JavaScript is a scripting language that enables you to create dynamically updating content, control multimedia, animate images, and pretty much everything else.

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//****************************statements and comment

```
// var a;
// a = 5;
// alert(a);
//single line comment
/*multiple
line comment*/
```

//************************javascript variable

```
// var
// var x = 2;
// var y = 5;
// var z = x + y;
// console.log(z);

//let
// let x = 2;
// let y = 5;
// let z = x + y;
// console.log(z);

//const
// let x = 2;
// const y = 5; // we cant change const
// let z = x + y;
// console.log(z);

//we cant start variable with number
//$ _ letter seh hi start hoga
//case sensitive matlab example Box aur box alag alag variable hoga
//we cant use reserved keywords as variable
//for writing text write in string "" or ''
// let x = 10, y = "hello" // hum log doh variable ek sath vi likh sakthe hain
// empty variable vi declare kar sakthe hain
// let _x;
// _x = 6;
// console.log(_x);
```

```
// = asign karna
// + addition
// variable tabhi banathe hain jab hame store karna hain ya manipulate karna hain
// - * / %
// x = x + 2 or we can write x += 2
// -= *= /= %=
// power 5**2 is 25
```

```
// string or number addition ni hoga eg x = 5 and x = "5" will be 55

// doh string ko jorneh ke liyeh
// eg x = "hello" , y = "world" ; console.log(x + "" + y)

// number ko bara neh keh liyeh eg:
// let x = 5;
// x++; // gatah neh keh liyeh x--
// console.log(x);

//bodmas rule vi follow hota hain
```

// **************************datatype

```
// js meh alag alag datatype store ya change kar skathe hain
// bar bar datatype change kar sakthe hain
//eg x = 5; x = "hello"; //dynamic datatype
// "" '' doh keu hota hain // isliye ke "father's" ya 'hel"lo' likne keh liyeh
// hel"o print karna ho "" pe toh backslas dena partha hain jese "hel\"lo"
// number // decimal negative integer sab work kartha hain
//boolen is for checking condition // true or false
// eg let y = 5 < 7
// console.log(y) //output true
//array
// eg let x = ["bwn",5,"tom"];
//object
// undefined vi data type hain
// eg let x;
// console.log(x);
// typeof // to check //eg
// let z = "bwn";
// console.log(typeof x, typeof z);
//template literals //eg
// console.log(`hello ${x}`);
```

//************************* comnparison and logical operators

```
// eg 5==5 is true // 5==10 is false // 5 == "5" is true // == doesnt see datatype
// === equal value and same datatype
// here 5 === "5" is false
// != not equals to
// eg 8 != 5 is true // 6 != 6 is false
// !== not equals to and check datatype also
// eg 5 !== 5 is false // 5 !== '5' is true
// greater than >
// and // &&
// ! not
        if, else, else if
 /eg:
/ let age = 20;
// if (age >= 18 && hasvoter == "yes") {
     console.log("you can vote");
// else if (age >= 18 && hasvoter == "no") {
     console.log("Make your voter id");
     console.log("you cannot vote");
                  nested if
  let hasvoter = 'no';
```

```
// if (age >= 18) {
// if (hasvoter == "yes") {
    alert("you can vote");
// } else {
// alert("Get your voter id card");
// }
// else {
// alert("you cannot vote");
// }

// ternary operator
// let isloginOrnot = 1; // if 1 means u are login and 0 is logout
// let option = isloginOrnot == 1 ? "logout" : "login"; // condition ? if this : else this; // syntax
// document.write(option);

// agar undefined dikha na ho toh
// let user;
// alert(user ?? "guest"); // ?? dekeh kya dikha na hain wo likho // null aur undefined meh kam kartha hain
```



```
// === kartha hain comparison
//eg

//let input = "y";
// switch (input) {
// case 1:
// document.write("continue...");
// break;
// case "y":
// document.write("continue...");
// break;
// case "yes":
// document.write("continue...");
// break;
// case 0:
// document.write("end...");
// break;
// case "n":
// document.write("end...");
// break;
// case "n":
// document.write("end...");
// break;
// case "no":
// document.write("end...");
```

```
// break;
// default:
// document.write("wrong input");
// 
// or

// let input = "n";
// switch (input) {
// case 1:
// case "y":
// case "yes":
// document.write("continue...");
// break;
// case 0:
// case "n":
// case "n":
// case "no":
// document.write("end...");
// break;
// default:
// document.write("wrong input");
// }
```

```
// }
// document.write(sum);

// do while loop // pehele print karega phir condition check karega
// eg
//let counter = 1;
// do {
// document.write("Bwn");
// counter++;
// }
// while (counter <= 10);

// for loop
// eg
// for (let i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
// document.write(i);
// }</pre>
```

