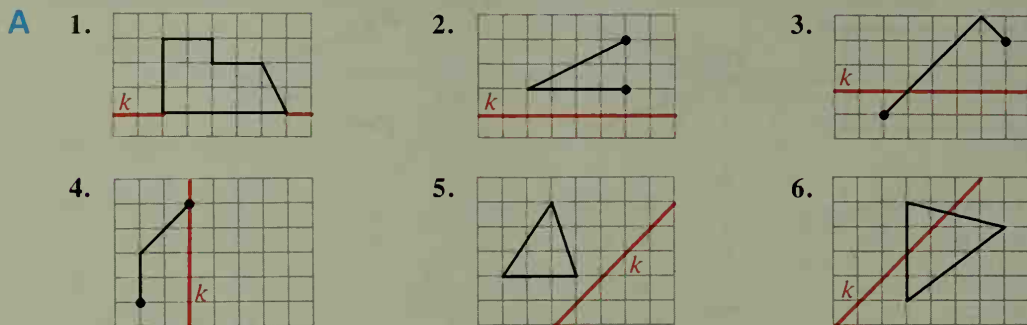


Written Exercises

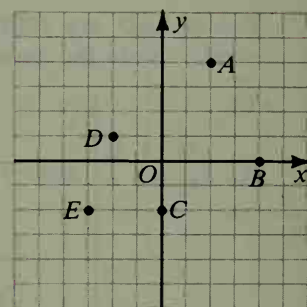
Copy each figure on graph paper. Then draw the image by reflection in line k .



Write the coordinates of the image of each point by reflection in (a) the x -axis, (b) the y -axis, and (c) the line $y = x$. (Hint: Refer to the Example on page 578.)

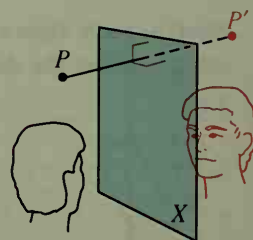
- | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|
| 7. A | 8. B | 9. C |
| 10. D | 11. E | 12. O |

13. When the word MOM is reflected in a vertical line, the image is still MOM. Can you think of other words that are unchanged when reflected in a vertical line?
14. When the word HIDE is reflected in a horizontal line, the image is still HIDE. Can you think of other words that are unchanged when reflected in a horizontal line?



Exs. 7-12

- B**
15. Draw a triangle and a line m such that R_m maps the triangle to itself. What kind of triangle did you use?
16. Draw a pentagon and a line n such that R_n maps the pentagon to itself.
17. The sketch illustrates a reflection in plane X . Write a definition of this reflection similar to the definition of a reflection in line m on page 577.



Ex. 17

In Exercises 18–20, refer to the diagrams on page 578. Given the reflection $R_m: \overline{PQ} \rightarrow \overline{P'Q'}$, write the key steps of a proof that $PQ = P'Q'$ for each case.

- | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|
| 18. Case 2 | 19. Case 3 | 20. Case 4 |
|------------|------------|------------|
21. Draw a line t and a point A not on t . Then use a straightedge and compass to construct the image of A under R_t .
22. Draw any two points B and B' . Then use a straightedge and compass to construct the line of reflection j so that $R_j(B) = B'$.