

# Business Section

Key takeaway:  
Why should  
CaixaBank  
embark on this  
MLOps project?

<b>Client</b> – CaixaBank – Retail & Commercial Banking Division		<b>Business Unit</b> - Digital Transformation Unit	
<b>What's the maturity of the client</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- CaixaBank is a bank with mature infrastructure and OCR tools, but its cheque processing unit still relies on semi-manual data entry processes.</li><li>- Data storage is well-organized, but automation strategies are not fully integrated into daily workflows.</li><li>- Employees are experienced but manually overloaded, with tools lacking end-to-end ML integration.</li><li>- The broader strategy focuses on modernizing operations through AI and automation"</li></ul>		<b>Goal of Project (Objective metric, Improvement over baseline)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Reduce cheque turnaround time from 4 hours to under 1 hour. Automate numeric field extraction to cut manual processing time by at least 80%, and reduce average processing cost per cheque from \$6 to below \$2.</li></ul> <b>– As measured by (quantifiable KPI)?</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Average cheque clearance time, Percentage of cheques requiring manual correction, Labor hours per 1,000 cheques, Average cost per cheque.</li></ul>	
<b>Problem Statement</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Manual cheque digitization is a bottleneck. Employees spend up to 4 hours per cheque across verification, keying, and processing.</li><li>– This leads to high operational cost (average \$4–\$6 per cheque), approximately 1–3% error rates, and delays in customer funds availability.</li><li>– <b>Baseline:</b> 4 hours processing time, \$4–\$6 per cheque, 1–3% error rate.</li><li>– This workload occupies the equivalent capacity of over 25 full-time employees each day, significantly straining operational resources.</li></ul>		<b>Solution Description &amp; Key Functionalities</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- We propose a neural network-based digit recognition system, trained on handwritten numeric data and integrated into an MLOps pipeline.</li><li>- The system extracts key numerical fields (e.g., amount, account number) from scanned cheque images and feeds structured outputs into CaixaBank's back-office system.</li></ul>	<b>Solution Scalability</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– The solution is modular and extendable to other financial workflows such as loan forms, tax documents, and claim processing.</li><li>– It can scale by adding support for alphanumeric characters, support letters (alphanumeric), multilingual formats, or mobile cheque deposit use cases</li></ul>
<b>Client Benefit (Over non-AI approach)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- <b>Short-term:</b> Cut manual labor by 80%, reduce human error, lower per-cheque processing cost from.</li><li>- <b>Long-term:</b> Enable digitization across form-heavy departments using the same ML pipeline infrastructure.</li><li>- <b>Competitiveness:</b> Meet faster SLAs, reduce processing overhead, and increase customer satisfaction.</li><li>- <b>New Opportunities:</b> Launch remote cheque submission via banking apps with real-time validation.</li></ul> <b>KPI's:</b> Reduced processing cost, time, rejection rate		<b>Cost estimation (\$000) (ball park)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>Talent:</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– AI specialist: \$25K</li><li>– Product Mgr.: \$15K</li><li>– ML/SW Engineer: \$30K</li><li>– Data Engineer: \$25K</li><li>– SME: \$25K</li></ul></li><li>– <b>The Client to cover:</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Historical cheque scans, infrastructure (on-prem/cloud), licenses for OCR scanner integration.</li></ul></li><li>– <b>Time:</b> 12–14 weeks including testing, training, and rollout</li></ul>	<b>Risk and challenges?</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Handwriting variability and poor image quality may reduce model accuracy.</li><li>– Cheque layout changes could require retraining.</li><li>– Initial skepticism or resistance from operations teams could stifle innovation.</li></ul> <b>– Planned Mitigation:</b> Retraining through active learning and feedback loops, data augmentation, ensemble validation checks, manual override modes.