//**************************** break , continue and nested loop */

```
//*********************************
//check using typeof and then convert it into any of this
// Number()
// String()
// Boolean()
```

```
\n line break karneh ke liyeh
// agar \ ko use karna hain string mejh toh \\ use karo
         \t dene seh space milega
// // let str = "Biswanath \n Basumatary";
// // let str = "Biswanath \\ Basumatary";
// // let str = "Biswanath \t Basumatary";
// let str = "Biswanath \" Basumatary";
// console.log(str);
// string meh no. of letter jan neh ke liyeh .length use karthe hain
//eg
// let str = "Biswanath Basumatary";
// console.log(str.length);
// string meh particular character fetch karneh ke liyeh index doh from 0
// let str = "Biswanath Basumatary";
// console.log(str[3]);
// addition of string
// let str = "Biswanath";
// let str2 = "Basumatary";
// console.log(str + " " + str2);
// js is case sensitive
// string ko combine karne ke liyeh function hain .concat()
// let str2 = "Basumatary";
// console.log(str3);
```

```
// string meh seh tora part nikalne ke liyeh function hain .substr(start,length of word);
//start from 0 while counting
// let str4 = "I am Learning Javascript";
// let str5 = str4.substr(5, 19);
// console.log(str5);
// .substring(start,end)
// let str4 = "I am Learning Javascript";
// let str5 = str4.substring(5, 23);
// console.log(str5);
                                          output is Learning Javascript
//To find index of specific character we have .indexOf // first letter ka index batayega
// let str4 = "I am Learning Javascript, I am in vs code";
// let str5 = str4.indexOf("Javascript");
// console.log(str5);
// if more than one word then .indexOf("",after this index start searching)
// let str4 = "I am Learning Javascript, I am in vs code";
// console.log(str5);
// start searching from last
// let str4 = "I am Learning Javascript, I am in vs code";
// let str5 = str4.lastIndexOf("am");
// console.log(str5);
// if it doesnt find then it will show -1
// .trim() ------ space hata neh keh liyeh aage ya piche seh
//eg
// let str4 = " I am Learning Javascript, I am in vs code ";
// let str5 = str4.trim();
// console.log(str4);
// console.log(str5);
// .trimStart() ---- aggeh seh hata neh key liyeh // .trimEnf() ----- piche seh
// let str4 = " I am Learning Javascript, I am in vs code
// let str5 = str4.toUpperCase();
// console.log(str5);
 / let str4 = " I am Learning Javascript, I am in vs code
 / let str5 = str4.toLowerCase();
  console.log(str5);
```

```
//
// let str4 = "I am Learning Javascript, I am in vs code";
// let str5 = str4.replace("vs code", "Assam , India");
// console.log(str5);

// .includes("") ------ check karne ke liyeh // yeh true or false output dega
// let str4 = "I am Learning Javascript, I am in vs code";
// let str5 = str4.includes("html");
// console.log(str5);
```

```
// two type for declaring array
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// or
// let book1 = new Array("Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics");

// access elements of array
//eg
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// console.log(book);
// console.log(book[0]);
// console.log(book[3]);

// change element of array
//eg
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// book[1] = "Chemistry";
// console.log(book);
```

//******************************* operations on array */

```
// check length
//eg
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// console.log(book.length);

// add more elements in last
//eg
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// book.push("chemistry");
// console.log(book);

// add more element in first
//eg
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// book.unshift("chemistry");
```

```
// console.log(book);
//last element hatana hain toh
//eg
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// book.pop();
// console.log(book);
// first element hatana hain toh
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// book.shift();
// console.log(book);
// bitch ka wala hatana hain toh
//// book.splice(position or index, kitna hatana hain);
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// book.splice(1, 2);
// console.log(book);
// array ko empty karna ho toh // 2 ways
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// book = [];
// console.log(book);
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// book.length = 0;
// console.log(book);
// element ka position jan ne ke liyeh
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// let position = book.indexOf("Computer Science");
// console.log(position);
// string array ka character hain
// array ko check karneh ke liyeh
//eg
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// console.log(Array.isArray(book));
// word ko array banana hain toh
//split meh jo dalega wohi seh tokrra karega wo
```

```
//eg
// let sentence = "This is a random word";
// let wordArray = sentence.split(" ");
// console.log(wordArray);
// let sentence = "This is a random word";
// console.log(wordArray);
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// let wordBook = book.join(" ");
// console.log(wordBook);
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// let wordBook = book.join(",");
// console.log(wordBook);
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// let book2 = ["chemistry", "digital electronic"];
// let book3 = ["Hindi", "english"];
// let allBooks = book.concat(book2, book3);
// console.log(allBooks);
//eg
// let booksWithChapter = [
       ["physics", "magnetic field"],
// ];
// console.log(booksWithChapter);
// console.log(booksWithChapter[0][1]);
// console.log(booksWithChapter[2][0]);
 ' let booksWithChapter = [
       ["Maths", "integration"],
       ["physics", ["Ac", "Dc"]],
       ["electrical", "transient state"]
```

```
// console.log(booksWithChapter[1][1][0]);

// for loop in array // iterate karna
//eg
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// for (let i = 0; i < book.length; i++) {
// console.log(`Element of index ${i} is ${book[i]}`);
// }

// forEach()
//eg
// let book = ["Maths", "Biology", "Computer Science", "Physics"];
// book.forEach(myfunc);
// function myfunc(value) {
// console.log(value);
// }</pre>
```

```
// ******* functions
```

```
//eg
// function multiplyOf2() {
//    for (let i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
//         document.write(`2 x ${i} = ${2 * i}`);
//         document.write("<br>");
//    }
// multiplyOf2();
```

