

Scalable Compositional Static Taint Analysis for Industrial Microservices

Zexin Zhong, Jiangchao Liu, Diyu Wu, Peng Di, Yulei Sui and Alex X. Liu
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Outline

- Background & Motivation
- Challenges
- Approach
- Evaluation

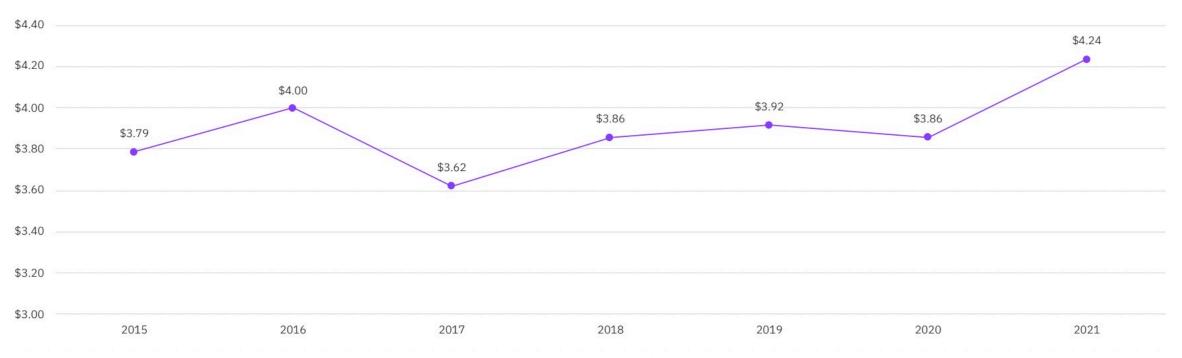


Background



Increasing Cost of Data Breach in Industry

Measured in US\$ millions



Average total cost of a data breach

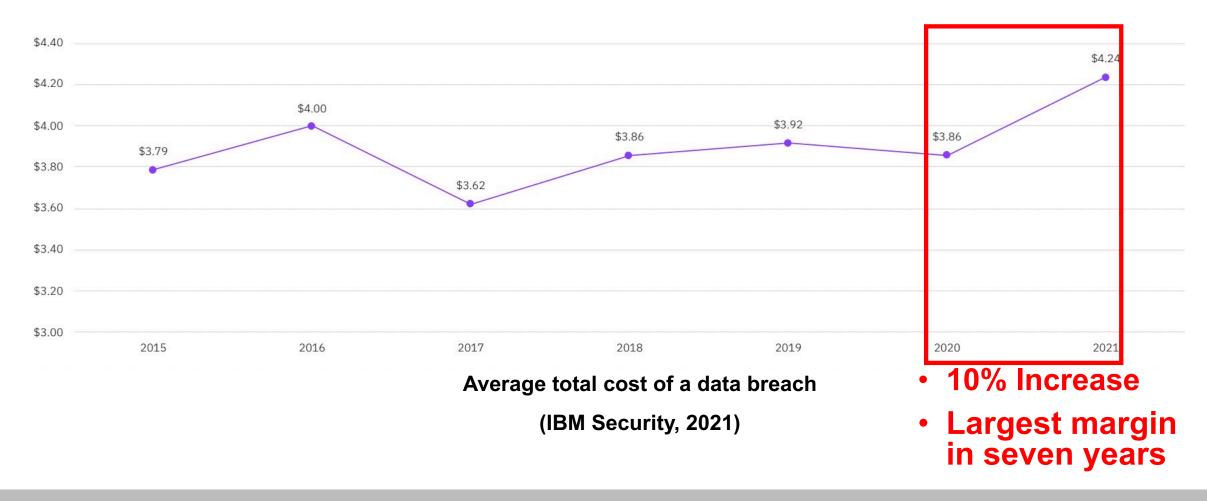
(IBM Security, 2021)





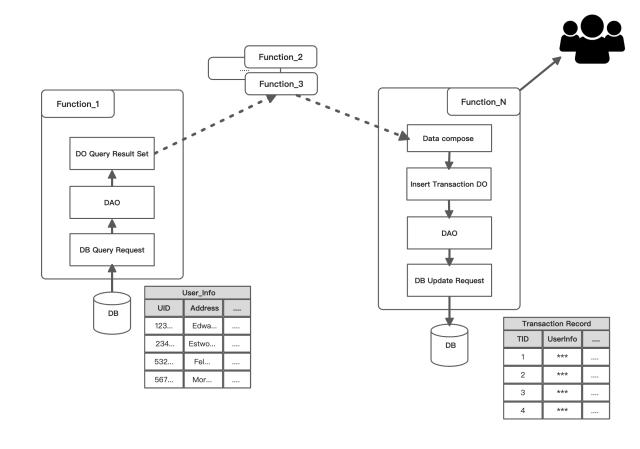
Increasing Cost of Data Breach in Industry

Measured in US\$ millions



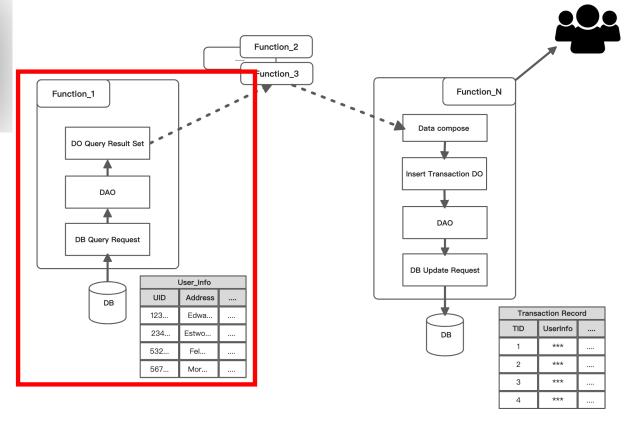


Security: data leak detection



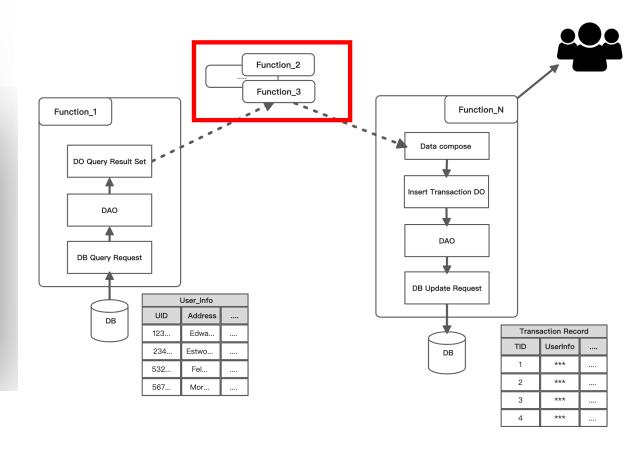


```
public User loadUserDetail(int UID){
    ....
    // Query user information from database by ID
    User user = getSqlMapClientTemplate().queryForObject("LOAD-ALL-USER-INFO-BY-UID", UID);
    return user;
}
```



