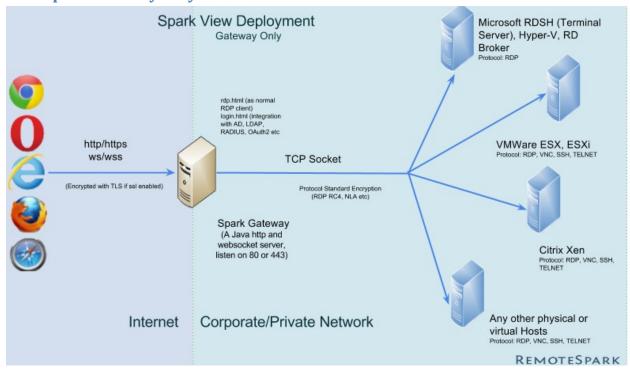
SparkView Integration Guide 1.2 January 1, 2018 Remote Spark Corp. Page 1 of 39

Contents

Conter	nts	2
1. D	eployment	3
1.1.	SparkGateway only	3
1.2.	SparkGateway with reverse proxy, load balancer or VPN	4
2. In	ntegration without programming	4
2.1.	Microsoft RD Web Access portal	4
2.2.	Active Directory and LDAP	5
2.3.	Radius	6
2.4.	OAuth2	7
2.5.	SAML	8
2.6.	Single Sign-On (SSO) with HTTP Basic Authentication	8
3. Cl	lient side (Browser) integration	8
3.1.	Use 8 lines of code to start a remote connection from a web page	8
3.2.	Using object or cookie for parameters	11
3.3.	Resource redirection and parameters	12
3.4.	Start a program on connection (as Shell)	22
3.5.	Start RemoteApp	22
3.6.	Virtual Channel (VC) and Dynamic Virtual Channel extension	23
3.7.	Gateway Channel	24
3.8.	Configuration file and others	25
4. Se	erver Side Integration	25
4.1.	HTTP API	25
4.2.	Plug-in	28
4.	.2.1. Start gateway and the plug-in example project in Eclipse	28
4.	.2.2. Handshake plug-in	32
4.	.2.3. Deploy your plug-in	34
Appen	dix A: Integration with symlink Use Case	36
Appen	dix B: Integration with plugin Use Case	38
Appen	dix C: Chromium Embedded Framework (CEF), WebView and Electron	39

1. Deployment

1.1. SparkGateway only



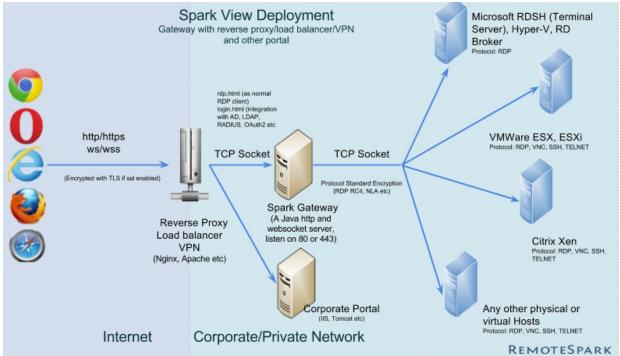
Pros:

- Easy and fast, 15 minutes to install Java and Spark View
- Use SparkView as a normal RDP client with white list, black list.
- Integrate with Active Directory, LDAP, RADIUS, OAuth2, MS RD Web Feed easily.
- No need another web server.

Cons:

You can customize the static web page, but if you need a dynamic web page, you'll need to write a
plug-in for SparkGateway

1.2. SparkGateway with reverse proxy, load balancer or VPN



Pros:

- High availability
- No need to expose SparkGateway
- Seamlessly integrate into current environment
- Tested on Nginx, Apache; VPNs from F5, Cisco, Juniper, Dell, Check Point etc.
- Programming on your existing portal with familiar technology, like JSP, ASP.NET, PHP etc.

2. Integration without programming

2.1. Microsoft RD Web Access portal

Assume your web portal address is: https://MyRDPortal/RdWeb. You need to set up the following 2 entries in gateway.conf:

webfeed = https://MyRDPortal/RDWeb/feed/webfeed.aspx directoryIndex = login.html

Checklist:

- Verify the web feed URL with your browser. You'll see a cookie or XML displayed.
- Clean the browser cache if your gateway start page is not changed to login.html

- Make sure NTLM authentication on IIE is enabled: https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc754628(v=ws.10).aspx
- Make sure RDWeb/Pages and RDWeb/Feed on IIS is using "Windows authentication" authentication mode instead of "Forms Authentication".

2.2. Active Directory and LDAP

If all your users are domain users, please create a plain text file (encoding: UTF-8 without Byte Order Mark) with following context:

Save it as users.json or other name and specify the location of this file in gateway.conf:

```
user = C:\\workspace\\data\\users.json
```

You can configure servers used by all the users in servers.json and specify the location of servers.json in gateway.conf:

```
server = C:\\workspace\\data\\servers.json
```

If you are using a LDAP server, please change the type to "LDAP"

You can also configure AD/LDAP users in users.json:

```
{
  "users": [
     {
         "name": "user1",
         "password": "user1",
```

```
"servers": [
    "RdpServer1",
    "TEST",
    "Excel 2010"
   ],
   "isDomainUser": true,
   "transferCredential": true,
        domainServer: "serverAddr"
  }
}
2.3. Radius
"source":{
       "type": "RADIUS",
       "properties": {
               "server": "192.168.12.128",
               "port": "1812",
               "accountingPort": "1813",
               "sharedSecret": "test123"
               "timeout": "60000",
               "retryCount": "3"
       }
}
}
```

• Make sure the IP of Spark Gateway is listed as a client on RADIUS server.

