- b. Under what condition will percentage error be negative?
- **26.** How is the average for a set of values calculated?
- **27.** What is meant by a mass measurement expressed in this form: $4.6 \text{ g} \pm 0.2 \text{ g}$?
- **28.** Suppose a graduated cylinder were not correctly calibrated. How would this affect the results of a measurement? How would it affect the results of a calculation using this measurement?
- **29.** Round each of the following measurements to the number of significant figures indicated.
 - a. 67.029 g to three significant figures
 - b. 0.15 L to one significant figure
 - c. 52.8005 mg to five significant figures
 - d. 3.174 97 mol to three significant figures
- **30.** State the rules governing the number of significant figures that result from each of the following operations.
 - a. addition and subtraction
 - b. multiplication and division
- **31.** What is the general form for writing numbers in scientific notation?
- **32.** a. By using *x* and *y*, state the general equation for quantities that are directly proportional.
 - b. For two directly proportional quantities, what happens to one variable when the other variable increases?
- **33.** a. State the general equation for quantities, *x* and *y*, that are inversely proportional.
 - b. For two inversely proportional quantities, what happens to one variable when the other increases?
- **34.** Arrange in the correct order the following four basic steps for finding the solution to a problem: compute, plan, evaluate, and analyze.

PRACTICE PROBLEMS

- **35.** A student measures the mass of a sample as 9.67 g. Calculate the percentage error, given that the correct mass is 9.82 g. (Hint: See Sample Problem C.)
- **36.** A handbook gives the density of calcium as 1.54 g/cm³. Based on lab measurements, what is the percentage error of a density calculation of 1.25 g/cm³?

- **37.** What is the percentage error of a length measurement of 0.229 cm if the correct value is 0.225 cm?
- **38.** How many significant figures are in each of the following measurements? (Hint: See Sample Problem D.)
 - a. 0.4004 mL
 - b. 6000 g
 - c. 1.000 30 km
 - d. 400. mm
- **39.** Calculate the sum of 6.078 g and 0.3329 g.
- **40.** Subtract 7.11 cm from 8.2 cm. (Hint: See Sample Problem E.)
- **41.** What is the product of 0.8102 m and 3.44 m?
- **42.** Divide 94.20 g by 3.167 22 mL.
- **43.** Write the following numbers in scientific notation.
 - a. 0.000 673 0
 - b. 50 000.0
 - c. 0.000 003 010
- **44.** The following numbers are in scientific notation. Write them in ordinary notation.
 - a. 7.050×10^3 g
 - b. $4.000~05 \times 10^7 \text{ mg}$
 - c. $2.350 \ 0 \times 10^4 \ mL$
- **45.** Perform the following operation. Express the answer in scientific notation and with the correct number of significant figures. $0.002115 \text{m} \times 0.0000405 \text{m}$
- 46. A sample of a certain material has a mass of 2.03 × 10⁻³ g. Calculate the volume of the sample, given that the density is 9.133 × 10⁻¹ g/cm³. Use the four-step method to solve the problem. (Hint: See Sample Problem F.)

MIXED REVIEW

- **47.** A man finds that he has a mass of 100.6 kg. He goes on a diet, and several months later he finds that he has a mass of 96.4 kg. Express each number in scientific notation, and calculate the number of kilograms the man has lost by dieting.
- **48.** A large office building is 1.07×10^2 m long, 31 m wide, and 4.25×10^2 m high. What is its volume?