



SMART CONTRACT AUDIT



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PREPARED FOR

BLACKHOLE



INTRODUCTION

Auditing Firm	InterFi Network
Client Firm	BlackHole
Methodology	Automated Analysis, Manual Code Review
Language	Solidity
Contract	0x3Df75c76062292d31d342ee73eB626A9A0eFa9e6
Blockchain	Binance Smart Chain
Centralization	Active ownership
Commit	008029e3786f89f739e4e8ffe8dd854809eeb12e
Report Date	November 10, 2023


 Verify the authenticity of this report on our website: <https://www.github.com/interfinetwork>



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

InterFi has performed the automated and manual analysis of solidity codes. Solidity codes were reviewed for common contract vulnerabilities and centralized exploits. Here's a quick audit summary:

Status	Critical ●	Major ●	Medium ●	Minor ●	Unknown ●
Open	0	0	1	6	0
Acknowledged	0	1	0	2	1
Resolved	0	0	0	0	0
Noteworthy Privileges	Invite, Top Invite, Update User, Update Delegate Contract, Update Can Buy Day, Update Start Time, Update HD				

 Please note that smart contracts deployed on blockchains aren't resistant to exploits, vulnerabilities and/or hacks. Blockchain and cryptography assets utilize new and emerging technologies. These technologies present a high level of ongoing risks. For a detailed understanding of risk severity, source code vulnerability, and audit limitations, kindly review the audit report thoroughly.


 Please note that centralization privileges regardless of their inherited risk status - constitute an elevated impact on smart contract safety and security.



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SCOPE OF WORK

InterFi was consulted by BlackHole to conduct the smart contract audit of their solidity source codes.

The audit scope of work is strictly limited to mentioned solidity file(s) only:

- BlackHole.sol

i If source codes are not deployed on the main net, they can be modified or altered before main-net deployment. Verify the contract's deployment status below:

Public Contract Link	
https://bscscan.com/address/0x3Df75c76062292d31d342ee73eB626A9A0eFa9e6#code	
Contract Name	BlackHole
Compiler Version	0.8.20
License	MIT



AUDIT METHODOLOGY

Smart contract audits are conducted using a set of standards and procedures. Mutual collaboration is essential to performing an effective smart contract audit. Here's a brief overview of InterFi's auditing process and methodology:

CONNECT

- The onboarding team gathers source codes, and specifications to make sure we understand the size, and scope of the smart contract audit.

AUDIT

- Automated analysis is performed to identify common contract vulnerabilities. We may use the following third-party frameworks and dependencies to perform the automated analysis:
 - Remix IDE Developer Tool
 - Open Zeppelin Code Analyzer
 - SWC Vulnerabilities Registry
 - DEX Dependencies, e.g., Pancakeswap, Uniswap
- Simulations are performed to identify centralized exploits causing contract and/or trade locks.
- A manual line-by-line analysis is performed to identify contract issues and centralized privileges.

We may inspect below mentioned common contract vulnerabilities, and centralized exploits:

Centralized Exploits	<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Token Supply Manipulation○ Access Control and Authorization○ Assets Manipulation○ Ownership Control○ Liquidity Access○ Stop and Pause Trading○ Ownable Library Verification
----------------------	---



Common Contract Vulnerabilities

- Integer Overflow
- Lack of Arbitrary limits
- Incorrect Inheritance Order
- Typographical Errors
- Requirement Violation
- Gas Optimization
- Coding Style Violations
- Re-entrancy
- Third-Party Dependencies
- Potential Sandwich Attacks
- Irrelevant Codes
- Divide before multiply
- Conformance to Solidity Naming Guides
- Compiler Specific Warnings
- Language Specific Warnings

REPORT

- The auditing team provides a preliminary report specifying all the checks which have been performed and the findings thereof.
- The client's development team reviews the report and makes amendments to solidity codes.
- The auditing team provides the final comprehensive report with open and unresolved issues.

PUBLISH

- The client may use the audit report internally or disclose it publicly.

 It is important to note that there is no pass or fail in the audit, it is recommended to view the audit as an unbiased assessment of the safety of solidity codes.