//******* parameters and arguments */

```
//eg
// function multiplyOf2(num) {
//    for (let i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
//        document.write(`${num} x ${i} = ${num * i}`);
//        document.write("<br>");
//    }
///    multiplyOf2(5);
// multiplyOf2(24);
```

```
// multiple parameter de sakthe hain
//eg
// function add(num1, num2, num3) {
// document.write(num1 + num2 + num3);
// }
// add(41, 65, 98);
```

```
// function meh argument nam ka array hain
// without passing parameter we can access arguments
//eg
// function add() {
// if (arguments.length == 0) {
// console.log("No Arguments passed !");
// } else {
// let sum = 0;
// for (let i = 0; i < arguments.length; i++) {
// sum += arguments[i];
// }
// console.log(sum);
// }
// add();
// add(5, 5, 5, 5, 6);
// add(8, 9, 1, 3, 45, 7, 4, 6);
// let addition = add;
// addition(60, 40, 50);</pre>
```



```
// function meh seh ek value ko return karna
// function ke under jab vi pehela return milega uskhe bad execute nhi karega
//eg
// function addNum(a, b) {
// return a + b;
// }

// let c = addNum(5, 6);
// document.write(c);

//eg
// function compare(num1, num2) {
// if (num1 > num2) {
// return num1;
// }
```

```
// else if (num2 > num1) {
    return num2;

// } else {
    return 0;

// }

// let compare2 = compare(9, 9);

// document.write(compare2);
```

```
// bahar ke variable ko global variable bolega
// same nam ka local variable alag alag function meh use kar sakthe hain
//eg
// function variable() {
      let course = "javascript"; // local variable
// variable();
//eg
// function variable() {
      let course = "javascript"; // local variable
// function vari() {
// variable();
// vari();
```

//****** anonymous function */

```
//yesa function jiska nam hi na ho
// Function Expression
// eg
```

```
console.log("Hello World !");
// show();
// to save memory storage we doesn't give function name
//setTimeout(function/function name , millisecond) ---- how much you want to delay the time to run
        function
// setTimeout(function () {
    console.log("Hello World !");
        // automatic function ko run karneh ke liyeh
/ memory ka storage save karneh ke liyeh
```

```
let msg = "Hello World";
      console.log(msg);
      alert(msg);
// })();
// let msg = "Hello World";
// console.log(msg);
// alert(msg);
      let msg = "Hello Javascript";
      console.log(msg);
// })();
```

```
// ******* objects in js
// properties in object
```

```
can access by two ways dot notation or square braket notation
// koi vi properties jo exist nhi kartha uska undefined aayega
//eg
/ let person = {
      "last Name": "Bsty",
```

```
// console.log(person.firstName);
// console.log(person["last Name"]);
// console.log(person["age"]);
//property ke value ko modify karna
//eg
// let person = {
// person.firstName = 'Biswanath';
// person["last Name"] = 'Basumatary';
// console.log(person);
// naya property add karneh ke liyeh
//eg
// let person = {
      firstName: "Bwn",
// };
// person.state = 'Assam';
// person["country"] = "India";
// console.log(person);
// property delete karneh keh liyeh
// let person = {
// delete person.age;
// delete person["last Name"];
// console.log(person);
// property check karna object meh // true or false meh return karega
//eg
```

```
// };
// console.log('height' in person);
// console.log('age' in person);

// loop in array
// loop meh dot notation kam nhi karega // use braket notation
//eg
// let person = {
// firstName: "Bwn",
// "last Name": "Bsty",
// age: 20
// };
// for (let key in person) {
// console.log(key + ": " + person[key]);
// }
```

// ****** methods in object

```
object meh function dalna
 / by expression/anonymous function
// person.sayHello = function () {
       console.log("Hello");
// person.sayHello();
// console.log(person);
//eg
// let person = {
       "last Name": "Bsty",
// function greet() {
      console.log("Hello");
// person.sayHello = greet;
// console.log(person);
// by directly assigning
```

```
// let person = {
// firstName: "Bwn",
// age: 20,
// sayHello: function () {
// console.log("Hello");
// }
// person.sayHello();
// console.log(person);

// or
//eg
// let person = {
// firstName: "Bwn",
// "last Name": "Bsty",
// age: 20,
// sayHello() {
// console.log("Hello");
// }
// person.sayHello();
// console.log("Hello");
// }
// ;
// person.sayHello();
// console.log(person);
```

```
// ******* "this" in object
```

```
//eg
// let person = {
// firstName: "Bwn",
// "last Name": "Bsty",
// age: 20,
// sayHello() {
// console.log(`Hello i am ${this.firstName} and i have ${car.company} car.`);
// }
// };
// let car = {
// Name: "Tata Nexon",
// company: "Tata"
// };
// person.sayHello();
```

```
// ********* Math object
```

```
// maths ka constant value iss method seh milega
//eg
// console.log(Math.PI);
// console.log(Math.E);
```

```
/ number ko round off bananeh keh liyeh // round ka eg 8.3 ka 8 hoga, 8.6 ka 9 hoga,etc
//eg
// var number = Math.round(3.4);
                                         // output is 3
// var number = Math.round(3.7);
                                         // output is 4
// console.log(number);
// ceil ka eg 4.2 ko 5 karega ,3.12 ko 4 karega,etc
//eg
// var number = Math.ceil(3.4);
// var number = Math.ceil(3.7);
// console.log(number);
// floor ka eg 4.something is 4, 5.something is 5,etc
// var number = Math.floor(3.4);
// var number = Math.floor(3.7);
// console.log(number);
// trunc ---- point/decimal katane wala
// eg
// var number = Math.trunc(6.789);
// console.log(number);
// power ka pow hain eg pow(2,3) is 8
// var number = Math.pow(2, 3);
// console.log(number);
// var number = Math.sqrt(100);
// console.log(number);
// minumum number bataneh ke liyeh min hain
// var number = Math.min(100, 13, -45, 67, 114);
// console.log(number);
// maximum number bataneh ke liyeh man hain
// var number = Math.max(100, 13, -45, 67, 114);
// console.log(number);
```

