

Qiskit Runtime Primitive 소개

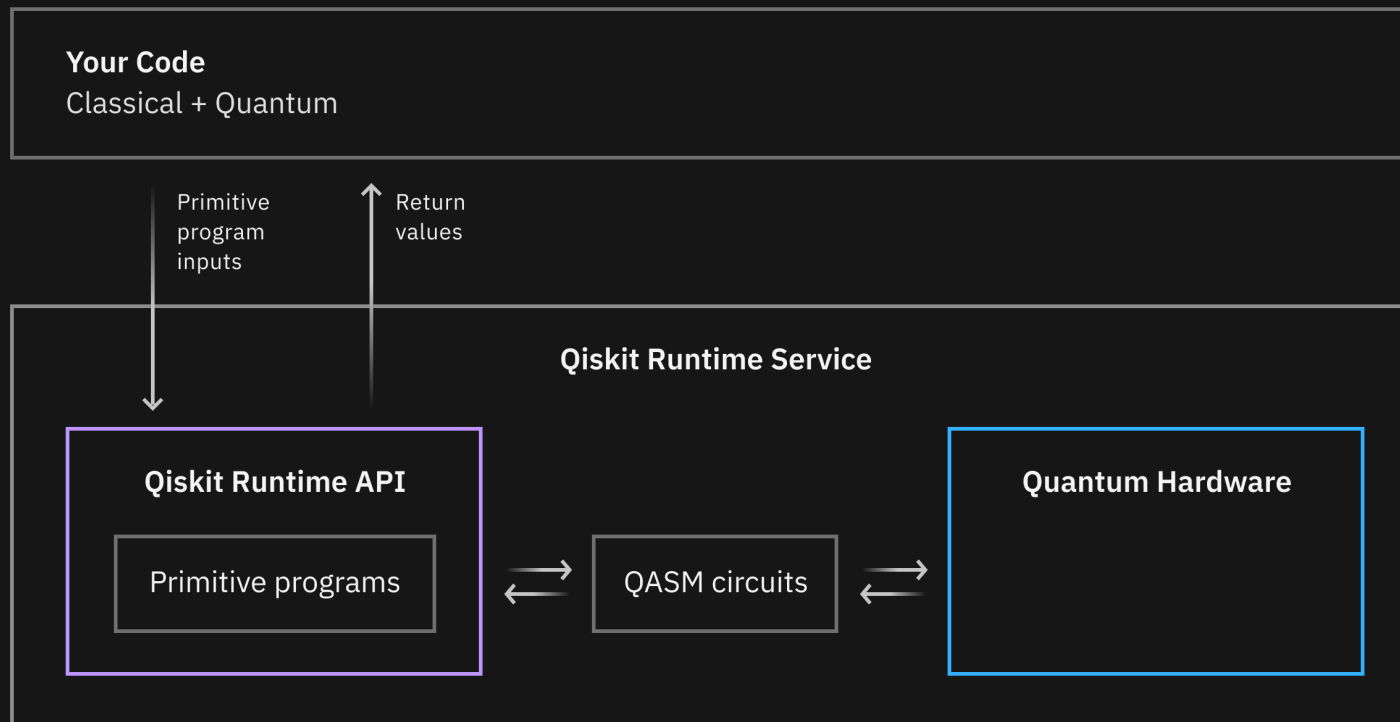
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Qiskit Advocate



최인호

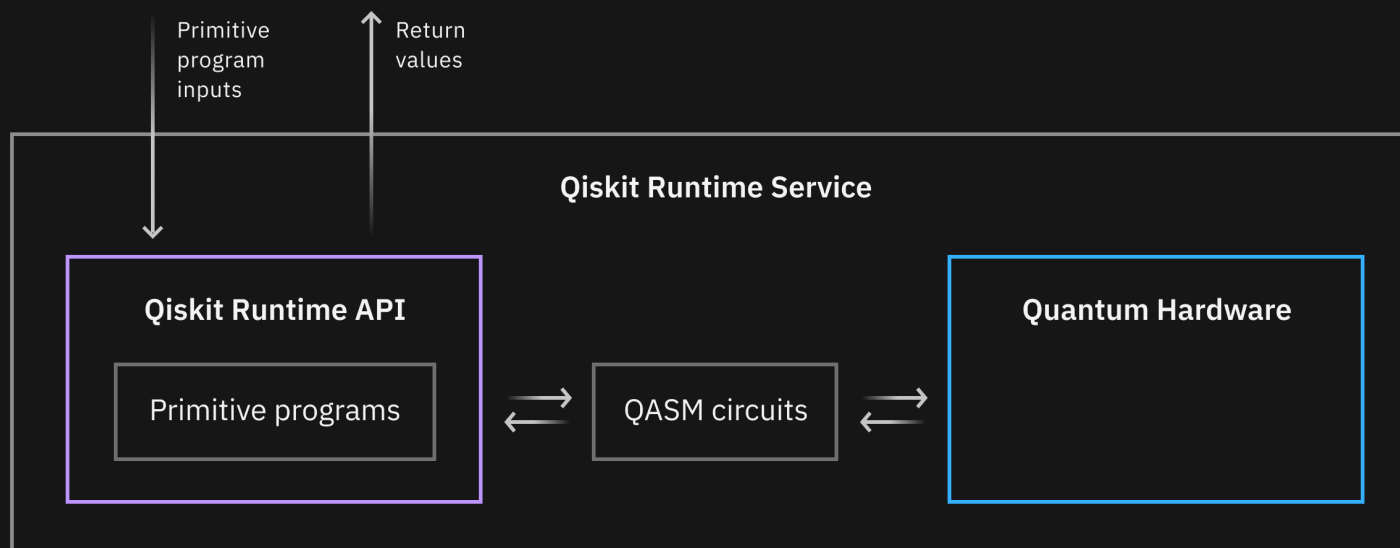
- Majoring Physics, Electronic Engineering and Computer Science in HKUST
- Qiskit Advocate
- Interested in Quantum Hardware
- Qiskit Slack @Inho Choi

