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# Bachelor Project Contract

*Multiscale Brain MRI Segmentation with Deep Generative  
Models*

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## Title

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### Multiscale Brain MRI Segmentation with Deep Generative Models

## Project Description

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Segmentation of T1-weighted brain MRIs is a crucial task in medical imaging, with applications in disease diagnosis, treatment planning, and research into neurological conditions. However, this task comes with challenges, including high computational demands, the need for manually labeled datasets by medical experts, and variability in image resolutions and structures.

In this project, we aim to leverage deep generative models to perform multi-level segmentation of 3D T1-weighted brain MRIs. These models are well-suited for handling the complexities of 3D medical imaging tasks due to their ability to capture detailed patterns and relationships within the data [3].

We will develop a multiscale CNN architecture where each depth in the U-Net represents a different image resolution. Typically, input images of  $256 \times 256 \times c$  are progressively downsampled (e.g., to  $128 \times 128 \times c$ ), capturing multiscale features. Unlike standard U-Net models, our approach also allows starting at lower resolutions (e.g.,  $128 \times 128 \times c$ ), ensuring segmentation at multiple scales with ground truth maps aligned at each decoding depth. This makes the model more adaptable and flexible, by ensuring consistent performance across resolutions, and improves segmentation accuracy by combining details from multiple levels. Multiscale feature aggregation in image segmentation has been shown to improve segmentation accuracy, particularly in models such as UNet++ and UNet 3+, which refine how features are combined from different resolutions. We implement a denoising diffusion probabilistic model (DDPM) using the U-Net architecture to approximate the underlying probability distribution of segmentation masks for the ground truth [4, 2].

If time permits, to further enhance the segmentation process, we also propose exploring a hierarchical segmentation approach. This method involves dividing regions into left and right sub-regions in a tree-like structure. This approach allows for a more detailed analysis and naturally captures the spatial relationships between regions [1]. This hierarchical framework could also provide a systematic way to handle missing labels and improve segmentation accuracy.

We will validate our proposed methods on benchmark datasets and compare their performance against state-of-the-art (SOTA) models. Our ultimate goal is to address the challenges of multiscale segmentation by combining multiresolution analysis with hierarchical segmentation techniques, thereby contributing to the growing field of brain MRI analysis using deep generative models.

## Timeline

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Below is the proposed project timeline:

Week	TODO	Group Diary
5	Create project contract, review papers, and outline timeline.	
6	Begin implementation of initial model and gather data.	

## Notes

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Add any additional notes or tasks here.

# Bibliography

- [1] Mostafa Mehdipour Ghazi and Mads Nielsen. Fast-aid brain: Fast and accurate segmentation tool using artificial intelligence developed for brain. *arXiv preprint*, 2022.
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- [3] Junde Wu, Rao Fu, Huihui Fang, Yu Zhang, Yehui Yang, Haoyi Xiong, Huiying Liu, and Yanwu Xu. Medsegdiff: Medical image segmentation with diffusion probabilistic model. *arXiv preprint*, 2023.
- [4] Zongwei Zhou, Md Mahfuzur Rahman Siddiquee, Nima Tajbakhsh, and Jianming Liang. Unet++: Redesigning skip connections to exploit multiscale features in image segmentation. *IEEE Transactions on Medical Imaging*, 39(6):1856–1867, 2020.