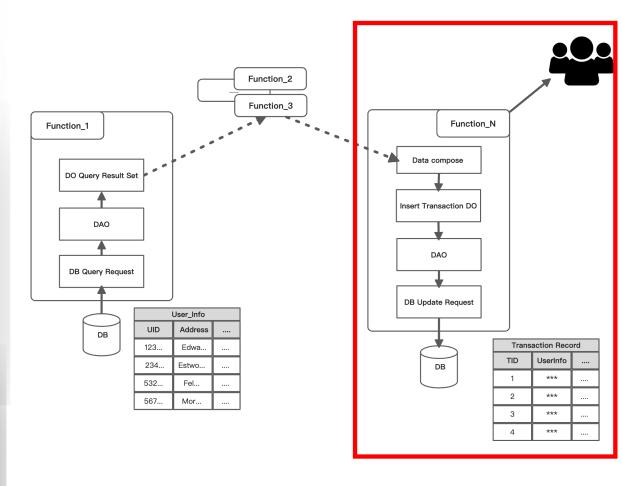


```
public Transaction generateTranscation(Order order, Payment payment, User user){
   Transaction transaction = new Transaction();
   // Desensitize sensitive data
   String secretData = desensitizeData(user.getName()...);
   // User combine the secret data to generate the description
   String description = secretData + payment.getType() + order.getID();
   transaction.setDescription(description);
   return Transaction;
```



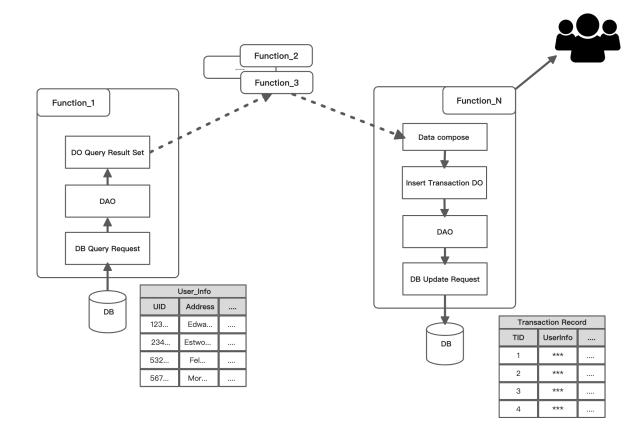


```
public Transaction generateTranscation(Order order, Payment payment, User user){
    Transaction transaction = new Transaction();
    String secretData = desensitizeData(user.getName()...);
    String description = secretData + payment.getType() + order.getID();
    transaction.setDescription(description);
    return Transaction;
public void handleTranscation(int UID, Order order, Payment payment){
   User user = loadUserDetail(UID);
   Transaction transaction = generateTranscation(order, payment, user);
   // Insert the generated transaction to the database
   getSqlMapClientTemplate().insert("INSERT-NEW-TRANSCACTION-RECORD", transaction);
```



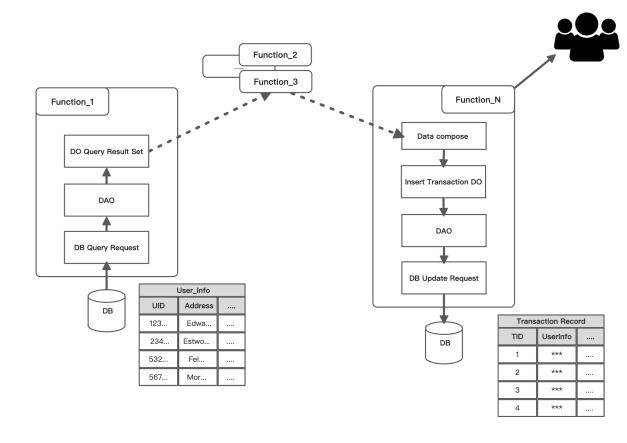


1. Where will the user information be loaded in the microservices applications?



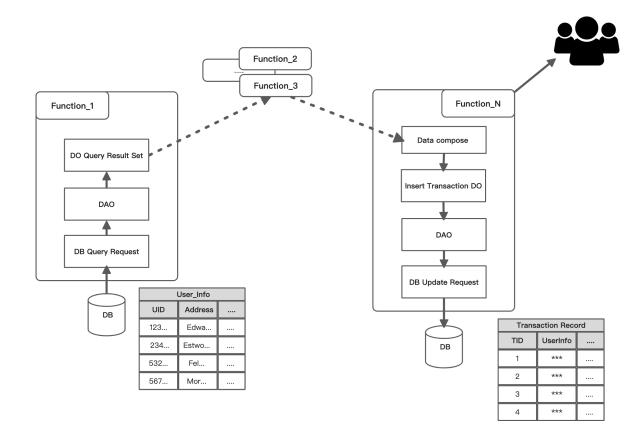


- 1. Where will the user information be loaded in the microservices applications?
- 2. How will the user information be used in the microservices applications?





- Where will the user information be loaded in the microservices applications?
- 2. How will the user information be used in the microservices applications?
- 3. How to identify the propagation paths of the user information in the microservices applications?





- ◆What is taint analysis?
 - Information/data flow tracking analysis
 - Aims to reason about the control and data dependence from a source to sink



- ♦ What is taint analysis?
 - Information/data flow tracking analysis
 - Aims to reason about the control and data dependence from a source to sink
- ◆What can taint analysis do?
 - ◆ Detect sensitive data leak



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 - **◆**Detect code vulnerability



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 - ◆ Detect code vulnerability
 - ◆Use for change governance

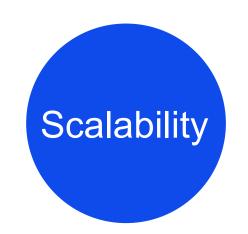


- ◆What is taint analysis?
 - Information/data flow tracking analysis
 - Aims to reason about the control and data dependence from a source to sink
- ◆What can taint analysis do?
 - ◆ Detect sensitive data leak
 - **◆**Detect code vulnerability
 - ◆Use for change governance

- FlowDroid
- ANTaint
- F4F
- DroidInfer

















Challenge 1: Low Recall Rate

Unsound call-graph due to framework behaviours



```
public User loadUserDetail(int UID){
    ...
    // Query user information from database by ID
    User user = getSqUMapc(LientTemplate(),queryForObject(
    "LOAD-ALL_USER-INFO-BY-UID", UID);
    return user;
}

public void handleTranscation(int UID, Order order, Payment payment){
    ...
    User user = loadUserDetail(UID);
    landsExample(user);
    Transaction transaction = generateTranscation(order, payment, user);
    // Insert the generated transaction to the database getSqUMapc(LientTemplate().insert("INSERT-NEW-TRANSCACTION-RECORD"
    , transaction);
    ...
}

public void lambdaExample(User user){
    ...
    //Lumbda expression which print out the uid and password
    OperationInter1 expose = (int uid, String password) -> System.out.println(
    "UserID:"*uid="password"*password);
    ...
}
```

Code Fragment

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```
public User loadUserDetail(int UID) {

// Ourry user information from database by ID

User user = getSqlMspcllentTemplate().queryforObject(

**LOAD-ALL-USER_INTO-OY-UID**, UID);

return user;
}

public void handleTranscation(int UID, Order order, Payment payment) {

User user = loadUserDetail(UID);

lambdaExample(user);

Transaction transaction = generateTranscation(order, payment, user);

// Insert the generated transaction to the database getSqlMspclLentTemplate().insert(**UNSER_NNON-TRANSCACTION-RECORD**)

public void lambdaExample(User user) {

// Lambda example(User user) {

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// Lambda example(User) and password operationInter! expose = (int uid, String password) >> System.out.println(

