

A cartoon illustration of a brown bear with blue eyes and a friendly expression, sitting on a large, donut-shaped inflatable ring. The bear's right paw is raised in a waving gesture. The donut ring has a thick yellow base and a thick green frosting layer on top, decorated with small yellow and white sprinkles. The entire scene is set against a plain white background.

BearPool Ride-Sharing Iteration 3

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Architecture Design

Business

- ❖ CreatePostValidate
- ❖ IService
- ❖ Login
- ❖ PostService
- ❖ ReportService
- ❖ SurveyService
- ❖ UserService
- ❖ ValidateAccountInfo
- ❖ ValidateSurvey

Data

- databaseControllers
 - ❖ Database
 - ❖ PostDatabase
 - ❖ ReportDatabase
 - ❖ SurveyDatabase
 - ❖ UserDatabase
- post
 - ❖ AbstractPost
 - ❖ Driver
 - ❖ Rider
- survey
 - ❖ Survey
- users
 - ❖ Admin
 - ❖ Report
 - ❖ User

Enums

- ❖ Failures
- ❖ Ratings

Presentation

- application
 - ❖ AccountCreateDialog
 - ❖ AdminReport
 - ❖ Application
 - ❖ CreateDriverTable
 - ❖ CreateMyRidesTable
 - ❖ CreatePost
 - ❖ CreateRiderTable
 - ❖ EditProfile
 - ❖ LoginDialog
 - ❖ OpenPage
 - ❖ RowFilterUI
 - ❖ SelectPostType
 - ❖ SurveyGUI
 - ❖ ViewPostInfo
 - ❖ ViewProfile

Design Patterns

Singleton

- All services (UserService, PostService, SurveyService, ReportSurvey) and the databases(UserDatabase, PostDatabase, SurveyService, ReportDatabase)
- Only one instance of these objects is needed to perform their jobs, so each one was made to be a singleton. When accessed by other classes, the classes return an instance of themselves so all classes using them are using the same instance.

```
// singleton
private static SurveyService surveyService = null;
private static ReentrantLock lock = new ReentrantLock();
// private SurveyDatabase database;

private SurveyService() {
    // database = SurveyDatabase.getInstance();
}

public static SurveyService getInstance() {
    if (surveyService == null) {
        lock.lock();
        if (surveyService == null)
            surveyService = new SurveyService();
    }

    return surveyService;
}
```

Mediator

- All Services (UserService, PostService, SurveyService, ReportService)
- Communication with all the presentation level classes and the databases must go through the Services first. In this way, they act as mediators, as the business logic cannot work with the database logic without the services.

Chain of responsibility

- Many of the UI classes act as command objects, and the services and databases act as processing objects
- A UI class will call a method in a service object. The service object will do the work requested by the command object until it cannot anymore due to lack of information. At this point the command is passed down to the database level, where it is completed.

Servant

- All Databases (AbstractDatabase, UserDatabase, PostDatabase, SurveyService, ReportDatabase), WriteToFile, and IWrite
- While Writing the database information to output files, the database itself shouldn't have to handle the operation itself. The task of writing to a file destination is performed by the WriteToFile class combining with the interface IWrite. All four Database classes can all be written to files by the usage of the IWrite interface.

```
public class WriteToFile {
    public void write(IWrite<?> source, String dest) throws IOException {
        //source.write();
        BufferedWriter out = new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(dest));

        for(Object o : source.getData()) {
            out.write(o.toString());
        }

        out.flush();
        out.close();
    }
}

public interface IWrite<T> {
    public void write() throws IOException;
    public ArrayList<T> getData();
}
```

Template Method

- AbstractDatabase, UserDatabase, PostDatabase, SurveyService, ReportDatabase
- The operation that loads data from a file is similar and the general algorithm can be reduced and generalized as a template method

```
public void loadFromFile(String file) {
    try {
        BufferedReader loader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(new File(file)));

        String line = null;

        while ((line = loader.readLine()) != null) {
            String[] split = line.split(getDelimiter());

            Object item = makeItem(split);
            add(item);
        }

        loader.close();
    } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
        // TODO Auto-generated catch block
        e.printStackTrace();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        // TODO Auto-generated catch block
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}

public abstract String getDelimiter();
public abstract void add(Object item);
public abstract Object makeItem(String[] list);
```

Strategy

- The updateProspect Method in the postService is an example of Strategy.
- Update Prospect can use either a rider object or a driver object and depend on the object given at run time can run 2 different algorithms to store the required information in the database.

```
public void updateProspect(AbstractPost p, boolean [] b) {
    int counter = 0;

    if(p instanceof Rider) {

        if(!((Rider) p).getDriver().getStatus()) {
            ((Rider) p).getDriver().setStatus(b[counter]);
        }
    }
    else if (p instanceof Driver) {

        for(Prospects i : ((Driver) p).getRiders()) {
            if(!i.getStatus()) {
                if(b[counter]) {
                    i.setStatus(b[counter]);
                    counter++;
                }
            }
        }

        ArrayList<Prospects> updated = new ArrayList<Prospects>();
        for(Prospects i : ((Driver) p).getRiders()) {
            if(!i.getStatus()) {
                updated.add(i);
            }
        }
        ((Driver) p).setRiders(updated);
    }
}
```

