

Data Wrangling and Data Analysis

Data Visualization (Creating Dashboards)

Hakim Qahtan

Department of Information and Computing Sciences

Utrecht University



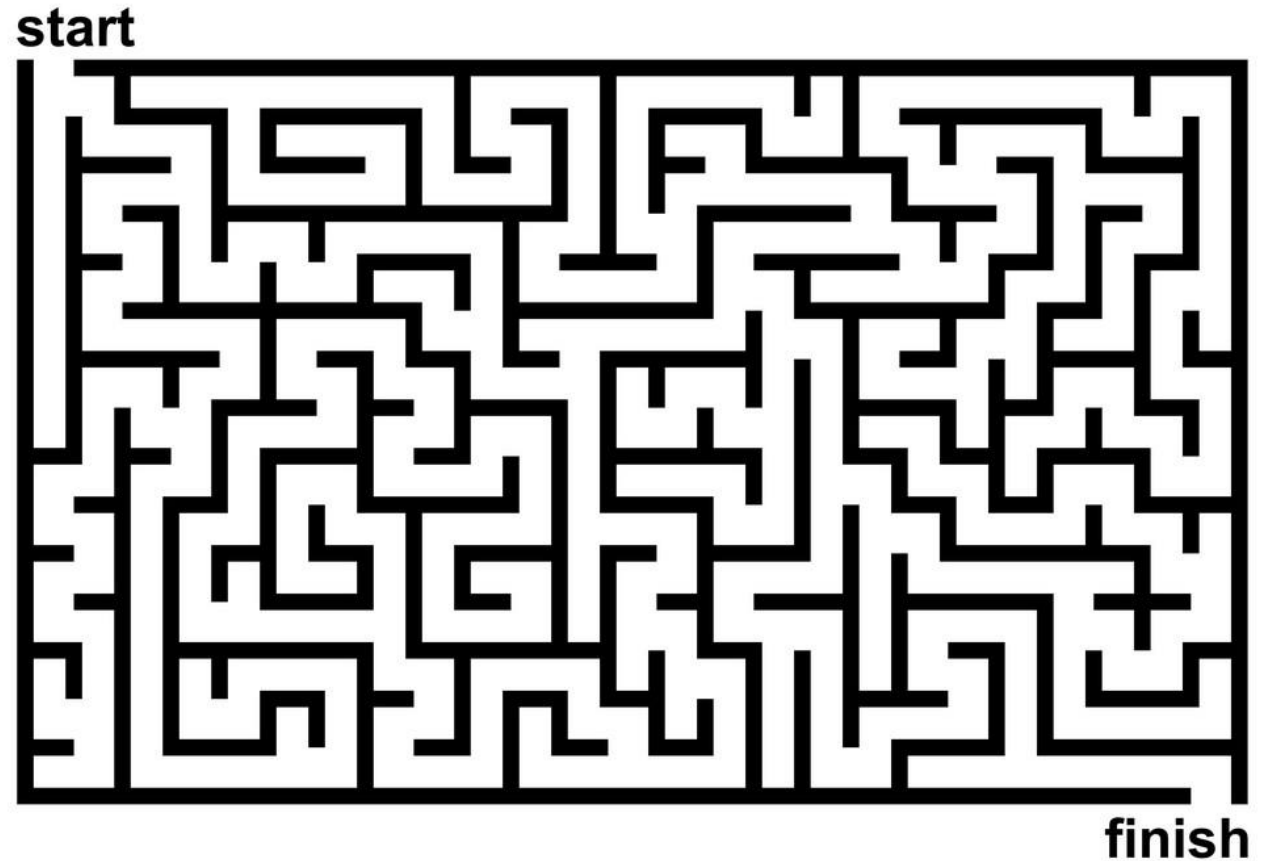
Topics for Today

- Introduction
- Mistakes in Data Visualization
- Examples of Visualization Tools for Data Analytics
- Different Ways to Represent Data
- Designing a Dashboard



Introduction

- Danger of getting lost in data, which may be:
 - Irrelevant to the current task in hand
 - Processed in an inappropriate way
 - Presented in an inappropriate way



Introduction (Cont.)

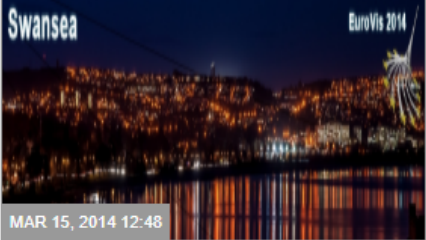
VISUAL-ANALYTICS.EU

the new visual analytics portal

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Swansea



MAR 15, 2014 12:48

EuroVA 2014, Swansea, June 9-10

EuroVA 2014 is the fifth international Eurovis workshop on Visual Analytics held in Europe and aims at continuing the success of the previous editions, held in Bordeaux, France, in Bergen, Norway, in Vienna, Austria and in Leipzig, Germany. Also this [...]

solving problems with
visual analytics

FEB 12, 2012 13:28

"MASTERING THE INFORMATION AGE" now on visual-analytics.eu

Mastering The Information Age – Solving Problems with Visual Analytics

The VisMaster book is now available in print form but you can also still download the full book from [here](#) [25 MB, PDF].

Go to the Book menu on the top bar for a summary of the book and individual chapters.

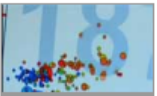
(Note that individual chapters can be downloaded separately if you wish)

IN THE MEDIA

More in In the Media

Hans Rosling's 200 Countries, 200 Years, 4 Minutes – The Joy of Stats – BBC Four

Hans Rosling's famous lectures combine enormous quantities of public data with a sport's commentator's style to reveal the...



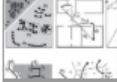
DEC 13, 2010 13:16

Video Interview – JD Fekete talks about Jacques Bertin

Journalism in the Age of Data: Visualization as a Storytelling Medium

David McCandless: The beauty of data visualization


NEWS



AUG 1 13:04

Workshop and special issue on 'Progress in Movement Analysis – Experiences with Real Data'


Organisers and Guest Editors of 'Computers, Environment and Urban Systems' (CEUS)...



JUN 27 22:20

The Second UKVAC International Visual Analytic Summer School (VASS2012)

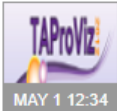
The Second UKVAC International Visual Analytic Summer School (VASS2012) Date: 3-8th September...



MAY 15 0:05

Call for Papers: SIGRAD 2012 – Interactive Visual Analysis of Data

Call for Papers: SIGRAD 2012 – Interactive Visual Analysis of Data
Location: Växjö, Sweden Date:...



MAY 1 12:34

TAProViz Call for Papers

Visualizations can make the structure and dependencies between elements in processes accessible...

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Introduction (Cont.)

- Good graphics
 - Point relationships, trends or patterns
 - Explore data to infer new things
 - To make something easy to understand
 - To observe a reality from different viewpoints
 - To achieve an idea to be memorized



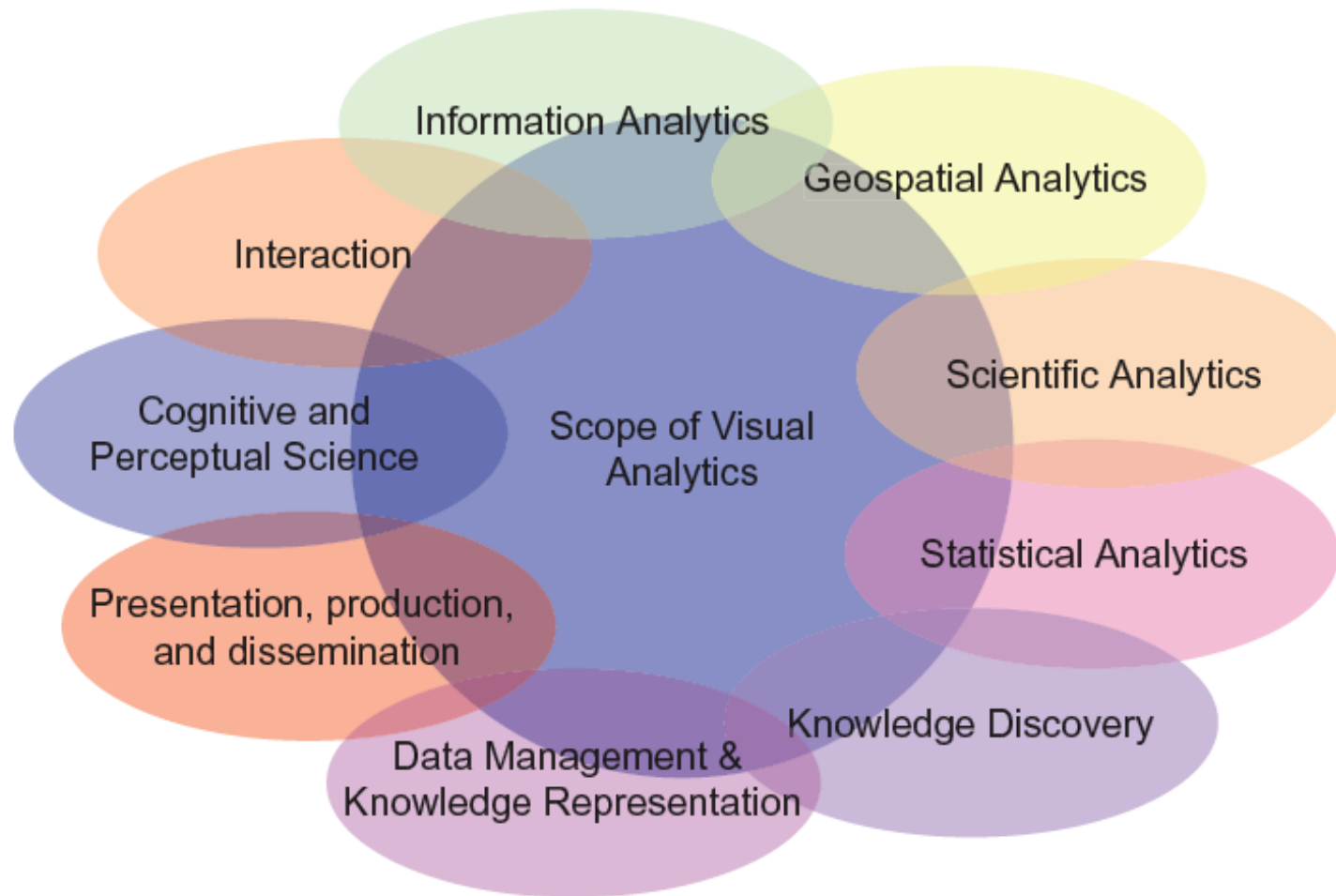
Introduction (Cont.)

- Data visualization is a way of expressing
 - Like math, music, drawing or writing
- So, it has some rules to respect

The image displays a complex collage of mathematical formulas and symbols. Visible elements include:

- Binomial coefficients: $\binom{n}{k}$, $\binom{n}{k+1}$
- Factorials: $n!$, $(n-k)!$, $(k+1)!$
- Summations: $\sum_{k=0}^n$, $\sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} a^k b^{n-k}$
- Variables and constants: a , b , n , k , P_1 , V_1 , u_1^2 , K
- Other symbols: \vec{v} , π , 2π

Introduction (Cont.)



Keim, D.A., Mansmann, F., Schneidewind, J. and Ziegler, H., Challenges in Visual Data Analysis, Tenth International Conference on Information Visualisation (IV'06), pp. 9-16, 2006.

Mistakes in Data Visualization

Mistakes in visualization

If it's an image that displays and explains information quickly and clearly, it's an infographic. But we've collected some that are head-craning, eye-squinting, eyebrow-raising nightmares that leave you more confused than before you clicked 'next'. The result is an exciting gallery of infographics that tell you nothing.

If you manage to understand all 16 of the infographics in this gallery, write to data@theguardian.com and we'll pick one lucky person to win our incredible prize (the prize is a ruler and a ball-point pen).

Mona Chalabi

Twitter: @MonaChalabi Email: mona@theguardian.com

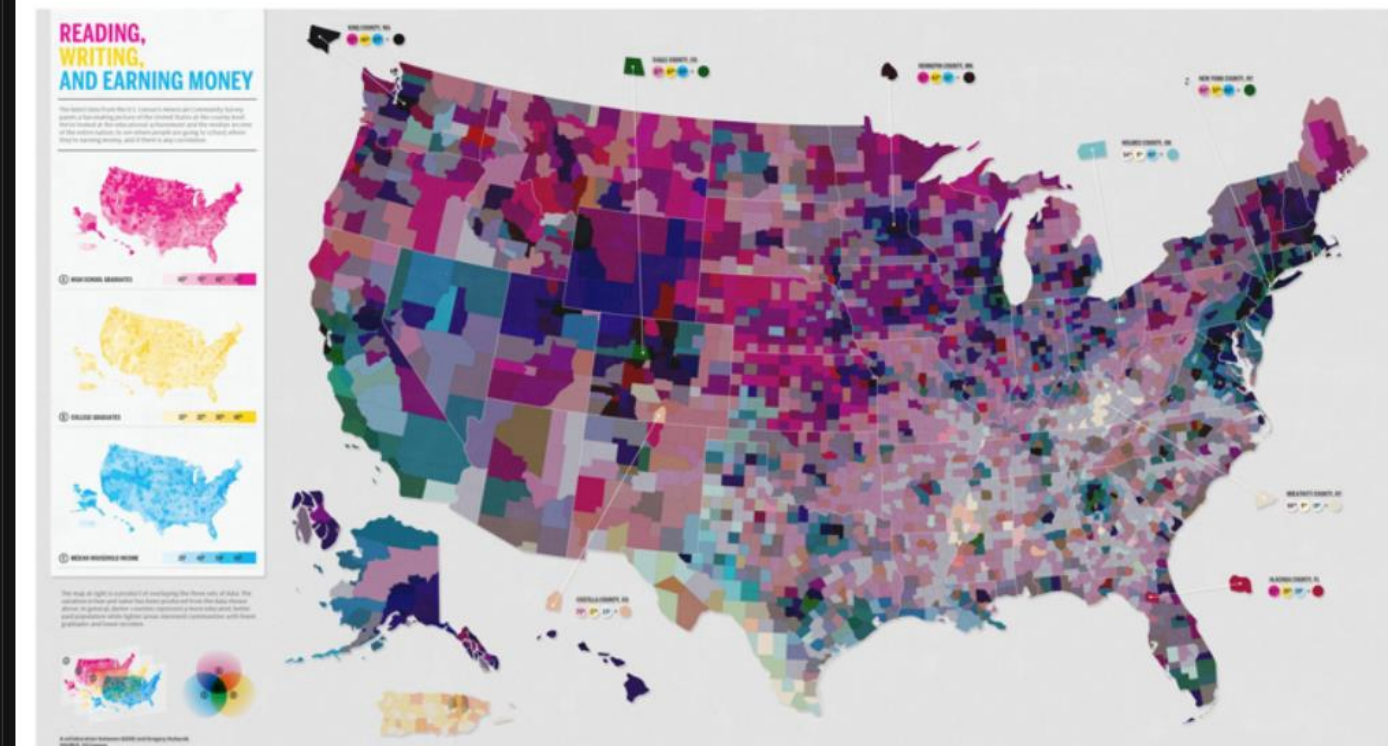
Thu 1 Aug 2013 12:55 BST



939 131

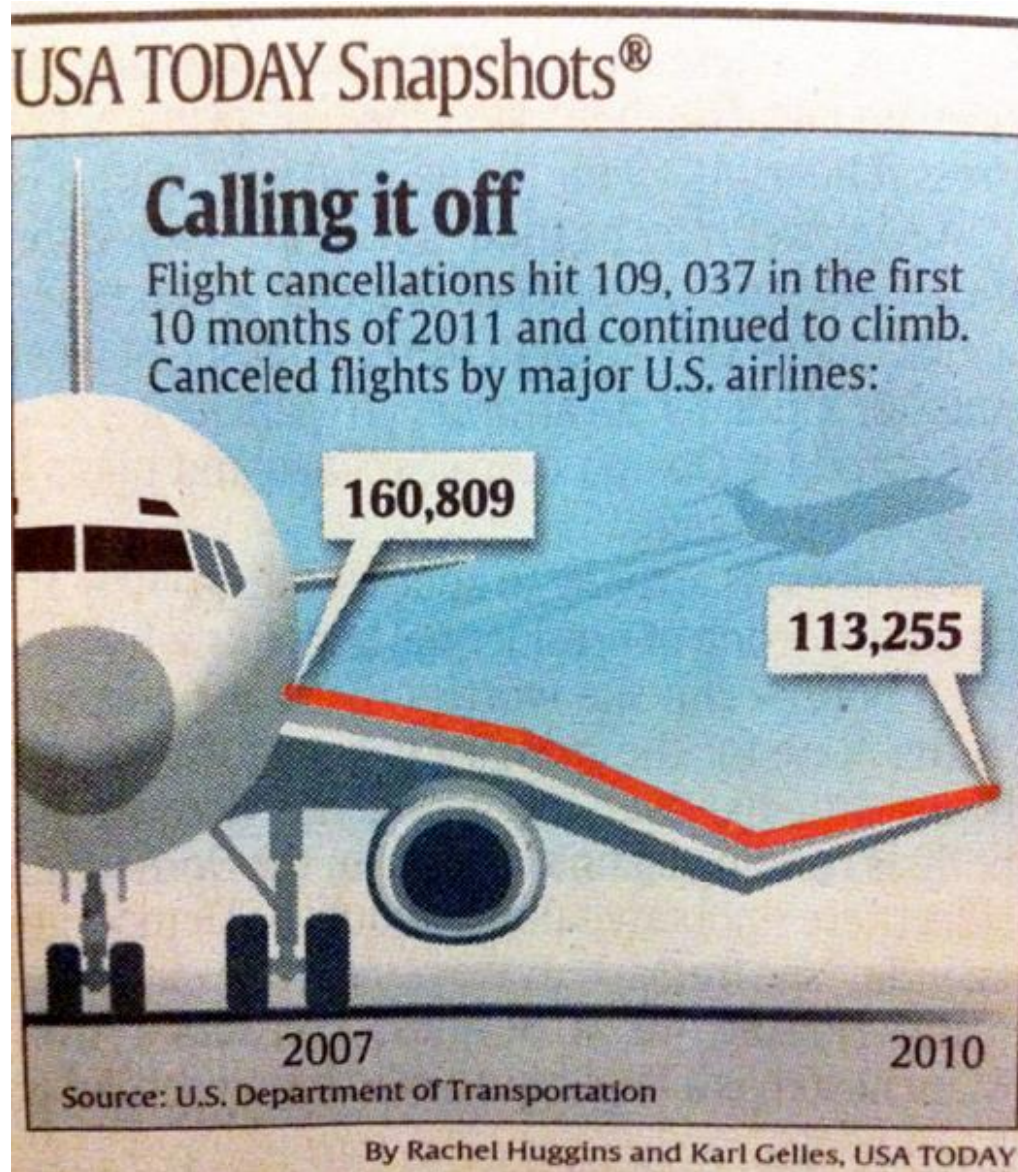
It's quite ironic that you need a map to navigate this map of the US. The key in the bottom-left corner explains that the colours are based on three maps overlayed. Oh! Right! We get it now! (We don't really, it's just embarrassing to admit sometimes).

Photograph: GOOD/Gregory Hubacek



<https://www.theguardian.com/news/datablog/gallery/2013/aug/01/16-useless-infographics>

Mistakes in Data Visualization (Cont.)



- Problems?

Mistakes in Data Visualization (Cont.)