**User*ID:***uid***password:**-password);

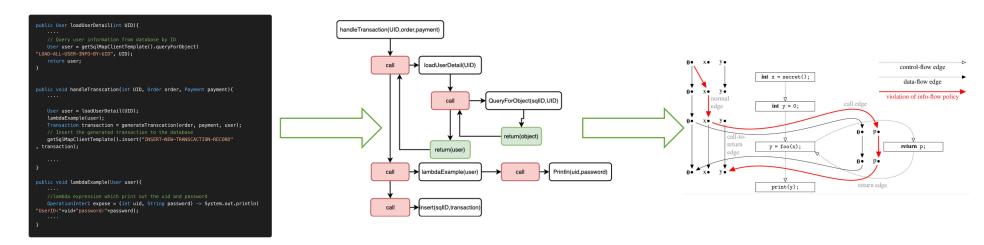
}
```

Code Fragment

Call Graph

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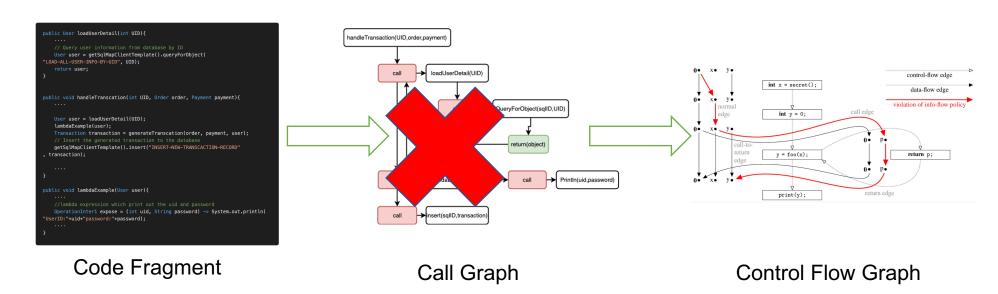


Code Fragment

Call Graph

Data Flow Graph



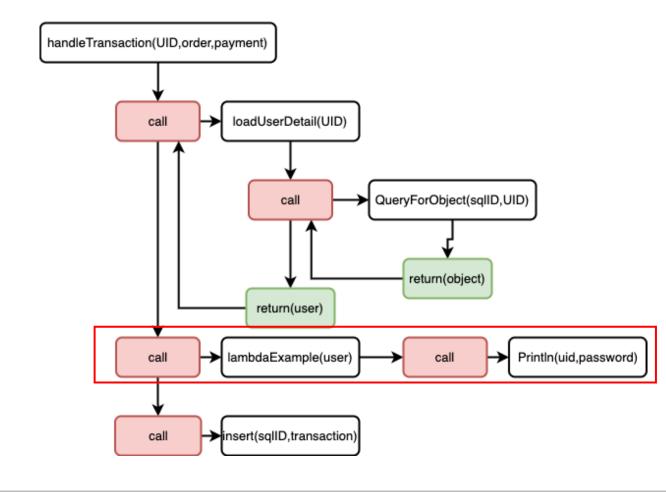


Unsound call graph due to complex framework behaviors

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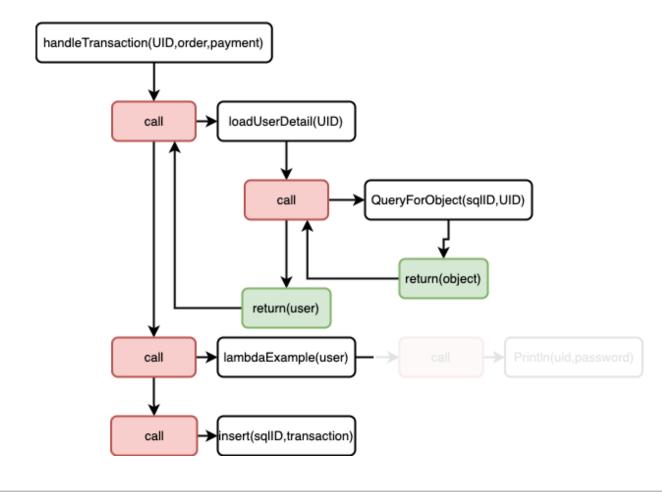
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public void lambdaExample(User user){
   //lambda expression which print out the uid and password
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```



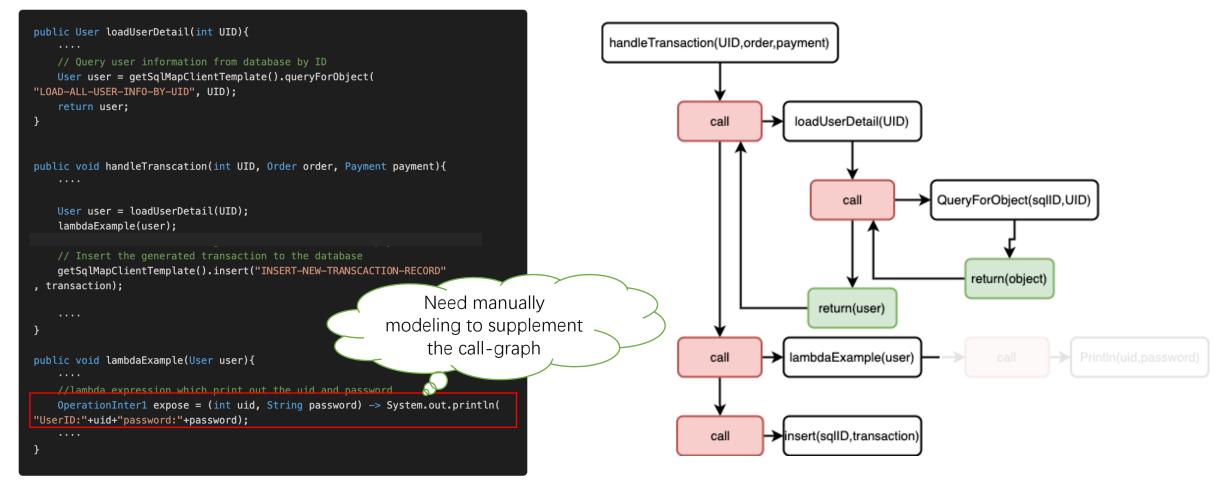
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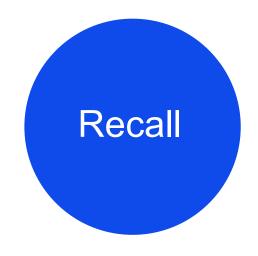
```
public User loadUserDetail(int UID){
                                                                                        handleTransaction(UID,order,payment)
   // Query user information from database by ID
   User user = getSqlMapClientTemplate().queryForObject(
"LOAD-ALL-USER-INFO-BY-UID", UID);
   return user;
                                                                                                                     loadUserDetail(UID)
                                                                                                        call
public void handleTranscation(int UID, Order order, Payment payment){
                                                                                                                                           QueryForObject(sqIID,UID)
                                                                                                                             call
   User user = loadUserDetail(UID);
   lambdaExample(user);
   // Insert the generated transaction to the database
   getSqlMapClientTemplate().insert("INSERT-NEW-TRANSCACTION-RECORD"
                                                                                                                                                 return(object)
, transaction);
                                                            Need manually
                                                                                                                         return(user)
                                                      modeling to supplement
                                                            the call-graph
                                                                                                                 lambdaExample(user)
public void lambdaExample(User user){
  //lambda expression which print out the uid and password
   OperationInter1 expose = (int uid, String password) -> System.out.println(
"UserID:"+uid+"password:"+password);
                                                                                                                →insert(sqIID,transaction)

