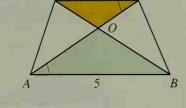
- **a.**  $\triangle COD$  and  $\triangle AOB$
- **b.**  $\triangle COD$  and  $\triangle AOD$
- c.  $\triangle OAB$  and  $\triangle DAB$

**Solution**  $\triangle COD \sim \triangle AOB$  by the AA Similarity Postulate, with a scale factor of 3:5. Thus each of the corresponding sides and heights of these

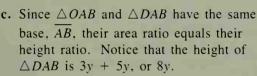


triangles has a 3:5 ratio. **a.** Since  $\triangle COD \sim \triangle AOB$ .

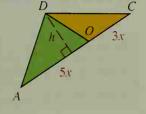
$$\frac{\text{area of }\triangle COD}{\text{area of }\triangle AOB} = \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2 = \frac{9}{25}.$$

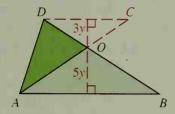
**b.** Since  $\triangle COD$  and  $\triangle AOD$  have the same height, h, their area ratio equals their base ratio.

$$\frac{\text{area of }\triangle COD}{\text{area of }\triangle AOD} = \frac{CO}{AO} = \frac{3x}{5x} = \frac{3}{5}$$



$$\frac{\text{area of }\triangle OAB}{\text{area of }\triangle DAB} = \frac{5y}{8y} = \frac{5}{8}$$





You know that the ratios of the perimeters and areas of two similar triangles are related to their scale factor. These relationships can be generalized to any two similar figures.

## Theorem 11-7

If the scale factor of two similar figures is a:b, then

- (1) the ratio of the perimeters is a:b.
- (2) the ratio of the areas is  $a^2:b^2$ .

**Example 3** Find the ratio of the perimeters and the ratio of the areas of the two similar figures.

**Solution** The scale factor is 8:12, or 2:3. Therefore, the ratio of the perimeters is 2:3. The ratio of the areas is  $2^2:3^2$ , or 4:9.

