$$A(1,0,1); B(0,-1,1);$$

$$C(-1,1,1); D(2,1,0)$$

$$l_{1}- common pup of AB, CB$$

$$l_{2}- common pup of AB, BC$$

$$Clist(l_{1},l_{2})=?$$

$$AB: \frac{x-1}{2}=\frac{y-0}{2}$$

AB (-1, -1, 1)

$$AB = \frac{x-1}{0-1} = \frac{y-0}{1-0} = \frac{2-1}{1-0}$$

CD: 
$$\frac{X+1}{2+1} = \frac{Y-1}{1-1} = \frac{2-1}{0-1}$$

AB: X-1 = = = = = = -1

CD: 
$$\frac{x+1}{3} = \frac{x-1}{1-1} = \frac{2-1}{-1} = \pm \frac{1}{2}$$

Not good!!

$$CD: \begin{cases} X = 3 + 1 \\ 3 = 1 \\ 2 = -k + 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} A(1,0,1) \in AB \\ C(-1,1,1) \in CD \end{cases}$$

· We find le, common perp of AB, CD

This plane that contains AB and is 11 to ABX CB

$$AB \times CB = \begin{bmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = (1-0)\vec{i} - (1-3)\vec{j} + (0+3)\vec{k}$$

$$= \vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 3\vec{k}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} x + 2 - 2 & y + 2 - 1 & 2 - 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 5 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$-(5(x+2-2)-4(y+2-1))=0$$

$$4y+42-4-5x-52+10=0$$

Tz:=plane that contains CD and is 11 to AB x CB

$$\begin{vmatrix} x + 1 + 32 - 3 & y - 1 & 2 - 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 10 & 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$2(x+32-2)-10(y-1)=0$$

$$2x+62-4-10y+10=0$$

$$2x-10y+62+6=0$$

$$T_2: X - 5y + 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow l = T_1 \cap T_2 = (11)^{-5} \times + 44 = 246$$

$$AD: \frac{X-1}{2-1} = \frac{Y-0}{1-0} = \frac{2-1}{0-1}$$

$$Ab: \frac{x-1}{1} = \frac{3}{4} = \frac{2-1}{-1}$$
  $\overrightarrow{Ab}(1,1,-1)$ 

$$\frac{73c}{-1-0} = \frac{4+1}{1+1} = \frac{2-1}{1-1}$$

Bc: 
$$\frac{x}{-1} = \frac{y+1}{2} = \frac{2-1}{1-1} = x$$

Not good!!

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^{i}} = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{C} : X = -\Delta \\ \mathcal{Y} = 2\Delta - 1 \\ \mathcal{Z} = 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \overrightarrow{B} \overrightarrow{C} \left(-1, 2, 0\right)$$

TT3: - plane that contains AD and is 11 to AD x BC

$$\overrightarrow{AB} \times \overrightarrow{RC} = \begin{vmatrix} \overrightarrow{i} & \overrightarrow{j} & \overrightarrow{k} \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (0+2)\overrightarrow{i} - (0-1)\overrightarrow{j} + (2+1)\overrightarrow{k}$$

$$= 2\overrightarrow{i} + \overrightarrow{j} + 3\overrightarrow{k}$$

$$T_3: \begin{cases} x - 1 & y = 2 - 1 \\ 1 & 1 - 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{cases} = 0 \qquad C_1: = C_1 + C_3$$

$$C_2: = C_2 + C_3$$

$$4(x+2-2)-5(y+2-1)=0$$
  
 $4x+42-8-5y-52+5=0$ 

$$T_3: 4x - 5y - 2 - 3 = 0$$

Th: = plane that contains BC and is 11 to AB x BC

$$\begin{vmatrix} x+1 & y+2x+2-1 & 2-1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\ell_2 = \pi_1 \cap \pi_2 \rightarrow (\ell_2) : \frac{1}{2} + x - 5y - 2 - 3 = 0$$

$$l_2 = \pi_1 \cap \pi_2 \Rightarrow (l_2) \cdot h_x - 5y - 2 - 3 = 0$$
  
 $(6x + 3y - 52 + 8 = 0)$ 

$$\begin{cases} 6x + 3y - 15 + 8 = 0 \\ 6x + 3y - 15 + 8 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x - 24 + 32 + 18 = 0 \\ x + 124 - 35 + 18 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 1 & -15x + 12y - 32 + 18 = 0 \\ -14x + 7y - 32 + 18 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$-14x + 7y = -21$$

$$-2x = -y - 3$$

$$X = \frac{1}{2}y + \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{2} = 4x - 5y - 3$$

$$\frac{2}{2} = 2y + 6 - 5y - 3$$

$$\frac{2}{2} = -3y + 3$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{$$

$$\begin{cases} z = -3x + 3 \\ 2z = -3x + 3 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{1}{1}(1, 2, -6) \\ \frac{1}{1}(1, 2, -6) \\ \frac{1}{1}(1, 2, -6) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2z = -3x + 3 \\ \frac{1}{1}(1, 2, -6) \\ \frac{1}{1}(1, 2, -6) \\ \frac{1}{1}(1, 2, -6) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2z = -3x + 2 \\ \frac{1}{1}(1, 2, -6) \\ \frac{1}{1}(1, 2, -6) \\ \frac{1}{1}(1, 2, -6) \\ \frac{1}{1}(1, 2, -6) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2z = -3x + 2 \\ \frac{1}{1}(1, 2, -6) \\ \frac{1}{1}(1, 2$$