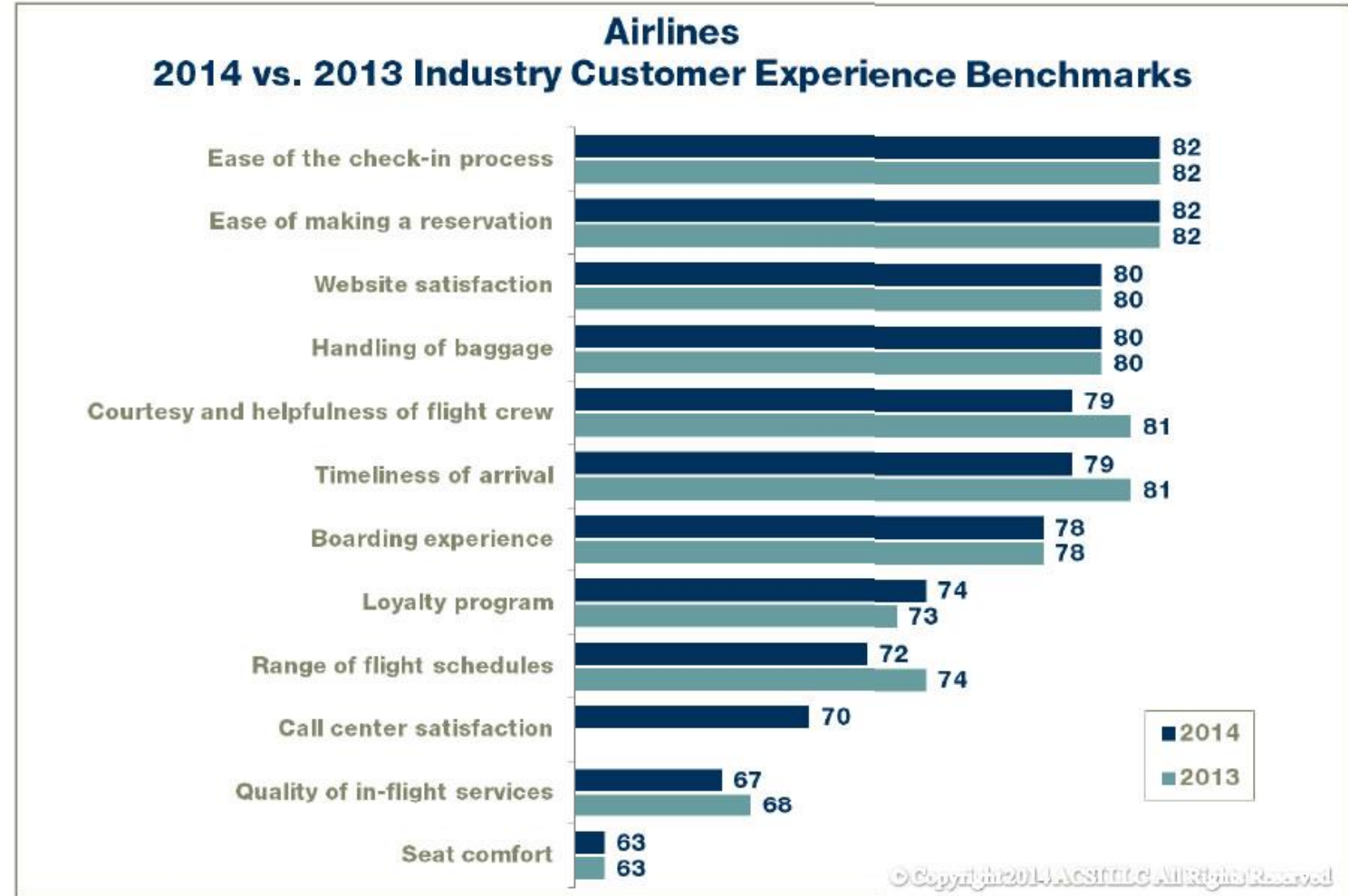
- Problems?
- Try to identify:
 1. The biggest donor in 2008
 2. The smallest donor in 2009
 3. The variation between 2008 and 2009
 4. Which region received the biggest amount of money



<https://blogs.elpais.com/.a/6a00d8341bfb1653ef0153903125d9970b-550wi>

Mistakes in Data Visualization (Cont.)

- Problems?
 - Bar values should start at zero



[https://www.qualitydigest.com/IQedit/Images/Articles and Columns/2014/April_2014/ACSI/airlines-lg.jpg](https://www.qualitydigest.com/IQedit/Images/Articles_and_Columns/2014/April_2014/ACSI/airlines-lg.jpg)

Tools for Data Analytics

Requirements for DA Visualization Tools



- Ability to choose different visuals and graphs
 - Choose between pie charts, bar charts, and line graphs to express the data better
- Accurate trend tracking capability
 - Keep track of the interesting trends in your data
 - Ex.: you can see which products are selling each month, and which demographic is buying
- High level of security
 - Without proper security, you could risk losing information that could be crucial to your enterprise
- Simplified and self-explainable software interfacing



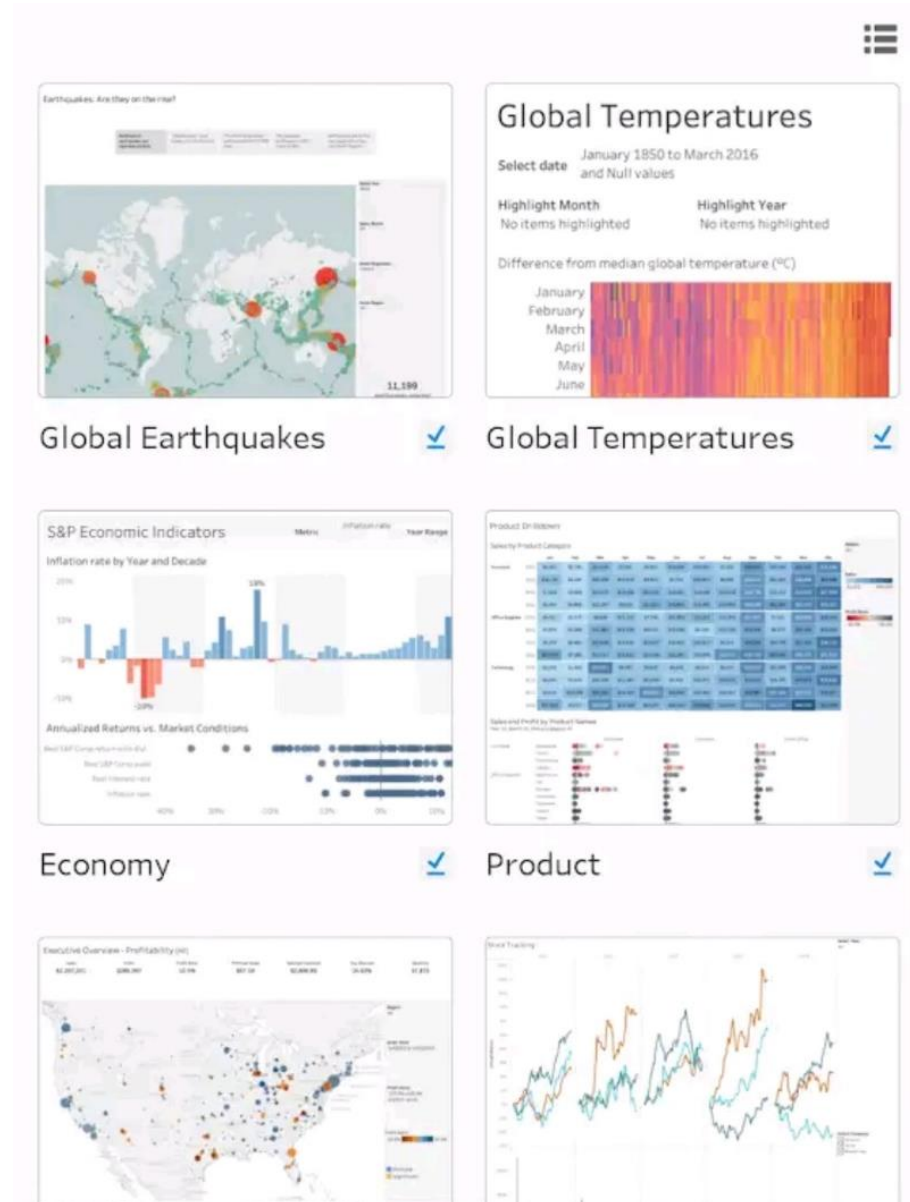
Tableau

- Connect to and aggregate data.
 - Flat files, databases
 - Perform joining and clustering
- Create insightful analysis.
 - Explore data, create good looking charts and dashboards online
 - Drag and drop functionality
 - Tell compelling stories with your data
 - Write custom calculations within your visualizations
 - Set up filters




Tableau (Cont.)

- Free for one data source which should be made public.
- Requires purchase of a license for private use
 - 70 USD per month.





 Search or jump to... / Pull requests Issues Marketplace Explore

d3 / d3

Used by 82.6k Watch 4k Star 90.7k Fork 21.9k

<> Code

Issues 3

Pull requests 1

Actions

Wiki

Security

Insights

Gallery

Mike Bostock edited this page 26 days ago · 1295 revisions

Wiki ▸ Gallery

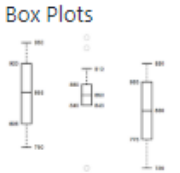
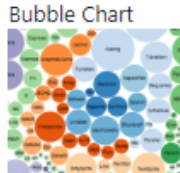
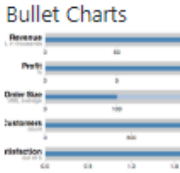
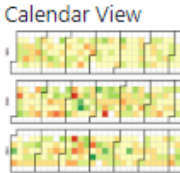


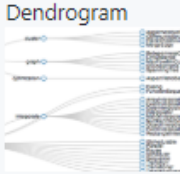
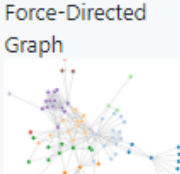
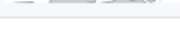
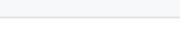
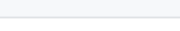
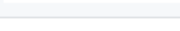
Pages 62

Please see the [new D3 Gallery](#) on Observable.

Many examples below are broken or use older versions of D3. We're in the process of cleaning up this gallery, and writing new examples and tutorials. Thanks for your patience!

Welcome to the D3 gallery! More examples are available for forking on [Observable](#); see [D3's profile](#) and the [visualization collection](#). Please share your work on Observable, or [tweet us a link](#)!

Visual Index

Box Plots 	Bubble Chart 	Bullet Charts 	Calendar View 
Non-contiguous Cartogram 	Chord Diagram 	Dendrogram 	Force-Directed Graph 
Circle Packing 	Population Pyramid 	Stacked Bars 	Streamgraph 



Data-Driven Documents

- [Home](#)
- [Introduction](#)
- [Examples](#)
- [Tutorials](#)
- [Plugins](#)

Help

- [Stack Overflow](#)
- [Slack \(Invite\)](#)
- [Google Group](#)
- [Gitter](#)



Our Work

[SHOW ALL](#)

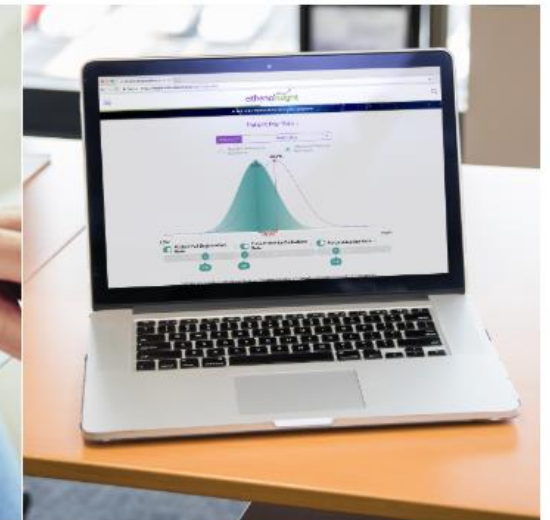
[DATA ANALYTICS SOLUTIONS](#)

[DATA VISUALIZATION & REPORTING](#)

