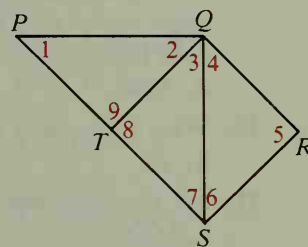


## Chapter 2

Indicate the best answer by writing the appropriate letter.

- If  $m\angle 1 = 60$  and  $m\angle 2 = 30$ , then  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$  *cannot* be which of the following?
  - acute  $\angle$
  - adjacent  $\angle$
  - vertical  $\angle$
  - complementary  $\angle$
- Given: If  $q$ , then  $r$ . Which of the following is the converse of the given conditional?
  - $r$  implies  $q$ .
  - $r$  if  $q$ .
  - $q$  only if  $r$ .
  - $r$  if and only if  $q$ .
- What are basic mathematical assumptions called?
  - theorems
  - postulates
  - conditionals
  - conclusions
- Which of the following *cannot* be used as a reason in a proof?
  - a definition
  - a postulate
  - yesterday's theorem
  - tomorrow's theorem
- $\angle A$  and  $\angle B$  are supplements,  $m\angle A = 2x - 14$ , and  $m\angle B = x + 8$ . Find the measure of  $\angle B$ .
  - 62
  - 30
  - 40
  - 70
- If  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$  are complements,  $\angle 2$  and  $\angle 3$  are complements, and  $\angle 3$  and  $\angle 4$  are supplements, what are  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 4$ ?
  - supplements
  - complements
  - congruent angles
  - can't be determined
- The statement "If  $m\angle A = m\angle B$  and  $m\angle D = m\angle A + m\angle C$ , then  $m\angle D = m\angle B + m\angle C$ " is justified by what property?
  - Transitive
  - Substitution
  - Symmetric
  - Reflexive
- If  $\overline{TQ} \perp \overline{QR}$ , which angles *must* be complementary angles?
  - $\angle 2$  and  $\angle 3$
  - $\angle 3$  and  $\angle 4$
  - $\angle 5$  and  $\angle 8$
  - $\angle 3$  and  $\angle 7$
- If  $m\angle 8 = x + 80$ , what is the measure of  $\angle 9$ ?
  - $100 - x$
  - $100 + x$
  - $x - 80$
  - $x - 180$
- If  $\overline{QT} \perp \overline{PS}$ , which statement is *not* always true?
  - $\angle 8 \cong \angle 9$
  - $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$
  - $\angle 8$  is a rt.  $\angle$ .
  - $\angle 8$  and  $\angle 9$  are supp.  $\angle$ .
- If  $\overrightarrow{SQ}$  bisects  $\angle RST$ , which statement *must* be true?
  - $2 \cdot m\angle 6 = m\angle RST$
  - $\frac{1}{2}m\angle 7 = m\angle RST$
  - $\angle 4 \cong \angle 6$
  - $\angle RST \cong \angle RQT$



Exs. 8-11