

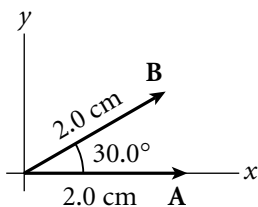


Standardized Test Prep

MULTIPLE CHOICE

- Vector **A** has a magnitude of 30 units. Vector **B** is perpendicular to vector **A** and has a magnitude of 40 units. What would the magnitude of the resultant vector **A + B** be?
A. 10 units
B. 50 units
C. 70 units
D. zero
- What term represents the magnitude of a velocity vector?
F. acceleration
G. momentum
H. speed
J. velocity

Use the diagram below to answer questions 3–4.



- What is the direction of the resultant vector **A + B**?
A. 15° above the x -axis
B. 75° above the x -axis
C. 15° below the x -axis
D. 75° below the x -axis
- What is the direction of the resultant vector **A - B**?
F. 15° above the x -axis
G. 75° above the x -axis
H. 15° below the x -axis
J. 75° below the x -axis

Use the passage below to answer questions 5–6.

A motorboat heads due east at 5.0 m/s across a river that flows toward the south at a speed of 5.0 m/s.

- What is the resultant velocity relative to an observer on the shore?
A. 3.2 m/s to the southeast
B. 5.0 m/s to the southeast
C. 7.1 m/s to the southeast
D. 10.0 m/s to the southeast
- If the river is 125 m wide, how long does the boat take to cross the river?
F. 39 s
G. 25 s
H. 17 s
J. 12 s
- The pilot of a plane measures an air velocity of 165 km/h south relative to the plane. An observer on the ground sees the plane pass overhead at a velocity of 145 km/h toward the north. What is the velocity of the wind that is affecting the plane relative to the observer?
A. 20 km/h to the north
B. 20 km/h to the south
C. 165 km/h to the north
D. 310 km/h to the south
- A golfer takes two putts to sink his ball in the hole once he is on the green. The first putt displaces the ball 6.00 m east, and the second putt displaces the ball 5.40 m south. What displacement would put the ball in the hole in one putt?
F. 11.40 m southeast
G. 8.07 m at 48.0° south of east
H. 3.32 m at 42.0° south of east
J. 8.07 m at 42.0° south of east