 Make sure the timeout is at least 60000 milliseconds if your RADIUS server is using multi factor authentication, like Azure MFA.

2.4. OAuth2

```
First, save your OAuth2 provider configuration into a JSON file, for example:
{
        "providers" : [{
                       "name": "Google",
                       "client id": "650561938988-
t2r66k1ms3hpoi3k1e2g7l2adlarau8s.apps.googleusercontent.com",
                       "client_secret": "-D-nhxWn2E97tZWWLg5IQ6Ak",
                       "request_uri": "https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth",
                       "redirect_uri": "http://localhost/oauth2callback",
      "access_token_uri": "https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/token",
      "scope": "openid email"
               },
    {
                       "name": "Live",
                       "client_id": "0000000040133A31",
                       "client secret": "p9WwBr2Pyrq6mtaeZCwTSwqbIF39Br3Z",
                       "request uri": "https://login.live.com/oauth20 authorize.srf",
                       "redirect_uri": "http://www.remotespark2.com/oauth2callback",
      "access_token_uri": "https://login.live.com/oauth20_token.srf",
      "scope": "wl.emails",
      "profile_uri": "https://apis.live.net/v5.0/me"
               }
       ]
}
```

Second, specify the position of this file in gateway.conf:

oauth2 = \\user\\local\bin\\SparkViewGateway\\oauth2.json

For more information, please check the source code of login.html.

2.5. SAML

http://www.remotespark.com/view/SAML.pdf

2.6. Single Sign-On (SSO) with HTTP Basic Authentication

You can enable HTTP Basic Authentication on SparkGateway by setting authorization=Basic in gateway.conf, so all the RDP connections will use credentials from the HTTP Authorization header.

This can be used for VPN SSO integration etc.

3. Client side (Browser) integration

You can start a remote connection from your portal or even from a local web page.

3.1. Use 8 lines of code to start a remote connection from a web page

Save a JavaScript file as tutorial1.page.js with the following content:

```
window.onload = function() {
    var gateway = '192.168.12.111',//change this to your Spark gateway address
    server = '192.168.12.117',//change this to your RDP server address
    url = 'ws://' + gateway + '/RDP?server=' + server + '&user=vmuser&pwd=password';
    var r = new svGlobal.Rdp(url);
    r.addSurface(new svGlobal.LocalInterface());
    r.run();
};
Save a web page as tutorial1.html with the following content:
```

```
<!doctype html>
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
```

```
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
<title>Spark View (RDP)</title>
<meta name="viewport" content="width = device-width, initial-scale = 1.0, user-scalable = yes,</pre>
minimum-scale = 0.1, maximum-scale = 8" />
<meta name="apple-mobile-web-app-capable" content="yes" />
<link rel="stylesheet" href="../hi5.css" />
<link rel="stylesheet" href="../rdp.css" />
<script type="text/javascript" src="../appcfg.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="../resource.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="../hi5core_min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="../hi5_min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="../surface_min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="../rdpcore min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="../rdp_min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="tutorial1.page.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
        <div>
                <canvas id="remotectrl"></canvas>
        </div>
</body>
</html>
```

Double click on the html file and open it in your browser. You don't even need a HTTP server for this demo.

Checklist:

- <!doctype html> to enable HTML5.
- <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge"> to suggest Internet Explorer using the edge web engine.
- Viewport meta tag for touch interface
- "apple-mobile-web-app-capable" meta tag to allow users to create shortcut on home screen (iOS).
- SparkView JavaScript libraries for RDP connection: appcfg.js (configuration), resource.js (language resource), hi5_min.js (common utilities), surface_min.js (UI), rdp_min.js (RDP decoder). Don't forget hi5.css and rdp.css style sheets.
- A canvas element with id "remotectrl" to display the remote connection. If you are using a different id, you need to specify it when creating the LocalInterface in your JavaScript code: new svGlobal.LocalInterface('MyCanvasId')
- Make sure the JavaScript library is loaded before you start a remote connection. A good place is the window.onload event.
- SparkView client will manage the width and height of canvas. Never try to set it up in your code. Never set up the width and height with CSS.
- Make sure you include hi5core_min.js and rdpcore_min.js since 5.0.
- You can set userWorker: false in appcfg.js to disable Web Workers (JavaScript threads).

Troubleshooting:

- Check the JavaScript console log from your browser (F12 or Developer Tools)
- Check SparkGateway log (InstallDir/logs/)
- Internet Explorer may still be in legacy mode.
- You may need to configure hi5.libPath if you are using the JS library in your portal. For example, you can configure this in appcfg.js: hi5.appcfg = {...}; hi5.libPath = 'pathRelatedToYourWebRoot';
- The web worker will load rdpworker_min.js, hi5core_min.js, rdpcore_min.js at runtime. They are supposed to be in the same directory with your web page by default. If not, you can configure hi5.libPath to resolve this issue, but if your gateway is behind VPN and JavaScript rewriter is used by the VPN, this path can be rewritten with a wrong value (VPN JS rewriter bug). In this case, you can leave hi5.libPath as blank and copy those 3 js files to the web page directory as a workaround.

3.2. Using object or cookie for parameters

You can also use objects or cookie for parameters:

Object parameters with Rdp2:

```
window.onload = function() {
       var parameters = {gateway: '192.168.12.111',
               server: '192.168.12.117',
               user: 'vmuser',
               pwd: 'password'};
       var r = new svGlobal.Rdp2(parameters);
        r.addSurface(new svGlobal.LocalInterface());
        r.run();
};
Cookie parameters with Rdp2:
window.onload = function() {
       document.cookie = 'gateway=192.168.12.111';
       document.cookie = 'server=192.168.12.117';
       document.cookie = 'user=vmuser';
       document.cookie = 'pwd=password';
       var r = new svGlobal.Rdp2();
        r.addSurface(new svGlobal.LocalInterface());
```

You can only set cookies if the web page is from http server.