//******** date object */

```
latest date and time store hoga // aapke computer ka
// date function use karneh seh compare karna aasan hota hain isliye use karthe hain
// js meh january ko 0 aur dec ko 11 denote karthe hain
// js meh sunday ko 0 aur saturday ko 6 denote karthe hain
// js millisecond meh store kartha hain
// let x = new Date();
// console.log(x);
// date change karneh ke liyeh // output - Sat Dec 05 2020 12:45:20 GMT+0530 (India Standard
         Time)
// let x = new Date(2020, 11, 5, 12, 45, 20, 55);
// console.log(x);
// get
// let x = new Date();
// console.log(x);
// console.log(x.getFullYear());
// console.log(x.getMonth());
// console.log(x.getDate());
```

```
// console.log(x.getDay());
// console.log(x.getTime());
// console.log(x.getHours());
// set // same properties like get for set also
// eg
// let x = new Date();
// let y = x.setFullYear(2020);
// console.log(x);
// aaj seh 50 din ke bad kiya date hoga check karne ke liyeh
// let today = new Date();
// let y = new Date();
// y.setDate(today.getDate() + 50);
// console.log(today);
// console.log(y);
// comparison of date
// let x = new Date(2020, 11, 5, 12, 45, 20, 55);
// let y = new Date();
// if (y > x) {
     console.log("future");
// else if (x > y) {
// console.log("past");
     console.log("present");
```

// ******* new keyword

```
// new keyword dekhe object bana saktha hain
// eg
// let person = new Object();
// person.name = "Biswanath";
// person.age = "20 years";
// console.log(person);
```

//***** property getters and setters

```
// property ka value ko manipulate/change karna ho toh
// get laganeh seh function ko vi property ke tarah access kar sakthe hain
// get eg
// let person = {
```

```
// firstName: "Bwn",
// age: 20,
// get changeTo() {
// return this.firstName.toUpperCase();
// }
// };
// console.log(person.changeTo);
// console.log(person);

//set eg
// ismeh direct firstName ke value ko hi uppercase set kar diya
// agar firstName ko change karega toh vi direct uppercase lag jayega
//
// let person = {
// firstName: "Bwn",
// age: 20,
// set changeTo(n) {
// this.firstName = n.toUpperCase();
// }
// }
// person.changeTo = "Biswanath";
// console.log(person.firstName);
// console.log(person);
```

// *********** object constructor function

```
// object ka key same hain aur value alag alag
// aur hum log ko multiple object chahiye toh object constructor function use karthe hain
//eg
// function Student(firstName, lastName, age) {
// this.firstName = firstName;
// this["lastName"] = lastName;
// this.age = age;
// this.name = function () {
// return this.firstName + " " + this.lastName;
// }
// let student1 = new Student("Biswanath", "Basumatary", 20);
// let student2 = new Student("Biswanath", "Bty", 21);
// let student3 = new Student("nath", "Bty", 25);
// console.log(student1);
// console.log(student2);
// console.log(student3);

// individually key value add karna ho toh use dot or braket notation as it is object
//eg
```

```
function Student(firstName, lastName, age) {
      this.firstName = firstName;
      this["lastName"] = lastName;
      this.name = function () {
          return this.firstName + " " + this.lastName;
// let student1 = new Student("Biswanath", "Basumatary", 20);
// console.log(student1.name());
// student1.rollNo = 1356;
/ let student2 = new Student("Bwn", "Bsty", 21);
// let student3 = new Student("nath", "Bty", 25);
// console.log(student1);
// console.log(student2);
// console.log(student3);
// constructor meh direct function keh undar hi key apply karna hain // dot/bracket notation seh
         key add
// nhi kar saktha // object has {key:value}
```

```
// ******* object prototypes
```

```
// prototype ek pre defined object hain
//eg
// function Student(firstName, lastName, age) {
// this.firstName = firstName;
// this["lastName"] = lastName;
// this.age = age;
// }
// Student.prototype.Nationality = "Indian";
// Student.prototype.name = function () {
// return this.firstName + " " + this.lastName;
// };
// let student1 = new Student("Biswanath", "Basumatary", 20);
// let student2 = new Student("Bwn", "Bsty", 21);
// let student3 = new Student("nath", "Bty", 25);
// console.log(student1);
// console.log(student2);
// console.log(student3);
// console.log(student1.name());
// console.log(student2.name());
// console.log(student2.name());
```

```
// ******* nested object
```

//eg

```
// var user = {
// id: 15680,
// email: "abc001@gmail.com",
// personal_info: {
// firstName: "Bwn",
// lastName: "Bsty",
    age: 20,
    get fullName() {
        return this.firstName + " " + this.lastName;
// },
    address: {
        state: "Assam",
        country: "India"
// }
// }
// console.log(user);
// console.log(user.personal_info);
// console.log(user.personal_info.address);
// console.log(user.personal_info.address.country);
```

