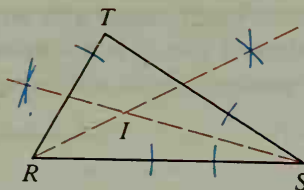


7. A student intends to inscribe a circle in  $\triangle RST$ . The center  $I$  has been found as shown. How should the student find the radius needed?



## Written Exercises

In Exercises 1 and 2 draw a diagram similar to the one shown, but larger.

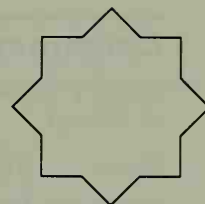
**A**

- Construct a tangent at  $A$ .
- Construct two tangents from  $P$ .
- Draw a large acute triangle. Construct the circumscribed circle.
- Construct a large right triangle. Construct the circumscribed circle.
- Draw a large obtuse triangle. Construct the circumscribed circle.
- Draw a large acute triangle. Construct the inscribed circle.
- Construct a large right triangle. Construct the inscribed circle.
- Draw a large obtuse triangle. Construct the inscribed circle.



**B**

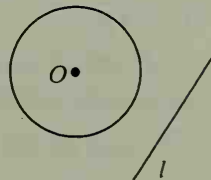
- Draw a circle. Inscribe an equilateral triangle in the circle.
- Draw a circle. Inscribe a square in the circle.
- Draw a circle. Inscribe a regular octagon in the circle.
  - How would you use your construction in part (a) to create an eight-pointed star as shown at the right?
- Draw a circle. Circumscribe a square about the circle.
- Construct a square. Circumscribe a circle about the square.
- Construct a square. Inscribe a circle in the square.
- Draw a circle. Circumscribe an equilateral triangle about the circle.



Ex. 11(b)

In each of Exercises 16 and 17 begin with a diagram roughly like the one shown, but larger.

- Construct a line that is parallel to line  $l$  and tangent to  $\odot O$ .
- Construct a line that is perpendicular to line  $l$  and tangent to  $\odot O$ .



**C**

- Construct three congruent circles, each tangent to the other two circles. Then construct an equilateral triangle, each side of which is tangent to two of the circles.