HTTP Header parameters:

r.run();

};

Following parameters can also be transferred within HTTP Headers:

gw_server, gw_port, gw_symlink, gw_user, gw_pwd

Best practices:

Don't mix your web page with JavaScript code. You should always put your JavaScript code into external files because:

- Content-Security-Policy HTTP header can block this kind of mixed content.
- This is blocked by Chrome Web Store App.
- You cannot "pretty print" your code in browser's Developer Tool, which is helpful when the JavaScript code is minified.
- You cannot dynamically modify your code in the Developer Tool, which is really helpful on debugging and verifying your fix.
- It's better to put the Canvas element in a DIV.
- You can have multiple Canvas elements in one page (using iframe or DIV) for multiple remote connections.

3.3. Resource redirection and parameters

SparkView has resource redirection (clipboard, drive, audio redirection etc.) disabled by default for safety reasons. You need to implicitly enable them by setting up extra parameters.

Resource redirection can be enabled on both, client side using the JavaScript library and server side using the servers.json.

Resource redirection	Parameter
Clipboard	mapClipboard=on
Drive	mapDisk=on
	Also need to configure tmpdir in gateway.conf
Printer	mapPrinter=on
	printer=Your Printer Name
	You can also configure printerDriver and printer
	(name) in gateway.conf
	You also need to install a PostScript to PDF
	converter or PCL to PDF converter (depends on

	your printer driver) on the gateway computer (no need to install it on RDP server) and configure the location and command arguments for the converter in gateway.conf:
	converter = D:\\Programs\\gs\\gs9.16\\bin\\gswin32c.exe
	arguments = -dBATCH -dNOPAUSE -dUseCIEColor - dPDFSETTINGS=/printer -sDEVICE=pdfwrite -q - sOutputFile=%1 %2
Audio Playback	playAudio=0
	soundPref=0: low audio quality, low bandwidth usage.
	soundPref=1: hight audio quality, height bandwidth usage.
Audio Input (Microphone)	audioRecord=on
Time zone	timezone= encodeURIComponent ('(GMT-07:00) Mountain Standard Time')

Please check the Administrator's Manual for all parameters you can use.

Example of "enable clipboard redirection":

var r = new svGlobal.Rdp('ws://gatewayAddr/RDP?server=192.168.12.117&mapClipboard=on');

Frequently used parameters

Parameter	Value
port	Integer, RDP listening port. Optional, default is
	3389 for RDP, 5900 for VNC, 22 for SSH, 23 for Telnet
	remet
user	String, user name (Windows User).
pwd	String, password for user name.
domain	String, domain name
keyboard	Integer, keyboard layout, default is 0x409 (US)
width	Integer, screen width of RDP session. Default is 800

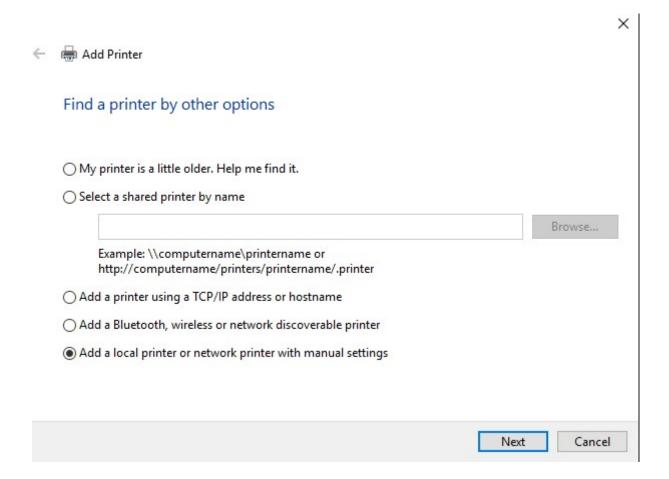
height	Integer, screen height of RDP session. Default is
	600
vmid	Hyper-V VM GUID, For example: B3D5444C-2611-
	405A-9CA0-7AA8DA94DF0B, it's for Hyper-V
	console connection.
minWidth, minHeight	Minimum width and height, some applications can
	only work on a minimum resolution.

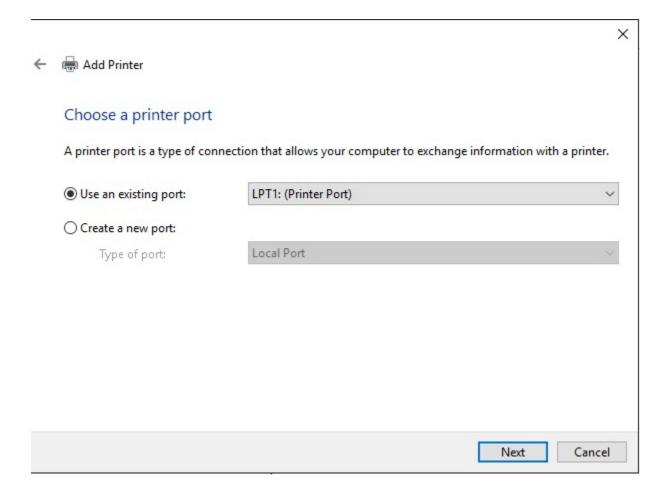
Printer driver issue:

SparkGateway will use "MS Publisher Imagesetter" as the default printer driver, because all Windows have this driver installed by default. We found some problems with this driver: It woks good if you print only few pages, it'll generate huge raw printing file (>1GB) if you are printing more than 50 pages. It's better to change the printer driver in the gateway.conf:

printerDriver = HP Color LaserJet 8500 PS

You should make sure your RDP server has this printer driver installed. This is how to find a PostScript printer driver:





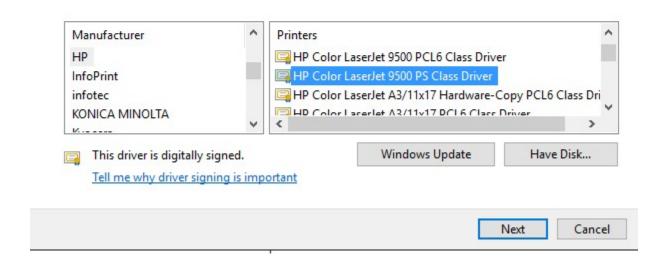


Install the printer driver



Choose your printer from the list. Click Windows Update to see more models.

