Units in Scope** v1.0

Туре	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
<b>≥</b> €Q	contracts/firstshib.sol	5	5	808	595	426	37	520	<b>■Š</b> ♣ <del></del> ‡
<b>≥</b> ≥Q	Totals	5	5	808	595	426	37	520	<b>■ Š ♣</b> ☆

#### Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)

#### **Audit Results**

### **AUDIT PASSED**

#### **Critical issues**

#### No critical issues

#### **High issues**

#### No high issues

#### **Medium issues**

#### No medium issues

#### Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	Contract doesn't import npm packages from source (like OpenZeppelin etc.)		We recommend to import all packages from npm directly without flatten the contract. Functions could be modified or can be susceptible to vulnerabilities
#2	Main	A floating pragma is set	22	The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.4"".
#3	Main	Missing Zero Address Validation (missing- zero-check)	625, 629	Check that the address is not zero
#4	Main	State variable visibility is not set	428, 460	It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly
#5	Main	Local variables shadowing	561, 538	Rename the local variables that shadow another component

#6	Main	Missing Events Arithmetic	581, 597, 605, 621, 589, 617	Emit an event for critical parameter changes
#7	Main	Ownable contract	24	If owner locks once the previousOwner is set to the address of owner
				If owner renounce/transfer ownership owner address is still set as previousOwner
				If the old owner now calls unlock function the ownership can be get back by the old owner
				Make sure to set previousOwner to address zero after transfer/ renouncing ownership

#### Informational issues

Issue	File	Туре	Line	Description
#1	Main	State variables that could be declared constant (constable-states)	422, 420, 421	Add the `constant` attributes to state variables that never change
#2	Main	Unused return values	779	Ensure that all the return values of the function calls are used and handle both success and failure cases if needed by the business logic
#3	Main	Functions that are not used	140, 122, 126, 130, 134, 103, 114, 30, 91, 95	Remove unused functions

#4	Main	SafeMath library is not necessary		SafeMath library is not necessary because contract is using solidity pragma version above 0.8.0  In those versions SafeMath library is automatically imported  If you remove SafeMath library make sure to change every math operations (e.g. add/sub/div/mul etc.) with raw mathematic operations
#5	Main	Contract Name	415	Remove "A" from contract name because the project name is FirstSHIB not FirstSHIBA
#6	Main	Misspelling	469, 669	<ul> <li>tokensIntoLiqudity should be tokensIntoLiquidity</li> <li>recieve should be receive</li> <li>Swiping should be swapping</li> </ul>

#### **Commented Code exist**

There are some instances of code being commented out in the following files that should be removed:

Line	Comment
86	// assert(a == b * c + a % b); // There is no case in which this doesn't hold

#### Recommendation

Remove the commented code, or address them properly.

#### **Audit Comments**

#### 15. January 2022:

- Normal Function \_msgSender was changed to returning payable address instead of non payable address
- Read whole report for more information

#### **SWC Attacks**

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>36</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>35</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>34</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>33</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>32</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>31</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>30</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>29</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>28</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>25</u>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> C-1 24	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
SW C-1 23	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>21</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>20</u>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>7</u>	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-1 09	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	NOT PASSED
SW C-1 07	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
SW C-1 06	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>05</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>04</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>03</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>02</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>00</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED



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