RISK CATEGORIES

Smart contracts are generally designed to hold, approve, and transfer tokens. This makes them very tempting attack targets. A successful external attack may allow the external attacker to directly exploit. A successful centralization-related exploit may allow the privileged role to directly exploit. All risks which are identified in the audit report are categorized here for the reader to review:

Risk Type	Definition
Critical 	These risks could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
Major 	These risks are hard to exploit but very important to fix, they carry an elevated risk of smart contract manipulation, which can lead to high-risk severity.
Medium 	These risks should be fixed, as they carry an inherent risk of future exploits, and hacks which may or may not impact the smart contract execution. Low-risk re-entrancy-related vulnerabilities should be fixed to deter exploits.
Minor 	These risks do not pose a considerable risk to the contract or those who interact with it. They are code-style violations and deviations from standard practices. They should be highlighted and fixed nonetheless.
Unknown 	These risks pose uncertain severity to the contract or those who interact with it. They should be fixed immediately to mitigate the risk uncertainty.

All statuses which are identified in the audit report are categorized here for the reader to review:

Status Type	Definition
Open	Risks are open.
Acknowledged	Risks are acknowledged, but not fixed.
Resolved	Risks are acknowledged and fixed.



CENTRALIZED PRIVILEGES

Centralization risk is the most common cause of cryptography asset loss. When a smart contract has a privileged role, the risk related to centralization is elevated.

There are some well-intended reasons have privileged roles, such as:

- Privileged roles can be granted the power to pause() the contract in case of an external attack.
- Privileged roles can use functions like, `include()`, and `exclude()` to add or remove wallets from fees, swap checks, and transaction limits. This is useful to run a presale and to list on an exchange.

Authorizing privileged roles to externally-owned-account (EOA) is dangerous. Lately, centralization-related losses are increasing in frequency and magnitude.

- The client can lower centralization-related risks by implementing below mentioned practices:
- Privileged role's private key must be carefully secured to avoid any potential hack.
- Privileged role should be shared by multi-signature (multi-sig) wallets.
- Authorized privilege can be locked in a contract, user voting, or community DAO can be introduced to unlock the privilege.
- Renouncing the contract ownership, and privileged roles.
- Remove functions with elevated centralization risk.

 Understand the project's initial asset distribution. Assets in the liquidity pair should be locked. Assets outside the liquidity pair should be locked with a release schedule.



AUTOMATED ANALYSIS

Symbol	Definition
	Function modifies state
	Function is payable
	Function is internal
	Function is private
	Function is important

```

| **ReentrancyGuard** | Implementation | |||
|  L | <Constructor> | Public ! |  | NO ! |
|  L | _nonReentrantBefore | Private  |  | |
|  L | _nonReentrantAfter | Private  |  | |
|  L | _reentrancyGuardEntered | Internal  | | |
|||||
| **DateTime** | Library | |||
|  L | getNowDateTime | Public ! | | NO ! |
|  L | tsToDateTime | Public ! | | NO ! |
|||||
| **IPancakeFactory** | Interface | |||
|  L | getPair | External ! | | NO ! |
|||||
| **IERC20** | Interface | |||
|  L | decimals | External ! | | NO ! |
|  L | totalSupply | External ! | | NO ! |

```



```

|  L | balanceOf | External ! |  |NO ! |
|  L | transfer | External ! |  NO ! |
|  L | approve | External ! |  NO ! |
|  L | transferFrom | External ! |  NO ! |
|  L | mint | External ! |  NO ! |
|  L | destroy | External ! |  NO ! |
|  L | getPrice | External ! |  |NO ! |
|||||

```

```

| **IUniswapV2Pair** | Interface |  |||
|  L | totalSupply | External ! |  |NO ! |
|  L | approve | External ! |  NO ! |
|  L | balanceOf | External ! |  |NO ! |
|  L | token0 | External ! |  |NO ! |
|  L | token1 | External ! |  |NO ! |
|  L | getReserves | External ! |  |NO ! |
|||||