To install the driver from an installation CD, click Have Disk.

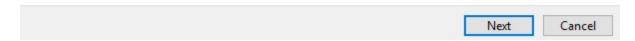




Type a printer name

Printer name: HP Color LaserJet 9500 PS Class Driver

This printer will be installed with the HP Color LaserJet 9500 PS Class Driver driver.



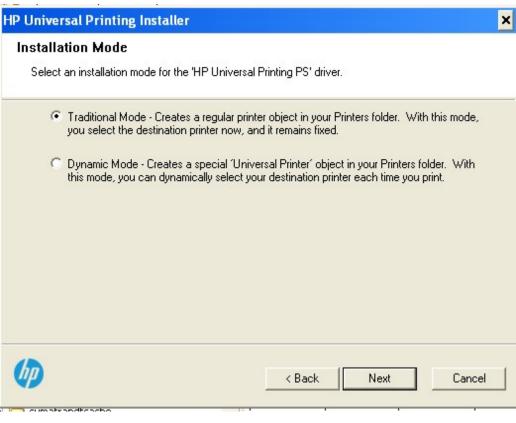
Copy the selected printer name then "Cancel". You don't need to actually install it, then you set up this printer driver in gateway.conf.

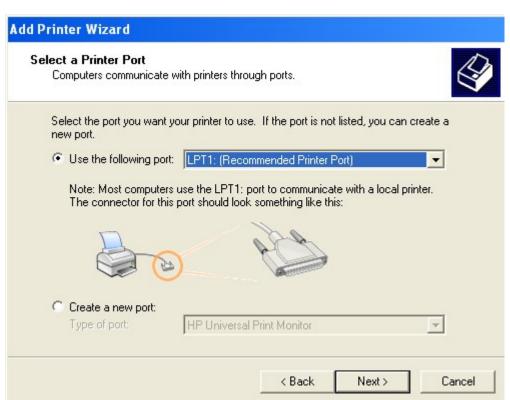
Please make sure it's a PostScript or PCL printer. You need to set up the PostScript to PDF converter or PCL to PDF converter accordingly in gateway.conf

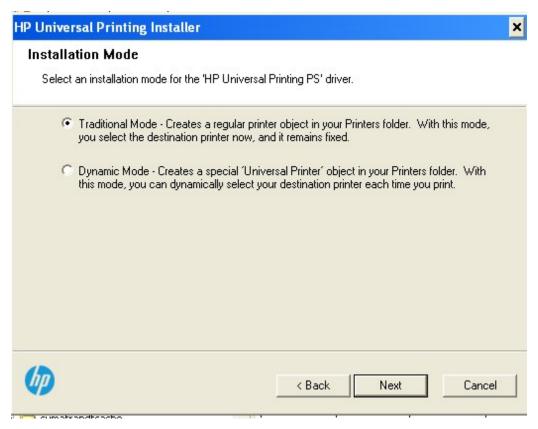
Install HP Universal PostScript Printer Driver:

Download it from:

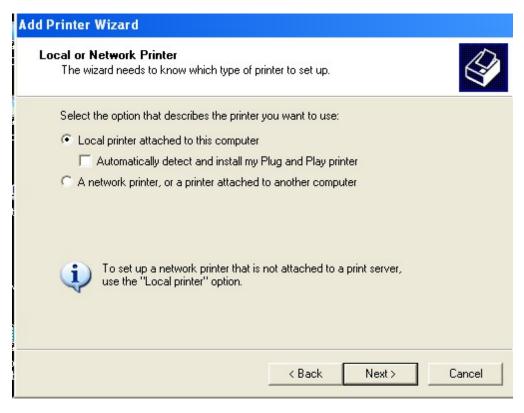
http://h20331.www2.hp.com/hpsub/cache/343033-0-0-225-121.html?jumpid=ex r2845 go/upd

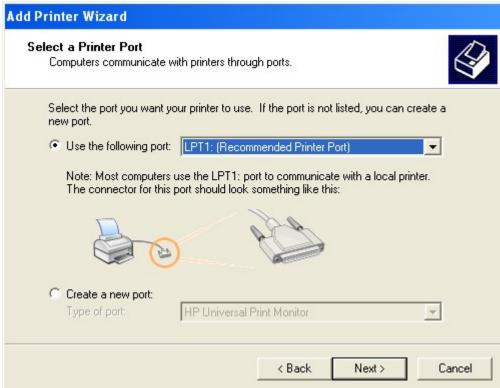












Set up the printer driver name in gateway.conf:

printerDriver = HP Universal Printing PS

3.4. Start a program on connection (as Shell)

```
Set up the following parameters:
```

```
startProgram=shell
command=encodeURIComponent('C:\\apps\\notepad.exe')
directory= encodeURIComponent('C:\\apps\\')
```

Checklist:

You many need to allow the RDP server to run any application if you are connecting to a Windows server.

