

Always-Sometimes-Never Exercises

Write A, S, or N to indicate your choice.

- A**
1. If a conditional is false, then its converse is ? false.
 2. Two vertical angles are ? adjacent.
 3. An angle ? has a complement.
 4. Two parallel lines are ? coplanar.
 5. Two perpendicular lines are ? both parallel to a third line.
 6. A scalene triangle is ? equiangular.
 7. A regular polygon is ? equilateral.
 8. A rectangle is ? a rhombus.
 9. If $\overline{RS} \cong \overline{MN}$, $\overline{ST} \cong \overline{NO}$, and $\angle R \cong \angle M$, then $\triangle RST$ and $\triangle MNO$ are ? congruent.
 10. The HL method is ? appropriate for proving that two acute triangles are congruent.
 11. If $AX = BX$, $AY = BY$, and points A , B , X , and Y are coplanar, then \overline{AB} and \overline{XY} are ? perpendicular.
- B**
12. The diagonals of a trapezoid are ? perpendicular.
 13. If a line parallel to one side of a triangle intersects the other two sides, then the triangle formed is ? similar to the given triangle.
 14. If $\triangle JKL \cong \triangle NET$ and $\overline{NE} \perp \overline{ET}$, then it is ? true that $LJ < TE$.
 15. If $AB + BC > AC$, then A , B , and C are ? collinear points.
 16. A triangle with sides of length $x - 1$, x , and x is ? an obtuse triangle.

Completion Exercises

Complete each statement in the best way.

- A**
1. If \overrightarrow{YW} bisects $\angle XYZ$ and $m\angle WYX = 60$, then $m\angle XYZ = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.
 2. The acute angles of a right triangle are ?.
 3. A supplement of an acute angle is a(n) ? angle.
 4. Adjacent angles formed by ? lines are congruent.
 5. The measure of each interior angle of a regular pentagon is ?.
 6. In $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$, $\angle A \cong \angle D$ and $\angle B \cong \angle E$. $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$ must be ?.
- B**
7. When the midpoints of the sides of a rhombus are joined in order, the resulting quadrilateral is best described as a ?.
 8. If $\frac{r}{s} = \frac{t}{u}$, then $\frac{r+s}{t+u} = \frac{?}{?}$.
 9. The ratio of the measures of the acute angles of a right triangle is 3:2. The measure of the smaller acute angle is ?.