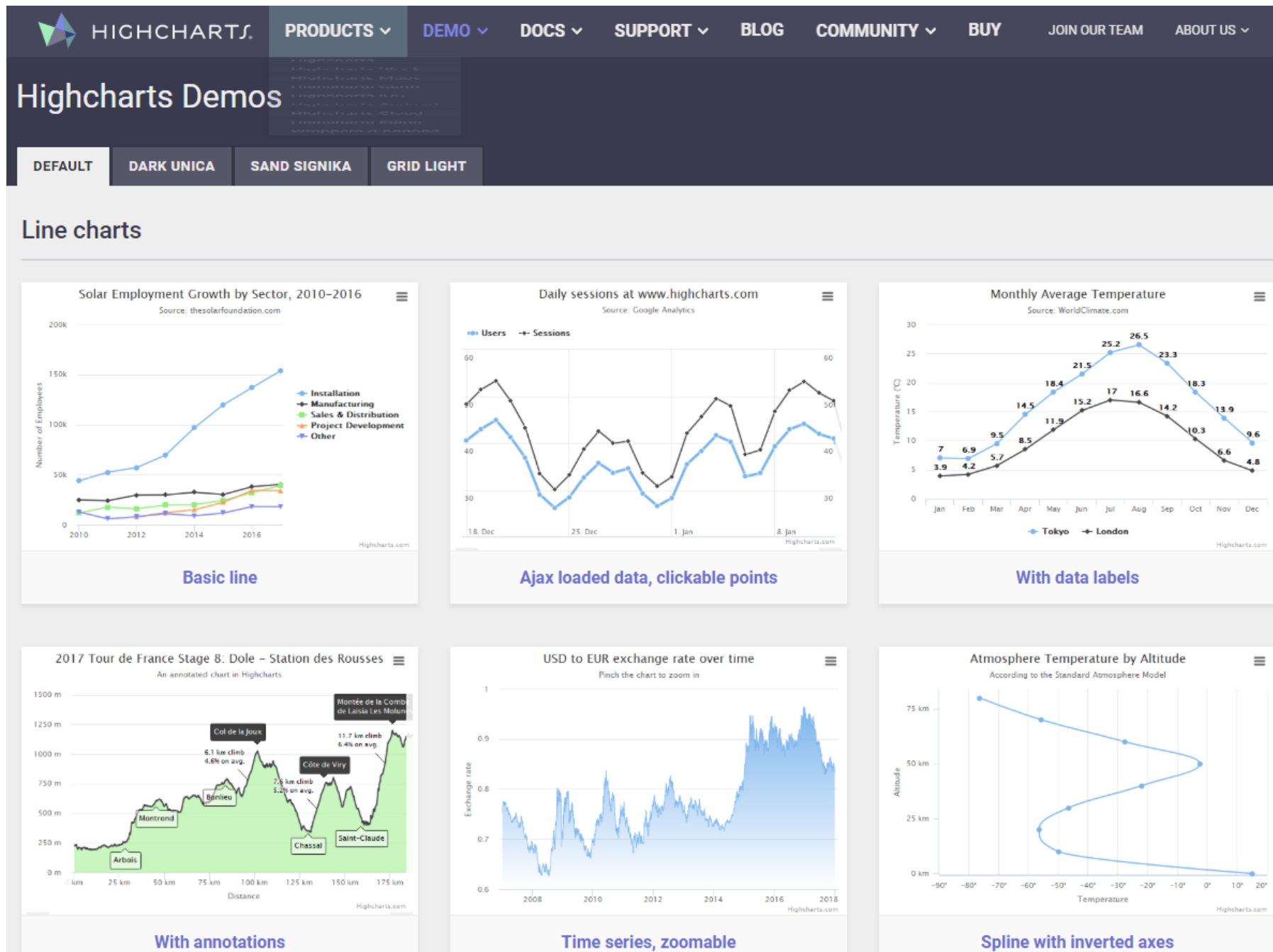
[DATA PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT](#)

[DATA PRODUCT UI/UX DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT](#)

IBM Many Eyes



Highcharts



Google Charts

Overview

Hello, Charts!

Quickstart

Load the Charts Library

Prepare the Data

Customize the Chart

Draw the Chart

Draw Multiple Charts

Chart Types

Chart Gallery

Annotation Charts

Area Charts

Bar Charts

Bubble Charts

Calendar Charts

Candlestick Charts

Column Charts

Combo Charts

Diff Charts

Donut Charts

Gantt Charts

Gauge Charts

GeoCharts

Histograms

Intervals

Line Charts

Maps

Org Charts

Pie Charts

Chart Gallery

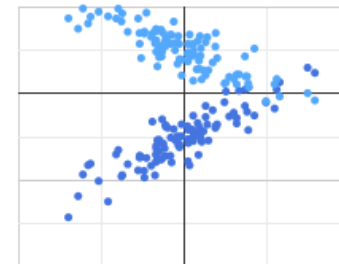
Our gallery provides a variety of charts designed to address your data visualization needs. These charts are based on pure HTML5/SVG technology (adopting VML for old IE versions), so no plugins are required. All of them are interactive, and many are pannable and zoomable. Adding these charts to your page can be done in [a few simple steps](#).

Some additional community-contributed charts can be found on the [Additional Charts page](#).

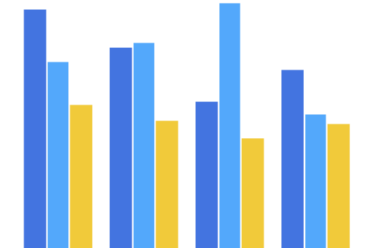
Geo Chart



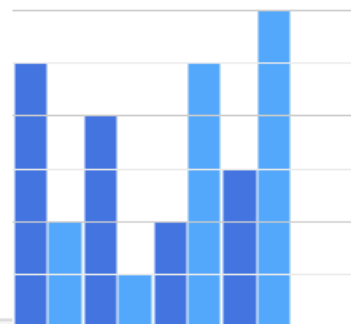
Scatter Chart



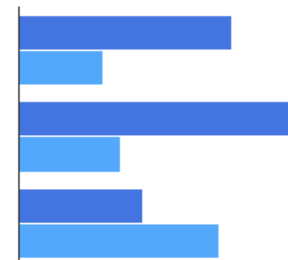
Column Chart



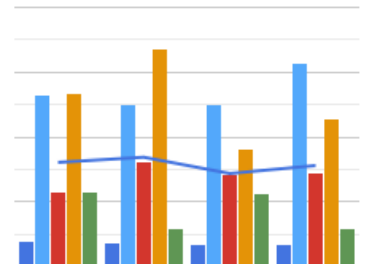
Histogram



Bar Chart



Combo Chart



NodeXL

[download archive](#)

NodeXL: Network Overview, Discovery and Exploration for Excel


NodeXL is an Excel 2007/2010/2013 template for viewing network graphs, with a set of .NET Framework 3.5 class libraries that can be used to add network graphs

[home](#) [issues](#) [discussions](#)



 [Donate to the Social Media Research Foundation's NodeXL Development Fund](#)

NodeXL is the MSPaint of Networks.

 [Excel Window](#)

NodeXL Basic is a free, open-source template for Microsoft® Excel® 2007, 2010, 2013 and 2016 that makes it easy to explore [network graphs](#). With NodeXL, you can enter a network edge list in a worksheet, click a button and see your graph, all in the familiar environment of the Excel window.

NodeXL Pro offers additional features that extend NodeXL Basic, providing easy access to social media network data streams, advanced network metrics, and text and sentiment analysis, and powerful report generation. NodeXL Pro can create insights into social media streams with just a few clicks.

NodeXL Pro released on October 12, 2015.

 [NodeXL Graph Gallery](#)

Visit the [NodeXL Graph Gallery](#) to see the wide variety of graphs that have been created by the NodeXL community.

NodeXL

What is Power BI?

Power BI is a business analytics solution that lets you visualize your data and share insights across your organization, or embed them in your app or website. Connect to hundreds of data sources and bring your data to life with live dashboards and reports.

[WATCH OVERVIEW >](#)[WATCH DEMO >](#)

Microsoft Power BI

- Unlimited access to on-site and in-cloud data to give a centralized data access hub
- Comes with a robust tutorial system to help in learning how to use it properly
- Allows to import and publish data online for your collaborators
- Free and 10\$/month for pro-package

More DA Visualization Tools to Consider

- IBM Watson Analytics
- Infogram
- ChartBlocks
- Datawrapper
- Sisense
- Looker
- Periscope Data
- Zoho Analytics
- Domo
- Qlikview
- Klipfolio
- SAP Analytics Cloud
- Kibana
- Plotly
- Chartio
- ...



Choose How to Represent Your Data



Numbers

RECORD BREAKING 2014:

44.2 MILLION TOTAL VISITORS
6.5 MILLION INTL. VISITORS
37.7 MILLION DOMESTIC VISITORS



VISITORS TO LOS ANGELES SPENT

\$19.6 → **\$30.2**

BILLION

IN ECONOMIC BENEFIT



TOTAL TOURISM-GENERATED
STATE AND LOCAL TAX
REVENUE AMOUNTED TO NEARLY

\$2.3 BILLION

TOURISM SUPPORTED

**464,600
JOBS**



WITHIN THE LEISURE &
HOSPITALITY SECTOR

**1 in 9
JOBS**



IN L.A.
COUNTY
IS SUPPORTED
BY TOURISM

TOURISM SUPPORTED

**25,300
NEW JOBS**

IN L.A. COUNTY

L.A.'s TOP 5

INTERNATIONAL MARKETS
**MEXICO, CANADA
CHINA, AUSTRALIA, U.K.**



China is L.A.'s
No. 1 Overseas Market.
In 2014, Los Angeles welcomed
686,000 Chinese visitors, 20.4% more than 2013.

