Berner Fachhochschule - Technik und Informatik

Object-Oriented Programming 2

Topic 0: Version Control Systems

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Version Control Systems

- Version control systems (VCS) are widely used in today's software engineering practice
- Benefits of using a VCS in software engineering:
 - → Software development in teams
 - → Remote collaboration
 - → Keep control over changes to source code
 - → Management of versions and updates
 - → Automatic backup
- Most popular VCS
 - → RCS (since 1982 almost not used anymore)
 - → CVS (since 1986, almost not used anymore)
 - → Subversion (since 2000, still in use today)
 - → Git (since 2005, the most widely used VCS today)

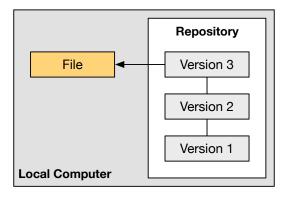


Git and Github

- Git is a free open-source VCS designed by Linus Torvalds
 - → Current version: 2.8.3 (April 2016)
 - → Web page: https://git-scm.com
 - → Tutorial: "Become a Git Guru"
- Git is a distributed VCS, which means that the whole version database (called repository) is stored everywhere
- ➤ A distributed VSC combines the advantages of a local (such as RVC) a centralized VCS (such as Subversion)
- Dedicated Git server software helps to add access control, manage multiple repositories, and display them on the web
- ▶ Two of the most popular Git servers are GitHub and GitLab

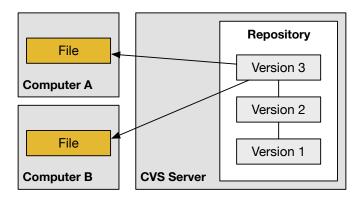


Local VCS



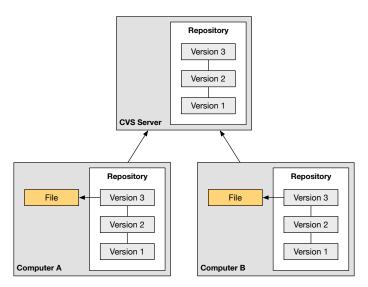


Centralised VCS





Distributed VCS





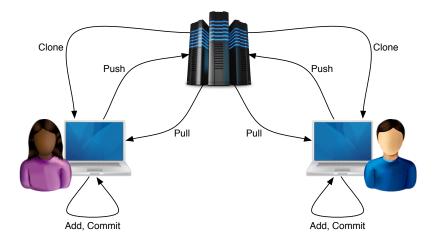
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Git Commands

- clone: Makes a repository copy from a remote source
- add: Adds files changed locally to stage (ready to commit)
- commit: Includes staged files into local repository (the changes are described in the commit message)
- push: Sends the all changed files from local repository to remote repository
- pull: Fetches all changed files from remote repository and merges them with the local one (fetch followed by merge)
- Calling pull followed by push is called synchronization, but sync is not an official Git command



Git Workflow



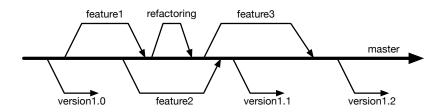


Branching and Merging

- Git repositories can have multiple branches
- ▶ Initially, a Git repository contains a single master branch
- Creating branches keeps multiple streams of work independent from each other (e.g., new features)
- If independent work in a branch has stabilized, it can be merged into the master branch
- The release of a new software version (and its updates) can be defined as a separate branch
- ► Each team decides about the optimal workflow for its projects



Branching and Merging





Conflict Solving

- Collaboration in teams can lead to code conflicts
- Most of the potential conflicts are resolved automatically by Git during the merge operation
- A conflict appears when two developers edit the same line of code simultaneously
- In such a case, both lines of code appear in the merged document
- After solving the conflict (someone has to decide which code will be kept), commit and push operations are needed to update the merged files in the repository and the server



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Using Git in Practice

- Git is a command line tool, but there are various graphical Git tools to simplify its use
- For repositories hosted on GitHub, the tool GitHub Desktop is recommended
 - → History of commits
 - → Selection of current branch
 - → List of uncommitted changes
 - → Menus and buttons for basic Git commands (clone, commit, pull, push, etc.)
- Git is also directly accessible from IDEs such as Eclipse
 - → Install the EGit plug-in
 - → It is good practice to place any Git repositories outside the Eclipse workspace