3.5. Start RemoteApp

Add the following parameters if you want to start the RemtoeApp in current browser window:

```
startProgram=app
exe=||WINWORD
directory= encodeURIComponent('C:\\apps\\')
```

function startRemoteApp(remoteApp, args, dir, url){

Start RemtoeApp in a new window:

```
var r = svManager.getInstance() || new svGlobal.Rdp(url); //reuse existing session if available
```

```
function onSurfaceReady(surface){
    r.addSurface(surface);
    if (r.running()){
        r.startApp(remoteApp, args, dir);
    }else{
        r.run();
    }
};
window.svOnSurfaceReady = onSurfaceReady;
var rail = window.open('rail.html');
```

```
rail.svOnSurfaceReady = onSurfaceReady;
}

window.onload = function() {

var gateway = 'w-think',//change this to your Spark gateway address

server = '192.168.12.132',//change this to your RDP server address

user = 'vmuser',

password = 'password',

remoteApp = '||notepad',

args = ",

dir = ",

url = 'ws://' + gateway + '/RDP?server=' + server + '&startProgram=app' + '&exe=' + encodeURIComponent(remoteApp) + '&user=' + user + '&pwd=' + password;

startRemoteApp(remoteApp, args, dir, url);
};
```

Checklist:

- Make sure you use the alias name of the RemoteApp and with "||' before the name.
- Make sure you publish the RemoteApp on your Windows first.

3.6. Virtual Channel (VC) and Dynamic Virtual Channel extension

SparkView JavaScript client supports standard RDP virtual channel and dynamical virtual channel extension. You can create multiple virtual channels and dynamic virtual channels on client side using JavaScript (You can only create one VC before 4.0):

```
var r = new svGlobal.Rdp(protocol + gw + "/RDP?"+ s, w, h, server_bpp);
```

```
var vc = new r.VirtualChannel();//Use r.DynamicChannel to create a
dynamic virtual channel
             vc.name = "CUST";
             vc.process = function(buffer){
                    console.log(buffer.getByte());
                    console.log(buffer.getLittleEndian16());
             };
             vc.onopen = function(){
                    var data = new Array(7);
                    var rb = new RdpBuffer(data, 0, 7);
                    rb.setBvte(1);
                    rb.setLittleEndian16(345);
                    rb.setLittleEndian32(567);
                    rb.markEnd();
                    vc.send(rb);
             };
             r.addChannel(vc);
```

Virtual Channel is used to communicate with RDP host. You also need to write a plug-in for the RDP host. Please check the following for more information:

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa383546(v=vs.85).aspx

http://www.codeproject.com/Articles/16374/How-to-Write-a-Terminal-Services-Add-in-in-Pure-C

3.7. Gateway Channel

You can create multiple gateway channels to create a communication layer between client browser and the gateway:

```
var gvc = new r.GatewayChannel();
    gvc.name = "gwc";
    gvc.process = function(buffer){
        console.log(buffer.getByte());
        console.log(buffer.getLittleEndian16());
    };
    gvc.onopen = function(){
    var data = new Array(7);
    var rb = new RdpBuffer(data, 0, 7);
        rb.setByte(3);
        rb.setLittleEndian16(45);
        rb.setLittleEndian32(678);
        rb.markEnd();
        gvc.send(rb);
    };
    r.addGatewayChannel(gvc);
```

On gateway side, your class must extend com.toremote.gateway.plugin.AbstractGatewayChannel and register it with the same name using HandlerManager.registerChannel(). Please check the plug-in example for more information.

3.8. Configuration file and others

You can use appcfg.js to configure some parameters for the client. Please check the source code of appcfg.js for more details.

4. Server Side Integration

4.1. HTTP API

You can use HTTP request to create a server, symlink dynamically if you don't want to write a plug-in for the gateway.

Create servers on gateway:

http://gateway Address/SERVER? id=serverId&displayName=Name&server=hostName&gateway Pwd=passwordInGateway.conf&...

gatewayPwd is hexadecimal MD5 hash of the password which is configured in gateway.conf.

List servers:

http://w-think/SERVER?action=list&gatewayPwd=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3&id=ATPlus

It returns the asked server if id is specified:

```
{"id":"ATPlus","displayName":"ATPlus","server":"cloud.thinrdp.net","shadowing":false,"protocols":"rdp","icon":"k
bd.png","rdp":{"username":"demo","password":"demo"}}

It returns all servers if id is not specified:

{

    "display": true,

    "type": "NORMALLIST",

    "cols": [{"name": "id"},

    {"name": "server"},

    {"name": "remoteProgram"},

    {"name": "command"}],

    "rows":
```

[["ATPlus", "ATPlus", "192.168.12.117", "", ""],

```
["WordPad", "WordPad", "192.168.0.118", "", "wordpad.exe"]]
```

Create symlink on gateway:

http://gatewayAddress/SYMLINK?symlink=symlinkId&server=existingServerId&validTime=20m&gatewayPwd=passwordInGateway.conf&...

You can also use "validFrom", "validTo" parameters. Please check http://www.remotespark.com/view/doc/com/toremote/gateway/connection/SymLink.html for more information.

To delete a server or symlink, add "&action=delete" to the URL; to update a server or symlink, add "&action=update" to the URL.