INTERNATIONAL VISITORS
ACCOUNTED FOR

33%



OF ALL VISITOR SPENDING

LAX WELCOMED
**70.7 MILLION
PASSENGERS**
MAKING IT THE NATION'S
2ND BUSIEST AIRPORT

Tables

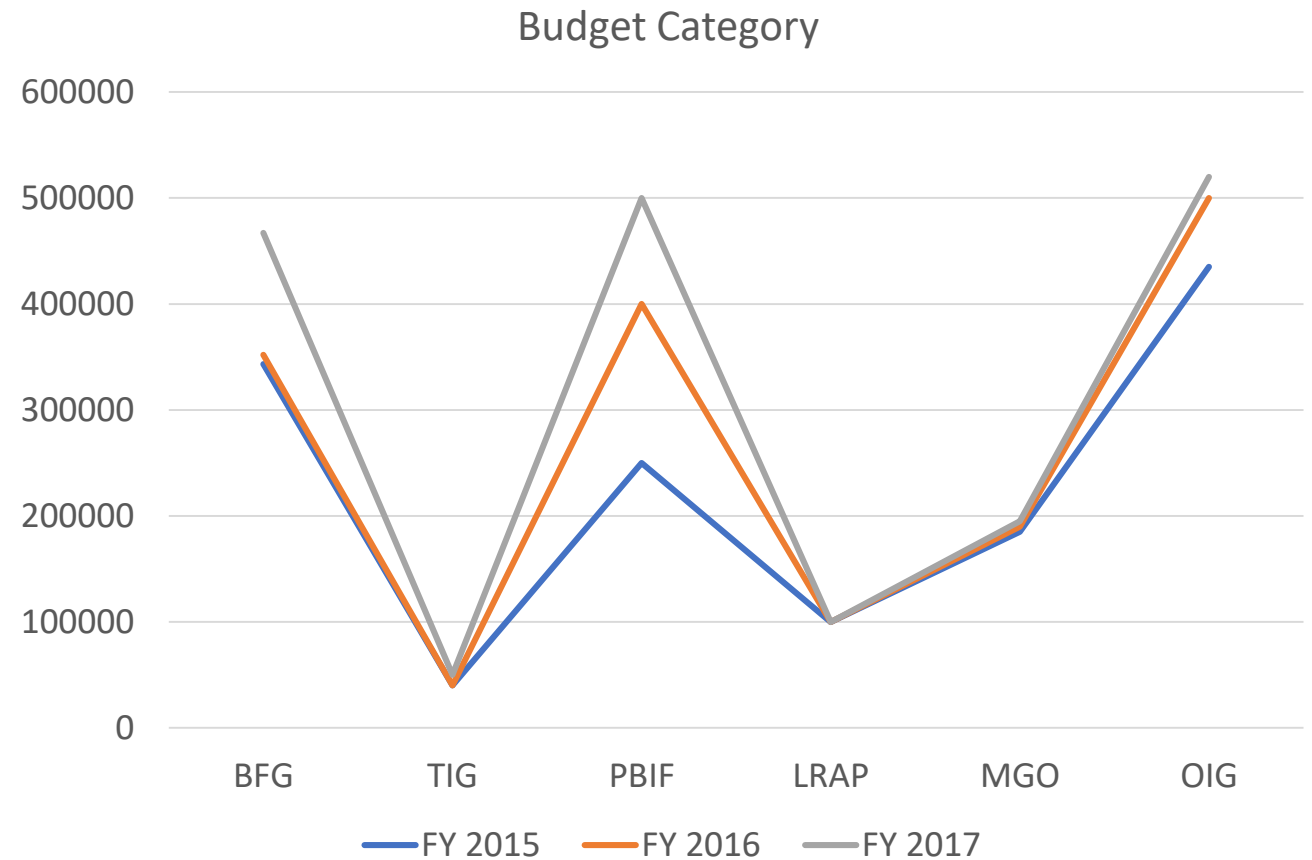
- Could be helpful when talking with sophisticated audience
- Also, when is the data is reasonably small

Budget Category	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
BFG	343150	352000	467000
TIG	40000	40000	50000
PBIF	250000	400000	500000
LRAP	100000	100000	100000
MGO	185000	190000	195000
OIG	435000	500000	520000



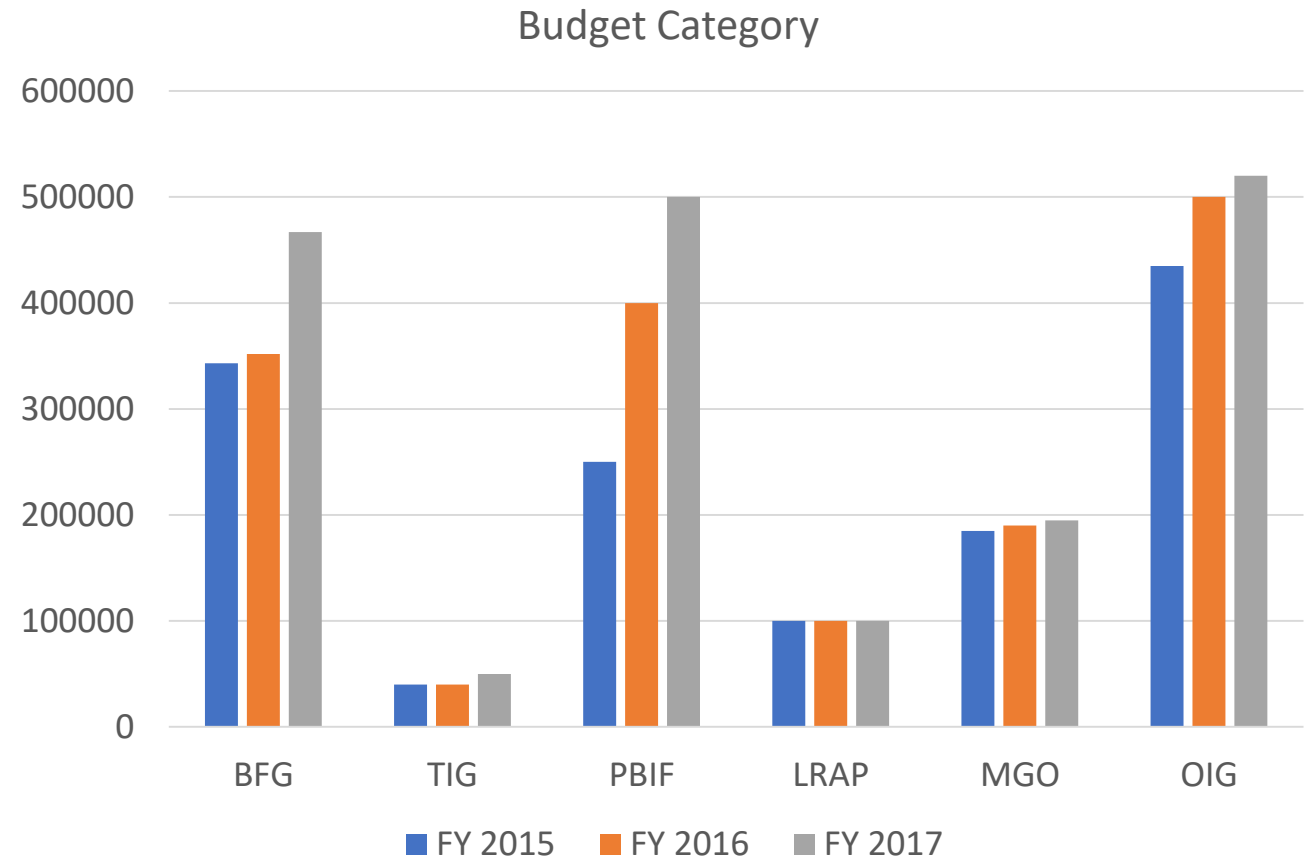
Lines

- Likely, best way to show trends in the data



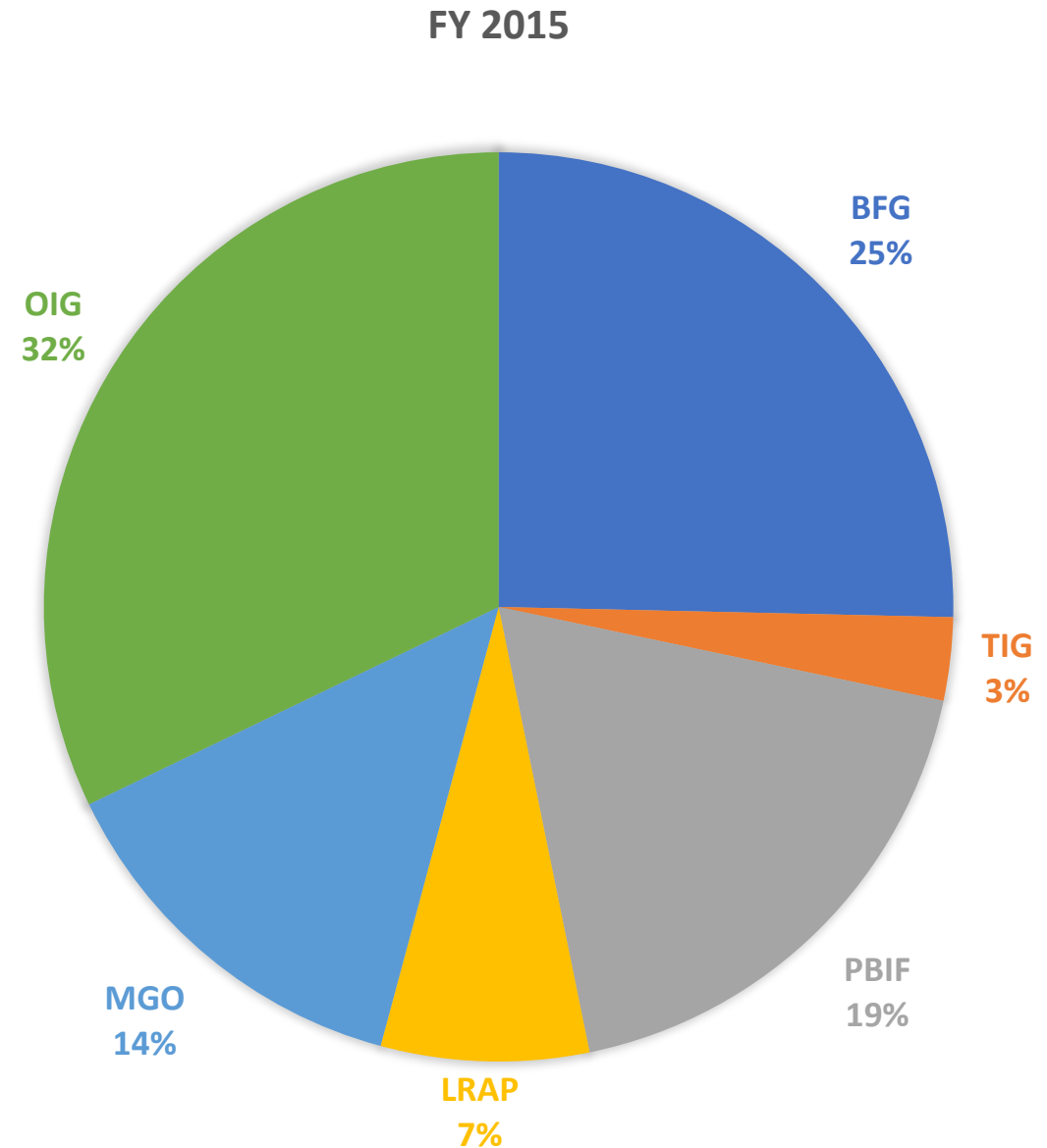
Bars

- Most popular way of presenting data
- Shows insights of the data that is not suitable for line charts



