## LAB 6

Implement 0/1 Knapsack problem using dynamic programming.

## CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h> #include
<conio.h> void knapsack(); int
max(int, int); int i, j, n, m, p[10],
w[10], v[10][10]; void main()
  printf("\nEnter the no. of items:\n");
  scanf("%d", &n); printf("\nEnter the weight of
  the each item:\n"); for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
     scanf("%d", &w[i]);
  }
  printf("\nEnter the profit of each item:\n");
  for (i = 1; i \le n; i++)
     scanf("%d", &p[i]);
  printf("\nEnter the knapsack's capacity:\n");
  scanf("%d", &m); knapsack(); getch();
void knapsack()
{ int x[10];
  for (i = 0; i \le n; i++)
     for (j = 0; j \le m; j++)
        if (i == 0 || j == 0)
        \{ v[i][j] = 0;
        else if (j - w[i] < 0)
        \{ v[i][j] = v[i - 1][j];
        else
```

```
{
           v[i][j] = max(v[i - 1][j], v[i - 1][j - w[i]] + p[i]);
     }
  }
  printf("\nThe output is:\n");
  for (i = 0; i \le n; i++)
  {
     for (j = 0; j \le m; j++)
     { printf("%d ", v[i][j]);
     printf("\n\n");
  }
  printf("\nThe optimal solution is %d", v[n][m]);
  printf("\n); for (i = n;
  i >= 1; i--)
     if (v[i][m] != v[i - 1][m])
        x[i] = 1;
        m = m - w[i];
     }
     else
        x[i] = 0;
     }
  for (i = 1; i \le n; i++)
  { printf("%d\t", x[i]);
  }
int max(int x, int y)
  if (x > y)
     return x;
  }
```

```
else
{
    return y;
}
```

## **OUTPUT**: