

IoT Architecture : Elements of Connectivity Technologies

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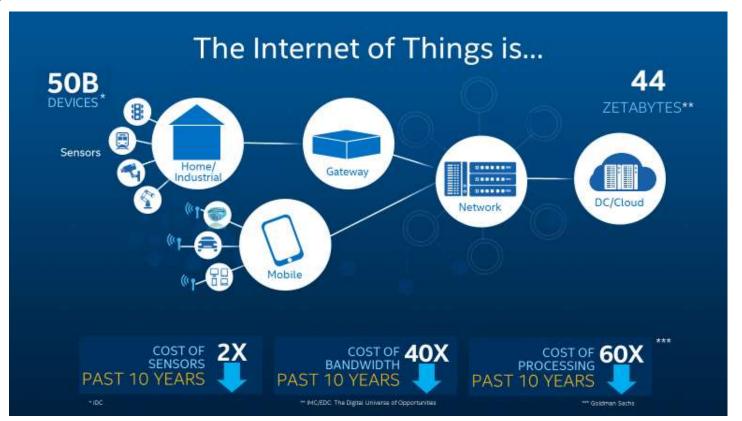
Presenting @ IET Malaysia Network

Internet of Things Group

Agenda

- What and why of IoT?
- IoT connectivity landscape
- IEEE 802.15.4 standards and communication stacks

IoT?





Connectivity Solutions for IoT

- Robust connectivity is the <u>foundation</u> of the Internet of Things.
- IoT commercial and industrial "things" ranging from vending machines to planes, trains and automobiles.
- Opportunities are vast in connecting <u>new</u> as well as <u>legacy</u> "things" across these <u>global markets</u>
- <u>Diverse</u> requirements



IoT Unique Requirements



Broad Customer Base

• Large Customer Base



Operating Systems

- · Linux, Android, Windows, and Proprietary systems
- Version N and N-1, N-2



Long Life

- 3-10 years
- Longer ramp and demand cycle
- Stringent Q&R Requirements



Power

- · Devices run on battery
- · Application that can not have coin cell



Bandwidth and Latency

- More BW is not always better
- · Appropriate for application
- Stringent Latency/Jitter



Functional Safety

- Redundancy
- Traceability

Essential Elements for IoT deployment



Connectivity

- Provides an extensive network of connectivity
 - Wired
 - Wireless
 - Cellular
 - Short-range



Security

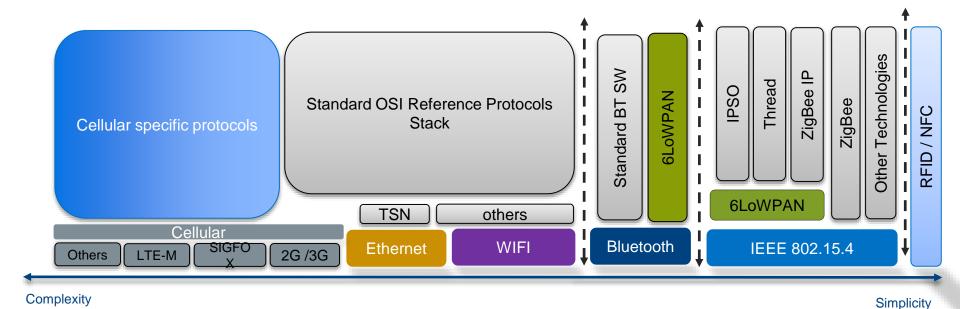
- Protect devices for trust and control
- Protect the Device
- Protect the application



Manageability

- Enable common provisioning frameworks
- Enable remote, secure upgrades
- Provide web-based configuration utilities

IoT Connectivity Landscape

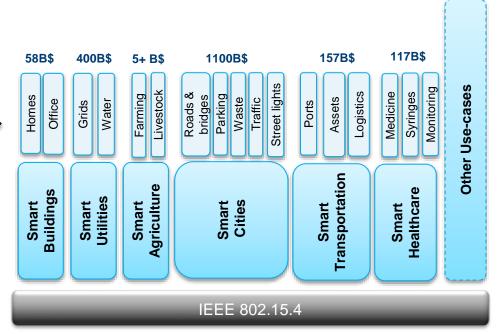


IEEE 802.15.4 landscape

IoT based infrastructure use-cases with IEEE 802.15.4

Overall Market Value 2020





- Designed for low bandwidth, low transmit power, small frame size
- Design for Low power sensing and actuating applications.
- AA batteries usage up to 5+ years
- Indoor range: 10 to 50 Meters. Outdoor: 100+-

