Total marks > 10

Questions carry two marks unless indicated

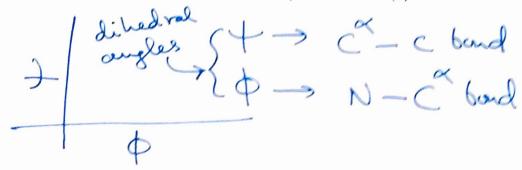
Name:

Roll Number

(If name or roll number is not filled, ZERO marks will be awarded)

Identify two structural features where Z-DNA is different from B-DNA

B-DNA ZDNA Left handed helix Right handed helix 10-10-5 bps/tun 12 bps/turn vise/bp 3. & A Helix dia 18A 20A da, dy 20 A 22, dy 20 22. What is plotted against what in a Ramachandran Plot. Explain the terms. [1] de, dy =0



Name two protein motifs that specifically bind to DNA

-> Helix - turn - Itelix (> repressor) -> Zinc finger _ Leucine zipper (GAL-4 (fos-junculendina) -> B - barrel (Papilloma vines Ezfortos) 3 - Saddle (TATA box binding protein)

4. Calculate the distance between C-alphaSer [{x, y, z} = {29.69, 17.93, -12.88}] and C-alpha Leu[[{x, y, z} = {28.64, 15.35, -10.32}] in a peptide. All co-ordinates are in Angstrom units. Write all steps showing the calculation.

$$d = \sqrt{(29.69 - 28.64)^{2} + (13.93 - 15.35)^{2} + (-12.488 + 10.32)^{2}}$$

$$=\sqrt{1.10+6.66+6.55}$$

- 5. The number of DNA molecules per E. Coli cell is: [1] (tick the correct option)
 - a. 2000
 - b. 200
 - c 20

1 2

- 6. Which of the following is/are TRUE with regard to HYDROPHOBIC EFFECT. (tick all that satisfy the condition, marks shall be awarded only if all correct options are identified)
 - a. Free energy change for transferring side chains of Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Phe and Tyr from ethanol to water is positive
 - b. Hydrophobic groups aggregate together in the interior of a protein forming an hydrophobic core, while most polar groups are outside interacting with water
 - c. The driving force for forming hydrophobic core are direct interactions between hydrophobic groups
 - d. The release of water molecules from ice-like structures that surround hydrophobic groups in water, drives the formation of hydrophobic core