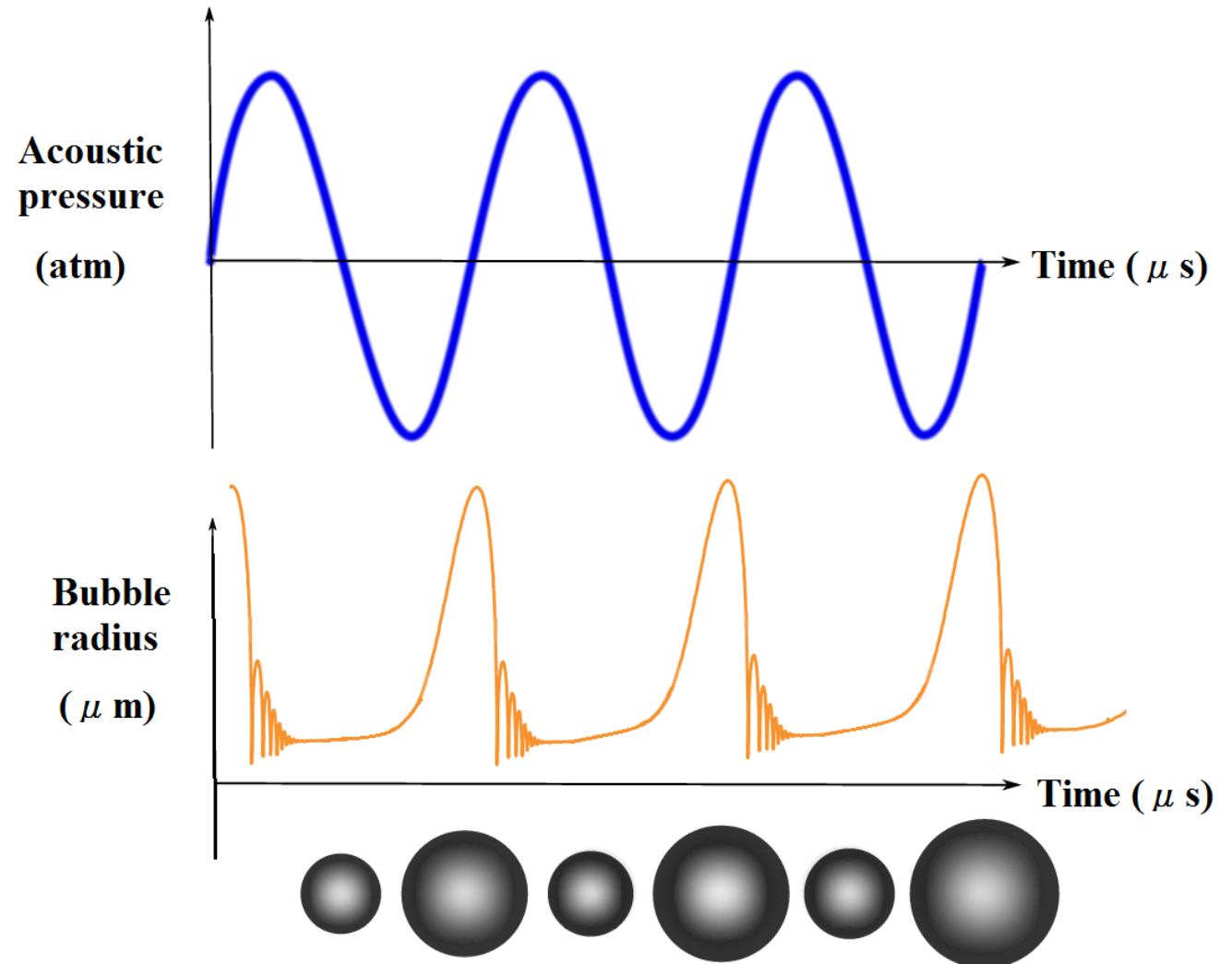
Pie Charts

- Nothing pie charts can do better than bar charts
- Could be reasonable to highlight two or three percentages among the rest



Bubble Plot

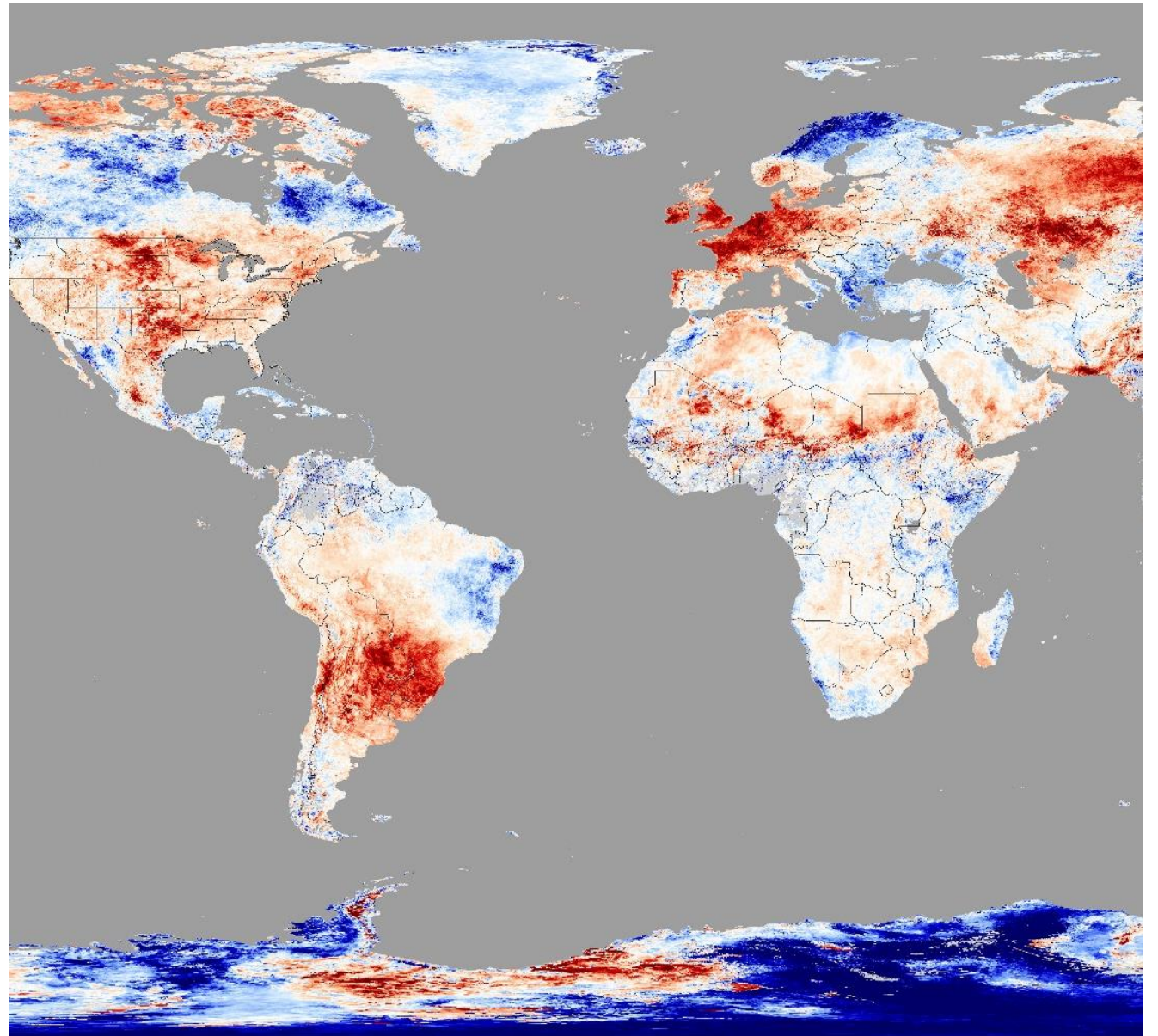
- Scatter (or bubble) plots can show the trends of a lot of different data points



https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Acoustic_pressure_vs_bubble_radius.png

Map Plot

- Maps can be a powerful way to represent data geographically
- In the figure, land surface temperature anomaly (-10 : 10°C)



https://eoimages.gsfc.nasa.gov/images/imagerecords/6000/6803/globalstanom_tmo_2006193_lrg.jpg



Designing a Dashboard

Dashboards

Fundamentals

Perception
Vision
Color
Principles

Techniques

Representation
Presentation
Interaction

Application

Dashboard
Visual
Analytics



Dashboards (Cont.)

"Most information dashboards that are used in business today fall far short of their potential"

Stephen Few



Dashboards – Definition

"A dashboard is a visual display of the most important information needed to achieve one or more objectives; consolidated and arranged on a single screen so the information can be monitored at a glance"

Few2007



Dashboards – Characteristics



- Visual displays
- Display information needed to achieve specific objectives
- Fits on a single computer screen
- Are used to monitor information at a glance
- Have small, concise, clear, intuitive display mechanisms
- Are customized

Dashboards – Common Mistakes

- Supplying inadequate context for the data
 - Fail to provide adequate context to make the measures meaningful
- Displaying excessive detail or precision
 - Show unnecessary detail
- Choosing a deficient measure
 - Use of measures that fail to directly express the intended message
- Choosing inappropriate display media
 - Common problem with pie charts
- Introducing meaningless variety
 - Exhibit unnecessary variety of display media



Dashboards – Common Mistakes (Cont.)

- Using poorly designed display media
 - A legend was used to label and assign values to the slices of the pie. This forces our eyes to bounce back and forth between the graph and the legend to glean meaning, which is a waste of time and effort when the slices could have been labeled directly.
 - The order of the slices and the corresponding labels appears random. Ordering them by size would have provided useful information that could have been assimilated instantly.
 - The bright colors of the pie slices produce sensory overkill. Bright colors ought to be reserved for specific data that should stand out from the rest.
- Encoding quantitative data inaccurately



Dashboards – Common Mistakes (Cont.)