Bridge

- All Databases (UserDatabase, PostDatabase, SurveyService, ReportDatabase), WriteToFile, IWrite, AbstractDatabase
- The WriteToFile member that exists in the database classes separates the responsibility for the databases to record its data. The databases are then able to have different behaviors regarding the representation of their information.

```
public abstract class AbstractDatabase {
    private WriteToFile writer;

    public AbstractDatabase() {
        this.writer = new WriteToFile();
    }

    public WriteToFile getWriter() {
        return writer;
    }

    public void setWriter(WriteToFile writer) {
        this.writer = writer;
    }
}

public class WriteToFile {
    public void write(IWrite<?> source, String dest) throws IOException {
        //source.write();
        BufferedWriter out = new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(dest));

        for(Object o : source.getData()) {
            out.write(o.toString());
        }

        out.flush();
        out.close();
    }
}
```


Code Analysis - SpotBugs

- UserService:
 - Line 130: Write to static field business.UserService.currentUser from instance method business.UserService.create(String[]) [Of Concern(15), High confidence]

```
119 public User create(String[] list) {  
120     // create the user  
121     User user = new User();  
122  
123     user.setUsername(list[0]);  
124     user.setEmail(list[1]);  
125     user.setPhoneNumber(list[2]);  
126     user.setPassword(list[3]);  
127     user.setGradMonth(list[4]);  
128     user.setGradYear(list[5]);  
129  
130     UserService.currentUser = user;  
131  
132     return user;  
133 }
```

- Fixed: changed UserService.currentUser from static to normal. This does not affect functionality because we only have one instance of UserService since it is a singleton.

```
19     private User currentUser;  
20     private static UserService userService = null;  
21     private static ReentrantLock lock = new ReentrantLock();
```

- Line 144: Write to static field business.UserService.currentUser from instance method business.UserService.setCurrentUser(User) [Of Concern(15), High confidence]

```
143 public void setCurrentUser(User c) {  
144     UserService.currentUser = c;  
145 }
```

- Fixed: The action of changing UserService.currentUser from static to normal changed resolved the issue.

```
139 public User getCurrentUser() {  
140     return this.currentUser;  
141 }  
142  
143 public void setCurrentUser(User c) {  
144     this.currentUser = c;  
145 }
```

- Line 204: Suspicious comparison of Integer references in business.UserService.update(String[]) [Scariest(1), High confidence]

```
200 Integer year = Calendar.getInstance().get(Calendar.YEAR);
201 Integer month = Calendar.getInstance().get(Calendar.MONTH);
202 Integer gradMonthSelect = Integer.parseInt(list[4]);
203 Integer gradYearSelect = Integer.parseInt(list[5]);
204 if (gradMonthSelect < month && gradYearSelect == year) {
205     result = Failures.invalidGraduationDate;
206     return result;
207 }
208
```

- There was a strange problem with this bug. We understood that the Integers we are comparing could be null, so we added an if clause to ensure that they are not. However, this did not get rid of the bug when spot bugs scanned it despite it being impossible for null values to be compared now.

```
200 Integer year = Calendar.getInstance().get(Calendar.YEAR);
201 Integer month = Calendar.getInstance().get(Calendar.MONTH);
202 Integer gradMonthSelect = Integer.parseInt(list[4]);
203 Integer gradYearSelect = Integer.parseInt(list[5]);
204 if (year != null && month != null && gradMonthSelect != null && gradYearSelect != null) {
205     if (gradMonthSelect < month && gradYearSelect == year) {
206         result = Failures.invalidGraduationDate;
207         return result;
208     }
209 }
210
```