//******** hoisting */

```
// to lift or pull
// js sab code pehele par lega
// declaration ka upar le jata hain code execute hone seh pehele // kud ke scope meh
// let aur const meh undefined nhi hota // sirf var meh hota hain
// js kud seh declare vi kar deta hain variable ko
// "use strict" dene seh bina declaration seh code run nhi hoga

// yesa vi kam kartha hain js meh
// hello();
// function hello() {
// console.log("Hello World");
// }

//output 18 hi aayega
// x = 18;
// console.log(x);
// var x;

// output error show nhi hoga undefined aayega // keuki var contain undefined
//keuki js sirf declaration ko uta tha hain
// console.log(x);
// x = 18;
```

```
// var x;

// let aur const meh error aayega
// eg
// console.log(x);
// let x;
// x = 18;

// and
// console.log(x);
// const x;
// x = 18;

// run hoga keuki js kud seh declaration kar tha hain
// x = 18;
// console.log(x);

// output will be error
// "use strict"
// x = 18;
// console.log(x);
```



```
// broswer html page ko dom tree banatha hain taki js implement kar sakeh.
// with the object model js get all the power it needs to create dynamic html:
// js can change all the html elements in the page.
// js can change all the html attributes in the page.
// js can change all the css styles in the page.
// js can remove existing html elements and attributes.
// js can add new html elements and attributes.
// js can react to all existing html events in the page.
// js can create new html events in the page.
// note: in the dom,all html elements are defined as objects.so it will have both property and method.
// the document object represents your web page.
// if you want to access any element in an html page, you can always start with accessing the document object.
```

//************************** select an element by id */

```
// to select an element by id
// can use object properties
//eg
/* <body>
```

```
<u1>
      list 1
      list 2
      list 3
   <script>
      let li2 = document.getElementById("second");
      console.log(li2);
   </script>
</body> */
// element ke undar ko select karne ke liyeh
   <l
      list 1
      list 3
  <script>
      let li2 = document.getElementById("second");
      let inside = li2.innerHTML;
      console.log(inside);
   </script>
</body> */
// element ke undar ke text ko change karna
/* <body>
  <l
      list 2
      list 3
   <script>
      let li2 = document.getElementById("second");
      li2.innerHTML = " changed ";
   </script>
```

```
//************************** select an element by class */
```

```
list 1
     list 2
     list 3
  <script>
     let cls = document.getElementsByClassName("cls");
  </script>
</body> */
//eg
/* <body>
  <l
     list 1
     list 2
  <script>
     let clss = document.getElementsByClassName("cls");
     console.log(clss.length);
     for (let i = 0; i < clss.length; i++) {</pre>
        clss[i].innerHTML = " Hello ";
  </script>
</body> */
// multiple class value ho toh
  <l
     list 1
     list 2
  <script>
     let clss = document.getElementsByClassName("cls pi");
     console.log(clss.length);
     for (let i = 0; i < clss.length; i++) {</pre>
         clss[i].innerHTML = " Hello ";
  </script>
</body> */
```