    Incomplete call-graph caused the
```

UTS lack of trace

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Challenge 1: Low Recall Rate

Unsound call-graph due to framework behaviours



Challenge 2: Unscalable

Costly in both memory usage and time consumption



App Code

Libraries

- Dependencies (Utils ...)
- Framework (Spring, SOFA ...)
- Platform (Java SDK)



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Classes: dozens of thousands



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- Jar Package: 100 MB+



App Code
Libraries

- Dependencies (Utils ...)
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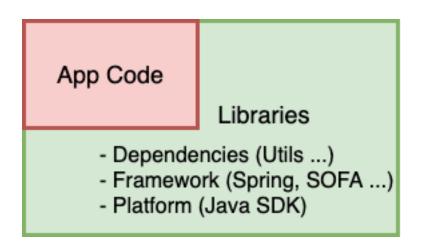
- Classes: dozens of thousands
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- Services Methods: a few hundreds



App Code Libraries - Dependencies (Utils ...) - Framework (Spring, SOFA ...) - Platform (Java SDK)

- Classes: dozens of thousands
- Jar Package: 100 MB+
- Services Methods: a few hundreds
- Interested Fields: dozens of thousands

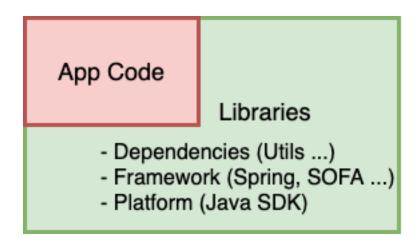




- Classes: dozens of thousands
- Jar Package: 100 MB+
- Services Methods: a few hundreds
- Interested Fields: dozens of thousands

Massive amount of context information need to maintenance



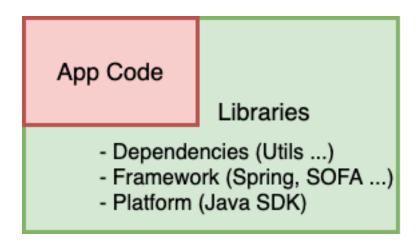


- Classes: dozens of thousands
- Jar Package: 100 MB+
- Services Methods: a few hundreds
- Interested Fields: dozens of thousands

- Massive amount of context information need to maintenance
- Functions invoked under different contexts must be (re)analyzed



Challenge2: Scalability



- Classes: dozens of thousands
- Jar Package: 100 MB+
- Services Methods: a few hundreds
- Interested Fields: dozens of thousands

- Massive amount of context information need to maintenance
- Functions invoked under different contexts must be (re)analyzed

Existing tools run too long and use too much memory



Challenges



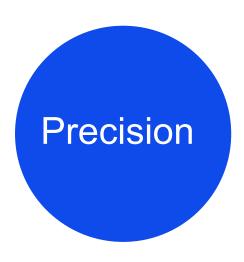
Challenge 1: Low Recall Rate

Unsound call-graph due to framework behaviours



Challenge 2: Unscalable

Costly in both memory usage and time consumption



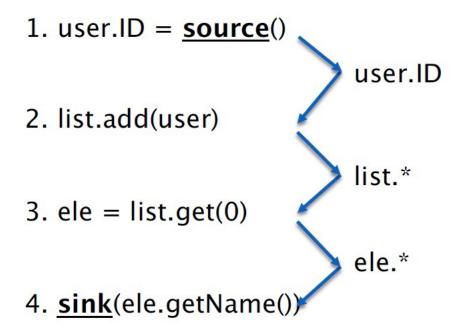
Challenge 3: Inaccuracy

Over-tainted due to inaccurate taint trace in container



Challenge3: Precision

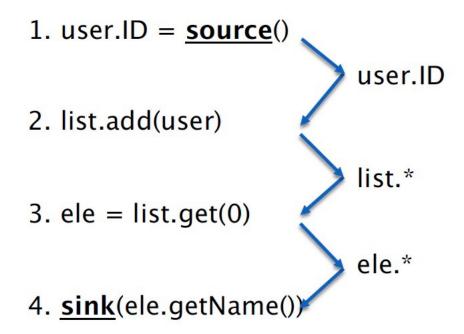
A simple model introduces false positives





Challenge3: Precision

A simple model introduces false positives



ele.name is regarded as tainted





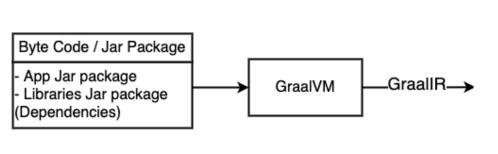
Approach



Byte Code / Jar Package

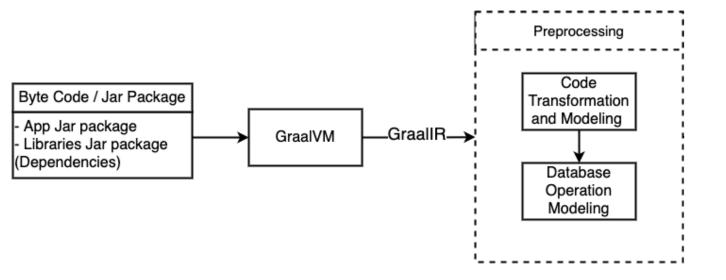
- App Jar package - Libraries Jar package (Dependencies)





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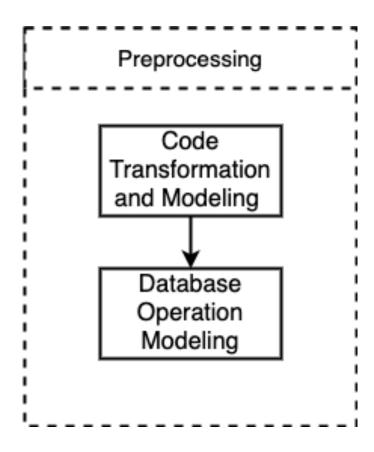




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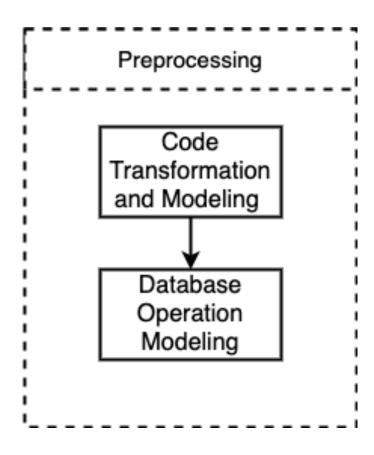
Code Transformation and Modeling Module





Code Transformation and Modeling Module

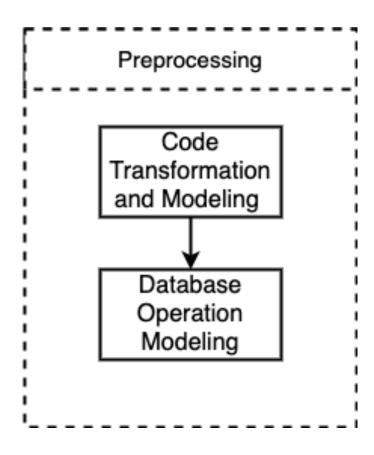
• Framework code (e.g. RPC)





Code Transformation and Modeling Module

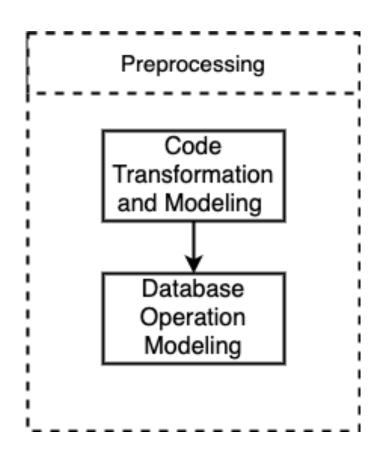
- Framework code (e.g. RPC)
- Hidden code of the AOP invoke





Code Transformation and Modeling Module

- Framework code (e.g. RPC)
- Hidden code of the AOP invoke
- Operation of the container code (e.g. map.put(), list.add(), JSON.format(), etc.)



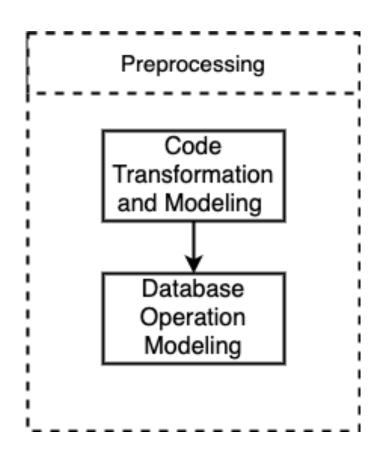


Code Transformation and Modeling Module

- Framework code (e.g. RPC)
- Hidden code of the AOP invoke
- Operation of the container code (e.g. map.put(), list.add(), JSON.format(), etc.)

Database Operation Modeling Module

Extract and analysis all SQL statement from the targeted code

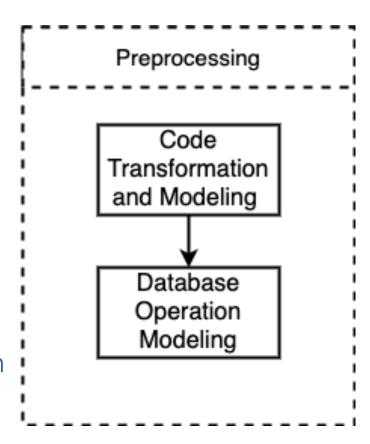




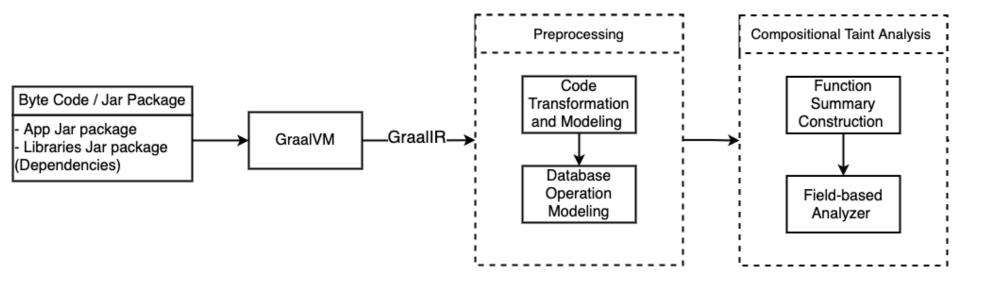
Code Transformation and Modeling Module

- Framework code (e.g. RPC)
- Hidden code of the AOP invoke
- Operation of the container code (e.g. map.put(), list.add(), JSON.format(), etc.)

- Extract and analysis all SQL statement from the targeted code
- Generate the relationship between variable and database column







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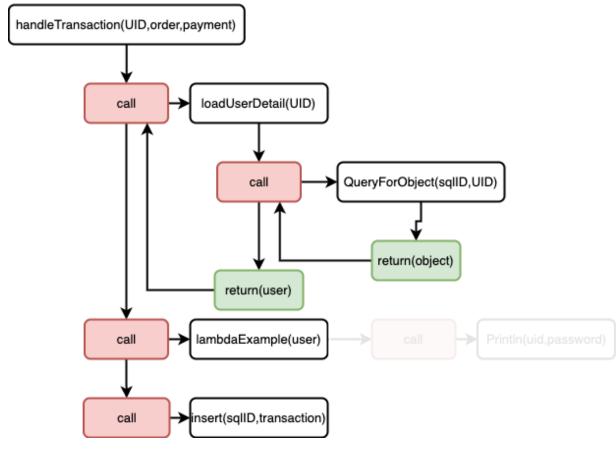
Recall: Filed-based Static Taint Analysis

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Recall: Filed-based Static Taint Analysis

