Q)Write a C program to do the following by passing matrix as parameter:

- 1) Matrix addition and subtraction.
- 2) Matrix multiplication.
- 3) Sum of principle and non principle diagonal of matrix.
- 4) Sum of rows and columns.
- 5) Print the transpose
- 6) Check if a given matrix is symmetric or not.

Phog 1 White a clitt phogram to the motrices as parameters
on Subfraction in ob principal (non principle Print the transpose of a given Symmetria of not.

Findled (Stdob) int mot [[n][n]) int Sump=0, Summp=9, i, v, K; 10 (v=0) i <n; j++) 引 (ジ==1) Sump + = mat [i][i] bol (i=0, i<n, i++)
12 pol (i=0) i<n, i++)?
14 (i=0) i<n, i++)? Sump + = mat | [1] [n-1-1] print ("Sum of principles diagood is

o/ocl \n Sum of non principle diagonal

12 %, cl \n", Sum p, Sum p) Vold Main ()

Eint m, n, choice i j

phint b (" Enter the values of n for nxn

and mathin (ni');

Scant (" 900", &n);

int mate [n] [n];

int mate [n] [n]; bor (9 = 0; i < n i++). 2 bor motrices 1/n)

68(j=0,j<n,j+1){
Soand ("elod", & mat 2 [i][j]) "m Menu MI. Add M2-Sub MB. Mul n4. Sum of principal 2 non phinciple diagonale 195. Sim & Saw & columns me. Transpole matrix m7. Check 14 the matter is symmetric ing. Exis while (1) 3 / 1/2) Print ("Enter your choice"))
Scanb (" % of & Choice);
Switch (choice) ? case 1: odd (n, mat 1, mats) break; case 2: Sub (n, mat , mat 2) bleak case 3: multiply (n, mat , mat 2) break Case 4'. Sol (n, mat) brook case 5: Sumsc(n, max1, max2) break case 6. +ranspose (n, mgo) break rase 7: Sym (n, mati) Wheak, case 8: But (0) Phinof (int one Choice \7") 25 Void add (int mat 2 [n] [n])?

int i, j '
int sum [n][n];
bol (i=0, i<n, i++)?

bol (j=0, i<n, i++)?

sum [i][i]=mat|[i][j]+mat2[i][j]; por (1=0, 1<n; i+1) {

por (j=0; 1<n; i+1) {

porty (190d; sum [j][j]); print ("\n") Void Sub Cinta, int mod I [n] [n], hd 2 /nt i, vi nt 2 (n) [n]) but Sum EnTENJ; for (i= 0, i<n, i+)? bol (j=0', j(n'j++) & Sum [i][j]=mat [i][j]-mat2[j] 408 (i=0; i < n; i++) {

por (s'=0); s(n', i++) {

pelnof ("qod" Sum Eij[si]);

prinof ("\n"); Void multiply (int n, int matish) (n) IN Sum = 01, J, K for (int i = 0; i < n; itt)?

Phoel [A] [j] = 0; K(t) {

bol (int K=0; K(m; K+1) {

phoel [i] [j] + mont | SI | [K] + models bos (9=0, i <n; i++) {

for (i=0, i<n; i++) {

print("eral", prod ci]("))

print(")) Void burns c(htn, int mat [n][n]) { Int Some Some int mot 3 [n+1] [n+2];

Joh (1=0; i<n; i+1) {

Some int mot 3 [n+1] [n+2];

Joh (1=0; i<n; i+1) {

Some int mot 3 [n+1] [n+2];

Mot (1=0; i<n; i+1) {

Mot 3 [i] [j] = m at | [i] [j])

Mot 3 [i] [j] = m at | [i] [j]) Sumst= mat [i7[]; mot 3[i][n] = Sums) HOR (j=0, j < n, j++) ? Sum c=0; pol (i=0; i<n; i+1)? mat 3 [n] [i] = some 3 mat 3 [n] [n]=0,

for (int i=0, i<n+1; i+1)?

for (int i=0, i<n+1; i+1)?

print ("%c)", mat 3 [i] [j])

pany (" /n") void+hanspole (int n, int mott [2] [m) ? per (int i = 0; i < n; i+t) &

per (int i = 0; i < n; i+t) &

than spo so [i] [i] = mat [i][i]

reanspo so [i] [i] = mat [i][i] Void Sym (Int m, int mat | [n] (n) ?

Int plag = i;

gor (int i = o; i < n; i+1)?

for (int i = o; i < n; i+1)?

If (mat | [i] [j] = mat | [j] [i]) 3 lag = =0) print ("mot symmetric") 20/6/23

Output:

```
Enter your choice
1
2 4
5 5
Enter your choice
2
0 0
-1 -3
Enter your choice
7 10
5 8
Enter your choice
sum of principle diagonal is 2 sum of non principle diagonal is 4 Enter your choice
1 2 3
2 1 3
3 3 0
Enter your choice
6
1 2
2 1
Enter your choice
Symmetric
Enter the values of n for nxn and matrix
Enter the values for matrix 1
Enter the values for matrix 2
2
3
4
Menu
1.Addition
2.Subtraction
3.Multiplication
4.Sum of principle and non principle diagonals
5.Sum of rows and columns
6.Transpose matrix
7.Check if the matrix is symmetric
8.Exit
```