



Mustang Math Tournament 2023



Risky Riding Stallion Round

Basic Format

- This round contains 16 problems to be solved in 30 minutes.
- Every problem is multiple choice with exactly one correct answer.
- The problems are separated into four sets (Algebra x, Combinatorics $\{\}$, Geometry \triangle , and Number Theory \equiv) of 4 problems.
- Circling the correct answer to a problem on the answer sheet (backside) will grant you 2 points.
- The poker chips are for grading purposes only, where graders will put 1s and 0s to mark correct and incorrect.

Shooting The Moon

- Every problem has a "moonshine" answer, which is defined as the answer choice that is numerically furthest away from the correct answer.
 - For example, if the answer choices were $\{1, 2, 4, 8\}$ and 4 was the correct answer, 8 would be the moonshine answer as 4 is numerically furthest away from 8 than all other answer choices.
- For any given set, you may attempt to "shoot the moon" by circling the moonshine answer instead of the correct answer for all four problems.
- Successfully shooting the moon grants 12 points for the entire set. Unsuccessful attempts will be graded normally (2 points per correct answer, 0 points per incorrect answer).
- Do not circle multiple answers on a single problem, your answer will be invalidated.



 $\begin{array}{c}
2 \\
x \\
332
\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c}
x \\
7
\end{array}$

3 x 35 37 40 x E $\begin{array}{c|cccc}
4 & & \\
x & & \\
120 & 512 & \\
720 & 1024 & \\
& & & & \\
& & & & \\
\hline
\end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{c}
3 \\
\{\} \\
2 \\
\frac{9}{4} \\
\frac{9}{2} \\
\{\} \\
\xi
\end{array}$

 $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ \triangle \\ \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{3}{8} \\ \nabla \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$

 $\begin{array}{c|c}
3 \\
 & 20 \\
 & 24\sqrt{3} \\
 & 21\sqrt{5} \\
 & & \xi
\end{array}$

 $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & & & \\ \triangle & & & \\ & 1 & & 3 \\ & & 5 & & 7 \\ & & & & & 7 \\ & & & & & \uparrow \end{pmatrix}$

 $\begin{array}{c}
2 \\
\equiv \\
144
\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c}
225 \\
\equiv \\
7
\end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{c}
3 \\
\equiv \\
\frac{3379}{42} \\
\frac{247}{2} \\
\frac{1077}{7} \\
\equiv \\
\xi
\end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{c}
5 \\
\equiv \\
302 \quad 407 \\
526 \\
563 \quad 599 \\
\equiv \\
\mathbf{G}
\end{array}$



Algebra x

A2.	10 numbers, a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{10} are written in a row on a blackboard. For any integer s
	in the range $1 \leq s \leq 10$, the average of the first s numbers is equal to s^2 . What is
	$a_5 + a_{10}$?

(A) 332 **(B)** 528

A3. Cameron the Colt went galloping every day over the last 7 days. He galloped at least 3 miles every day and at most 10 miles over any 2 consecutive days. What is the maximum possible number of miles that Cameron the Colt could have galloped over all 7 days?

(A) 35 (B) 37 (C) 40

A4. What is the value of $\frac{11 \times 12 \times 13 \times 14 \times \cdots \times 20}{1 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7 \times \cdots \times 19}$?

(A) 120 (B) 512 (C) 720 (D) 1024

A5. A cricket starts at the point (1,1) on the coordinate plane. Every minute, if the cricket is on the point (x,y) and its distance to the origin (0,0) is r, it hops to the point (x+y-r,x+y+r). How far is the cricket from the origin after 9 hops?

(A) 512 (B) $512\sqrt{2}$ (C) $32\sqrt{1023}$ (D) 1024 (E) $1024\sqrt{2}$

Combinatorics {}

C2. How many ways are there to arrange the letters in BANANAS such that two A's never appear next to each other?

(A) 120 **(B)** 121

C3. Gerald rolls a standard six-sided die and lands on the number k. He then rerolls the dice k times. What is the expected number of primes that Gerald rolls, including his initial roll?

(A) 2 (B) $\frac{9}{4}$ (C) $\frac{9}{2}$

C4. At a party, $\frac{7}{17}$ of the people are wearing green jackets. An additional 300 people arrive on a bus. Now, $\frac{7}{12}$ of the people are wearing green jackets. What is the smallest possible number of people that were wearing green jackets on the bus?

(A) 140 (B) 196 (C) 210 (D) 300

C5. A 5 by 5 grid of square cells is initially empty. How many ways can four identical kings be placed on the grid such that every empty cell shares at least one corner with a cell occupied by a king? Rotations and reflections are considered distinct.

(A) 79 (B) 81 (C) 173 (D) 175 (E) 256



Geometry \triangle

G2.	1	CD , midpoints E area of \triangle	\overline{BC} and \overline{CD} respectively.	Compute
(A) $\frac{1}{4}$	(B) $\frac{3}{8}$		

G3. Let Ω be a circle of radius 21. Circles ω_1 of radius 6 and ω_2 of radius 8 are internally tangent to Ω and externally tangent to each other. A chord of Ω with length L is tangent to both ω_1 and ω_2 , which are on opposite sides of the chord. What is L?

(A) 20 **(B)** $24\sqrt{3}$ **(C)** $21\sqrt{5}$

G4. Let $\triangle ABC$ be a triangle with AB = 11, BC = 12, and CA = 13. Let D be a point on side \overline{BC} , and let I_1 and I_2 be the incenters (centers of the circles inscribed in) triangles ADB and ADC. If $\overline{I_1I_2}$ is perpendicular to \overline{AD} , what is the length of \overline{BD} ?

(A) 1 (B) 3 (C) 5 (D) 7

G5. Let $\triangle ABC$ have AB = 13, BC = 14, and AC = 15. Let M and N be the midpoints of \overline{AB} and \overline{AC} . If a point P is uniformly randomly selected inside $\triangle ABC$, what is the expected area of $\triangle MNP$?

(A) $\frac{21}{4}$ (B) 7 (C) $\frac{21}{2}$ (D) $\frac{63}{4}$ (E) 21

Number Theory \equiv

N2. The *importance* of a point (x, y) in the coordinate plane is 4x - 3y. How many lattice points (a, b) with $1 \le a, b \le 100$ are there with importance values that are positive factors of 100?

(A) 144 (B) 225

N3. Let a and b be not necessarily distinct positive divisors of 42. What is the sum of the distinct possible values of $\frac{a}{b}$?

(A) $\frac{3379}{42}$ (B) $\frac{247}{2}$ (C) $\frac{1077}{7}$

N4. What digit O makes the 5-digit number 2O23O divisible by every answer choice except O?

(A) 3 (B) 4 (C) 6 (D) 7

N5. A *meaningful* number is a number whose prime factors sum to 42. What is the sum of the two smallest meaningful numbers?

(A) 302 (B) 407 (C) 526 (D) 563 (E) 599