```

```

| **ISwapRouter** | Interface |  |||
|  L | factory | External ! |  |NO ! |
|  L | WETH | External ! |  |NO ! |
|  L | swapExactTokensForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External ! |  NO ! |
|  L | getAmountsOut | External ! |  |NO ! |
|  L | addLiquidity | External ! |  NO ! |
|  L | removeLiquidity | External ! |  NO ! |
|  L | swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External ! |  NO ! |
|  L | swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External ! |  NO ! |
|||||

```



```

| **Ownable** | Implementation | |||
| L | <Constructor> | Public ! | ● | NO ! |
| L | owner | Public ! | | NO ! |
| L | renounceOwnership | Public ! | ● | onlyOwner |
| L | transferOwnership | Public ! | ● | onlyOwner |
|||||
| **PublicReward** | Implementation | |||
| L | <Constructor> | Public ! | ● | NO ! |
|||||
| **BlackHole** | Implementation | Ownable, ReentrancyGuard |||
| L | <Constructor> | Public ! | ● | NO ! |
| L | _invite | Private 🗝️ | ● | |
| L | _getTs | Private 🗝️ | | |
| L | getPublicRewardAmount | Public ! | | NO ! |
| L | buy | External ! | ● | nonReentrant noContract verifyMessage mustStart |
| L | sell | External ! | ● | nonReentrant noContract verifyMessage mustStart |
| L | upgrade | External ! | ● | nonReentrant noContract verifyMessage mustStart |
| L | invite | External ! | ● | onlyOwner nonReentrant noContract mustStart |
| L | topInvite | External ! | ● | onlyOwner nonReentrant noContract |
| L | claim | External ! | ● | nonReentrant noContract verifyMessage mustStart |
| L | _getUserPower | Private 🗝️ | | |
| L | initPublicRewardEveryDayBase | External ! | ● | NO ! |
| L | getUsers | Public ! | | NO ! |
| L | queryUser | Public ! | | NO ! |
| L | getTokenPrice | Public ! | | NO ! |
| L | updateUser | Public ! | ● | onlyOwner |

```

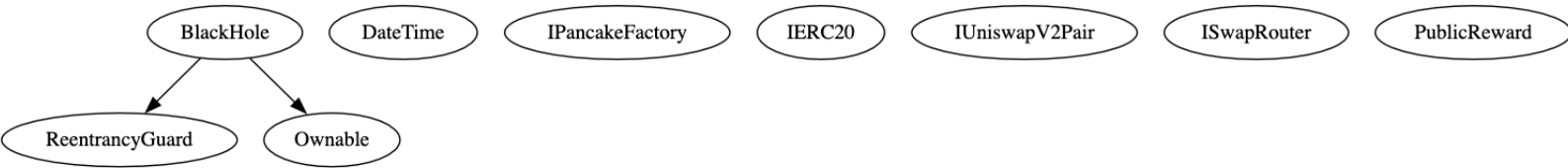


	└		updateDelegateContract		External	!		🔴		onlyOwner	
	└		updateCanBuyDay		External	!		🔴		onlyOwner	
	└		updateStartTs		External	!		🔴		onlyOwner	
	└		updateHD		External	!		🔴		onlyOwner	

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MANUAL REVIEW

Identifier	Definition	Severity
CEN-01	Centralized privileges	Major 🟡

Important on ly0wner centralized privileges are listed below:

```
renounce0wnership()  
transfer0wnership()  
invite()  
topInvite()  
updateUser()  
updateDelegateContract()  
updateCanBuyDay()  
updateStartTs()  
updateHD()
```

RECOMMENDATION

Deployers', owners', administrators', and all other privileged roles' private-keys/access-keys/admin-keys should be secured carefully. These entities can have a single point of failure that compromises the security of the project. Manage centralized and privileged roles carefully, review PAGE 09 for more information.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
LOG-01	Lack of input validation	Minor ●

Below mentioned functions are set without any arbitrary boundaries:

updateStartTs()

updateUser()

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RECOMMENDATION

These functions should be checked for appropriate inputs.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
LOG-02	Potential front-running	Minor 

Functions that involve `delegatecall` can be particularly vulnerable to front-running if the outcome of the `delegatecall` can be anticipated and exploited by observing the transaction in the mempool.

`getTokenPrice` depends on external data that can be manipulated or anticipated; hence it is vulnerable to front-running.