XER

$$= (2): X = 2\beta + \frac{23}{14}$$

$$y = \beta$$

$$z = 3\beta + \frac{25}{7} (= 3\beta + \frac{50}{14})$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{2(2,1,3)}$$
We pick  $A_1 \in l_1$  by chapping  $x = 1$ 

$$\Rightarrow A_1(2,1,0)$$

We pick 
$$A_2 \in l_2$$
 by choosing  $B = 0$ 

$$A_2 \left(\frac{23}{14}, 0, \frac{25}{7}\right)$$

$$\overrightarrow{A_1 A_2} \left( \frac{23}{14} - \frac{14}{2}, 0 - 1, \frac{25}{7} - 0 \right)$$

$$\overrightarrow{A_1 A_2} \left( -\frac{5}{14}, -1, \frac{25}{7} \right)$$

dist 
$$(l_1, l_2) = \frac{|(\overrightarrow{A_1 A_2}, \overrightarrow{l_1}, \overrightarrow{l_2})|}{||\overrightarrow{l_1} \times \overrightarrow{l_2}||}$$

$$\|\vec{l}_1 \times \vec{l}_2\| = \sqrt{16 + 25 + 1} = \sqrt{42}$$

$$(\overrightarrow{A_1}\overrightarrow{A_2},\overrightarrow{l_1},\overrightarrow{l_2}) = \begin{vmatrix} -\frac{5}{1h} & -1 & \frac{25}{7} \\ 1 & 2 & -6 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= -\frac{5}{14}(6+6) + 1(3+12) + \frac{25}{7}(1-4)$$

$$= -\frac{5}{44} \cdot \frac{6}{7} + 15 + \frac{25}{7} \cdot (-3)$$

$$=-\frac{30}{7}+15-\frac{25}{7}$$

$$= -\frac{105}{7} + \frac{7}{15} = -\frac{105 + 105}{7} = 0 \implies dist(l_1, l_2) = \frac{0}{\sqrt{h_2}} = 0$$

6 
$$l_1: \frac{x+1}{3} = \frac{3}{5} = \frac{2-1}{2}$$
  $l_1(3,5,2)$ 

$$\ell_2: \frac{x}{-7} = \frac{y_{12}}{2} = \frac{2}{4} \quad \vec{\ell}_2(-7,2,4)$$

$$l_3: \frac{x+2}{6} = \frac{y-1}{2} = \frac{2-1}{5}$$
  $l_3(6,2,5)$ 

$$l_{y}: \frac{x-1}{y} = \frac{y+6}{2} = \frac{2-4}{4}$$
  $l_{y}(4,2,4)$ 

$$2c = -3 \cdot \left(-\frac{8}{13}\right) h - 5h = \frac{24}{13}h - 5h = \frac{246 - 65h}{13}$$

$$c = \frac{41h}{13} = \frac{24h - 65h}{13}$$

$$2 c = \frac{41 h}{13} \Rightarrow c = \frac{h_1}{26} h$$

$$\vec{l}_{3,\eta} \perp \vec{l}_{3} \Rightarrow 6x + 2y + 52 = 0$$

$$2y = -4x - 42 = -4x - 4 \cdot (-2x) = -4x + 8x = 4x$$

l common per of 
$$l_{1/2}$$
 and  $l_{3,4} \rightarrow \int l \perp l_{1/2}$   $l \perp l_{1/2}$   $l \perp l_{3,4}$ 

$$\vec{l} \perp \vec{l}_{1,2} \Rightarrow -16m + 41m + 26p = 0$$

$$\vec{l} \perp \vec{l}_{3,4} \Rightarrow m + 2m - 2p = 0$$
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$$\frac{13 m + 26n - 260}{-3m} + 26n - 260 = 0$$

$$-3m + 15m = 0$$

$$m = 5n$$

$$2D = m + 2m$$

$$2\theta = 5m + 2m = 7m \Rightarrow 0 = \frac{7}{2}m$$

P(10,2,7)

Lot T: Ax+By+C2+D=0

ет т э Т т э Т: 10х+2y+72+D=0

 $P(1,3,9) \in T \longrightarrow 10.1 + 2.3 + 7.9 + D = 0$ 

>> T: 10 x+2y+72 -79 =0