Qiskit Runtime



Your Code
Classical + Quantum

**Quantum Circuit or Quantum Routines
are packaged to run on cloud**



Qiskit Runtime



- Remove lengthy communication trips back-and-forth to user's computers.
- Program executed in Qiskit Runtime -> More efficient
- Spend Less time waiting in queues -> Run **more** circuits in a day

Save Latency

Reduce overhead for iterative loops

Efficiency

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Efficiency

Consistency

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Customizability

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Error Mitigation and Suppression

120X Speedup



IBM Quantum delivers 120x speedup of quantum workloads with Qiskit Runtime

We're pleased to announce that the team demonstrated a 120x speedup in simulating molecules thanks to a host of improvements, including the ability to run quantum programs entirely on the cloud with Qiskit Runtime.

IBM Runtime workflow



Basic Element

that serve as a building block for more complex elements

Primitives with Quantum?



- Higher level core primitive terms with categorization
- Enable to build a program more accessibility
- Do not need low machine code level

Install Qiskit Runtime



Getting started ¶

Install Qiskit packages ¶

Install these packages. They let you create circuits and work with primitive programs via Qiskit Runtime.

```
pip install qiskit
pip install qiskit-ibm-runtime
```

Qiskit Runtime Primitive keywords

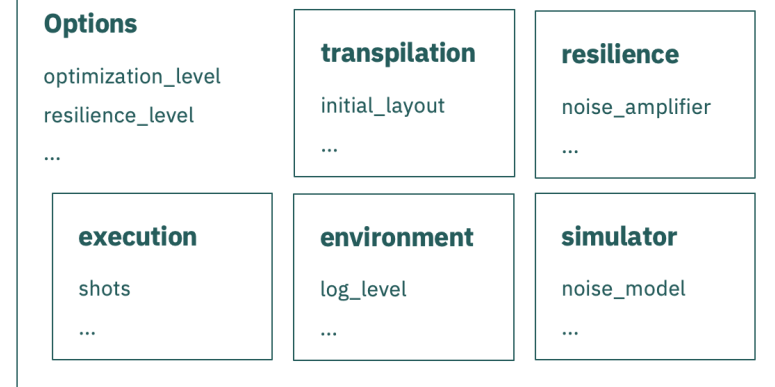


- **Session**

- Open and Close session to use the primitives on cloud
- Define a job as **collection** of iterative calls to the quantum computer

- **Options**

- Configure the current session and parameter
- Control execution environment



Qiskit Runtime Primitive



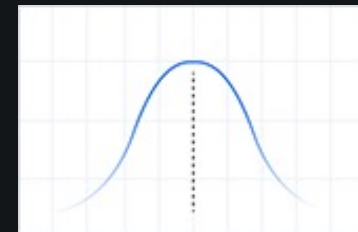
Sampler

Estimator

Qiskit Runtime Sampler



- Generates an error-mitigated readout of quasi-probabilities
 - **Input:** User Circuit
- **Better** evaluate shot result
 - Error mitigation
 - More efficient evaluation of the possibility of multiple relevant data points
 - **Where:** the context of destructive interference



https://qiskit.org/documentation/partners/qiskit_ibm_runtime/tutorials/how-to-getting-started-with-sampler.html

Grover Algorithm Demonstration



Learn Quantum Computation using Qiskit

What is Quantum?