`buy` and `sell` involve asset exchange and hence it is vulnerable to front-running.

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RECOMMENDATION

These functions should be provided reasonable minimum output amounts, instead of zero.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-01	Authorization through tx.origin	Medium ●

Using tx.origin for authorization could make the contract vulnerable as it refers to the original external account that started the transaction.

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RECOMMENDATION

Avoid authorizations via global variables wherever necessary.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-02	Timestamp manipulation via <code>block.timestamp</code>	Minor 


Be aware that the timestamp of the block can be manipulated by a miner. When the contract uses the timestamp to seed a random number, the miner can actually post a timestamp within 15 seconds of the block being validated, effectively allowing the miner to precompute an option more favorable to their chances.

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RECOMMENDATION

To maintain block integrity, follow 15 seconds rule, and scale time dependent events accordingly.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-05	Missing zero address validation	Minor 

Below mentioned functions are missing zero address input validation:

`updateDelegateContract()`

`updateHD()`

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RECOMMENDATION

Validate if the modified address is dead(0) or not.



Identifier	Definition	
COD-09	Lack of contract balance withdraw	

Smart contract may collect tokens, and ethers from external addresses. Some swap, and liquidity-add events may accumulate residual ethers, and tokens.

RECOMMENDATION

Add `withdraw()` function to take out tokens and ethers from the contract.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-10	Direct and indirect dependencies	Unknown 🟤


Smart contract is interacting with third party protocols e.g., Market Makers, External Contracts, Web 3 Applications, Open Zeppelin tools. The scope of the audit treats these entities as black boxes and assumes their functional correctness. However, in the real world, all of them can be compromised, and exploited. Moreover, upgrades in these entities can create severe impacts, e.g., increased transactional fees, deprecation of previous routers, etc.

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RECOMMENDATION

Inspect third party dependencies regularly, and mitigate severe impacts whenever necessary.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-12	Lack of event-driven architecture	Minor 


Smart contract uses function calls to update state, which can make it difficult to track and analyze changes to the contract over time.

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RECOMMENDATION

Use events to track state changes. Events improve transparency and provide a more granular view of contract activity.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COM-01	Floating compiler status	Minor 

Compiler is set to:

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.20;
```


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RECOMMENDATION

Pragma should be fixed to the version that you're indenting to deploy your contracts with.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COM-03	Floating price reference	Minor 


Function `getTokenPrice` references `HD.getPrice()`.

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RECOMMENDATION

Ensure this price feed is secure and resistant to manipulation.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COM-04	Potential resource exhaustion errors	Minor 

Functions like `queryUser` and `updateUser` can be gas-intensive due to loops and multiple state changes.

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RECOMMENDATION

Set upper bounds for multi-address calls.



DISCLAIMERS

InterFi Network provides the easy-to-understand audit of solidity source codes (commonly known as smart contracts).

The smart contract for this particular audit was analyzed for common contract vulnerabilities, and centralization exploits. This audit report makes no statements or warranties on the security of the code. This audit report does not provide any warranty or guarantee regarding the absolute bug-free nature of the smart contract analyzed, nor do they provide any indication of the client's business, business model or legal compliance. This audit report does not extend to the compiler layer, any other areas beyond the programming language, or other programming aspects that could present security risks. Cryptographic tokens are emergent technologies, they carry high levels of technical risks and uncertainty. You agree that your access and/or use, including but not limited to any services, reports, and materials, will be at your sole risk on an as-is, where-is, and as-available basis. This audit report could include false positives, false negatives, and other unpredictable results.

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ABOUT INTERFI NETWORK

InterFi Network provides intelligent blockchain solutions. We provide solidity development, testing, and auditing services. We have developed 150+ solidity codes, audited 1000+ smart contracts, and analyzed 500,000+ code lines. We have worked on major public blockchains e.g., Ethereum, Binance, Cronos, Doge, Polygon, Avalanche, Metis, Fantom, Bitcoin Cash, Velas, Oasis, etc.

InterFi Network is built by engineers, developers, UI experts, and blockchain enthusiasts. Our team currently consists of 4 core members, and 6+ casual contributors.

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