// ****** select an element by tag name

```
<body>
   <h1>Heading 1</h1>
   Paragraph 1
   Paragraph 2
   <h1>Heading 3</h1>
   Paragraph 3
   <script>
       let heding = document.getElementsByTagName("h1");
       for (let i = 0; i < heding.length; i++) {</pre>
           heding[i].innerHTML = "Heading changed";
   </script>
</body> */
// eg
* <body>
   <h1>Heading 1</h1>
   <div id="h_and_p">
       Paragraph 1
       <h1>Heading 2</h1>
       Paragraph 2
       <h1>Heading 3</h1>
       Paragraph 3
   </div>
   <script>
       let heding = document.getElementById("h_and_p");
       let div1 = heding.getElementsByTagName("h1");
       for (let i = 0; i < div1.length; i++) {
           div1[i].innerHTML = "Heading changed";
   </script>
</body> */
```

```
//******** query selector */
```

```
<h1>Heading 3</h1>
       Paragraph 3
   </div>
   <script>
       let div1 = document.querySelector("p.hello1");
       div1.innerHTML = "paragraph changed";
       console.log(div1);
   </script>
</body> */
// for multiple selection use querySelectorAll
//eg
/* <body>
   <h1 class="hello1">Heading 1</h1>
   <div id="h and p">
       Paragraph 1
       <h1 class="hello1">Heading 2</h1>
       Paragraph 2
       <h1>Heading 3</h1>
       Paragraph 3
   </div>
   <script>
       let div1 = document.querySelectorAll("p.hello1");
       console.log(div1);
       for (let i = 0; i < div1.length; i++) {</pre>
          div1[i].innerHTML = "Heading changed";
   </script>
</body> */
```

```
//******* traversing elements */
```

```
let prt = div1.parentElement;
     console.log(prt);
  </script>
// parent kudke children ko select karna
/* <body>
     list 1
     list 2
     list 3
     list 4
  list a
     list b
     list c
     list d
  <script>
     let div1 = document.getElementById("slt");
     let prt = div1.children;
     console.log(prt);
  </script>
</body> */
// parent kudke first and last child ko select karna
/eg
  <u1>
     list 1
     list 3
     list 4
  list a
     list b
     list c
     list d
  <script>
     let div1 = document.getElementById("slt");
     let frt = div1.firstElementChild;
     console.log(frt);
     let lst = div1.lastElementChild;
```

```
console.log(lst);
   </script>
</body> */
// kud ke sibling ko select karna
      list 1
      list 4
   <l
      list a
      list b
      list d
   <script>
      let div1 = document.getElementById("slt");
      let frt = div1.previousElementSibling;
      console.log(frt);
      let lst = div1.nextElementSibling;
      console.log(lst);
   </script>
```

```
// ******** innerHtml
```

```
dusra element add karneh ke liyeh bina replace kiyeh
  <body>
       This is a paragraph tag
   </div>
   <script>
       let elm = document.getElementById("intro");
       let newElm = document.createElement("h1");
       let text = document.createTextNode("This is heading tag");
       newElm.appendChild(text);
       elm.appendChild(newElm);
   </script>
</body> */
 /eg
 * <body>
   <div id="intro">
       This is a paragraph tag
   </div>
   <script>
       let elm = document.getElementById("intro");
       let newElm = document.createElement("h1");
       let text = document.createTextNode("This is heading tag");
       newElm.appendChild(text);
       elm.appendChild(newElm);
       newElm.className = "try bg-primary";
       newElm.id = "hding";
   </script>
</body> */
/ body ke bad add karna ho toh yani body ko parent banana hain toh
```

```
<div id="intro">
       This is a paragraph tag
   </div>
   <script>
       let newElm = document.createElement("h1");
       let text = document.createTextNode("This is heading tag");
       newElm.appendChild(text);
       document.body.appendChild(newElm);
       newElm.className = "try bg-primary";
       newElm.id = "hding";
   </script>
</body> */
// properties ke through text add karna
//eg
       This is a paragraph tag
   </div>
   <script>
       let elm = document.getElementById("intro");
       let newElm = document.createElement("h1");
       newElm.textContent = "Content is added in h1 tag"
       elm.appendChild(newElm);
   </script>
</body> */
// textContent property seh element ko read vi kar sakthe hain
// yani console meh inner text ko display karna
//eg
       This is a paragraph tag
   </div>
   <script>
       let pra = document.getElementById("read");
       let readPra = pra.textContent;
       console.log(readPra);
   </script>
</body> */
```

```
//******** Insert before */
```

```
list 1 seh pehele add karna ho toh
   d="lists">
      list 1
      list 2
      list 3
      list 4
   <script>
      let liss = document.getElementById("lists");
      let li5 = document.createElement("li");
      li5.textContent = "New list 5";
      let pos = liss.firstElementChild;
      liss.insertBefore(li5, pos);
   </script>
</body> */
// list 3 seh pehele add karneh ke liyeh
//eg
   d="lists">
      list 2
   <script>
      let liss = document.getElementById("lists");
      let li5 = document.createElement("li");
```

```
/parent seh child ko remove karna
 * <body>
   list 1
      list 2
   <script>
      let par = document.getElementById("item");
      let elm = par.firstElementChild.nextElementSibling;
      par.removeChild(elm);
   </script>
</body> */
// body ko parent liya
 * <body>
   <script>
      let par = document.body;
```

```
let elm = document.getElementById("item");
    par.removeChild(elm);
    </script>
</body> */
```

//******** clone element */

//******** replace element */

// ******* change attribute

```
/eg
   <button id="btn">click</putton>
   <script>
       let btn = document.getElementById("btn");
       btn.setAttribute("class", "form1");
   </script>
</body> */
//eg
* <body>
   <button id="btn">click</putton>
   <script>
       let btn = document.getElementById("btn");
       let getAttri = btn.getAttribute("id");
       console.log(getAttri);
   </script>
</body> */
/ remove attribute
  <body>
```

```
/ three ways
 * <body>
   <button id="btn" class="form1">click</button>
    <script>
        let btn = document.getElementById("btn");
        btn.style.cssText = "background-color: red; color:white;";
    </script>
</body> */
 * <body>
   <button id="btn" class="form1">click</button>
   <script>
        let btn = document.getElementById("btn");
       btn.setAttribute("style", "background-color: red; color:white;");
   </script>
</body> */
/* <body>
   <script>
        let btn = document.getElementById("btn");
       btn.style.background = "black";
       btn.style.color = "white";
   </script>
</body> */
// already style ho toh setAttribute aur style.cssText useko hatakeh kud ka laga deta hain
// but to use both then give += as shown below
/* <body>
    <button id="btn" style="background-color: black;color: aliceblue;">click</button>
    <script>
```

```
let btn = document.getElementById("btn");
    btn.style.cssText += "background-color: red;";
    </script>
    </body> */
```

// ****** get computed css

// *********** css classes

```
// know classes
// eg
/* <head>
<style>
.colour {
    background-color: black;
    color: white;
}
.dimm {
    padding: 50px;
    border: 2px solid red;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<div id="box" class="colour dimm">
This is a pragraph
</div>
<script>
let elm = document.getElementById("box");
```

```
console.log(elm.className);
</script>
</body> */
//eg
<style>
   background-color: black;
   color: white;
   padding: 50px;
</style>
This is a pragraph
</div>
<script>
let elm = document.getElementById("box");
</script>
</body> */
// access classes
//eg
<style>
   background-color: black;
   padding: 50px;
   border: 2px solid red;
</style>
</head>
<body>
This is a pragraph
```

```
</div>
<script>
let elm = document.getElementById("box");
        console.log(elm.classList);
        for (let clss of elm.classList) {
</script>
// add classes
//eg
<style>
.colour {
   background-color: black;
   padding: 50px;
   border: 2px solid red;
</style>
</head>
        This is a pragraph
   </div>
   <script>
        let elm = document.getElementById("box");
   </script>
// remove classes
//eg
<style>
   background-color: black;
   padding: 50px;
   border: 2px solid red;
```

```
</style>
</head>
<body>
       This is a pragraph
   </div>
   <script>
       let elm = document.getElementById("box");
   </script>
// replace classes
//eg
<style>
   background-color: black;
   padding: 50px;
</style>
</head>
<body>
       This is a pragraph
   </div>
   <script>
       let elm = document.getElementById("box");
       elm.classList.replace("colour", "dimm");
   </script>
// check particular class laga hua hain ki nhi
//eg
<style>
   background-color: black;
```

```
padding: 50px;
</style>
</head>
<body>
       This is a pragraph
   </div>
   <script>
       let elm = document.getElementById("box");
       console.log(result);
   </script>
<style>
   background-color: black;
   color: white;
   padding: 50px;
</style>
</head>
       This is a pragraph
   </div>
   <script>
       let elm = document.getElementById("box");
       elm.classList.toggle("dimm");
   </script>
</body> */
// already hain toh hata dega
//eg
<style>
```

