

# End-semester examination

BT 501: Biotechniques (July-Nov, 2023)

November 21, 2023

Maximum marks: 40

Time: 3 hours (9 A.M. - 12 Noon)

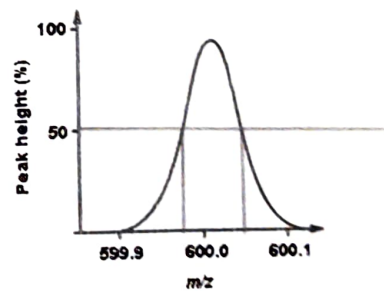
## Instructions:

1. This question paper contains 3 pages.
2. Attempt all the questions.
3. If possible, don't answer more than one question on one page. Start a new question on a new page.
4. An appendix is provided with isotopic abundances of selected elements.
5. A graph Sheet will be provided to you. If you need more than one, please ask the TAs.

Q.1 Answer the following questions.

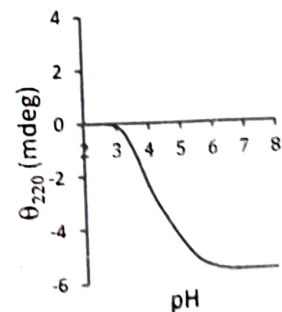
{1 × 10 = 10 marks}

- (a) The resolution of an atomic force microscope is limited by the \_\_\_\_\_.
- (b) What is the role of tube lens in infinite conjugate imaging?
- (c) How is circularly polarized light generated from plane polarized light?
- (d) Name any one fluorescence microscopic method that rejects out of focus light without the need of a pinhole.
- (e) Name two methods that are used to improve the resolution of time-of-flight mass analyser.
- (f) Name any two lens aberrations.
- (g) What does phase plate do in phase contrast microscopy?
- (h) Two point objects are separated by 320 nm. Calculate the longest wavelength of light that can theoretically resolve (Abbe's resolution criterion) these two objects (Assume numerical aperture to be 0.75).
- (i) Determine the resolution of the mass spectrum peak shown here.
- (j) Why are protein folding/unfolding studies using circular dichroism spectroscopy usually carried out at 220 nm?



Q.2 The circular dichroism data of a protein at 220 nm and different pH values is shown here. Interpret this data.

{3 marks}

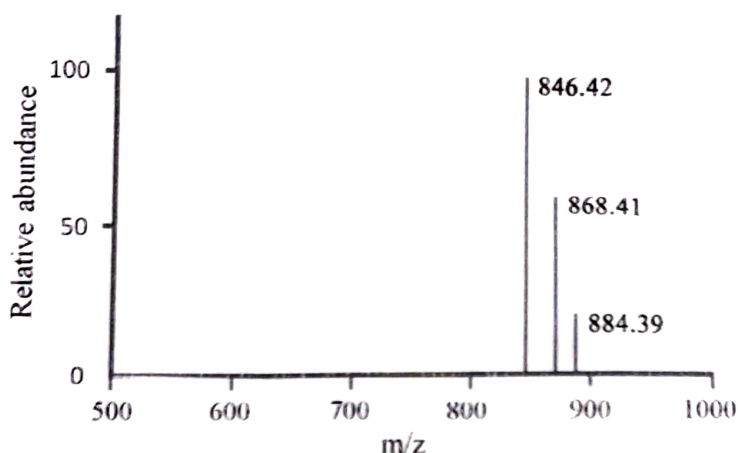


Q.3 How are type II secondary electron (SE2) generated in a scanning electron microscope? How do they adversely affect resolution?

{3 marks}

- Q.4** A chemist synthesized the peptide, AQLRGNST (expected monoisotopic mass: 845.425 Da). The peptide turned out to more than 98% pure in high performance liquid chromatography. The MALDI mass spectrometry of the peptide is shown below:

