## Class Test n°3

Name:	First Name:	Class:
Question from the less	son	
Let $(u_n)$ be a numerical sequence a	and $\ell \in \mathbb{R}$ . Give the accurate definition, using the mathemand $(u_n)$ does not converge to $\ell$ .	matical quantifiers, of : $(u_n)$ is
Question from the less Give an example of a numerical sec	<b>SON</b> quence $(u_n)$ that is both increasing and bounded (and pro-	ove these two properties).
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Exercise 1 Let $(u_n)$ be defined by $u_0 = 3$ and	for every $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , $u_{n+1} = 5 - 4u_n$ . Determine, for every $n$	$\in \mathbb{N}$ , $u_n$ as a function of $n$ .
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Exercise 2

Let  $(u_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}^*}$  be defined for every  $n\in\mathbb{N}^*$  by  $u_n=\left(\sum_{k=1}^n\frac{1}{k!}\right)+\frac{1}{n!}\cdot$ 

1. Study the monotonicity of  $(u_n)$ .

2. Is  $(u_n)$  convergent? Justify your answer.