List symlinks:

http://w-think/SYMLINK?action=list&gatewayPwd=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3&symlink=212a155e-e951-40db-95ea-177183174fa7

It returns the asked symlink if symlink is specified:

```
{"id":"212a155e-e951-40db-95ea-177183174fa7","resourceId":"169.254.146.243","validFrom":"Aug 26, 2015 12:00:00 AM","parameters":""}
```

It returns all the symlinks if symlink is not specified:

}

List sessions:

http://w-think/SESSION?action=list&gatewayPwd=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3&id=a29575a9-08c2-4162-9bfb-4876820953db

It returns the single session if session id is specified:

```
{"id":"a29575a9-08c2-4162-9bfb-
4876820953db", "server": "192.168.12.118", "clientlp": "169.254.84.132", "clientAgent": "Mozilla \/ 5.0
(Windows NT 10.0; WOW64) AppleWebKit\\537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome\\47.0.2526.111
Safari\/537.36", "thumbnail": "", "startTime": "Tue Jan 26 15:38:55 MST
2016","numericId":621779525,"user":"","domain":"","rdpId":1,"startTime2":1453847935826}
It returns all sessions if session id is not specified:
{"cols":[{"name":"id"},
                {"name":"server"},
                {"name":"clientlp"},
                {"name":"clientAgent"},
                {"name":"startTime"},
                {"name":"numericId"},
                {"name":"user"},
                {"name":"domain"},
                {"name":"join"},
                {"name":"protocol"},
                {"name":"symlink"},
                {"name":"thumbnail"}],
"size":1,
"rows":[["a29575a9-08c2-4162-9bfb-4876820953db","192.168.12.118","169.254.84.132","Mozilla\/5.0
(Windows NT 10.0; WOW64) AppleWebKit\/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome\/47.0.2526.111
Safari\/537.36","Tue Jan 26 15:38:55 MST 2016",621779525,"","","","RDP","",""]]
}
```

Upload license file:

http://w-

think/CONTROL?licenseFile=base64encodedLicenseFile&gatewayPwd=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a8 01fc3

Please make sure you encode the value of licenseFile. For example: encodeURIComponent(base64encodedLicenseFile)

Error handling:

HTTP request will return HTTP Status code 500 and {"error:": "error information"} in JSON if there is an error. For example, server or symlink with specified id was not found when you try to get a server or symlink.

HTTP request will return status code 200 if operation succeeded

4.2. Plug-in

The gateway is a multi-thread application, so make sure your plug-in is:

- Thread safe.
- Spawn a thread if the operation takes more than 5 seconds, otherwise, it could cause a network timeout exception and block the gateway.
- Use Collections.synchronizedList(),Collections.synchronizedMap, ConcurrentHashMap etc.
- Avoid anonymous class which could cause memory leak.
- Make your plug-in stateless if possible.
- Logging could be a bottle neck sometimes.

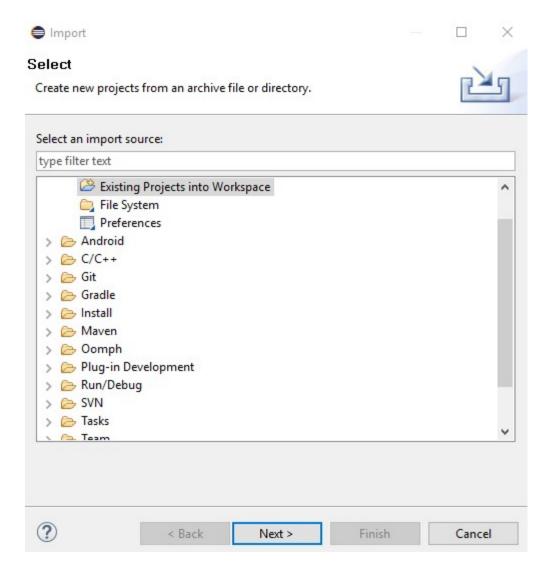
4.2.1. Start gateway and the plug-in example project in Eclipse

Download the plug-in example:

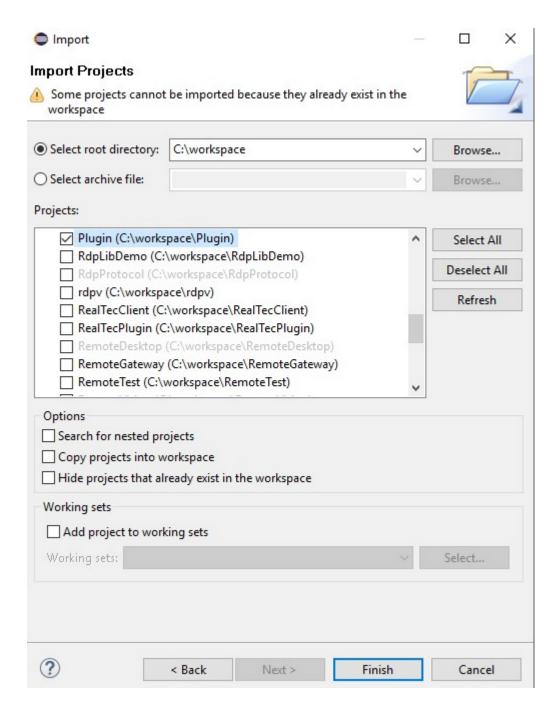
http://remotespark.com/Plugin.zip

Extract the zip to your Eclipse workspace.

File -> Import:



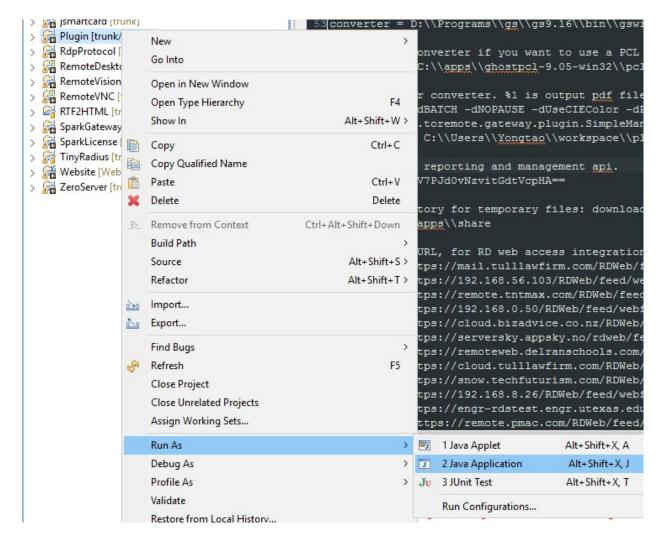
Click "Next"



