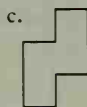


inf. many planes that contain  $b$ ; plane symm. about the single plane that contains  $a$  and is  $\perp$  to  $b$ ; inf. many rot. symmetries about  $b$ ;  $180^\circ$  rot. symm. about the inf. many lines  $\perp$  to  $b$  and containing the int. of the axes.

21. a. non-isos. trap. b. isos. trap. c. not poss. 23. a. reg. octagon b. c.



### Self-Test 2, Page 615

1. A 2. A 3. B 4. P 5. y-axis 6. No 7. P 8. T 9. translation 10. a.  $D_{\infty}$   
b.  $R_{O, 70}$  c.  $R_y$  d.  $S^{-1}: (x, y) \rightarrow (x - 2, y + 3)$

### Extra, Pages 616–617

1. Let  $t$  be the  $\perp$  bis. of the base. 3. 

$\circ$	$I$	$R_t$
$I$	$I$	$R_t$
$R_t$	$R_t$	$I$

 5. a. 2 b. 4  
9. a. No; there is no identity.  
b. Yes; the rot. symmetries  
c.  $I, H_O$

### Chapter Review, Page 619

1.  $\cong$  3. a.  $(6, 1), \left(\frac{3}{2}, 5\right)$  b. No 5.  $y = -2x + 1$  7.  $(12, 2)$  9. a, c 11.  $(1, 3)$   
13.  $(x + 1, y - 6)$  15.  $I$  17. No 19. Yes

### Preparing for College Entrance Exams, Page 621

1. B 2. A 3. E 4. C 5. C 6. E 7. A 8. E 9. B 10. D

### Cumulative Review, Pages 622–625

- True-False Exercises 1. T 3. T 5. F 7. F 9. F 11. T 13. F 15. T 17. T  
19. F Multiple-Choice Exercises 1. d 3. b 5. d 7. c 9. c 11. b

- Completion Exercises 1. Add. Prop. = 3. 124 5. 33 7.  $-\frac{3}{2}$  9.  $(-5, 2)$  11. 22.5  
13.  $\frac{15}{17}$  15.  $27\sqrt{7}$  17.  $324\pi, 135\pi$  19.  $(4, -2)$  21. 1:7 Always-Sometimes-Never

- Exercises 1. N 3. S 5. A 7. N 9. S 11. A 13. N 15. A 17. S

Construction Exercises 1. Const. 3 3. Const. 11 5. Const.  $l \perp m$  at  $A$ ; on  $m$  mark off  $AB = y$ ; from  $B$ , locate  $D$  on  $l$  such that  $BD = x$ ; const.  $n \perp l$  at  $D$ ; on  $n$  mark off  $DC = y$ ; draw  $\overline{BC}$ . 7. On a line, mark off  $AB = x, BC = x, CD = x$ . Use Const. 14 to const. the geom. mean of  $AD$  and  $y$ . Proof Exercises 1. Key

steps of proof: 1.  $\triangle OQP \sim \triangle OSR$  (AA $\sim$ ) 2.  $\frac{PO}{RO} = \frac{PQ}{RS}$  (Corr. sides of  $\sim \triangle$  are in prop.) 3. Key steps

of proof: 1.  $OS = OR$ ;  $OP = OQ$  (If 2  $\triangle$  of a  $\triangle$  are  $\cong$ , sides opp. those  $\angle$  are  $\cong$ .) 2.  $PR = QS$  (Add. Prop. =, Seg. Add. Post.) 3.  $\triangle PSR \cong \triangle QRS$  (SAS) 5. Plan for proof: Let the coords. be  $R(-2a, 0)$ ,  $S(2a, 0)$ , and  $T(0, 2b)$ . Midpts. of the segs. are  $M(-a, b)$ ,  $N(0, 0)$ , and  $P(a, b)$ . Use the Dist. Form. to show that  $NM = NP = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$ .

## Logic

### Exercises, Pages 645–646

1. I like the city and you like the country. 3. You don't like the country.  
5. I like the city or you don't like the country. 7. I don't like the city  
or you don't like the country. 9. It is not true that "I like the city or  
you like the country." 11.  $p \vee q$  13.  $\sim(p \vee q)$  15.  $\sim(p \wedge q)$   
17. Yes

19.	$p$	$q$	$\sim q$	$p \vee \sim q$
	T	T	F	T
	T	F	T	T
	F	T	F	F
	F	F	T	T