- Arranging the data poorly
 - The most important data ought to be prominent
 - Data that require immediate attention ought to stand out
 - Data that should be compared ought to be arranged and visually designed to encourage comparisons
- Highlighting important data ineffectively or not at all
 - Fail to differentiate data by its importance
 - Giving relatively equal prominence to everything on the screen
- Cluttering the display with useless decoration
 - Try to look something that is not
 - It results in useless and distracting decoration

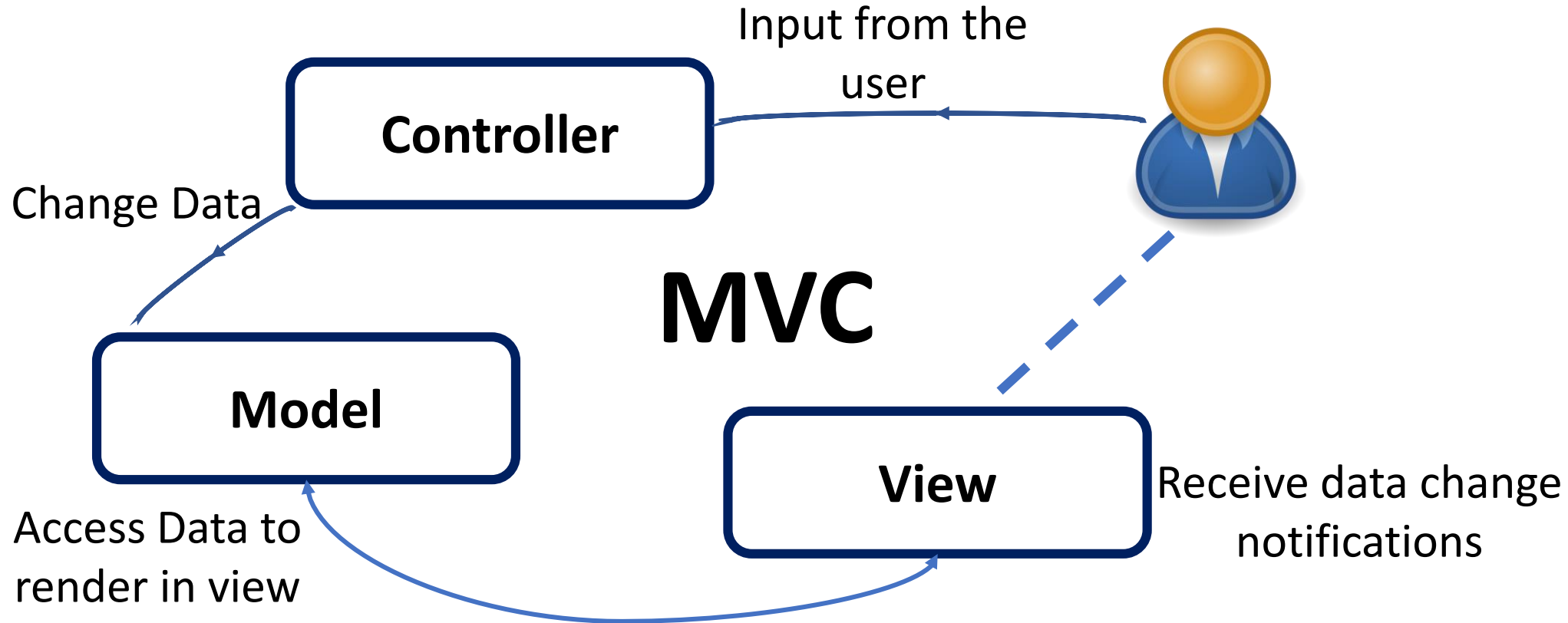


Dashboards – Common Mistakes (Cont.)

- Misusing or overusing color
 - Too much color undermines its power
- Designing an unattractive visual display
 - The fundamental challenge of dashboard design is to effectively display a great deal of often disparate data in a small amount of space



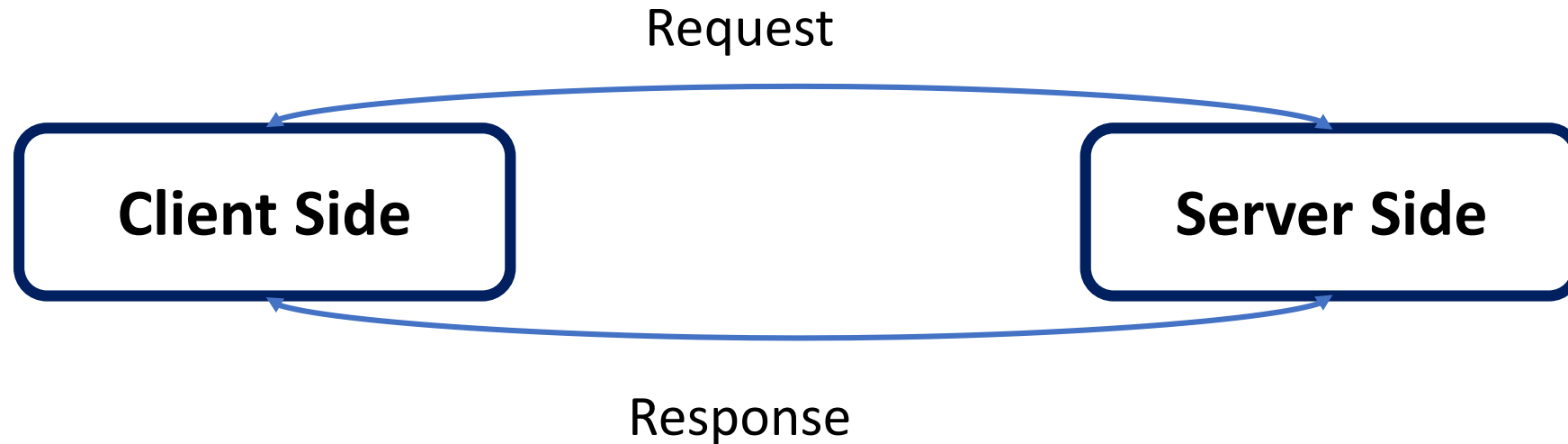
Model-View-Control



"The controller is essential and explicit: you have to specify what to do when you receive user requests and what resources you are going to mobilize to carry out the necessary tasks outlined in the model"

(Ribeiro 2016)

Reactive Web Framework



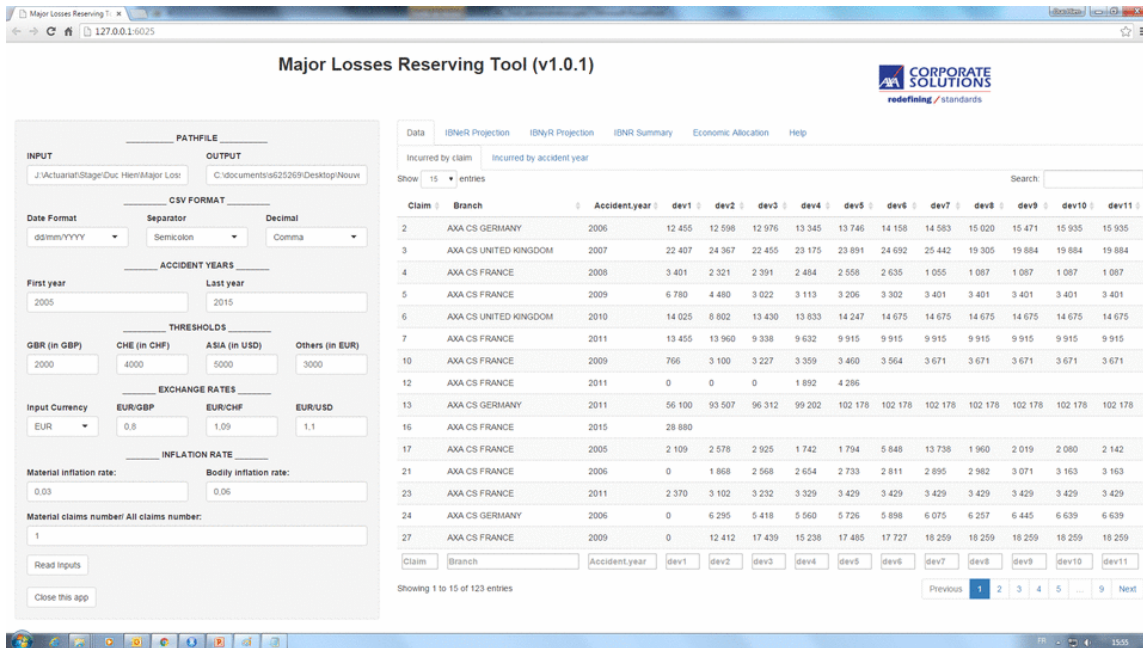
"Reactive Systems are highly responsive, giving users effective interactive feedback"

<https://www.reactivemanifesto.org>

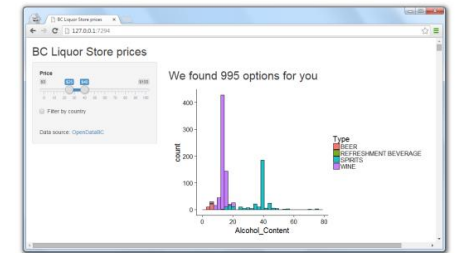
<http://littleactuary.github.io/blog/Web-application-framework-with-Shiny/>



Reactive Web Framework



Server code



User interface (UI)

