Tutorial 4 Counters

Exercise 1

1. For the circuit shown in <u>Figure 1</u>, complete the timing diagram below.

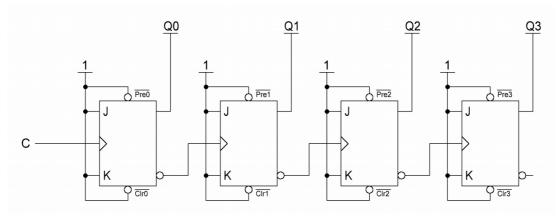
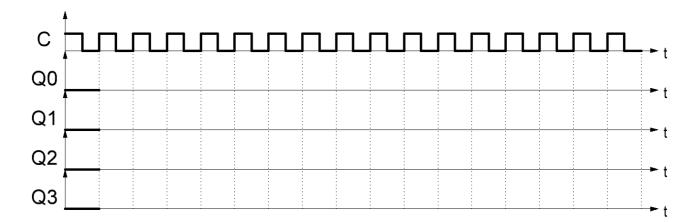


Figure 1



2. What does the circuit shown in Figure 1 do?

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3. Slight changes are made to the circuit shown in <u>Figure 1</u> in order to obtain the circuit shown in <u>Figure 2</u>. What does this new circuit do? Explain your line of reasoning.

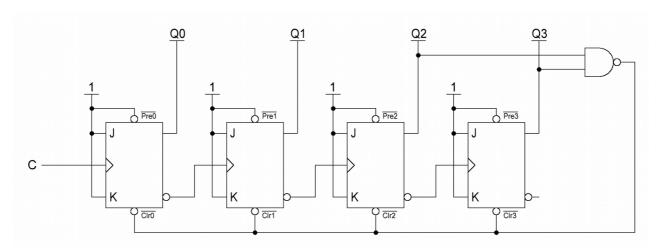


Figure 2

4. For the circuit shown in Figure 3, complete the timing diagram below.

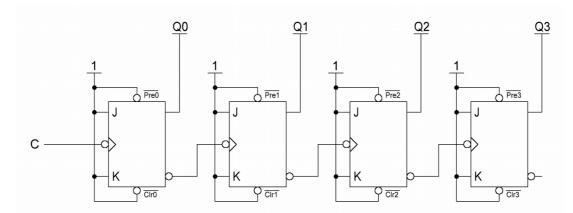
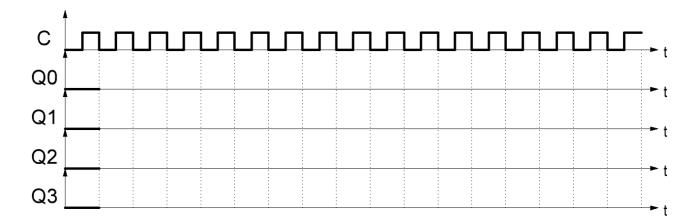


Figure 3



5. What does the circuit shown in Figure 3 do?

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6. Slight changes are made to the circuit shown in <u>Figure 3</u> in order to obtain the circuit shown in <u>Figure 4</u>. What does this new circuit do? Explain your line of reasoning.

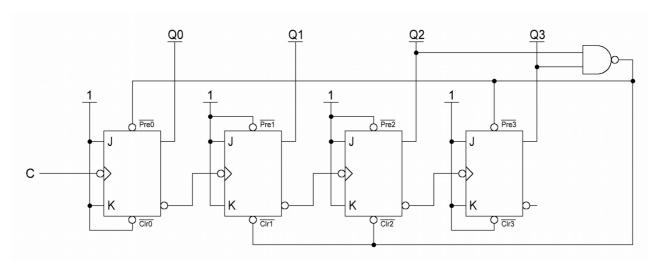
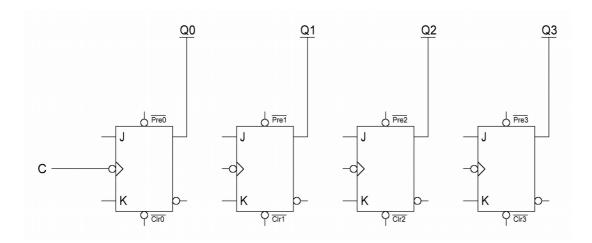
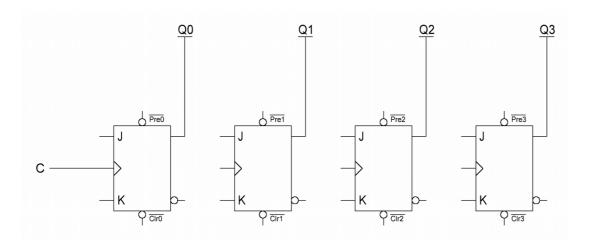


Figure 4

7. Wire the following flip-flops in order to design a modulo-10 asynchronous up counter.



8. Wire the following flip-flops in order to design a modulo-13 asynchronous down counter.

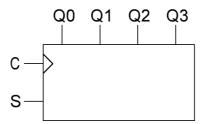


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Exercise 2

We want to design a modulo-16 up/down counter. That is to say, a circuit that has two different modes: an up-count mode and a down-count mode. The mode can be set with an *S* input:

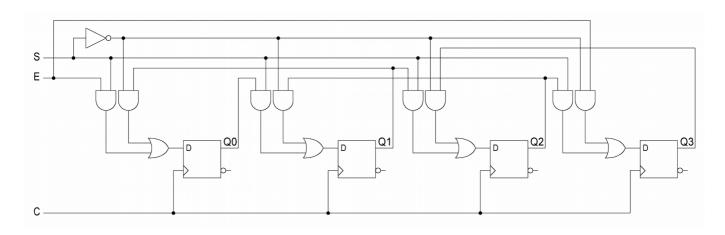
- $S = 0 \rightarrow up$ -count mode.
- $S = 1 \rightarrow down\text{-count mode}$.

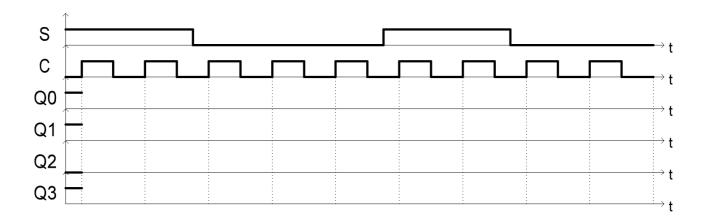


Draw the circuit diagram of the modulo-16 up/down counter. Use only positive-edge-triggered JK flip-flops and logic gates.

Exercise 3

Complete the timing diagram for the circuit below (E = 0).





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Exercise 4

To begin with, you must design a modulo-7 synchronous counter using positive-edge-triggered JK flip-flops.

1. Using the excitation table of a JK flip-flop, complete the table below.

Q2	Q1	Q0	J2	K2	J1	K1	J0	K0

- 2. Obtain the most simplified expressions for *J0*, *K0*, *J1*, *K1*, *J2* and *K2*.
- 3. Draw the circuit diagram of the counter.

Lastly, you have to design a 3-bit synchronous Gray counter using negative-edge-triggered JK flip-flops.

4. Complete the table below.

Q2	Q1	Q0	J2	K2	J1	K1	J0	K0

5. Obtain the most simplified expressions for *J0*, *K0*, *J1*, *K1*, *J2* and *K2*.

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