```
public User loadUserDetail(int UID){
   // Query user information from database by ID
   User user = getSqlMapClientTemplate().queryForObject(
"LOAD-ALL-USER-INFO-BY-UID", UID);
    return user;
public void handleTranscation(int UID, Order order, Payment payment){
   User user = loadUserDetail(UID);
   lambdaExample(user);
   Transaction transaction = generateTranscation(order, payment, user);
   // Insert the generated transaction to the database
   getSqlMapClientTemplate().insert("INSERT-NEW-TRANSCACTION-RECORD"
, transaction);
    . . . .
public void lambdaExample(User user){
   //lambda expression which print out the uid and password
   OperationInter1 expose = (int uid, String password) -> System.out.println(
"UserID:"+uid+"password:"+password);
```



All propagation of the same field are related

```
Algorithm 1: Inter-Procedure Taint Analysis
    Input :application A
    Output: G
_{1} \mathbb{G}=\emptyset, \mathbb{S}=\emptyset
2 foreach m \in \mathbb{M} do
          S_m = BuildSummary(m, \mathbb{G}, \mathbb{S})
          \mathbb{S} = \mathbb{S} \cup \{\mathcal{S}_m\}
5 return G
6 Function BuildSummary(m, \mathbb{G}, \mathbb{S}):
          \mathbb{T}_p = \emptyset, \mathbb{R}_f = \emptyset, \mathbb{R}_p = \emptyset, \mathbb{MID} = \emptyset
          S_m = \{\mathbb{T}_p, \mathbb{R}_f, \mathbb{R}_p\}
          foreach statement \in m do
                if statement: v \leftarrow v' then
10
                      if v is local then
11
                           MID = MID \cup \{\langle v, v' \rangle\}
12
                      else if v : \_.f then
13
                            foreach p_i \in find(v', MID) do
14
                                 \mathbb{T}_p = \mathbb{T}_p \cup \{\langle p_i, f \rangle\}
15
                           foreach \_.f' \in find(v', MID) do
16
                                 \mathbb{G} = \mathbb{G} \cup \{\langle f', f \rangle\}
17
                else if statement : return v then
18
                      foreach p_i \in find(v, MID) do
19
                            \mathbb{R}_p = \mathbb{R}_f \cup \{p_i\}
20
                      foreach \_.f \in find(v, MID) do
21
                           \mathbb{R}_f = \mathbb{R}_f \cup \{f\}
22
                else if statement : v = m'(v') then
23
                      S_{m'} = generate(m', S)
24
                      foreach p_i \in find(v', MID) do
25
                            foreach \langle p_i', f \rangle \in \mathbb{T}_p' do
26
                                 \mathbb{T}_p = \mathbb{T}_p \cup \{\langle p_i, f \rangle\}
27
                      foreach \_.f' \in find(v', MID) do
28
                            foreach \langle p_i', f \rangle \in \mathbb{T}_p' do
29
                                 \mathbb{G} = \mathbb{G} \cup \{\langle f', f \rangle\}
30
                     \mathbb{MID} = \mathbb{MID} \cup \{\langle v, src \rangle \mid src \in \mathbb{R}'_{f} \mid | src \in \mathbb{R}'_{p} \}
31
32 return S_m
```

Start the analysis from any function randomly

