



# “Wet” Dry Ice

## OBJECTIVES

- Interpret a phase diagram.
- Observe the melting of  $\text{CO}_2$  while varying pressure.
- Relate observations of  $\text{CO}_2$  to its phase diagram.

## MATERIALS

- 4–5 g  $\text{CO}_2$  as dry ice, broken into rice-sized pieces
- forceps
- metric ruler
- plastic pipets, 5 mL, shatterproof
- pliers
- scissors
- transparent plastic cup

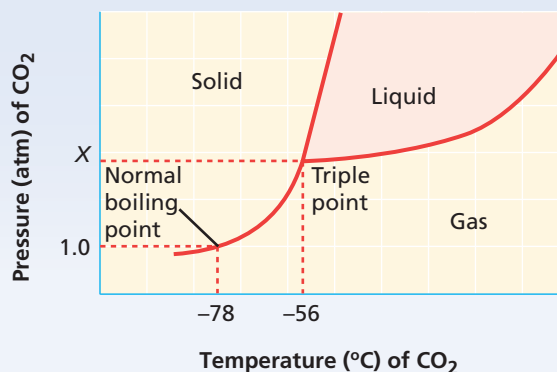


FIGURE A The phase diagram for  $\text{CO}_2$  shows the temperatures and pressures at which  $\text{CO}_2$  can undergo phase changes.

## BACKGROUND

The phase diagram for carbon dioxide in **Figure A** shows that  $\text{CO}_2$  can exist only as a gas at ordinary room temperature and pressure. To observe the transition of solid  $\text{CO}_2$  to liquid  $\text{CO}_2$ , you must increase the pressure until it is at or above the triple point pressure, which is labeled *X* in the diagram.

## SAFETY



For review of safety, please see **Safety in the Chemistry Laboratory** in the front of your book.

## PREPARATION

1. Organize a place in your lab notebook for recording your observations.

## PROCEDURE

1. Use forceps to place 2–3 very small pieces of dry ice on the table, and observe them until they have completely sublimed. **Caution:** Dry ice will freeze skin very quickly. Do not attempt to pick up the dry ice with your fingers.