Construction 7

Given a point outside a line, construct the parallel to the given line through the given point. $p \bullet$

Given: Point P outside line k

Construct: The line through P parallel to k

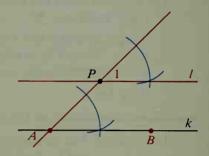
<u>k</u>

Procedure:

- 1. Let A and B be two points on line k. Draw \overrightarrow{PA} .
- 2. At P, construct $\angle 1$ so that $\angle 1$ and $\angle PAB$ are congruent corresponding angles. Let l be the line containing the ray you just constructed.

l is the line through P parallel to k.

Justification: If two lines are cut by a transversal and corresponding angles are congruent, then the lines are parallel. (Postulate 11)



Classroom Exercises

1. Suggest an alternative procedure for Construction 7 that uses Constructions 5 and 6.

Describe how you would construct each of the following.

- 2. The midpoint of \overline{BC}
- **3.** The median of $\triangle ABC$ that contains vertex B
- **4.** The altitude of $\triangle ABC$ that contains vertex B
- **5.** The altitude of $\triangle ABC$ that contains vertex A
- **6.** The perpendicular to BC at C
- 7. A square whose sides each have length AC
- **8.** A square whose perimeter equals AC
- 9. A right triangle with hypotenuse and one leg equal to AC and BC, respectively
- 10. A triangle whose sides are in the ratio $1:2:\sqrt{5}$