//****** height and width of an element

```
// offset meh border padding include hota hain
//eg
/* <head>
<style>
.colour {
    background-color: black;
    color: white;
}
.dimm {
    padding: 50px;
    border: 2px solid red;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<div id="box" class="colour dimm">
This is a pragraph
</div>
<script>
let elm = document.getElementById("box");
let widthof = elm.offsetHeight;
let widthof = elm.offsetWidth;
console.log(midthof);
console.log(midthof);
```

```
</script>
</body> */
//eg
<style>
   background-color: black;
.dimm {
   padding: 50px;
</style>
</head>
       This is a pragraph
   </div>
   <script>
       let elm = document.getElementById("box");
       let heightCl = elm.clientHeight;
       let widthCl = elm.clientWidth;
       console.log(heightCl);
       console.log(widthCl);
   </script>
```

```
//******* DOM events */
```

```
// ******* remove eventListener
```

```
//****** page load event */
```

```
// DOMContentLoad ---- fully load hone seh pehele
// load ---- fully load honeh ke badh
//eg
/* <body>
```

//****** Mouse Events */

```
search online for more
/eg
   <style>
       #box {
           background-color: red;
           height: 100px;
           width: 100px;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   <!-- <div id="box" onclick="mouseFunc()"></div> -->
   <!-- <div id="box" oncontextmenu="mouseFunc()"></div> -->
   <!-- <div id="box" onmousedown="mouseFunc()"></div> -->
   <!-- <div id="box" onmouseover="mouseFunc()"></div> -->
   <div id="box" onmouseup="mouseFunc()"></div>
   <script>
       // let mouseFunc = () => alert("The user clicks on an element");
       // let mouseFunc = () => alert("The user right-clicks on an element");
       // let mouseFunc = () => alert("The mouse pointer is moved over an element");
       let mouseFunc = () => alert("The mouse button is released over an element");
   </script>
</body> */
```

```
//****** key down event */
```

```
// ********* scroll events
```

```
to detect scrolling
/ Y for vertical
// X for horizontal
/ scrolling
   <style>
           height: 2000px;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   Hello
   <script>
       window.addEventListener("scroll", () => console.log("scrolling...."));
   </script>
//check scrolling up or down (vertically)
//eg
   <style>
           height: 2000px;
   </style>
  Hello
```

```
<script>
        window.addEventListener("wheel", (storedHere) => {
            if (storedHere.deltaY < 0) {</pre>
                console.log("scrolling up.....");
            } else if (storedHere.deltaY > 0) {
                console.log("scrolling down....");
    </script>
// change style when i reaches specific pexel
//eg
   <style>
           height: 2000px;
   </style>
<body>
   Hello
    <script>
        window.addEventListener("scroll", () => {
            if (window.pageYOffset > 200) {
               document.body.style.background = "red";
            } else {
                document.body.style.background = "white";
    </script>
// for horizontal
 /eg
   <style>
           width: 2000px;
</head>
<body>
    Hello
   <script>
```

```
window.addEventListener("scroll", () => {
    if (window.pageXOffset > 200) {
        document.body.style.background = "red";
    } else {
        document.body.style.background = "white";
    }
})
</script>
</body> */
```

```
jese hi user type karega wo focus state meh aa jayega // hatega toh blur
 / to detect input events
       Name: <input type="text" id="inpName">
   <script>
       let nam = document.getElementById("inpName");
       nam.addEventListener("focus", () => nam.style.background = "yellow");
       nam.addEventListener("blur", () => nam.style.background = "white");
   </script>
</body> */
// get the value written in input form
/ change event
//eg
/* <body>
   <form action="">
       Name: <input type="text" id="inpName">
   </form>
   <script>
       let nam = document.getElementById("inpName");
       nam.addEventListener("change", function () {
           console.log(this.value);
   </script>
// input event
/eg
   <form action="">
```

