# Standardized Test Prep

Answer the following items on a separate piece of paper.

### **MULTIPLE CHOICE**

**1.** Pressure can be measured in

**A.** grams.

C. pascals.

**B.** meters.

**D.** liters.

**2.** A sample of oxygen gas has a volume of 150 mL when its pressure is 0.923 atm. If the pressure is increased to 0.987 atm and the temperature remains constant, what will the new volume be?

 $\textbf{A.}\,140\;mL$ 

**C.** 200 mL

**B.** 160 mL

**D.** 240 mL

**3.** What is the pressure exerted by a 0.500 mol sample of nitrogen in a 10.0 L container at 20°C?

**A.** 1.2 kPa

**C.** 0.10 kPa

**B.** 10 kPa

**D.** 120 kPa

**4.** A sample of gas in a closed container at a temperature of 100.0°C and 3.0 atm is heated to 300.0°C. What is the pressure of the gas at the higher temperature?

**A.** 35 atm

**C.** 59 atm

**B.** 4.6 atm

**D.** 9.0 atm

**5.** An unknown gas effuses twice as fast as CH<sub>4</sub>. What is the molar mass of the gas?

**A.** 64 g/mol

**C.** 8 g/mol

**B.** 32 g/mol

**D.** 4 g/mol

**6.** If 3 L N<sub>2</sub> and 3 L H<sub>2</sub> are mixed and react according to the equation below, how many liters of unreacted gas remain? Assume temperature and pressure remain constant.

$$N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \longrightarrow 2NH_3(g)$$

**A.** 4 L

**C.** 2 L

**B.** 3 L

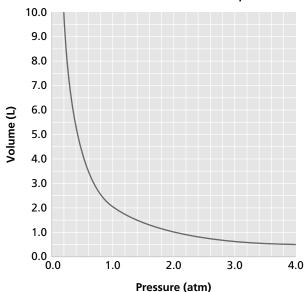
**D.** 1 L

- 7. Avogadro's law states that
  - **A.** equal numbers of moles of gases at the same conditions occupy equal volumes, regardless of the identity of the gases.
  - **B.** at constant pressure, gas volume is directly proportional to absolute temperature.
  - **C.** the volume of a gas is inversely proportional to its amount in moles.
  - **D.** at constant temperature, gas volume is inversely proportional to pressure.

### **SHORT ANSWER**

- **8.** Give a molecular explanation for the observation that the pressure of a gas increases when the gas volume is decreased.
- **9.** The graph below shows a plot of volume versus pressure for a particular gas sample at constant temperature. Answer the following questions by referring to the graph. No calculation is necessary.
  - a. What is the volume of this gas sample at standard pressure?
  - b. What is the volume of this gas sample at 4.0 atm pressure?
  - c. At what pressure would this gas sample occupy a volume of 5.0 L?

# V Vs. P for a Gas at Constant Temperature



## **EXTENDED RESPONSE**

**10.** Refer to the plot in question 9. Suppose the same gas sample were heated to a higher temperature and a new graph of *V* versus *P* were plotted. Would the new plot be identical to this one? If not, how would it differ?



If you are permitted to, draw a

line through each incorrect answer choice as you eliminate it.