0. Prerequisites

1. Quantum States and Qubits

- 1.1 Introduction
- 1.2 The Atoms of Computation
- 1.3 Representing Qubit States
- 1.4 Single Qubit Gates
- 1.5 The Case for Quantum

2. Multiple Qubits and Entanglement

- 2.1 Introduction
- 2.2 Multiple Qubits and Entangled States
- 2.3 Phase Kickback
- 2.4 More Circuit Identities
- 2.5 Proving Universality
- 2.6 Classical Computation on a Quantum

The new Qiskit Textbook beta is now available. [Try it out now](#)

←

Grover's Algorithm

In this section, we introduce Grover's algorithm and how it can be used to solve unstructured search problems. We then implement the quantum algorithm using Qiskit, and run on a simulator and device.

Contents

- 1. [Introduction](#)
- 2. [Example: 2 Qubits](#)
 - 2.1 [Simulation](#)
 - 2.2 [Device](#)
- 3. [Example: 3 Qubits](#)
 - 3.1 [Simulation](#)
 - 3.2 [Device](#)
- 4. [Problems](#)
- 5. [Solving Sudoku using Grover's Algorithm](#)
- 6. [References](#)

Qiskit Runtime Estimator



- Efficiently calculate and interpret expectation values of quantum operators required for many algorithms
- Allow selectively group between circuits and observables for execution
 - Efficient evaluation of expectation values and variances for given parameter input.



Qiskit Runtime Estimator



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“No Measurements”

Parameterized circuits

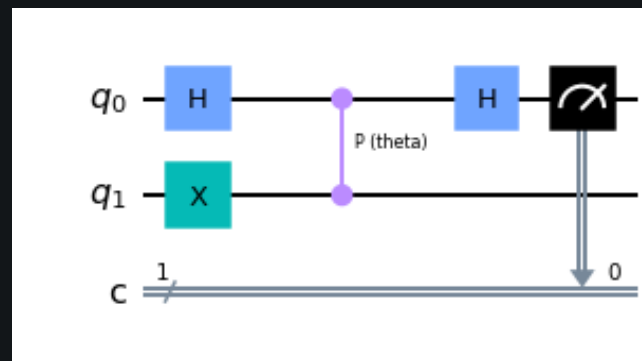


Primitive allows simplification of binding multiple parameters in parameterized circuits.

Parameterized circuits

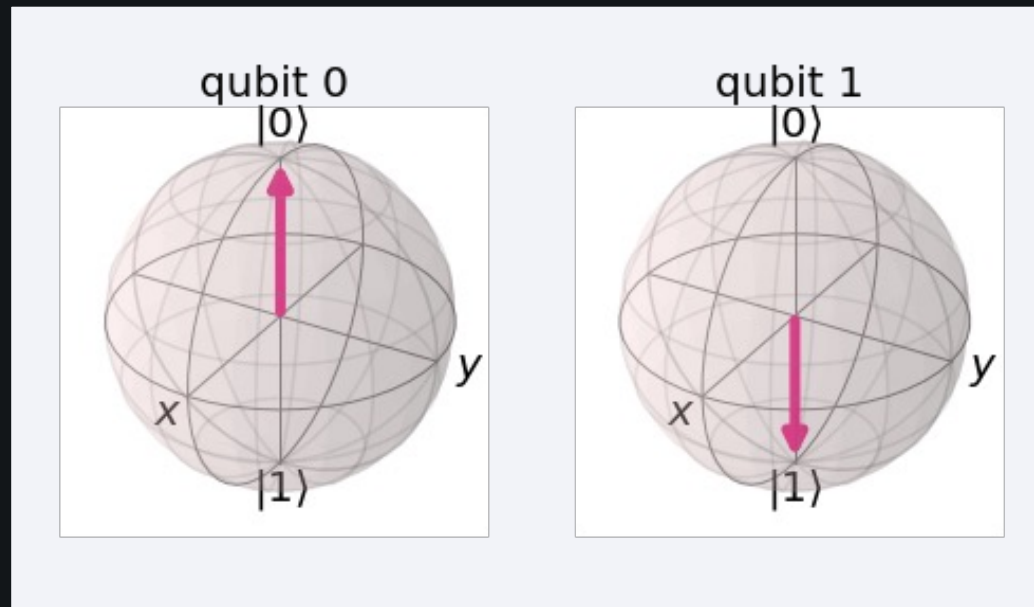


Primitive allows simplification of binding multiple parameters in parameterized circuits.

