

SAMPLE PROBLEM F

Relative Velocity

PROBLEM

A boat heading north crosses a wide river with a velocity of 10.00 km/h relative to the water. The river has a uniform velocity of 5.00 km/h due east. Determine the boat's velocity with respect to an observer on shore.

SOLUTION

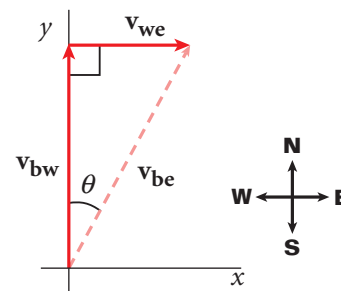
1. DEFINE

Given: $\mathbf{v}_{bw} = 10.00 \text{ km/h}$ due north (velocity of the boat, b , with respect to the water, w)

$\mathbf{v}_{we} = 5.00 \text{ km/h}$ due east (velocity of the water, w , with respect to Earth, e)

Unknown: $\mathbf{v}_{be} = ?$

Diagram: See the diagram on the right.



2. PLAN

Choose an equation or situation:

To find \mathbf{v}_{be} , write the equation so that the subscripts on the right start with b and end with e .

$$\mathbf{v}_{be} = \mathbf{v}_{bw} + \mathbf{v}_{we}$$

As in Section 2, we use the Pythagorean theorem to calculate the magnitude of the resultant velocity and the tangent function to find the direction.

$$(v_{be})^2 = (v_{bw})^2 + (v_{we})^2$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{v_{we}}{v_{bw}}$$

Rearrange the equations to isolate the unknowns:

$$v_{be} = \sqrt{(v_{bw})^2 + (v_{we})^2}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{v_{we}}{v_{bw}} \right)$$

3. CALCULATE

Substitute the known values into the equations and solve:

$$v_{be} = \sqrt{(10.00 \text{ km/h})^2 + (5.00 \text{ km/h})^2}$$

$$v_{be} = 11.18 \text{ km/h}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{5.00 \text{ km/h}}{10.0 \text{ km/h}} \right)$$

$$\theta = 26.6^\circ$$

4. EVALUATE

The boat travels at a speed of 11.18 km/h in the direction 26.6° east of north with respect to Earth.