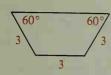
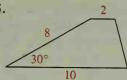
13.



14.



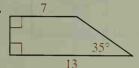
15.



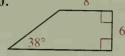
- 16. An isosceles trapezoid with legs 13 and bases 10 and 20
- 17. An isosceles trapezoid with legs 10 and bases 10 and 22
- 18. A trapezoid with bases 8 and 18 and 45° base angles

Use a calculator or the trigonometry table on page 311 to find the area of each trapezoid to the nearest tenth.

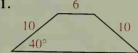
B 19.



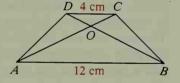
20



21.



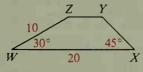
- 22. The legs of an isosceles trapezoid are 10 cm. The bases are 9 cm and 21 cm. Find the area of the trapezoid and the lengths of the diagonals.
- **23.** An isosceles trapezoid has bases 12 and 28. The area is 300. Find the height and the perimeter.
- **24.** ABCD is a trapezoid with bases 4 cm and 12 cm, as shown. Find the ratio of the areas of:
 - **a.** $\triangle ABD$ and $\triangle ABC$
 - **b.** $\triangle AOD$ and $\triangle BOC$
 - c. $\triangle ABD$ and $\triangle ADC$



- **25.** ABCDEF is a regular hexagon with side 12. Find the areas of the three regions formed when diagonals \overline{AC} and \overline{AD} are drawn.
- **26.** An isosceles trapezoid with bases 12 and 16 is inscribed in a circle of radius 10. The center of the circle lies in the interior of the trapezoid. Find the area of the trapezoid.
- 27. A trapezoid of area 100 cm² has bases of 5 cm and 15 cm. Find the areas of the two triangles formed by extending the legs until they intersect.
- **C** 28. Draw a non-isosceles trapezoid. Then construct an isosceles trapezoid with equal area.

Find the exact area of each trapezoid. In Exercise 31, $\odot O$ is inscribed in quadrilateral ABCD.

29.



30.



31.