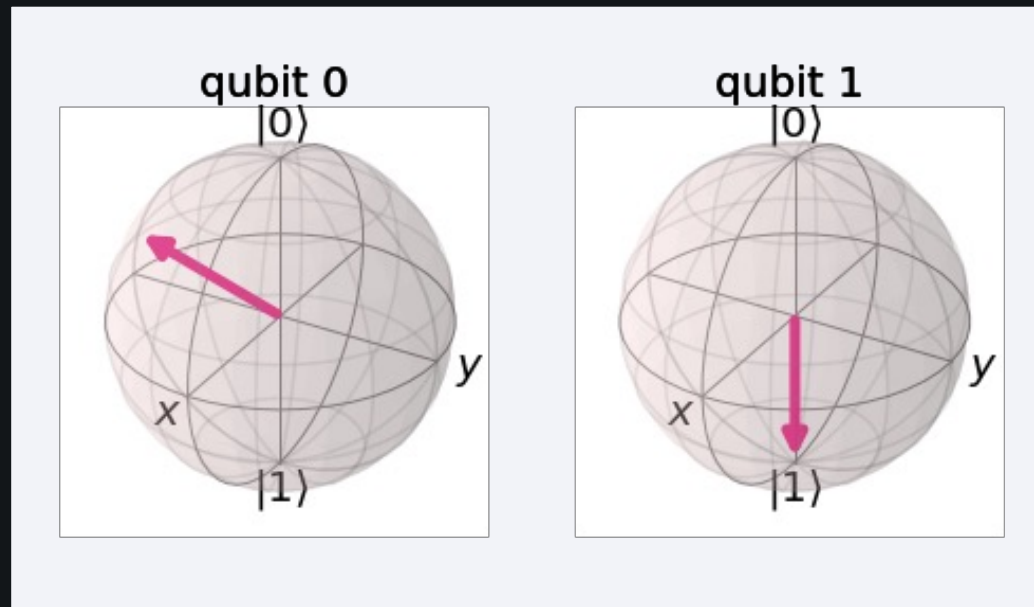


0 to 2π : divided over 50 evenly spaced points

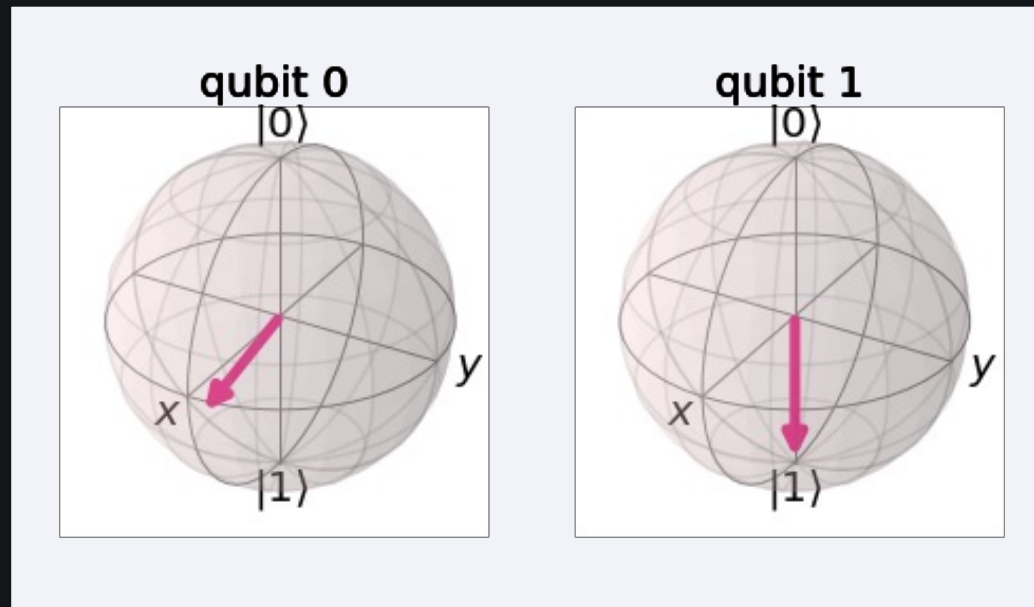
Parameterized circuits



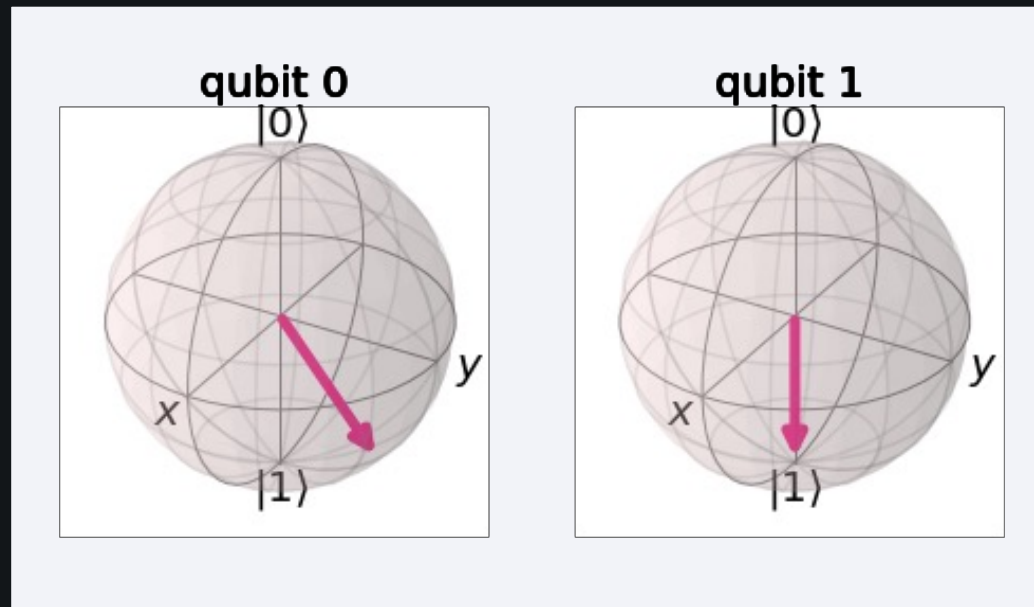
Parameterized circuits



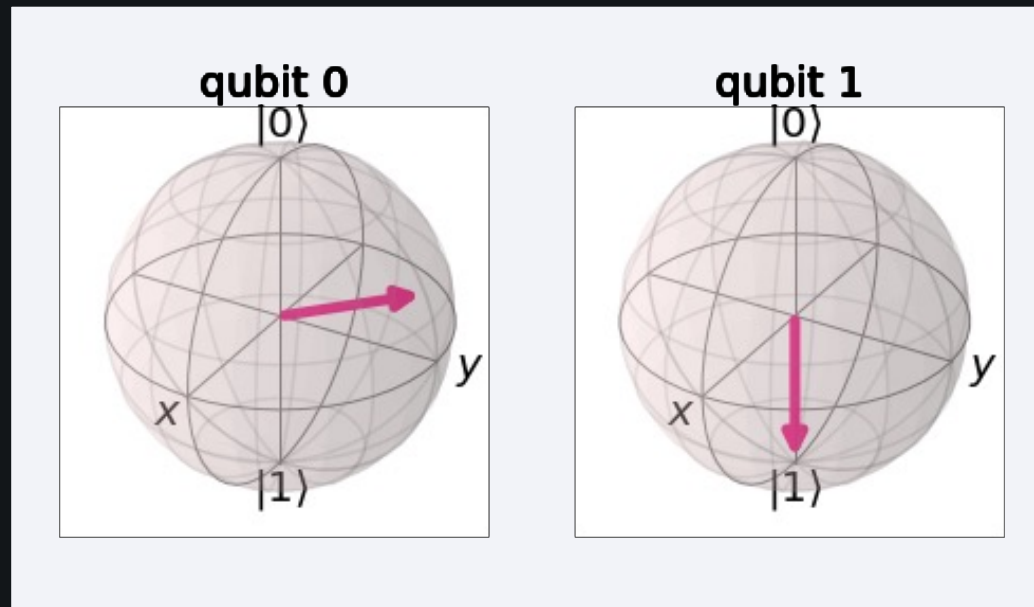
Parameterized circuits



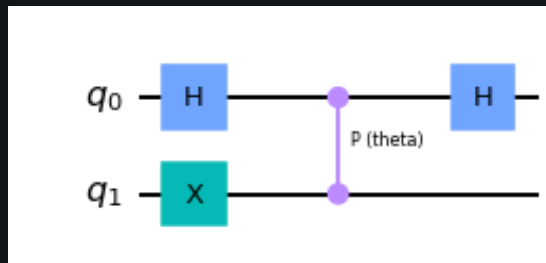
Parameterized circuits



Parameterized circuits



Parametrized Circuit



Parametrized Circuit

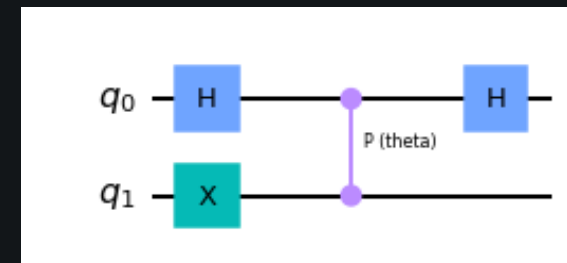


Calculate expectation value

$$\langle ZZ \rangle = \langle \psi | ZZ | \psi \rangle = \langle \psi | (|0\rangle\langle 0| - |1\rangle\langle 1|) \otimes (|0\rangle\langle 0| - |1\rangle\langle 1|) | \psi \rangle = |\langle 00 | \psi \rangle|^2 - |\langle 01 | \psi \rangle|^2 - |\langle 10 | \psi \rangle|^2 + |\langle 11 | \psi \rangle|^2$$