//******* Event Bubbling and Event capturing */

```
first kisko execute karna hain // parent ko ya children ko
 / false aur kutch nhi likhe toh bubbling // true likhne seh capturing
// bubbling meh peheleh children execute hoga uske badh parent
/ capturing meh peheleh parent execute hoga uske badh children
/ eg of bubbling
   <style>
           padding: 100px;
           background-color: burlywood;
           padding: 50px;
           background-color: blue;
       #btn {
           background-color: red;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
       <button id="btn">Click Me</button>
   </div>
   <script>
       let d = document.getElementById("div_Hu");
       let b = document.getElementById("btn");
       d.addEventListener("click", () => console.log("You Clicked div..."), false);
       b.addEventListener("click", () => console.log("You Clicked button..."), false);
       document.body.addEventListener("click", () => console.log("You Clicked body..."));
   </script>
</body> */
```

```
eg of capturing
   <style>
           padding: 100px;
           background-color: burlywood;
           padding: 50px;
           background-color: blue;
       #btn {
           background-color: red;
   </style>
</head>
        <button id="btn">Click Me</button>
   </div>
   <script>
       let d = document.getElementById("div_Hu");
       let b = document.getElementById("btn");
       d.addEventListener("click", () => console.log("You Clicked div..."), true);
       b.addEventListener("click", () => console.log("You Clicked button..."), true);
       document.body.addEventListener("click", () => console.log("You Clicked body..."), true);
   </script>
</body> */
// to run function individually
/eg
   <style>
            padding: 100px;
           background-color: burlywood;
       #div_Hu {
           padding: 50px;
           background-color: blue;
       #btn {
           background-color: red;
    </stvle>
```

```
// ******** prevent default
```

```
// used to interact with browser
// jo var seh variable defined hain wohi window ka property bantha hain
// window ek default object hain
//eg
// var x = "Hello World";
// console.log(window.x);

//eg
// function xyz() {
// console.log("Hello World !!!!");
// }
// window.xyz();

//eg
// window.alert("Welcome");
```

```
//************ window
```

```
inner height and width display area / view
/ outer meh pura browser aa jata hain
// console.log(window.innerHeight);
// console.log(window.innerWidth);
// console.log(window.outerHeight);
// console.log(window.outerWidth);
// naya window kese open karthe hain // window.open("url","name","features")
 / search window.open() in browser to know more features
 * <body>
   <button id="btn_1">Google</putton>
   <script>
       let btn1 = document.getElementById("btn_1");
       let feature = "height = 500, width = 500";
       btn1.addEventListener("click", () => window.open("https://www.google.com", "google",
         feature));
   </script>
```

```
/* <body>
   <button id="btn_1">Google</putton>
   <button id="btn 2">flipkart</button>
   <script>
       let btn1 = document.getElementById("btn_1");
       let btn2 = document.getElementById("btn_2");
       let feature = "height = 500, width = 500";
       btn1.addEventListener("click", () => window.open("https://www.google.com", "google",
         feature));
       btn2.addEventListener("click", () => window.open("https://www.flipkart.com/", "google",
         feature));
   </script>
</body> */
// to close window
/eg
* <body>
   <button id="btn_1">Google</putton>
   <button id="btn 2">flipkart</putton>
   <button id="btn_3">Close</button>
   <script>
       let btn1 = document.getElementById("btn_1");
       let btn2 = document.getElementById("btn_2");
       let btn3 = document.getElementById("btn_3");
       let feature = "height = 500, width = 500";
       btn1.addEventListener("click", () => {
           win = window.open("https://www.google.com", "google", feature);
       btn2.addEventListener("click", () => {
           win = window.open("https://www.flipkart.com/", "google", feature);
       btn3.addEventListener("click", () => win.close());
   </script>
```

```
setTimeout(myFunc, 5000);
       function myFunc() {
           alert("Please rate our website .....");
</script> */
// to stop setTimeout
* <script>
       var _time = setTimeout(myFunc, 5000);
       function myFunc() {
           alert("Please rate our website .....");
       clearTimeout( time);
</script> */
// Time interval --- to run a function repeatedly after specific time
* <body>
   <button id="btn" style="position: fixed;left: 100px;">Stop</button>
   <div id="cloneMe">
       I Love You
   </div>
   <script>
       var _time = setInterval(myFunc, 1000);
       function myFunc() {
           let elm = document.getElementById("cloneMe");
           let cloneElm = elm.cloneNode(true);
           document.body.appendChild(cloneElm);
       var _btn = document.getElementById("btn");
       _btn.addEventListener("click", () => clearInterval(_time));
   </script>
</body> */
```

```
//******* Location object */
```

```
// check location
// console.log(location.href);
// console.log(location.pathname);
// console.log(location.protocol);
// redirect to other page
```

```
many ways
  <body>
   <button id="btn" onclick="myFunc()">redirect to google</button>
   <script>
       function myFunc() {
           window.location = "https:/www.google.com";
   </script>
   <button id="btn" onclick="myFunc()">redirect to google</button>
   <script>
       function myFunc() {
           location.href = "https:/www.google.com";
   </script>
</body> */
   <button id="btn" onclick="myFunc()">redirect to google</button>
       function myFunc() {
            location.assign("https:/www.google.com");
   </script>
</body> */
// ismeh back aaneh ka option nhi hota
//eg
   <button id="btn" onclick="myFunc()">redirect to google</button>
   <script>
       function myFunc() {
           location.replace("https:/www.google.com");
   </script>
</body> */
```

```
//******** Navigator object */
```

```
// browser ke bareh meh information
// eg
// console.log(navigator.appName);
// console.log(navigator.appCodeName);
// console.log(navigator.cookieEnabled);
// console.log(navigator.userAgent);
// console.log(navigator.platform);
// console.log(navigator.javaEnabled());
// and many more
```

```
// ******** screen object
```

```
//eg
// console.log(screen.height);
// console.log(screen.width);
// console.log(screen.colorDepth);
// console.log(screen.orientation);
```