Lab 10: Dynamically Scoped Semantics

What states do these programs terminate in?

```
f() { x = y; };

y = 2;

g() { y = x; };

f; g;

{f \mapsto x = y; y \mapsto 2; g \mapsto y = x; x \mapsto 2}
```

F(){Y=\$X;};G(){X=0;};G;F;X=1;F;

$$\{F \mapsto Y = \$X; G \mapsto X = 0; X \mapsto 1; Y \mapsto 1\}$$

- A **prog** is a sequence of **stmts**, executed in order
- A stmt can assign a var to an int literal or assign a var to the (int) value of a var, or declare a fun, or invoke a fun
- An env is a finite map from vars to values
- A value is either an int or a fun body (i.e. a prog)
- Config takes the form $\langle \mathcal{E}, p \rangle$ for env \mathcal{E} and prog p

Write the small-step rules for this **dynamically-scoped** imperative language.

• Judgments should take the form $\langle \mathcal{E}, p \rangle \longrightarrow \langle \mathcal{E}', p' \rangle$

Write the big-step semantics as well.

• Judgments should take the form $\langle \mathcal{E}, p \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}'$

With time remaining, implement in OCaml. (Skeleton provided in repo, as well as solution)

Small-Step Semantics

$$\frac{}{\langle \mathcal{E}, x = n; p \rangle \rightarrow \langle \mathcal{E}[x \mapsto n], p \rangle} \text{ AssnInt}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{E}(x') = n \in \mathbb{Z}}{\langle \mathcal{E}, x = \$x'; p \rangle \longrightarrow \langle \mathcal{E}[x \mapsto n], p \rangle} \text{ AssnVar}$$

$$\frac{}{\langle \mathcal{E}, f() \{p'\}; p \rangle \to \langle \mathcal{E}[f \mapsto p'], p \rangle} \text{ Dec}$$

$$\frac{}{\langle \mathcal{E}, f; p \rangle \longrightarrow \langle \mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}(f) p \rangle}$$
 Call (alternative)

$$\frac{\mathcal{E}(f) = p' \in \text{prog}}{\langle \mathcal{E}, f; p \rangle \longrightarrow \langle \mathcal{E}, p' p \rangle} \text{ Call}$$

Big-Step Semantics

$$\frac{\langle \mathcal{E}[x \mapsto n], p \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}'}{\langle \mathcal{E}, x = n; p \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}'} \text{ AssnInt}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{E}(x') = n \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \langle \mathcal{E}[x \mapsto n], p \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}'}{\langle \mathcal{E}, x = \$x'; p \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}'} \text{ AssnVar}$$

$$\frac{\langle \mathcal{E}[f \mapsto p'], p \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}'}{\langle \mathcal{E}, f() \{p'\}; p \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}'} \text{ Decl}$$

$$\mathcal{E}(f) = p' \in \text{prog}$$

$$\frac{\langle \mathcal{E}, p' \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}' \quad \langle \mathcal{E}', p \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}''}{\langle \mathcal{E}, f; p \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}''} \quad \text{Call}$$

$$\langle \mathcal{E}, f; p \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}'' \quad \text{(alternative)}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{E}(f) = p' \in \text{prog} \quad \langle \mathcal{E}, p' p \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}'}{\langle \mathcal{E}, f; p \rangle \Downarrow \mathcal{E}'} \text{ Call}$$