...

```
ZZ = SparsePauliOp.from_list([("ZZ", 1)])
```



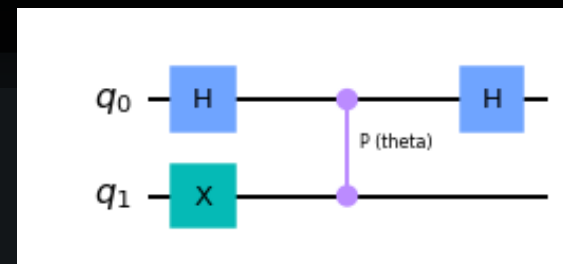
Parametrized Circuit



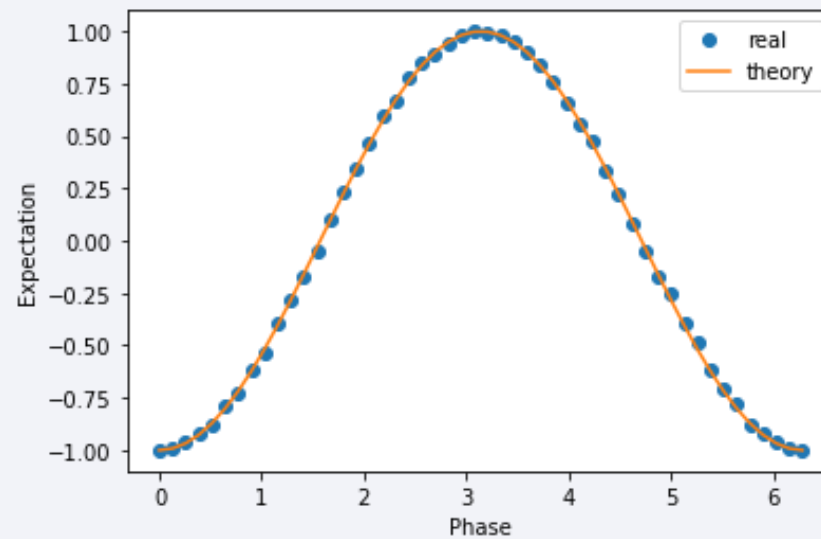
Run using Estimator

```
options = Options(simulator={"seed_simulator": 42}, resilience_level=0)

with Session(service=service, backend=backend):
    estimator = Estimator(options=options)
    job = estimator.run(circuits=[qc_no_meas]*len(phases), parameter_values=individual_phases,
observables=[ZZ]*len(phases))
```



Parametrized Circuit



Error Suppression



- The most basic level of error handling
- Use knowledge about the undesirable effects to introduce customization
- **Anticipate** and **avoid** the potential impacts of these effects

Dynamical Decoupling

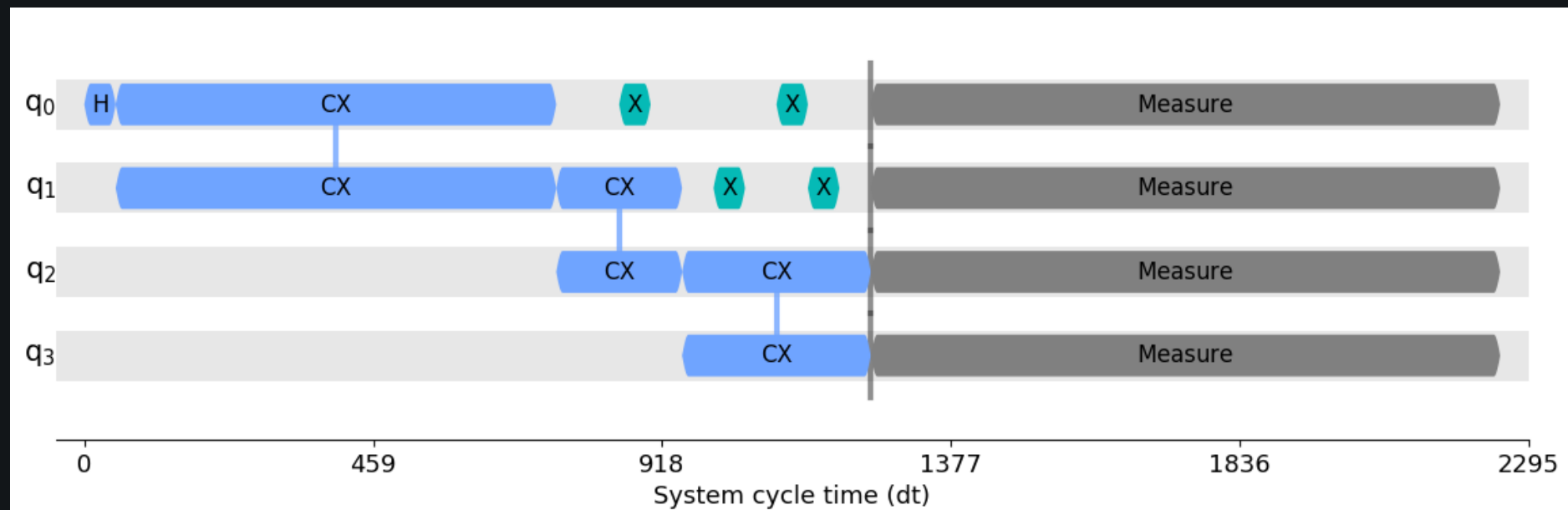


- This feature is enabled by default on Qiskit Runtime
- Used to increase the lifetime of quantum information