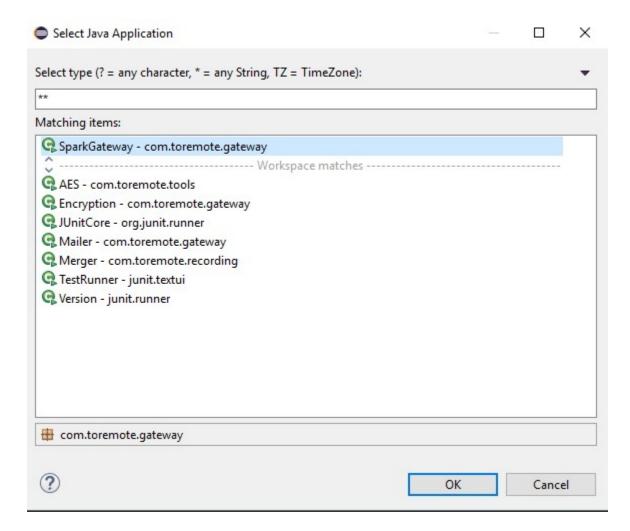
"Browse" to your workspace directory

Select the Plugin project.

Click "Finish"



Right click on the Plugin project, "Run As" -> "Java Application"



Make sure "SparkGateway – com.toremote.gateway" is selected. Click "OK"

Now the gateway with the plug-in is running in Eclipse. You can use the "Debug As" -> Java Application to debug your plug-in code.

Checklist:

• The SparkGateway.jar used by the plug-in project may be an old version (Plugin\libs\SparkGateway.jar). Please replace it with the one from your GatewayInstallDir\SparkGateway.jar, otherwise, some new APIs may not be available.

4.2.2. Handshake plug-in

Handshake plug-in is invoked before establishing a RDP connection. It's a good place to verify, modify or refuse the connection.

You can put any parameter you want when you create a connection on the client side. For example, you can put user's session id (session on your portal) into a RDP connection:

var rdp = new svGlobal.Rdp('ws://myGateway/RDP?server=myServer&token=mySessionId&...');

Then in the handshake plug-in, you can get the parameter and verify it through a web server on your portal.

```
class SimpleHandshakePlugin implements HandshakeInterface{
```

```
@Override

public Map<String, String> onHandshake(Map<String, String> parameters) throws
ClientException{

    String token = parameters.get("token");

    if (isInvalidSession(token)){

        throw new ClientException("Invalid sessioin");

    }

    return parameters;
```

You can also encrypt the token from your portal (encrypted on server side), then decrypt it in the plug-in:

 $public\ Map < String > on Handshake (Map < String > parameters)\ throws \\ Client Exception \{$

}

```
String token = decryptToken(token);//throw ClientException if not valid

Map<String, String> paramsFromToken = parseToken(token);

parameters.put(RdpParameter.server, paramsFromToken.get("server"));

parameters.put(RdpParameter.user, paramsFromToken.get("user"));

parameters.put(RdpParameter.pwd, paramsFromToken.get("pwd"));

String userIp = parameters.get(RdpParameter.ARG_CLIENT_IP);

//enable recording

parameters.put(RdpParameter.sessionRecord, "1");//enable session recording

//specify the recording file name (optional)
```

```
parameters.put(RdpParameter.RECRODING_FILE_NAME, "myFileName");
return parameters;
```

Best practices:

}

- Make sure your plug-in code is thread-safe.
- Make sure your code can be executed in 3-5 seconds, otherwise, please consider running it in a thread.
- You can also use the HTTP API instead if possible.
- Please check the plug-in example on our web site for more details.

4.2.3. Deploy your plug-in

Export the jar file:

Right click on the project, "Export", select "Runable JAR file" under Java.

Choose "SparkGateway - Plugin" in Launch configuration.

Choose export destination.

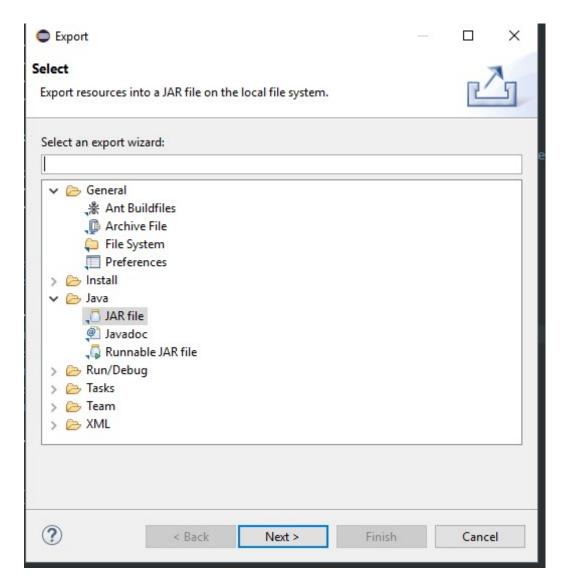
Click "Finish"

Make sure "Extract required libraries into generated JAR" selected in "Library handling"

