

has only one value for a given solid at a given temperature. The *solubility* of a solid is an equilibrium position that represents the amount of the solid required to form a saturated solution with a specific amount of solvent. It has an infinite number of possible values at a given temperature and is dependent on other conditions, such as the presence of a common ion.

SAMPLE PROBLEM B

Calculate the solubility product constant, K_{sp} , for copper(I) chloride, CuCl, given that the solubility of this compound at 25°C is 1.08×10^{-2} g/100. g H₂O.

SOLUTION

1 ANALYZE

Given: solubility of CuCl = 1.08×10^{-2} g CuCl/100. g H₂O

Unknown: K_{sp}

2 PLAN

Start by converting the solubility of CuCl in g/100. g H₂O to mol/L. You will need the molar mass of CuCl to get moles CuCl from grams CuCl. Then use the solubility of the [Cu⁺] and [Cl⁻] ions in the K_{sp} expression and solve for K_{sp} .

$$\frac{\text{g CuCl}}{100. \text{ g H}_2\text{O}} \times \frac{1 \text{ g H}_2\text{O}}{1 \text{ mL H}_2\text{O}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ L}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol CuCl}}{\text{g CuCl}} = \text{solubility in mol/L}$$



$$K_{sp} = [\text{Cu}^+][\text{Cl}^-]$$

$$[\text{Cu}^+] = [\text{Cl}^-] = \text{solubility in mol/L}$$

3 COMPUTE

The molar mass of CuCl is 99.0 g/mol.

$$\text{solubility} = \frac{1.08 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g CuCl}}{100. \text{ g H}_2\text{O}} \times \frac{1 \text{ g H}_2\text{O}}{1 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ L}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol CuCl}}{99.0 \text{ g CuCl}} =$$

$$1.09 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol/L CuCl}$$

$$[\text{Cu}^+] = [\text{Cl}^-] = 1.09 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol/L}$$

$$K_{sp} = (1.09 \times 10^{-3})(1.09 \times 10^{-3}) = 1.19 \times 10^{-6}$$

4 EVALUATE

The answer contains the proper number of significant figures and is close to the K_{sp} value given in **Table 3**.

PRACTICE

Answers in Appendix E

1. Calculate the solubility product constant, K_{sp} , of lead(II) chloride, PbCl₂, which has a solubility of 1.0 g/100. g H₂O at 20°C.
2. A 5.0 gram sample of Ag₂SO₄ will dissolve in 1.0 L of water. Calculate the solubility product constant for this salt.

extension

Go to go.hrw.com for more practice problems that ask you to calculate solubility product constants.



Keyword: HC6EQUX