**{3 marks}**

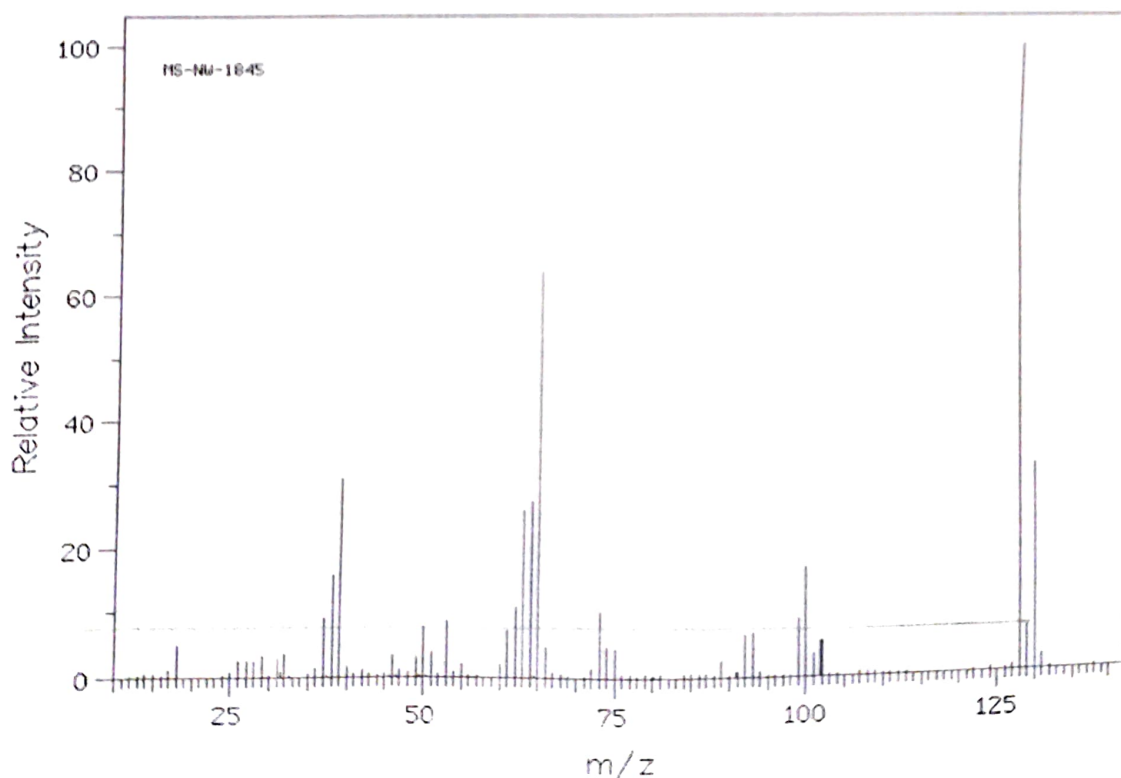


Explain the three peaks observed in the mass spectrum.

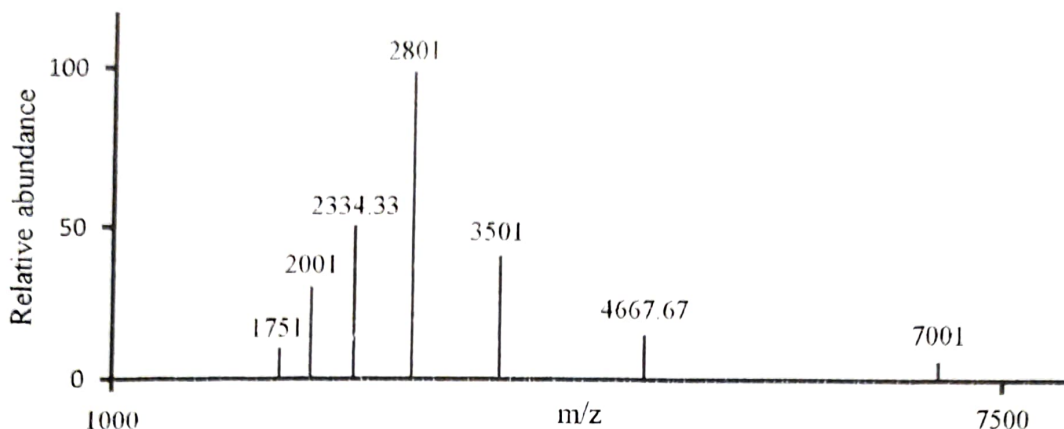
- Q.5** The refractive index of glass is 1.5. **{4 marks}**

- Calculate the optical path length if the thickness of the material is 10  $\mu\text{m}$ .
- What will be the phase shift of the 600 nm light (with respect to air) when the light comes out of the slab?

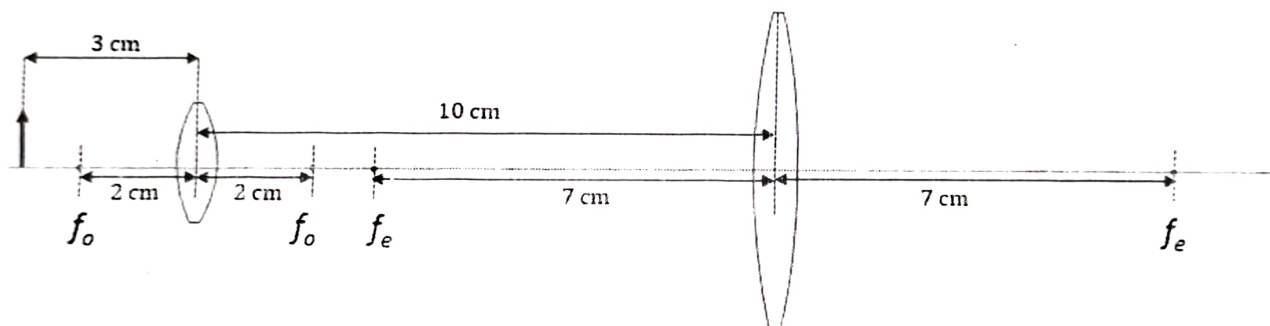
- Q.6** The electron impact ionization spectrum of an organic compound is shown below. Determine the molecular formula of the molecule. **{5 marks}**



- Q.7 Consider that the mass spectrum shown below is obtained for a protein through the positive ion mode ESI-MS. Calculate the mass of the protein from the data given. {6 marks}



- Q.8 On the graph-sheet provided, draw the following diagram with the correct dimensions.



- (a) Draw a neat ray diagram to show the final image formation {4 marks}  
 (b) What kind of final image is formed? {1 mark}  
 (c) Using the ray diagram, determine the final magnification achieved? {1 mark}

## Appendix

Isotopic composition of some common elements					
Element	M+		M+1		M+2
Hydrogen	<sup>1</sup> H	99.98%	<sup>2</sup> H	0.02%	
Carbon	<sup>12</sup> C	98.9%	<sup>13</sup> C	1.1%	
Nitrogen	<sup>14</sup> N	99.6%	<sup>15</sup> N	0.4%	
Oxygen	<sup>16</sup> O	99.8%			<sup>18</sup> O 0.2%
Sulfur	<sup>32</sup> S	95.0%	<sup>33</sup> S	0.8%	<sup>34</sup> S 4.2%
Chlorine	<sup>35</sup> Cl	75.8%			<sup>37</sup> Cl 24.2%
Bromine	<sup>79</sup> Br	50.7%			<sup>81</sup> Br 49.3%
Iodine	<sup>127</sup> I	100.0%			