382

02



DETAILS

Name

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Roll Number

3BR23CA021

EXPERIMENT

Title

REVERSE PÁCK

Description

Given an array of positive integers, you need to create a new list where:

Each element represents the frequency count of occurrence of all unique numbers in the original array. Each frequency count occurs the number of times in the new list equal to the value of the corresponding unique number in the original array. Finally, Sort the new list and display.

Input Format:

The first line contains an integer n, denoting the size of the array.

The second line contains n space-separated integers, representing the elements of the array.

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Sample Input:

3 3 1 1 1 2

Sample Output:

[1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3]

Explanation:

[3, 3, 1, 1, 2] we have {3:2,1:3,2:1}. So now 2 has to appear 3 times and 3 has to appear 1 time and 1 has to appear 2 times.

So the list we get is [2, 2, 2, 3, 1, 1] sorting the list we have [1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3] 38R23CAO21 3BR23CAO21 A021 38R23CA021 38R23C 3BR23CA021 3BR23CA021 3BR23CA021 38R23CA021 3BR23CA021 3A021 3BR23CA021 3BR23CA021 3BR23CA021 3BR23CA021 3BR23CA021 3BR23

38R23CA0213BR23CA0213BR2-38R23CA02138R23CA **Source Code:**

```
n = int(input())
arr = list(map(int, input().split()))
                                                                                                             freq = {}
for num in arr:
   if num in freq:
       freq[num] += 1
   else:
       freq[num] = 1
result = []
for num, count in freq.items():
   result.extend([count] * num)
result.sort()
print(result)
```

RESULT

5 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 100 %