```
Algorithm 1: Inter-Procedure Taint Analysis
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                                 \mathbb{G} = \mathbb{G} \cup \{\langle f', f \rangle\}
17
                else if statement : return v then
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                      foreach p_i \in find(v, MID) do
19
                            \mathbb{R}_p = \mathbb{R}_f \cup \{p_i\}
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22
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25
                            foreach \langle p_i', f \rangle \in \mathbb{T}_p' do
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27
                      foreach .f' \in find(v', MID) do
28
                           foreach \langle p'_i, f \rangle \in \mathbb{T}'_p do
29
                                 \mathbb{G} = \mathbb{G} \cup \{\langle f', f \rangle\}
30
                      \mathbb{MID} = \mathbb{MID} \cup \{\langle v, src \rangle \mid src \in \mathbb{R}'_{\varepsilon} \mid | src \in \mathbb{R}'_{p} \}
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32 return S_m
```

- Start the analysis from any function randomly
- Generate a data propagation summary for each function

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                      foreach f' \in find(v', MID) do
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                            foreach \langle p'_i, f \rangle \in \mathbb{T}'_p do
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                                 \mathbb{G} = \mathbb{G} \cup \{\langle f', f \rangle\}
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```

- Start the analysis from any function randomly
- Generate a data propagation summary for each function
 - Only maintenance the context information of the current function
 - On demand call analysis with the function summary

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 _{1} \mathbb{G}=\emptyset, \mathbb{S}=\emptyset
 2 foreach m \in \mathbb{M} do
          S_m = BuildSummary(m, \mathbb{G}, \mathbb{S})
          \mathbb{S} = \mathbb{S} \cup \{\mathcal{S}_m\}
 5 return G
 6 Function BuildSummary(m, \mathbb{G}, \mathbb{S}):
          \mathbb{T}_p = \emptyset, \mathbb{R}_f = \emptyset, \mathbb{R}_p = \emptyset, \mathbb{MID} = \emptyset
          S_m = \{\mathbb{T}_p, \mathbb{R}_f, \mathbb{R}_p\}
          foreach statement \in m do
                if statement: v \leftarrow v' then
10
                      if v is local then
11
                            MID = MID \cup \{\langle v, v' \rangle\}
                      else if v : .f then
13
                            foreach p_i \in find(v', MID) do
 14
                                  \mathbb{T}_p = \mathbb{T}_p \cup \{\langle p_i, f \rangle\}
 15
                            foreach \_.f' \in find(v', MID) do
                                  \mathbb{G} = \mathbb{G} \cup \{\langle f', f \rangle\}
                else if statement : return v then
18
                      foreach p_i \in find(v, MID) do
19
                            \mathbb{R}_p = \mathbb{R}_f \cup \{p_i\}
 20
                      foreach \_.f \in find(v, MID) do
21
                            \mathbb{R}_f = \mathbb{R}_f \cup \{f\}
 22
                else if statement : v = m'(v') then
23
                      S_{m'} = generate(m', S)
24
                      foreach p_i \in find(v', MID) do
                            foreach \langle p_i', f \rangle \in \mathbb{T}_p' do
 26
                                  \mathbb{T}_p = \mathbb{T}_p \cup \{\langle p_i, f \rangle\}
                      foreach .f' \in find(v', MID) do
28
                            foreach \langle p'_i, f \rangle \in \mathbb{T}'_p do
 29
                                 \mathbb{G} = \mathbb{G} \cup \{\langle f', f \rangle\}
                      \mathbb{MID} = \mathbb{MID} \cup \{\langle v, src \rangle \mid src \in \mathbb{R}'_{\ell} \mid | src \in \mathbb{R}'_{p} \}
31
32 return S_m
```

```
public User loadUserDetail(int UID){
    . . . .
    // Query user information from database by ID
    User user = getSqlMapClientTemplate().queryForObject("LOAD-ALL-USER-INFO-BY-UID", UID);
    return user;
public String generateTransaction(int UID, Order order, Payment payment){
    User user = loadUserDetail(UID);
    String secretData = user.getPassword() + user.getUID() + user.getName();
    String transactionMessage = order.getID() + secretData();
    ....
    return transactionMessage;
```



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```
public User loadUserDetail(int UID){
   // Query user information from database by ID
   User user = getSqlMapClientTemplate().queryForObject("LOAD-ALL-USER-INFO-BY-UID", UID);
    return user;
public String generateTransaction(int UID, Order order, Payment payment){
   User user = loadUserDetail(UID);
   String secretData = user.getPassword() + user.getUID() + user.getName();
   String transactionMessage = order.getID() + secretData();
    . . . .
    return transactionMessage;
                                             Existed: pass UID as context information.
                                             No Exist: generate the summarization
```

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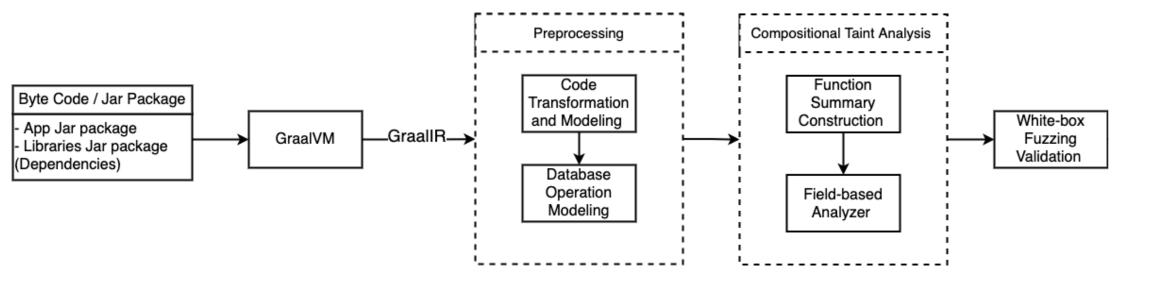