Dynamical Decoupling



- Effectively disconnect the environment using decoupling methods
 - Prevent idle state of qubit – leakage of information to surrounding due to decoherence.



Error Mitigation



- **Reduce** the error effects with a much smaller overhead
 - Instead of completely eliminating using a huge amount of resources
- Error correction is not practically feasible in the current NISQ
 - Number of qubits
 - Controlled error rates
 - Extra circuit depth and measurements

Error Mitigation with Sampler



- Matrix-free Measurement Mitigation (M3)

<https://qiskit.org/documentation/partners/mthree/>

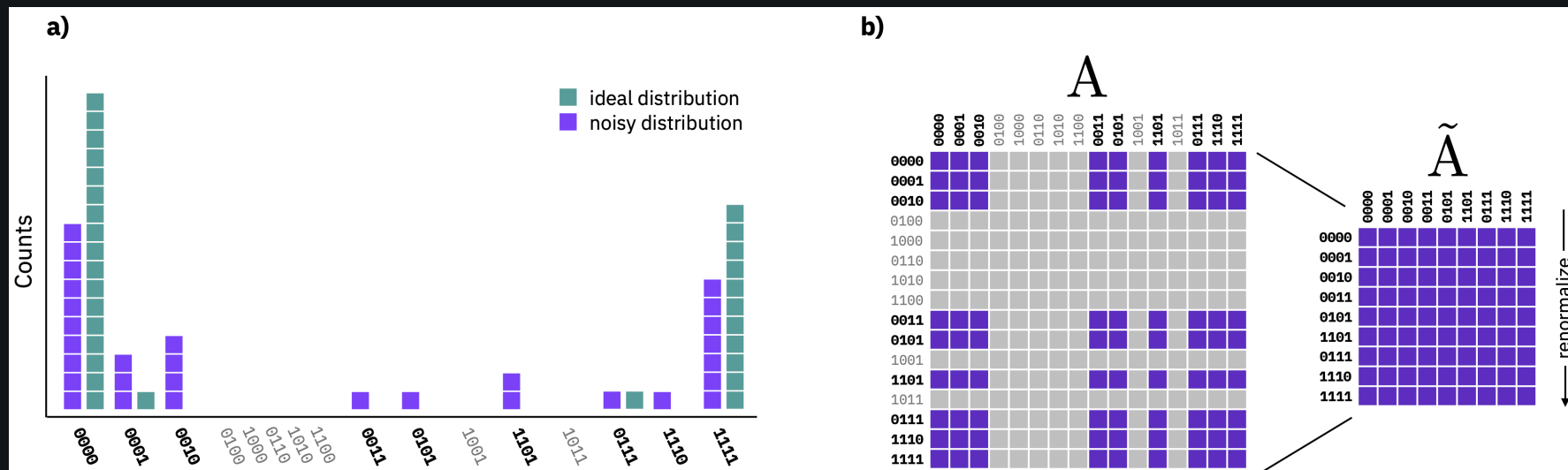
M3



- This feature is enabled by setting ``resilience_level=1`` in ``Options`` with Sampler
- Scalable quantum measurement error mitigation
- Need not explicitly form the assignment matrix or its inverse.