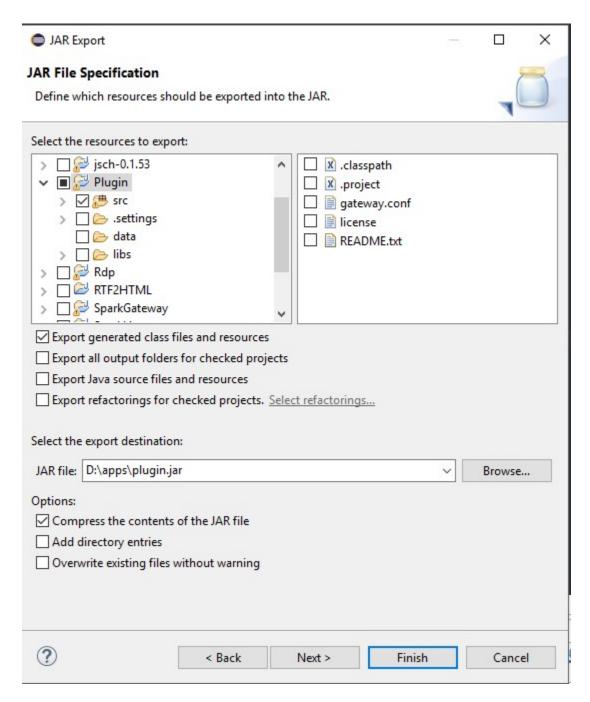
It's better to put your plug-in can be in a separated jar file. In this case, you should set up your plug-in file path in gateway.conf:

pluginFile=theLocationOfYourPlugin.jar

Here is how to export the plug-in into a separated jar file (without the content of SparkGateway.jar):



Make sure only the "src" directory selected:



Click "Finish" and make sure you configure the pluginFile entry in gateway.conf

Appendix A: Integration with symlink Use Case

Actors: User, User Portal, Spark Gateway

Preconditions:

User Portal

Have user credentials in plain text.

Spark Gateway

- Configure password in gateway.conf.
- Allow IP addresses of User Portal to access the Spark Gateway API (Optional, Admin Manual 3.25).
- Create RDP servers with config.html or HTTP API (Integration Guide 4.1), and make it as a white list.
- Allow symlink access only by setting symlinkOnly = true in gateway.conf. Server id or address will not be allowed to create a connection.
- Disable VNC access by setting vnc = false in gateway.conf (SSH, Telnet are disabled by default).

Basic flow:

- 1. User login to User Portal.
- 2. (optional) User Portal create a server on Spark Gateway with HTTP API if that server is not created yet:
 - http://gatewayAddress/SERVER?id=serverId&displayName=Name&server=hostName&gateway Pwd=passwordInGateway.conf&...; Check if serer exists: http://wthink/SERVER?action=list&gatewayPwd=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3&id=serverId; The gateway will return HTTP Status code 500 and {"error:": "not found"} in JSON format.
- 3. User Portal create a symlink on Spark Gateway with HTTP API: 'http://gatewayAddress/SYMLINK?symlink=symlinkId&server=existingServerId&validTime=8h&gatewayPwd=passwordInGateway.conf¶meters=' + encodeURIComponent('user=domainUser&pwd=domainPassword&domain=domain');
- 4. User portal construct a connection link and display it to user: http://gateway/rdpdirect.html?symlink=symlinkld&displayName=nameOnBrowserTitle; or use the Spark View JS library directly to create a connection: var rdp = new svGlobal.Rdp('wss://gateway/RDP?symlink=symlinkld&...', width, height, color);
- 5. User click the link and connect.
- 6. User portal delete the symlink when user exist or close the browser: http://gatewayAddress/SYMLINK?symlink=symlinkId&action=delete

Pros:

- Easy and secure.
- Symlink will be invalid or deleted and it cannot be reused by other.
- No need to send the user credential to the browser side.

Cons:

User domain credentials need to be sent to the gateway in plain text.

Appendix B: Integration with plugin Use Case

Actors: User, User Portal, Spark Gateway

Preconditions:

User Portal:

- Have user credentials in plain text.
- Provide a service to verify the user (optional).

Spark Gateway:

- Write a simple plugin in java for Spark Gateway.
- Disable VNC access by setting vnc = false in gateway.conf (SSH, Telnet are disabled by default).

Basic flow:

- 1. User login to User Portal.
- 2. User Portal encrypt the user credential and other information like User Portal session id as a token string, for example:
 - 'user=domainUser&pwd=domainPassword&domain=domain&session=id'.
- 3. User Portal construct a connection link and display it to user: http://gateway/rdpdirect.html?token=myEcryptedToken&displayName=nameOnBrowserTitle&otherParameters; or use the Spark View JS library directly to create a connection: var rdp = new svGlobal.Rdp('wss://gateway/RDP?token=myEycryptedToken&...', width, height, color);
- 4. User click the link and connect.
- 5. Spark Gateway plugin decrypt the token, verify the user session (optional) and put the decrypted RDP parameters back (Please check the plugin example for details: http://www.remotespark.com/Plugin.zip)

Pros:

- User credentials are encrypted.
- Encryption and decryption are done on server side which is pretty safe.
- Plugin can also be used to verify if user is form a valid session, or extend the SparkGateway functionality.

Cons:

- Need to write some lines of Java code for Spark View gateway.
- You may need to recompile the plugin when upgrading to a new version of Spark Gateway (if the plugin interface changed).
- Encrypted user credentials still need to be sent to the browser.

Both use cases are recommended. You can also consider to use them together (symlink with plugin), so user credentials can be encrypted and don't need to be sent to the client side.

If User Portal cannot have the user credentials in plain text, you can consider to create a temporary windows user account for every user and remove this account later.

Appendix C: Chromium Embedded Framework (CEF), WebView and Electron

You can use CEF or Electron to make a standalone client, so Spark View client can access local resource directly (clipboard), and override some shortcuts keys reserved by the browser (Ctrl+T/W etc).

- 1. Let Spark View know it can access the clipboard directly by setting directClipAccess: true in appcfg.js.
- 2. For CEF, you need to enable cef_state_t javascript_access_clipboard.
- 3. For WebView, please check: https://stackoverflow.com/questions/4200259/tapping-form-field-in-webview-does-not-show-soft-keyboard
- 4. For Electron, you can also use mainWindow.webContents.executeJavaScript('hi5.appcfg.directClipAccess=true') to inject the code.