```
public User loadUserDetail(int UID){
    // Query user information from database by ID
    User user = getSqlMapClientTemplate().queryForObject("LOAD-ALL-USER-INFO-BY-UID", UID);
    return user;
public String generateTransaction(int UID, Order order, Payment payment){
    . . . .
    User user = loadUserDetail(UID);
    String secretData = user.getPassword() + user.getUID() + user.getName();
    String transactionMessage = order.getID() + secretData();
    ....
    return transactionMessage;
```

{ [SQL:LOAD-ALL-USER -> returnObject] -> user -> secretData -> transactionMessage -> returnObj}

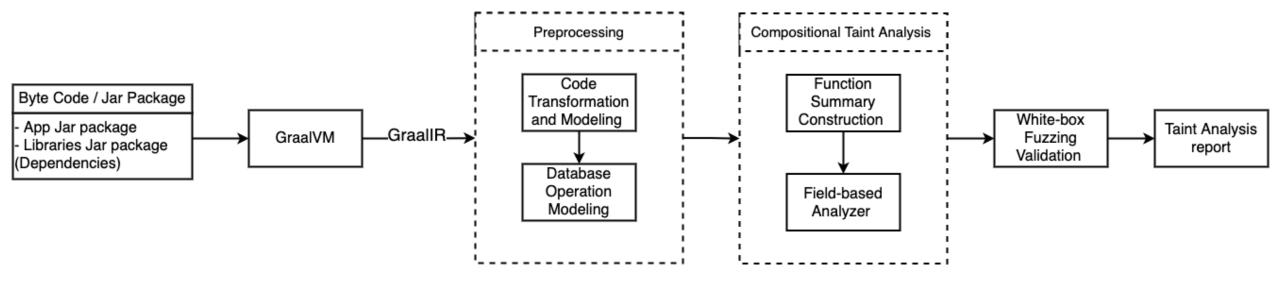






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Evaluation



Datasets

Open-source Micro-benchmark

Production-benchmark



Datasets

- Open-source Micro-benchmark
 - ◆ Provides by Wang et al. (2020) on GitHub
 - Contributed by the industry experts
 - Including 27 cases that developers are concerned with in the industry scenario
- Production-benchmark



Datasets

Open-source Micro-benchmark

- ◆ Provides by Wang et al. (2020) on GitHub
- Contributed by the industry experts
- Including 27 cases that developers are concerned with in the industry scenario

Production-benchmark

- Contains more than 500 core production microservices applications of the industry partner
- Written in SOFA architecture



Research Questions

 RQ1: What is the performance of our approach when it is applied on real world industrial cases?



Research Questions

 RQ1: What is the performance of our approach when it is applied on real world industrial cases?

 RQ2: How well does our approach in terms of precision and recall for sensitive data tracing on industrial microservices applications?



Research Questions

 RQ1: What is the performance of our approach when it is applied on real world industrial cases?

 RQ2: How well does our approach in terms of precision and recall for sensitive data tracing on industrial microservices applications?

 RQ3: How TaintFuzz is compared to existing tools, such as ANTaint?



Evaluation: Performance

RQ1: What is the performance of our approach when it is applied on real world industrial cases?

Evaluate on the Open-source Micro-benchmark

Evaluation: Performance

RQ1: What is the performance of our approach when it is applied on real world industrial cases?

- Evaluate on the Open-source Micro-benchmark
 - Pass 93% (25 out of 27 cases) of the test scenarios
 - With the precision of 100%

		ANTaint			TaintFuzz		
Micro-benchmark	Exp	Exa	FN	FP	Exa	FN	FP
queryForPageTaint	5	5	0	0	5	0	0
resolveFromReference	10	10	0	0	0	10	0
updateRidAll	18	18	0	0	18	0	0
queryAllTaint	15	15	0	0	15	0	0
allResolve	20	20	0	0	20	0	0
saveAndQuery	15	15	0	0	15	0	0
updateRidByName	10	10	0	0	10	0	0
queryByNameTaint	5	5	0	0	5	0	0
queryByName2Taint	4	4	0	0	4	0	0
saveSampleByResult	10	10	0	0	10	0	0
batchResolve	10	10	0	0	10	0	0
resolveSampleResult	10	10	0	0	0	10	0
queryByCallback1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
queryByCallbacks34	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
queryByCallbacks56	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
queryByCallbacks12	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
queryByCallbacks13	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
queryByCallbacks15	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
testMultiplePaths4	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
testList2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
testList3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
testList4	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
testDeepCopy	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
testDeepCopy2	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
Total						20	0

Evaluation: Performance

RQ1: What is the performance of our approach when it is applied on real world industrial cases?

- Evaluate on the Open-source Micro-benchmark
 - Pass 93% (25 out of 27 cases) of the test scenarios
 - With the precision of 100%

Two cases are failed to find any taint propagation paths because of using a super-class object as a source for the analysis

		ANTaint			TaintFuzz		
Micro-benchmark	Exp	Exa	FN	FP	Exa	FN	FP
queryForPageTaint	5	5	0	0	5	0	0
resolveFromReference	10	10	0	0	0	10	0
updateRidAll	18	18	0	0	18	0	0
queryAllTaint	15	15	0	0	15	0	0
allResolve	20	20	0	0	20	0	0
saveAndQuery	15	15	0	0	15	0	0
updateRidByName	10	10	0	0	10	0	0
queryByNameTaint	5	5	0	0	5	0	0
queryByName2Taint	4	4	0	0	4	0	0
saveSampleByResult	10	10	0	0	10	0	0
batchResolve	10	10	0	0	10	0	0
resolveSampleResult	10	10	0	0	0	10	0
queryByCallback1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
queryByCallbacks34	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
queryByCallbacks56	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
queryByCallbacks12	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
queryByCallbacks13	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
queryByCallbacks15	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
testMultiplePaths4	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
testList2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
testList3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
testList4	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
testDeepCopy	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
testDeepCopy2	2	2	0	0	2	0	0
Total						20	0



RQ2: How well does our approach in terms of precision and recall for sensitive data tracing on industrial microservices applications?

Production benchmark: more than 500 microservices applications

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• Ture/Correct Path (TP): Correct taint paths that are identified



Ture/Correct Path (TP): Correct taint paths that are identified

False-Negative Path (FN): Correct taint paths that are not identified



Ture/Correct Path (TP): Correct taint paths that are identified

False-Negative Path (FN): Correct taint paths that are not identified

False-Positive Path (FP): Incorrect taint paths that are identified



Ture/Correct Path (TP): Correct taint paths that are identified

False-Negative Path (FN): Correct taint paths that are not identified

False-Positive Path (FP): Incorrect taint paths that are identified

• Recall of our approach: $Recall = \frac{TP}{TP+FN}$



- Ture/Correct Path (TP): Correct taint paths that are identified
- False-Negative Path (FN): Correct taint paths that are not identified
- False-Positive Path (FP): Incorrect taint paths that are identified
- Recall of our approach: $Recall = \frac{TP}{TP+FN}$
- Precision (P) of our approach: $P = \frac{TP}{TP + FP}$



- Ture/Correct Path (TP): Correct taint paths that are identified
- False-Negative Path (FN): Correct taint paths that are not identified
- False-Positive Path (FP): Incorrect taint paths that are identified
- Recall (R) of our approach: $R = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$
- Precision (P) of our approach: $P = \frac{TP}{TP + FP}$
- Overall time consumption



RQ2: How well does our approach in terms of precision and recall for sensitive data tracing on industrial microservices applications?

Production benchmark: more than 500 microservices applications

Average Precision of 94% and Recall of 98%

	Code	Size			AN	Taint			TaintFuzz								
App	app(MB)	lib(MB)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)			
M1	40.9	85.5	9	2	3	2260	81.82%	75%	11	0	0	167.41	100%	100%			
M2	4.7	78	5	2	1	906	71.43%	83%	7	0	0	67.97	100%	100%			
М3	20.4	173.3	3	5	6	4423	37.50%	33%	8	1	2	369	88.89%	80%			
M4	19.3	80.6	8	0	4	2517	100%	67%	8	0	1	180.8	100%	89%			
M5	3.4	68.2	6	1	2	1124	85.71%	75%	7	0	0	166.89	100%	100%			
M6	2.3	193.9	5	3	1	51.7	62.50%	83%	8	0	0	14	100%	100%			
Avg	12%	88%	55%	19.70%	25.76%	1880.3	73.16%	68%	92.45%	1.89%	5.67%	161.0	98%	94%			
	Note: TP = Correct/True Paths, FN = False-negative, FP = False-positive, P = Precision																

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RQ2: How well does our approach in terms of precision and recall for sensitive data tracing on industrial microservices applications?

Production benchmark: more than 500 microservices applications