- CreateMyRidesTable:
 - Line 52: Comparison of String objects using == or != in presentation.application.CreateMyRidesTable.createTable(ArrayList) [Troubling(11), Normal confidence]

```

47     String[] myRidesLabels = { "Type", "Poster", "Origin", "Destination", "Date", "" };
48     DefaultTableModel model;
49     if (myRides.size() > 0) {
50         myRidesData = new Object[myRides.size()][myRidesLabels.length];
51         for (int r = 0; r < myRides.size(); r++) {
52             if (myRides.get(r).getPoster() != UserService.getInstance().getCurrentUser().getUsername()) {
53                 for (int c = 0; c < 6; c++) {
54                     if (c == 0) {
55                         if (myRides.get(r) instanceof Driver)
56                             myRidesData[r][c] = new String("Driver");
57                         else
58                             myRidesData[r][c] = new String("Rider");
59                     } else if (c == 1) {
60                         myRidesData[r][c] = new String(myRides.get(r).getPoster());
61                     } else if (c == 2) {
62                         myRidesData[r][c] = new String(myRides.get(r).getOrigin());
63                     } else if (c == 3) {
64                         myRidesData[r][c] = new String(myRides.get(r).getDest());
65                     } else if (c == 4) {
66                         SimpleDateFormat df = new SimpleDateFormat("MMM dd, yyyy hh:mm a");
67                         String str = df.format(myRides.get(r).getDate());
68                         myRidesData[r][c] = new String(str);
69                     } else if (c == 5) {
70                         myRidesData[r][c] = new String(String.valueOf(myRides.get(r).getID()));
71                     }
72                 }
73             }
74         }

```

- Fixed: changed string1 != string2 to !(string1.equals(string2))

```

47     String[] myRidesLabels = { "Type", "Poster", "Origin", "Destination", "Date", "" };
48     DefaultTableModel model;
49     if (myRides.size() > 0) {
50         myRidesData = new Object[myRides.size()][myRidesLabels.length];
51         for (int r = 0; r < myRides.size(); r++) {
52             if (!myRides.get(r).getPoster().equalsIgnoreCase(UserService.getInstance().getCurrentUser().getUsername())) {
53                 for (int c = 0; c < 6; c++) {
54                     if (c == 0) {
55                         if (myRides.get(r) instanceof Driver)
56                             myRidesData[r][c] = new String("Driver");
57                         else
58                             myRidesData[r][c] = new String("Rider");
59                     } else if (c == 1) {
60                         myRidesData[r][c] = new String(myRides.get(r).getPoster());
61                     } else if (c == 2) {
62                         myRidesData[r][c] = new String(myRides.get(r).getOrigin());
63                     } else if (c == 3) {
64                         myRidesData[r][c] = new String(myRides.get(r).getDest());
65                     } else if (c == 4) {
66                         SimpleDateFormat df = new SimpleDateFormat("MMM dd, yyyy hh:mm a");
67                         String str = df.format(myRides.get(r).getDate());
68                         myRidesData[r][c] = new String(str);
69                     } else if (c == 5) {
70                         myRidesData[r][c] = new String(String.valueOf(myRides.get(r).getID()));
71                     }
72                 }
73             }
74         }

```

- SelectPostType:
 - Line 155: Write to static field
presentation.application.SelectPostType.postTypeSelected from instance
method presentation.application.SelectPostType.setPostTypeSelected(String)
[Of Concern(15), High confidence]

```

154 public void setPostTypeSelected(String postTypeSelected) {
155     this.postTypeSelected = postTypeSelected;
156 }

```

- Fixed: changed function to be a static function and this to be
selectPostType.

```

154 public static void setPostTypeSelected(String postTypeSelected) {
155     SelectPostType.postTypeSelected = postTypeSelected;
156 }

```

- ViewProfile:
 - Line 344: Array index is out of bounds: 1 [Scary(7), Normal confidence]

```

341 public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
342     boolean[] results = null;
343     results = new boolean[1];
344     results[1] = String.valueOf(accDec.getSelectedItem()).equalsIgnoreCase("accept");
345     PostService.getInstance().updateProspect(p, results);
346 }
347 }

```

- Fixed: changed results[1] to results[0]

```

341 public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
342     boolean[] results = null;
343     results = new boolean[1];
344     results[0] = String.valueOf(accDec.getSelectedItem()).equalsIgnoreCase("accept");
345     PostService.getInstance().updateProspect(p, results);
346 }

```

Git Analysis

Andrew Ammentorp	- 137 commits
Joseph Perez	- 186 commits
Joseph Yu	- 80 commits
Joshua Huertas	- 137 commits
Leighton Glim	- 285 commits

TimeCards Report

Andrew Ammentorp	- 109 hrs
Joseph Perez	- 104 hrs
Joseph Yu	- 98 hrs
Joshua Huertas	- 98 hrs
Leighton Glim	- 114 hrs

Point Distribution

Andrew Ammentorp	- 1/5th total points
Joseph Perez	- 1/5th total points
Joseph Yu	- 1/5th total points
Joshua Huertas	- 1/5th total points
Leighton Glim	- 1/5th total points

Links

User Guide:

<https://github.com/BURS-co/CSI3471-Ride-Share/blob/master/Iteration3/User%20Guide.pdf>

Java Docs:

<https://github.com/BURS-co/CSI3471-Ride-Share/tree/master/Iteration3/Javadoccs>

Website:

<https://burs-co.github.io/CSI3471-Ride-Share/index.html>