Network topologies: Star. Tree and Mesh

Frequencies	Data Rate 2011 Spec	Data Rate 2006 Spec	Channels
2.4 GHz	250 kbps	250kbps	16
928 Mhz	100 kbps	40 kbps	10
868 Mhz	100 kbps	20 kbps	1

IEEE 802.15.4 standards

	Description
802.15.4	General sensing and actuating
802.15.4c	Phy for China (314 – 316 MHz, 430 – 434 MHz, and 779 – 787 MHz)
802.15.4d	Phy for Japan (920 MHz)
802.15.4e	Mac Enhancements (eg. minimized listening costs, link reliability), Industrial applications, improved security
802.15.4f	PHY Amendment for Active RFID,
802.15.4g	PHY Amendment for Smart Utility Networks, upto 1Km range, outdoor usage, larger frame size

Ref: IEEE 802 Standards. http://www.ieee802.org/



IEEE 802.15.4 standards

	802.15.4	802.15.4e	802.15.4g	802.15.4f
Frequency	2.4Ghz (DSSS + oQPSK), 868Mhz (DSSS + BPSK) 915Mhz (DSSS + BPSK)	2.4Ghz (DSSS + oQPSK, CSS+DQPSK), 868Mhz (DSSS + BPSK) 915Mhz (DSSS + BPSK)	2.4Ghz (DSSS + oQPSK, CSS+DQPSK), 868Mhz (DSSS + BPSK) 915Mhz (DSSS + BPSK)	2.4Ghz (DSSS + oQPSK, CSS+DQPSK), 868Mhz (DSSS + BPSK) 915Mhz (DSSS + BPSK) 3~10Ghz (BPM+BPSK)
Data rate	Upto 250kbps	Upto 800kbps	Up to 800kbps	
Differences	_	Mac Enhancements (time synchronization and channel hopping)	Phy Enhancements	Mac and Phy Enhancements
Frame Size (bytes)	127	N/A	Up to 2047	N/A
Range (m)	1 – 75+	1 – 75+	Upto 1km	N/A
Goals	General Low-power Sensing/Actuating	Industrial segments	Smart utilities	Active RFID bidirectionallocation determination applications
Products	Many	Few	Connode (6LoWPAN)	LeanTegra PowerMote

Ref: IEEE 802 Standards. http://www.ieee802.org/



IEEE 802.15.4 and BLE

	IEEE 802.15.4	BLE (Bluetooth smart)
Applications	Sensing and actuating in industrial, utilities, medical	Beacons, healthcare, fitness, home entertainment
Characteristics	Low power mesh personal area networkLarge size networkVery Low cost	Wireless personal area networkSmall size networkLow cost
Target usage	Utility meters, bulbs, smart	Mobile phone, tablet and computer, wearables
Deployment Time	Years	Weeks to Years
Overlapping area	Smart home (eg. bulbs, plugs) thru <u>gateway</u> <u>or hub</u>	Smart home (eg. bulbs, plugs) directly thru smart phones or tablets
Network Type	Star, tree and mesh	Master - slave, mesh (new specification)

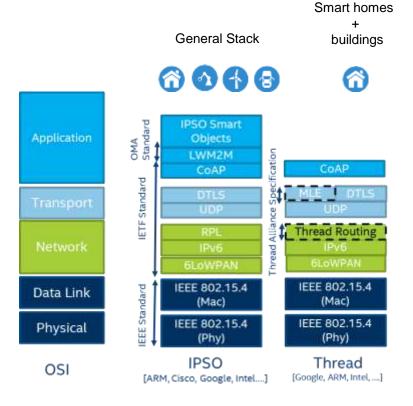
Ref: IEEE 802 Standards. http://www.ieee802.org/



IEEE 802.15.4 Software Stacks

What is 6LoWPAN?

