# ToDoPro Task Manager Program

# 1. Problem Analysis and Algorithm Design

### **Problem Analysis**

The program addresses the need for a simple, user-friendly task management system that allows users to:

- Add new tasks
- Mark tasks as completed
- Delete tasks
- Clear completed tasks
- > Save tasks to a file
- > Load tasks from a file
- Exit the program with save confirmation

### Algorithm Design

The program follows an object-oriented design with these key components:

- ToDo Class: Represents individual tasks with properties like description, completion status, and timestamps.
- 2. **ToDoProManager Class**: Manages the collection of tasks and handles all business logic.
- 3. NewJFrame Class: Provides the graphical user interface (GUI) using Java Swing.

#### The main workflow:

- User interacts with GUI components (buttons, text fields)
- Event handlers in NewJFrame call appropriate methods in ToDoProManager
- > ToDoProManager updates its internal task list and notifies the GUI to refresh
- For file operations, the manager uses Java serialization to save/load task data

# 2. Input and Output

### **Input Methods:**

- 1. Text Field Input: Users enter task descriptions in the `txtInput` field
- 2. **Button Clicks:** Users trigger actions by clicking various buttons (Add, Mark Done, Delete, etc.)
- 3. List Selection: Users select tasks from the JList to perform actions on specific tasks
- 4. File Dialogs: For save/load operations, users select files through JFileChooser dialogs

### **Output Methods:**

- 1. **JList Display:** Tasks are displayed in a scrollable list with completion status and timestamps
- 2. **Status Label:** Temporary messages appear in `lblStatus` to confirm actions or show errors
- 3. **Dialog Boxes:** JOptionPane dialogs are used for confirmation (delete, exit) and error messages
- 4. File Output: Tasks are serialized to .todos files when saved

## 3. Program Components and Implementation

## a. ToDo Class (Model)

This class represents individual tasks with:

- description: The task text
- completed: Boolean flag for completion status
- creationDate: When the task was created
- completionDate: When the task was marked done (null if not completed)

#### **Key methods:**

- markAsCompleted()/markAsIncomplete(): Toggle completion status
- toString(): Formats task for display with checkbox symbol and timestamps
- Implements Serializable for file storage

### b. ToDoProManager Class (Controller)

Manages all task operations and maintains the task list. Key features:

#### 1. Task Management:

- addTask(): Validates and adds new tasks
- markTaskAsCompleted(): Marks selected task as done
- deleteTask(): Removes selected task
- clearCompletedTasks(): Removes all completed tasks

#### 2. File Operations:

- saveTasksToFile(): Serializes tasks to .todos file
- loadTasksFromFile(): Deserializes tasks from file
- Uses JFileChooser for file selection

#### 3. GUI:

- Maintains a `DefaultListModel` that automatically updates the JList
- Provides task count information to the GUI

## c. NewJFrame Class (View)

The main GUI window built with Java Swing components:

#### **UI Components:**

- jList1: Displays all tasks with their status
- txtInput: Text field for entering new tasks
- Buttons for all actions (Add, Mark Done, Delete, etc.)
- *lblStatus*: Shows operation feedback

#### **Key Features:**

- Event handlers for all button actions
- Input validation before operations
- Confirmation dialogs for destructive actions
- Status messages that automatically clear after 3 seconds
- Clean initialization with empty task list

#### **Cool Methods:**

- addTask(): Handles task creation workflow
- **showStatus()**: Displays temporary status messages
- Event handlers for all button actions

# 4. Technical Implementation Details

#### File Handling

The program uses Java's serialization mechanism (*ObjectOutputStream/ObjectInputStream*) to:

- Save the entire **ArrayList<ToDo>** to disk
- Load it back while preserving all task data and statuses

- Automatically handles file extension (.todos)

#### **GUI Implementation**

- Built with Java Swing (JFrame, JList, JButtons, etc.)
- Uses DefaultListModel to connect the task list to the JList
- Implements responsive design with proper component layout
- Follows Swing's event-driven programming model

#### **Data Flow**

- 1. User performs action (e.g., clicks "Add" button)
- 2. Event handler in NewJFrame validates input
- 3. Calls appropriate ToDoProManager method
- 4. Manager updates internal data and list model
- 5. GUI automatically refreshes to show changes
- 6. Status message displayed to user

## 5. Advanced Features

#### 1. Status Message Timeout:

- Uses Swing Timer to automatically clear status messages after 3 seconds
- Prevents UI clutter while ensuring feedback is visible

#### 2. Exit Confirmation:

- Checks for unsaved changes when exiting
- Offers save option before quitting

- Handles all three dialog responses (Yes/No/Cancel)

#### 3. Task Display Formatting:

- Shows tasks with [ < ] or [ ] for completion status
- Includes creation and completion timestamps
- Uses SimpleDateFormat for consistent date formatting

#### 4. Error Handling:

- Input validation for empty tasks
- Selection checks before operations
- File operation error handling with user feedback

# 6. Design Patterns and Best Practices

#### 1. Separation of Concerns:

- Clear separation between GUI (View), Manager (Controller), and Task (Model)
- Follows MVC-like architecture

#### 2. Encapsulation:

- All task data is private with proper getters/setters
- Manager handles all task operations

#### 3. Code Organization:

- Proper package structure
- Well-commented code

- Consistent naming conventions

#### 4. User Experience:

- Clear visual feedback for all actions
- Confirmation for destructive operations
- Intuitive interface layout

# 7. Demonstration of Required Components

The program demonstrates all required components from the rubric:

#### 1. Control Structures:

- Selection: if/else in event handlers

- Iteration: for loops in clearCompletedTasks()

#### 2. File Processing:

- Object serialization for task persistence
- JFileChooser for file selection

#### 3. User-Defined Methods:

- Numerous methods in all classes
- Clear separation of functionality

#### 4. Arrays/Collections:

- ArrayList used to manage tasks

- DefaultListModel for JList integration

## 8. Potential Enhancements

While the program meets all basic requirements, possible improvements could include:

- 1. Task prioritization
- 2. Due dates and reminders
- 3. Categories or tags for tasks
- 4. Search/filter functionality
- 5. Undo/redo capability
- 6. Alternative storage formats (JSON, XML)