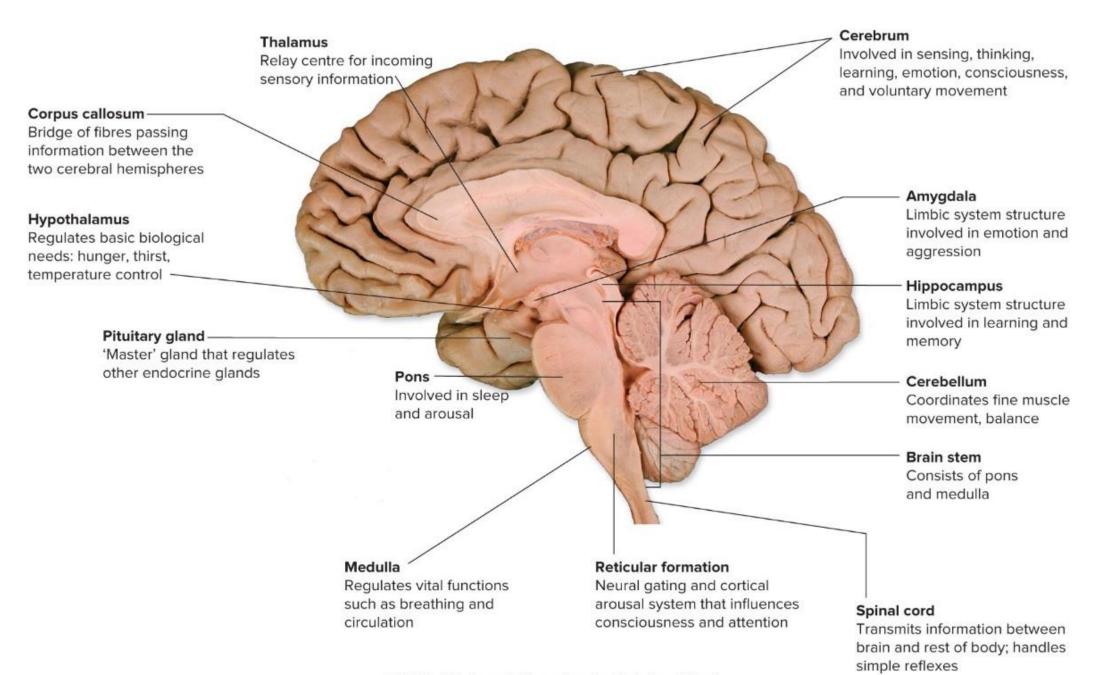
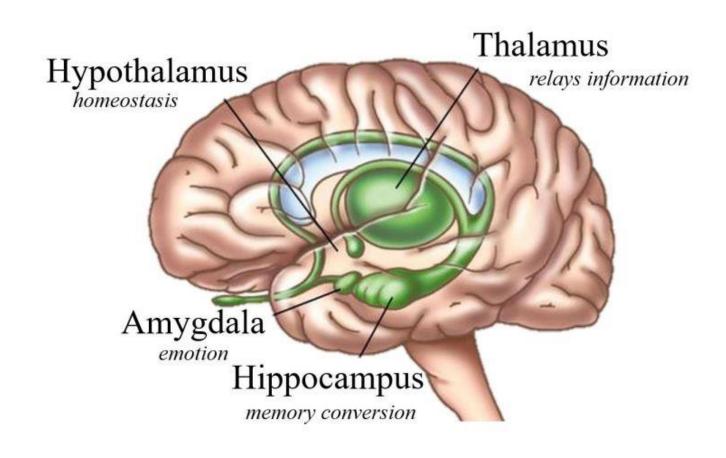


# **Central sulcus Frontal lobe Parietal lobe** 9373777 **Temporal lobe Occipital lobe**







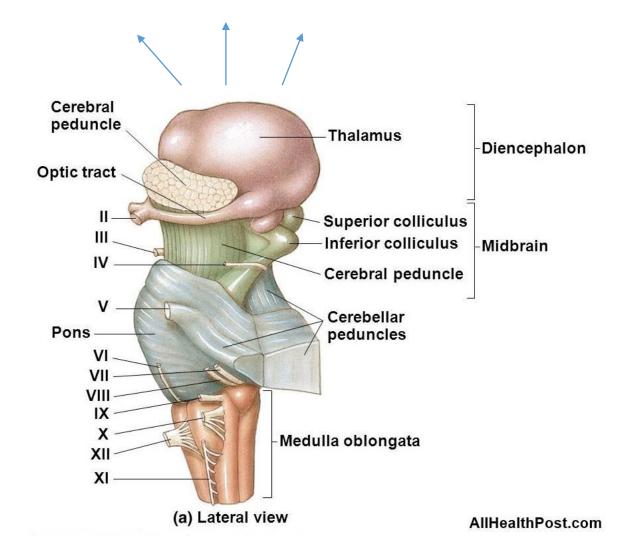




### Thalamus

The brains relay station

#### Different parts of the cerebral cortex





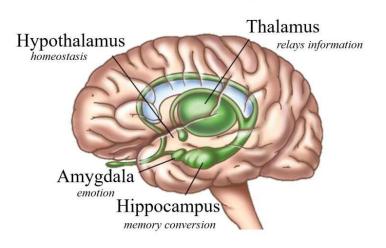
### Hippocampus

### There is a hippocampus in the left and right temporal lobe

 Translated from Greek it means seahorse, presumably given this name because it looks like one

#### It is involved in learning associations between things

- If damaged you have serious problems learning
- The famous case of HM: bilateral hippocampus damage
  - Global amnesia couldn't learn and recall new conscious memories
  - Did retain many motor memories
  - Could learn procedural memories
- KC (Kent Cochrane) similar damage. Almost perfect semantic knowledge, but no episodic memory



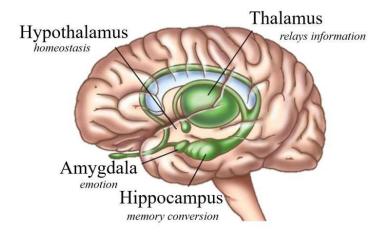


### Amygdala

The amygdala is a small almond shaped structure – there is left and right amygdala located within the temporal lobes

It is one of the emotional centres of the brain

- Anger, fear, and anxiety
- Damage:
  - Kluver-Bucy syndrome
    - Lose fear and inhibitions
    - Inappropriate sexual behaviours and social functions
    - Stick things in their mouths a lot
- Take inapproriate risks weaker loss aversion
  - Possibly better at acting based on pure statistical outcomes





### Hypothalamus and pituitary gland

#### Two main functions

- Hormones
- Homeostasis