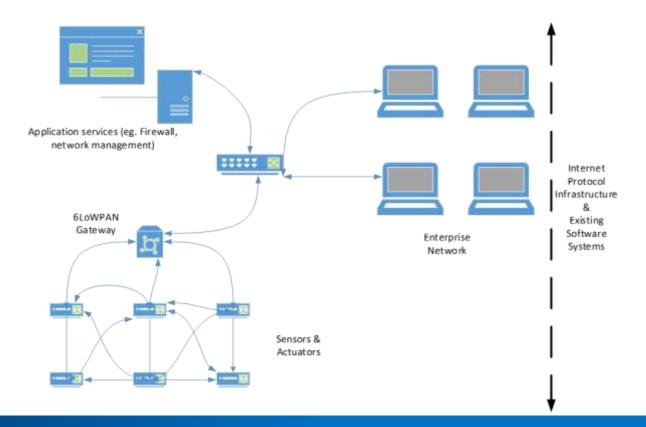
- Acronym for IPv6 over Low power Wireless Personal Area Networks.
- Constrained devices (eg IEEE 802.15.4, BLE)
- Standard from the maker of Internet (IETF)
 which works with existing Internet
 infrastructure (30+ years)



Google Thread

- Specification 1.0 released on 14 July 2015
- Targeted for Smart homes and buildings
- Members include ARM, Samsung, Silicon labs, Freescale, Intel, Philips...

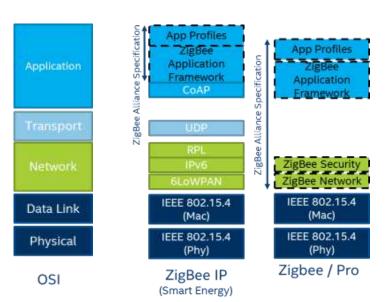
Why 6LoWPAN and what are the possibilities?



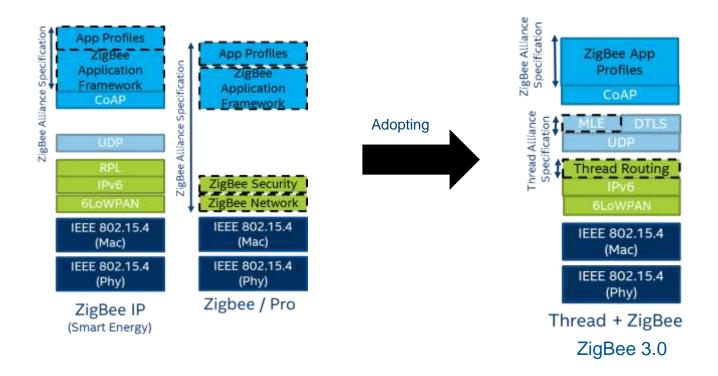
What is ZigBee?

- ZigBee Alliance specification for a suite of high-level communication proprietary protocols
- ZigBee Application Profiles
 - ZigBee Home Automation 1.2
 - ZigBee Light link
 - Smart Energy 1.1b

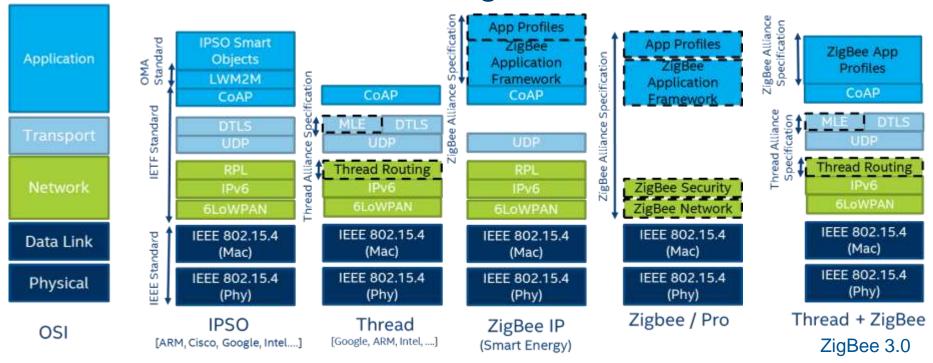




New emergence of ZigBee combining with Thread



IEEE 802.15.4 Stack comparison for IPSO, Thread and ZigBee



Ingredients of the Intel IoT Gateway

Intel



Scalable architecture

Wind River



Integrated operating system

McAfee



End-to-end security



Introducing Calypso Island VIII 19



Shenzhen 2015



Conclusion

- Impact of IoT
- Importance of connectivity
- importance of IEEE 802.15.4 technology



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