

Page references followed by *f* refer to figures. Page references followed by *t* refer to tables.

A

absolute zero, 371
absorption, 102, 102*f*
accuracy, 44–46, 44*f*
acetic acid
 as buffer, 606–607
 common-ion effect in, 603–604, 604*f*
 hydrolysis of ions in, 610*f*, 611
 ionization constant, 605–607, 606*t*
 properties, 471
 strength of, 474–475, 475*f*, 484
acetone, 746
acetylene, 727
acid-base indicators
 colors of, 500*f*, 512*f*, 513*t*
 equivalence point and, 516–517, 516*f*, 517*f*
 function of, 511–512, 511*f*
 lab procedure, 496–497
 pH paper, 468, 468*f*, 471, 512, 515*f*
 in titrations, 515–521, 515*f*, 516*f*, 517*f*, 518*f*–519*f*
acid ionization constants, 605–606, 606*t*, 628–629
acidosis, 817
acid rain, 279, 489, 489*f*, 510
acids, 466–489. *See also* **pH**
 amphoteric compounds, 485–487, 486*f*, 487*f*
 Arrhenius, 473–474, 473*f*, 474*t*, 482*t*
 Brønsted-Lowry, 478–481, 480*f*, 482*t*
 conjugate, 483–485, 485*t*, 608–609
 decomposition of, 280
 displacement reactions in, 281
 experimental determination of, 496–497
 household, 472
 hydrolysis of salts, 608–612, 608*f*, 610*f*, 611*f*

 hydronium and hydroxide ions in, 501–502
 industrial, 470–471
 ionization constants, 605–606, 606*t*, 628–629
 Lewis, 481–482, 482*t*
 monoprotic and polyprotic, 479–481, 480*f*
 neutralization reactions, 468, 472, 487–489, 488*f*, 517–521
 nomenclature, 230–231, 230*t*, 468–469, 468*t*, 469*t*
 organic, 474–475
 properties, 468
 strength of, 474–475, 474*t*, 484–485, 485*t*, 501*t*, 509
actinides, 136, 148, 157*t*
activated complexes, 565–567, 565*f*
activation energy, 465*f*, 564–567, 564*f*, 565*f*, 764, 764*f*
active sites, 763
activity series, 285–287, 286*t*
actual yield, 317
addition polymers, 738, 738*f*
addition reactions, 735–736
adenine, 770, 770*f*, 824*f*
adenosine diphosphate (ADP), 767, 767*f*
adenosine triphosphate (ATP), 766–769, 767*f*, 769*t*, 824*f*
AIDS/HIV infection, 762
air bags, 380
air pollution, 836
alcohols, 731, 731*f*, 731*t*
aldehydes, 731*t*, 733, 733*f*
alkali metals, 142, 142*f*, 786–791, 786*f*, 788*t*
alkaline batteries, 659, 659*f*
alkaline-earth metals, 142, 142*f*, 792–797, 792*f*, 794*t*
alkanes, 716–724, 717*t*, 718*t*, 719*t*, 722*t*, 723*t*
alkenes, 724–727, 724*t*, 727*f*
alkyl groups, 719–722, 719*t*
alkyl halides, 731*t*, 732, 735
alkynes, 727–728, 728*f*
allotropes, 725
alloys, 402–403, 402*t*, 403*f*, 802–804, 803*t*, 804*f*, 811, 811*t*
alpha particles, 74, 75*f*, 685*t*, 686, 686*f*, 690*f*, 693, 693*f*
aluminum
 alloys, 811, 811*t*
 electron configuration, 117*t*

 industrial production of, 671
 oxides, 835, 835*t*
 properties, 18*f*, 808–809, 808*f*, 809*f*, 810*t*
 in water purification, 273–274
amalgams, 402*t*, 802*f*
amines, 731*t*, 733
amino acids
 chemical structures of, 756, 756*f*, 819, 819*f*
 in the genetic code, 780
 in peptides and proteins, 757–758, 758*f*
 synthesis of, 774
ammonia
 in amines, 733
 as base, 475, 475*t*, 482
 oxidation of, 309
 polarity of, 205, 205*f*
 production of, 597, 598–600
 structure of, 199, 199*f*, 202
ammonium ions, 194, 194*f*, 610–612, 611*f*
amorphous solids, 338, 341
amphoteric compounds, 485–487, 486*f*, 487*f*
amphoteric oxides, 835
anabolism, 769
angular momentum quantum number, 107–108, 108*t*
anhydrides, 834
anions
 hydrolysis of, 608–609, 608*f*
 ionic radii, 159–160, 159*t*
 nomenclature, 220–221, 221*f*, 221*t*
 oxyanions, 225–227, 226*t*, 230
anodes, 72*f*, 656, 656*f*
antibodies, 756, 760*t*
aqueous solutions, 434–456
 attraction between dissociated ions, 456
 boiling-point elevation, 450–451
 calculating hydronium and hydroxide ion concentration of, 501–502
 dissociation in, 435–439, 435*f*, 438*f*
 electrolysis, 444–445, 444*f*
 freezing-point depression, 448–450, 448*t*, 454–456, 455*t*
 ionization, 441, 441*f*

 net ionic equations, 439–440
 osmotic pressure, 452–453, 452*f*
 precipitation reactions, 437–440, 437*t*, 438*f*
 standard solutions, 517
 strong and weak electrolytes, 442–443, 442*f*
 vapor-pressure lowering, 446–447, 446*f*, 447*f*
area, units of, 854*t*
argon, 114–115, 117*t*, 118
Aristotle, 43, 67
aromatic hydrocarbons, 729
Arrhenius, Svante 473
Arrhenius acids and bases, 473–476, 473*f*, 474*t*, 475*t*, 476*f*, 482*t*
arsenic, 118*t*, 139, 229, 828–829, 829*t*
artificial transmutations, 691–692, 691*f*, 692*f*, 692*t*
asbestos, 825
atmospheres (units), 364–365, 364*t*
atmospheric pressure, 362–363, 362*f*, 363*f*, 365
atomic masses, 81–82, 82*t*, 128, 133, 856*t*–857*t*
atomic mass units (amu), 76*t*, 80, 855*t*
atomic number, 77, 856*t*–857*t*
atomic radii, 150–152, 150*f*, 151*f*, 152*f*, 163
atoms, 66–87
 in ancient science, 43, 67
 atomic number, 77, 856*t*–857*t*
 atomic theory, 67–69, 69*f*
 average atomic masses, 81–82, 82*t*
 Bohr model, 102–103, 102*f*, 103*f*
 definition, 6, 6*f*, 72
 isotopes, 77–80, 78*f*, 78*t*, 79*t*
 mass numbers, 78, 78*t*
 orbitals, 106–110, 107*f*, 108*f*, 108*t*, 109*f*, 110*t*
 plum pudding model, 73
 quantum model, 104–110, 107*f*, 108*f*, 108*t*, 109*f*, 110*t*
 relative atomic masses, 80–81
 sizes of, 76