Average Precision of 94% and Recall of 98%

Worst Precision of 80% and Recall of 88.98%

	Code	Size			AN	VTaint			TaintFuzz						
App	app(MB)	lib(MB)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)	
M1	40.9	85.5	9	2	3	2260	81.82%	75%	11	0	0	167.41	100%	100%	
M2	4.7	78	5	2	1	906	71.43%	83%	7	0	0	67.97	100%	100%	
М3	20.4	173.3	3	5	6	4423	37.50%	33%	8	1	2	369	88.89%	80%	
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M6	2.3	193.9	5	3	1	51.7	62.50%	83%	8	0	0	14	100%	100%	
Avg	12%	88%	55%	19.70%	25.76%	1880.3	73.16%	68%	92.45%	1.89%	5.67%	161.0	98%	94%	

Note: TP = Correct/True Paths, FN = False-negative, FP = False-positive, P = Precision

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RQ2: How well does our approach in terms of precision and recall for sensitive data tracing on industrial microservices applications?

Production benchmark: more than 500 microservices applications

	Code	Size			AN	Taint		TaintFuzz							
App	app(MB)	lib(MB)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)	
M1	40.9	85.5	9	2	3	2260	81.82%	75%	11	0	0	167.41	100%	100%	
M2	4.7	78	5	2	1	906	71.43%	83%	7	0	0	67.97	100%	100%	
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M5	3.4	68.2	6	1	2	1124	85.71%	75%	7	0	0	166.89	100%	100%	
M6	2.3	193.9	5	3	1	51.7	62.50%	83%	8	0	0	14	100%	100%	
Avg	12%	19.70%	25.76%	68%	92.45%	1.89%	5.67%	161.0	98%	94%					
	Note: TP = Correct/True Paths, FN = False-negative, FP = False-positive, P = Precision														

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RQ2: How well does our approach in terms of precision and recall for sensitive data tracing on industrial microservices applications?

Production benchmark: more than 500 microservices applications

1 FN Results: caused by the usage of a vague object as the taint source

3 FP Results: caused by the propagation between container with a non-constant key

	Code	Size			ANTaint				TaintFuzz						
App	app(MB)	lib(MB)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)	
M1	40.9	85.5	9	2	3	2260	81.82%	75%	11	0	0	167.41	100%	100%	
M2	4.7	78	5	2	1	906	71.43%	83%	7	0	0	67.97	100%	100%	
М3	20.4	173.3	3	5	6	4423	37.50%	33%	8	1	2	369	88.89%	80%	
M4	19.3	80.6	8	0	4	2517	100%	67%	8	0	1	180.8	100%	89%	
M5	3.4	68.2	6	1	2	1124	85.71%	75%	7	0	0	166.89	100%	100%	
M6	2.3	193.9	5	3	1	51.7	62.50%	83%	8	0	0	14	100%	100%	
Avg	12%	88%	55%	19.70%	25.76%	1880.3	73.16%	68%	92.45%	1.89%	5.67%	161.0	98%	94%	

Note: TP = Correct/True Paths, FN = False-negative, FP = False-positive, P = Precision

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RQ3: How TaintFuzz is compared to existing tools, such as ANTaint?

	Code	Size	ANTaint							TaintFuzz							
App	app(MB)	lib(MB)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)			
M1	40.9	85.5	9	2	3	2260	81.82%	75%	11	0	0	167.41	100%	100%			
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М3	20.4	173.3	3	5	6	4423	37.50%	33%	8	1	2	369	88.89%	80%			
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M6	2.3	193.9	5	3	1	51.7	62.50%	83%	8	0	0	14	100%	100%			
Avg	12%	88%	55%	19.70%	25.76%	1880.3	73.16%	68%	92.45%	1.89%	5.67%	161.0	98%	94%			
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Note: TP = Correct/True Paths, FN = False-negative, FP = False-positive, P = Precision

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RQ3: How TaintFuzz is compared to existing tools, such as ANTaint?

Precision: 68%(ANTaint) V.S. 94%(TaintFuzz) → 25% increase

	Code	Size			AN	VTaint			TaintFuzz							
App	app(MB)	lib(MB)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)		
M1	40.9	85.5	9	2	3	2260	81.82%	75%	11	0	0	167.41	100%	100%		
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M4	19.3	80.6	8	0	4	2517	100%	67%	8	0	1	180.8	100%	89%		
M5	3.4	68.2	6	1	2	1124	85.71%	75%	7	0	0	166.89	100%	100%		
M6	2.3	193.9	5	3	1	51.7	62.50%	83%	8	0	0	14	100%	100%		
Avg	12%	88%	55%	19.70%	25.76%	1880.3	73.16%	68%	92.45%	1.89%	5.67%	161.0	98%	94%		
	Note: TP = Correct/True Paths, FN = False-negative, FP = False-positive, P = Precision															



RQ3: How TaintFuzz is compared to existing tools, such as ANTaint?

Precision: 68%(ANTaint) V.S. 94%(TaintFuzz) → 25% increase

Recall: **73.16**%(ANTaint) *V.S.* **98**%(TaintFuzz) **→ 24.84**% **increase**

	Code	Size			AN	VTaint			TaintFuzz						
App	app(MB)	lib(MB)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)	
M1	40.9	85.5	9	2	3	2260	81.82%	75%	11	0	0	167.41	100%	100%	
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Avg	12%	88%	55%	19.70%	25.76%	1880.3	73.16%	68%	92.45%	1.89%	5.67%	161.0	98%	94%	
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Note: TP = Correct/True Paths, FN = False-negative, FP = False-positive, P = Precision



RQ3: How TaintFuzz is compared to existing tools, such as ANTaint?

Precision: 68%(ANTaint) V.S. 94%(TaintFuzz) → 25% increase

Recall: 73.16%(ANTaint) V.S. 98%(TaintFuzz) → 24.84% increase

Time: 31mins(ANTaint) V.S. 2.67mins(TaintFuzz) → 91% off & 10 times faster

	Code	Size			AN	Taint		TaintFuzz						
App	app(MB)	lib(MB)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)	TP	FN	FP	Time(s)	Recall(%)	P(%)
M1	40.9	85.5	9	2	3	2260	81.82%	75%	11	0	0	167.41	100%	100%
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Note: TP = Correct/True Paths, FN = False-negative, FP = False-positive, P = Precision



Conclusion



Features

✓ A compositional taint analysis approach



Features

- ✓ A compositional taint analysis approach
- ✓ Used the function summary strategy for more scalable analysis



Features

- ✓ A compositional taint analysis approach
- ✓ Used the function summary strategy for scalable analysis
- ✓ Used the field-based algorithm to provide more sound analysis



Features

- ✓ A compositional taint analysis approach
- ✓ Used the function summary strategy for scalable analysis
- ✓ Used the field-based algorithm to provide more sound analysis
- ✓ Used the white-box fuzzing to verify the massive amount of taint analysis results



Features

- ✓ A compositional taint analysis approach
- ✓ Used the function summary strategy for scalable analysis
- ✓ Used the field-based algorithm to provide more sound analysis
- ✓ Used the white-box fuzzing to verify the massive amount of taint analysis results
- ✓ 25% higher than ANTaint in terms of precision and recall



Features

- ✓ A compositional taint analysis approach
- ✓ Used the function summary strategy for scalable analysis
- ✓ Used the field-based algorithm to provide more sound analysis
- ✓ Used the white-box fuzzing to verify the massive amount of taint analysis results
- ✓ 25% higher than ANTaint in terms of precision and recall
- ✓ 10 times faster than ANTaint



Features

- ✓ A compositional taint analysis approach
- ✓ Used the function summary strategy for scalable analysis
- ✓ Used the field-based algorithm to provide more sound analysis
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Features

- ✓ A compositional taint analysis approach
- ✓ Used the function summary strategy for scalable analysis
- ✓ Used the field-based algorithm to provide more sound analysis
- ✓ Used the white-box fuzzing to verify the massive amount of taint analysis results
- ✓ 25% higher than ANTaint in terms of precision and recall
- ✓ 10 times faster than ANTaint

Limitations



Features

- ✓ A compositional taint analysis approach
- ✓ Used the function summary strategy for scalable analysis
- ✓ Used the field-based algorithm to provide more sound analysis
- ✓ Used the white-box fuzzing to verify the massive amount of taint analysis results
- ✓ 25% higher than ANTaint in terms of precision and recall
- ✓ 10 times faster than ANTaint

Limitations

✓ Unable to tracking taint propagation with non-constant key data in container



Features

- ✓ A compositional taint analysis approach
- ✓ Used the function summary strategy for scalable analysis
- ✓ Used the field-based algorithm to provide more sound analysis
- ✓ Used the white-box fuzzing to verify the massive amount of taint analysis results
- ✓ 25% higher than ANTaint in terms of precision and recall
- ✓ 10 times faster than ANTaint

Limitations

- ✓ Unable to tracking taint propagation with non-constant key data in container
- ✓ Unable to tracking taint propagation of a source of an superclass object



Questions?