LAB 4

Sort a given set of N integer elements using Merge Sort technique

```
CODE:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void merge(int low,int mid,int high,int array[20],int mer[20])
  int i = low;
  int j = mid+1;
  int k = 0;
  while(i<=mid && j<=high)
  { if(array[i]<array[j])
     {
        mer[k] =
        array[i]; i++;
        k++;
     else
        mer[k] =
        array[j]; j++;
        k++;
    }
  }
  while (i <= mid)
     mer[k] = array[i];
```

```
j++;
     k++;
  }
  while (j <= high)
  {
     mer[k] =
     array[j]; j++;
     k++;
  }
  for(int i=0;i< k;i++)
     array[low+i] = mer[i];
  }
}
void merge_sort(int low,int high,int array[20],int merged[20])
{
  if(low<high)</pre>
  {
     int mid = (low+high)/2;
     merge_sort(low,mid,array,merged);
     merge_sort(mid+1,high,array,merged);
     merge(low,mid,high,array,merged);
}
int main()
  int n,array[30]; printf("Enter no.
  of elements:");
```

```
scanf("%d",&n); printf("Enter
elements:");
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    scanf("%d",&array[i]);
}
int merged[30]; merge_sort(0,n-
1,array,merged);
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{ printf("%d ",array[i]);
}
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter no. of elements:7
Enter elements:99 88 77 66 55 44 11
11 44 55 66 77 88 99
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 16.000 s
Press any key to continue.
```