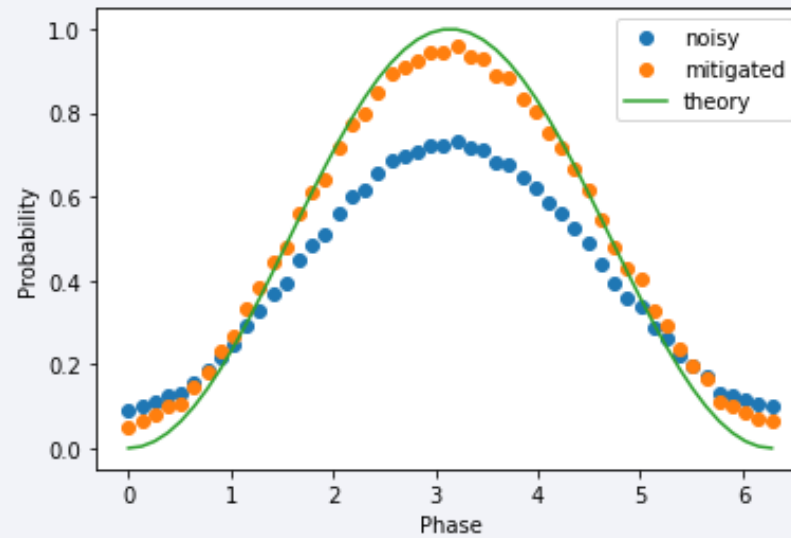
M3

- M3 works in a **reduced subspace** defined by the noisy input bitstrings that are to be corrected.
- Resulting linear system of equations is nominally much easier to solve.
 - Much smaller number of unique bitstrings than full multi-qubit Hilbert space



```
● ● ●  
  
# Import FakeBackend  
fake_backend = FakeManila()  
noise_model = NoiseModel.from_backend(fake_backend)  
  
# Set options to include noise_model and resilience_level  
options_with_em = Options(  
    simulator={  
        "noise_model": noise_model,  
        "seed_simulator": 42,  
    },  
    resilience_level=1  
)
```


M3



Error Mitigation with Estimator



- Twirled Readout Error eXtinction (T-Rex)
- Zero Noise Extrapolation (Digital ZNE)
- Probabilistic error cancellation (PEC)

- T-REx: [arXiv:2012.09738](https://arxiv.org/abs/2012.09738)
- ZNE: [arXiv:1612.02058](https://arxiv.org/abs/1612.02058)
- PEC: [arXiv:1612.02058](https://arxiv.org/abs/1612.02058)

T-Rex



- This feature is enabled by setting `resilience_level=1` in `Options` with Estimator (Default)
- Implementation which involves "twirling" of gates
- View noise as a set of **extra probabilistic gates** on top of our perfect circuit implementation
- Conjugate this noisy gate set with a gate randomly chosen from a set of gates
- Inserts pairs of Pauli gates (I, X, Y, Z) **before** and **after** entangling gates such that the overall unitary is the same
- Turning **coherent errors** into **stochastic errors**
- **Stochastic errors can be eliminated by sufficient averaging**

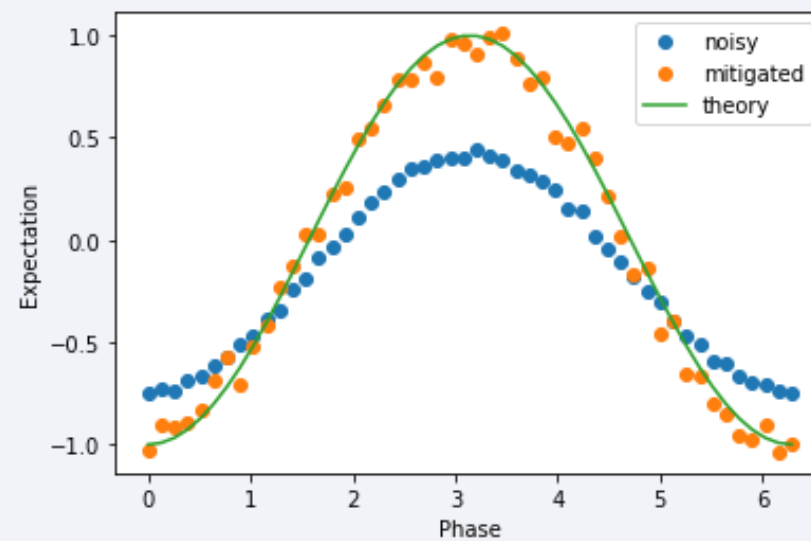
T-Rex



```
# Import FakeBackend
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noise_model = NoiseModel.from_backend(fake_backend)

# Set options to include noise_model and resilience_level
options_with_em = Options(
    simulator={
        "noise_model": noise_model,
        "seed_simulator": 42,
    },
    resilience_level=1
)
```

T-Rex



Digital ZNE



- This feature is enabled by setting `resilience_level=2` in `Options` with Estimator
- Mitigating errors in noisy quantum computers **without** the need for additional quantum resources.
- A quantum program is altered to run at different effect levels of processor noise
- The result of the computation is extrapolated to an estimated value at a noiseless level.
- Digital way means **not** using physical pulse.
- Still an active research question around which method is the best to use

How Qiskit connects to Qiskit Runtime



Qiskit SDK

Build circuits in Python with Qiskit's suite of quantum libraries and optimization tools

Circuits



Use **Primitive programs** to run the circuits based on your desired output type

Sampler

Estimator



Interim and final results are returned

Results

How Qiskit connects with Qiskit Runtime

Qiskit Runtime service

Run your programs using one of the following access channels

IBM Cloud

IBM Quantum platform

The API handles orchestration and execution between the containerized runtime environment and quantum systems

Qiskit Runtime API

Classical co-located cluster

E

Quantum Systems

