

2.1

$$\beta = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_1 \\ \beta_2 \end{bmatrix}_{2k \times 1}$$

prior

$$\pi(\beta) \propto \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} (\beta - \beta_0)' B_0^{-1} (\beta - \beta_0)\right) \quad (*)$$

likelihood

$$p(y_g | w_g, x_g, \lambda, \beta, \alpha_g)$$

$$\propto \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} (\varepsilon_g - 0)' (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} (\varepsilon_g - 0)\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow p(\{y_g\} | \{w_g\}, \{x_g\}, \lambda, \beta, \{\alpha_g\})$$

$$\propto \prod_{g=1}^G \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \varepsilon_g' (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} \varepsilon_g\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{g=1}^G \varepsilon_g' (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} \varepsilon_g\right) \quad (**)$$

posterior

$$p(\beta | \{y_g\}, \{w_g\}, \{x_g\}, \lambda, \{\alpha_g\})$$

$$\propto \pi(\beta) p(\{y_g\} | \{w_g\}, \{x_g\}, \lambda, \beta, \{\alpha_g\})$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left\{ (\beta - \beta_0)' B_0^{-1} (\beta - \beta_0) + \sum_{g=1}^G \varepsilon_g' (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} \varepsilon_g \right\}\right)$$

Expand (*) and (**):

$$(*) = -\frac{1}{2} \beta' B_0^{-1} \beta + \frac{1}{2} \beta_0' B_0^{-1} \beta + \frac{1}{2} \beta' B_0^{-1} \beta_0 - \frac{1}{2} \beta_0' B_0^{-1} \beta_0$$

$$= \underbrace{-\frac{1}{2} \beta' B_0^{-1} \beta}_{-\frac{1}{2} \beta' B^{-1} \beta \text{ term}} + \underbrace{\beta_0' B_0^{-1} \beta}_{\hat{\beta}' B^{-1} \beta \text{ term}} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \beta' B_0^{-1} \beta_0}_{\text{other term}} + \frac{1}{2} \beta_0' B_0^{-1} \beta_0$$

$$(**) = \underbrace{-\frac{1}{2} \beta' \sum_{g=1}^G X_g' (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} X_g \beta}_{-\frac{1}{2} \beta' B^{-1} \beta \text{ term}} + \underbrace{\sum_{g=1}^G (y_g' s_g - l_g' a_g) (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} X_g \beta}_{\hat{\beta}' B^{-1} \beta \text{ term}} + \text{other term}$$

Re-arrange $(*) + (**)$ into $-\frac{1}{2} \beta' B^{-1} \beta$ term + $\hat{\beta}' B^{-1} \beta$ term

$$(*) + (**) = \underbrace{-\frac{1}{2} \beta' \left(\sum_{g=1}^G X_g' (\delta^2 I_{ng})^{-1} X_g + B_0^{-1} \right) \beta}_{-\frac{1}{2} \beta' B^{-1} \beta} + \text{other term}$$

$$+ \underbrace{\left(\beta_0' B_0^{-1} + \sum_{g=1}^G (Y_g' S_g - l_g' \alpha_g') (\delta^2 I_{ng})^{-1} X_g \right) \beta}_{\hat{\beta}' B^{-1} \beta}$$

+ other term

$$\propto \mathcal{N}_{2k}(\beta; \hat{\beta}, B)$$

where

$$B^{-1} = \left(\sum_{g=1}^G X_g' (\delta^2 I_{ng})^{-1} X_g + B_0^{-1} \right)$$

$$\hat{\beta}' B^{-1} = \beta_0' B_0^{-1} + \sum_{g=1}^G (Y_g' S_g - l_g' \alpha_g') (\delta^2 I_{ng})^{-1} X_g$$

$$\hat{\beta}' = \hat{\beta}' B^{-1} B$$

$$= \left(\beta_0' B_0^{-1} + \sum_{g=1}^G (Y_g' S_g - l_g' \alpha_g') (\delta^2 I_{ng})^{-1} X_g \right) B$$

$$\hat{\beta} = B \left(B_0^{-1} \beta_0 + \sum_{g=1}^G X_g' (\delta^2 I_{ng})^{-1} (S_g Y_g - \alpha_g l_g) \right)$$

2-2

prior: $\pi(\alpha_g) \propto \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} (\alpha_g - \alpha_0)' A_0^{-1} (\alpha_g - \alpha_0)\right)$

likelihood: $p(y_g | w_g, x_g, \lambda, \beta, \alpha_g) \propto \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \varepsilon_g' (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} \varepsilon_g\right)$

posterior:

$$p(\alpha_g | y_g, w_g, x_g, \lambda, \beta) = \pi(\alpha_g) \cdot p(y_g | w_g, x_g, \lambda, \beta, \alpha_g)$$

$$\propto \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left\{ (\alpha_g - \alpha_0)' A_0^{-1} (\alpha_g - \alpha_0) + \varepsilon_g' (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} \varepsilon_g \right\}\right)$$

$$\propto \mathcal{N}(\alpha_g; \hat{\alpha}_g, A_n) \quad (*) \quad (**)$$

when

$$(*) = -\frac{1}{2} \alpha_g' A_0^{-1} \alpha_g + \alpha_0' A_0^{-1} \alpha_g - \frac{1}{2} \alpha_0' A_0^{-1} \alpha_0$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \varepsilon_g' (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} \varepsilon_g$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} [y_g' S_g' - \beta' x_g' - \underline{l_g' \alpha_g'}] (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} [S_g y_g - x_g \beta - \underline{\alpha_g l_g}]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} l_g' \alpha_g' (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} \alpha_g l_g$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (y_g' S_g' - \beta' x_g') (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} \alpha_g l_g + \frac{1}{2} l_g' \alpha_g' (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} (S_g y_g - x_g \beta)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} (y_g' S_g' - \beta' x_g') (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} (S_g y_g - x_g \beta)$$

Re-arrange into $-\frac{1}{2} \alpha_g' A_n^{-1} \alpha_g$ term + $\hat{\alpha}' A_n^{-1} \alpha_g$ term + other

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \alpha_g' l_g' (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} l_g \alpha_g + (y_g' S_g' - \beta' x_g') (\sigma^2 I_{n_g})^{-1} l_g \alpha_g + \text{other}$$

And then, re-arrange (*) + (**) into $\hat{\alpha}_g' \underline{A_n^{-1}} \alpha_g + \underline{\hat{\alpha}_g' A_n^{-1}} \alpha_g + \text{other}$

$$(*) + (**) = -\frac{1}{2} \alpha_g' \left(A_0^{-1} + l_g' (\delta^2 I_{ng})^{-1} l_g \right) \alpha_g$$

$$+ \left(\alpha_0' A_0^{-1} + (y_g' s_g - \beta' x_g) (\delta^2 I_{ng})^{-1} l_g \right) \alpha_g + \text{other}$$

$$\Rightarrow A_n = \left(A_0^{-1} + l_g' (\delta^2 I_{ng})^{-1} l_g \right)^{-1}$$

$$\hat{\alpha}_g' A_n^{-1} = \left(\alpha_0' A_0^{-1} + (y_g' s_g - \beta' x_g) (\delta^2 I_{ng})^{-1} l_g \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\alpha}_g = A_n \left(A_0^{-1} \alpha_0 + l_g' (\delta^2 I_{ng})^{-1} (s_g y_g - x_g \beta) \right)$$