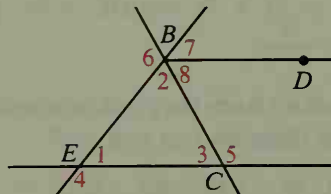


## Cumulative Review: Chapters 1–5

- A**
- Given two parallel lines  $n$  and  $k$ , how many planes contain  $n$  and  $k$ ?
  - Is it possible for two lines to be neither intersecting nor parallel? If so, what are the lines called?
    - Repeat part (a), replacing *lines* with *planes*.
  - Write the converse of the statement: If you are a member of the skiing club, then you enjoy winter weather.
  - On a number line, point  $A$  has a coordinate  $-5$  and  $B$  has a coordinate  $3$ . Find the coordinate of the midpoint of  $\overline{AB}$ .
  - Name the property that justifies the statement: If  $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$  and  $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$ , then  $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$ .

In Exercises 6–10, complete each statement about the diagram. Then state the definition, postulate, or theorem that justifies your answer.

- $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 = \underline{\quad? \quad}$
- $m\angle 1 + m\angle 4 = \underline{\quad? \quad}$
- $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = m\angle \underline{\quad? \quad}$
- If  $\overleftrightarrow{EC} \parallel \overleftrightarrow{BD}$ , then  $\angle 7 \cong \underline{\quad? \quad}$ .
- If  $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$ , then  $\overline{EC} \cong \underline{\quad? \quad}$ .



Complete each statement.

- The median to the base of an isosceles triangle  $\underline{\quad? \quad}$  the vertex angle and is  $\underline{\quad? \quad}$  to the base.
  - If a point lies on the perpendicular bisector of  $\overline{AB}$ , then the point is equidistant from  $\underline{\quad? \quad}$ .
    - If a point lies on the bisector of  $\angle RST$ , then the point is equidistant from  $\underline{\quad? \quad}$ .
  - Suppose  $\triangle ART \cong \triangle DEB$ .
    - $\triangle EBD \cong \underline{\quad? \quad}$
    - $\overline{AT} \cong \underline{\quad? \quad}$
    - $m\angle R = \underline{\quad? \quad}$
  - If a regular polygon has 40 sides, the measure of each interior angle is  $\underline{\quad? \quad}$ .
  - When two parallel lines are cut by a transversal, a pair of corresponding angles have measures  $2x + 50$  and  $3x$ . The measures of the angles are  $\underline{\quad? \quad}$  and  $\underline{\quad? \quad}$ .
- B**
- In  $\triangle SUN$ ,  $\angle S \cong \angle N$ . Given that  $SU = 2x + 7$ ,  $UN = 4x - 1$ , and  $SN = 3x + 4$ , find the numerical length of each side.
  - $M$  and  $N$  are the midpoints of the legs of trapezoid  $EFGH$ . If bases  $\overline{EF}$  and  $\overline{HG}$  have lengths  $2r + s$  and  $4r - 3s$ , express the length of  $\overline{MN}$  in terms of  $r$  and  $s$ .