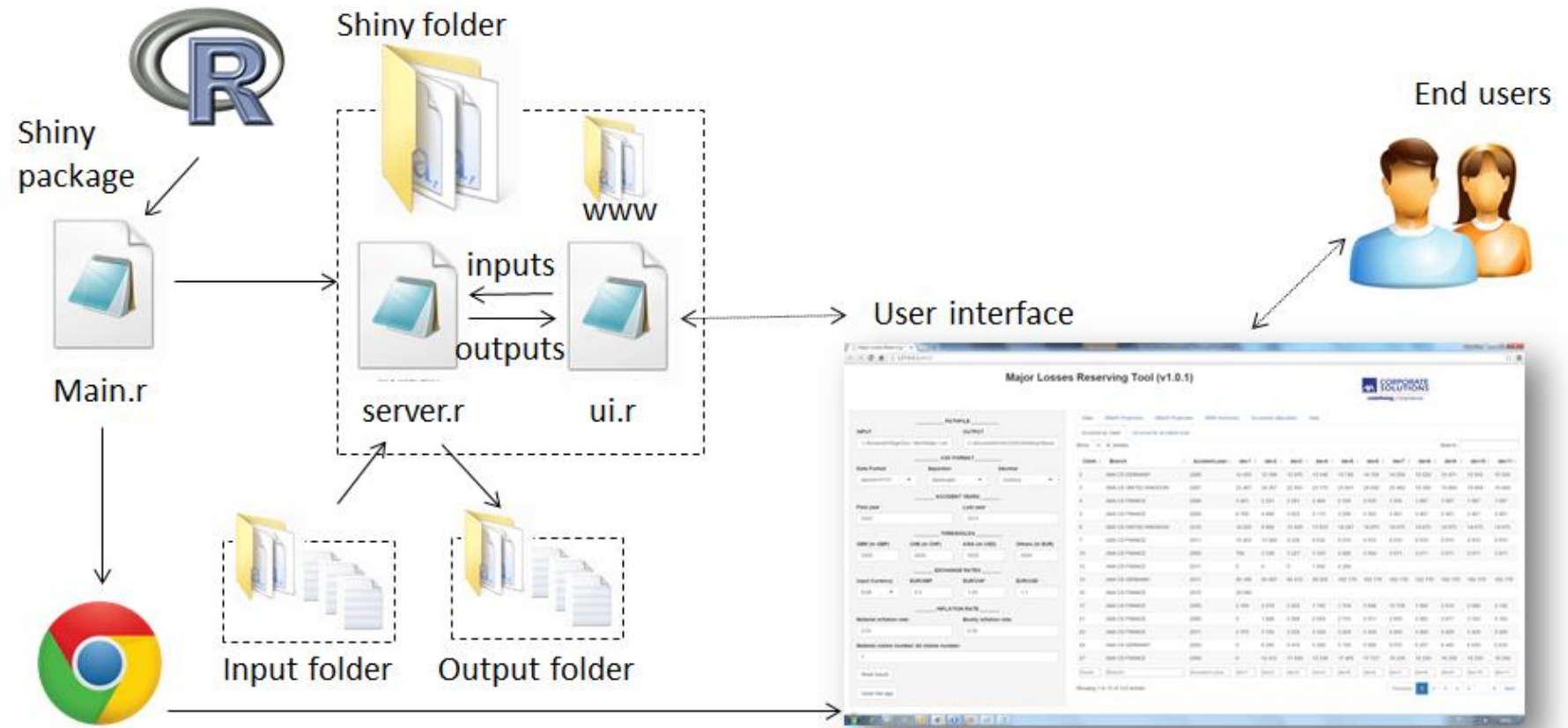


R-Shiny

- What is Shiny?
 - R package that allows programmers to:
 - Quickly build a user interface to explore and work with data.
 - Publish their charts and graphs online.
- Why Shiny?
 - Interactive display and manipulation of data
 - Interactive communication sessions between the user's browser and a server without having to poll the server for a reply
 - Easy to develop and share with clients and project teams
 - Entirely extensible - custom input/output
 - Open source library



R-Shiny (Cont.)



R-Shiny (Cont.)

- Wide variety of templates that you can get inspired by



R-Shiny (Cont.)

- Shiny application consists of two main components
 - The user interface (frontend) component
 - Allows the user to interact with the application
 - The server (backend) component:
 - Listens to the requests of the user and respond accordingly based on predefined set of functionalities
- A nice tutorial can be found at <https://shiny.rstudio.com/tutorial/>

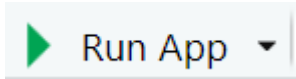


R-Shiny (Cont.)

- Shiny application consists of two main components
 - The user interface (frontend) component
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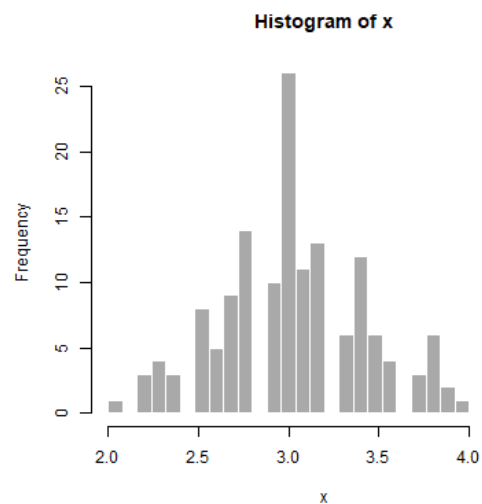
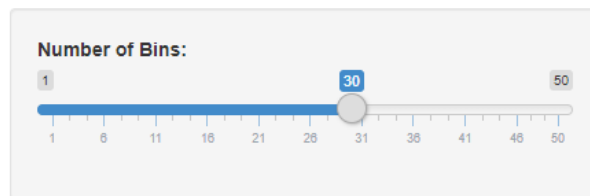
Two Ways to Create Shiny Application

1. Use 2 R script files – `ui.R` and `server.R` – Rstudio has made it easy for you to incorporate widgets and charts (ui side) and run algorithms on your data (server.R)
 - Click on  or type `runAPP()` in the console.
2. Use `app.R` and store the user interface widgets and charts in one object (let's say *u*) and the algorithms in another object (let's say *s*)
 - Call `shinyApp(ui = u, server = s)`



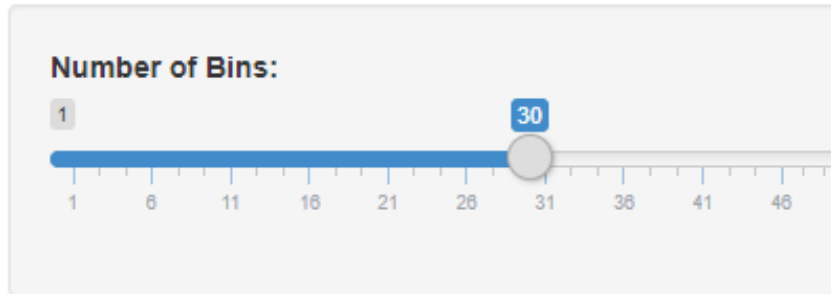
ui.R

Histogram Example

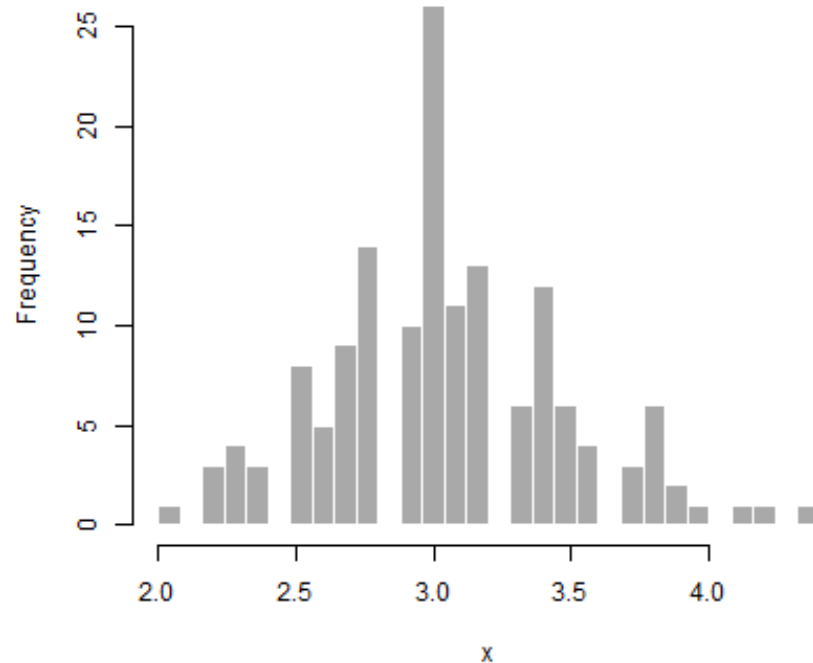


```
1 library(shinydashboard)
2 fluidPage(
3   # Application Title
4   titlePanel('Histogram Example'),
5   # Sidebar with a slider input for the number of bins
6   sidebarLayout(
7     sidebarPanel(
8       sliderInput('bins', 'Number of Bins:',
9                  min = 1, max = 50, value = 30),
10    ),
11    mainPanel(
12      plotOutput('histPlot')
13    )
14  )
15 )
```

Histogram Example



Histogram of x



```
ui.R x Server.R x
1 function(input, output, session) {
2   output$histPlot <- renderPlot({
3     x <- iris[, 2]
4     bins <- seq(min(x), max(x), length.out = input$bins)
5     # Draw the histogram using the specified number of bins
6     hist(x, breaks = bins, col = 'darkgray', border = 'black')
7   })
8 }
```

server.R

Closing the App

The screenshot displays a Shiny application interface. The main window shows a histogram titled "Histogram of x" with a frequency axis from 0 to 25 and an x-axis from 2.0 to 4.0. A control panel on the left allows adjusting the "Number of Bins" from 1 to 50, with a slider set to 30. The background shows the R Studio environment with a script editor containing R code and a console window.

```
1 function(input, session) {  
2   output$histPlot <-  
3     x <- iris[, 4]  
4     bins <- seq(2, 4, length.out = 10)  
5     # Draw the histogram  
6     hist(x, breaks = bins, col = "gray", border = "black")  
7   }  
8 }  
9  
10
```

The console window shows the command `> runApp()` and the message "Listening on http://127.0.0.1:3783". A red arrow points to a red stop button in the bottom right corner of the Shiny app window.

Close the app using this button

Application Template



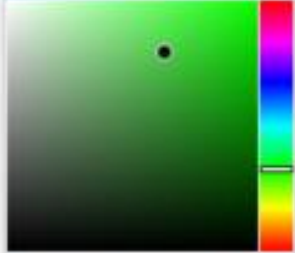



```
library(shinydashboard)
# or library(shiny) for simple visualizations
u <- dashboardPage(dashboardHeader(),
  dashboardSidebar(), dashboardBody())
# dashboardPage expects three arguments
# You can also use pageWithSidebar() or fluidPage() ...
s <- function(input, output){}
shinyApp(ui = u, server = s)
```

What is the output of this app?



R-Shiny – Basic Widgets

Buttons   <code>actionButton()</code> <code>submitButton()</code>	Single checkbox <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Choice A <code>checkboxInput()</code>	Checkbox group <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Choice 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Choice 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Choice 3 <code>checkboxGroupInput()</code>	Date input <input type="text" value="2014-01-01"/> <code>dateInput()</code>	Colour input <input type="text" value="#52CC4E"/>  <code>shinyjs::colourInput()</code>
Date range <input type="text" value="2014-01-24"/> to <input type="text" value="2014-01-24"/> <code>dateRangeInput()</code>	File input <input type="button" value="Choose File"/> No file chosen <code>fileInput()</code>	Numeric input <input type="text" value="1"/> <code>numericInput()</code>	Password Input <input type="password" value="....."/> <code>passwordInput()</code>	
Radio buttons <input checked="" type="radio"/> Choice 1 <input type="radio"/> Choice 2 <input type="radio"/> Choice 3 <code>radioButtons()</code>	Select box <input type="text" value="Choice 1"/> <code>selectInput()</code>	Sliders  <code>sliderInput()</code>	Text input <input type="text" value="Enter text..."/> <code>textInput()</code>	

Example: `numericInput(inputId = "", label = "", min = 0, max = 10, step = 1, value = 5, width = 200)`



R-Shiny (Cont.)

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R-Shiny and HTML

- How the parts of a dashboard work together?
- HTML tag functions in Shiny, like `div()` and `p()` return objects that can be rendered as HTML

```
# A basic div
```

```
div(class = "my-class", "Div content")
```

```
## <div class="my-class">Div content</div>
```

```
# Nested HTML tags
```

```
div(class = "my-class", p("Paragraph text"))
```

```
## <div class="my-class">
```

```
##   <p>Paragraph text</p>
```

```
## </div>
```



R-Shiny and HTML (Cont.)

- Some functions in Shiny, returns more complex HTML fragments

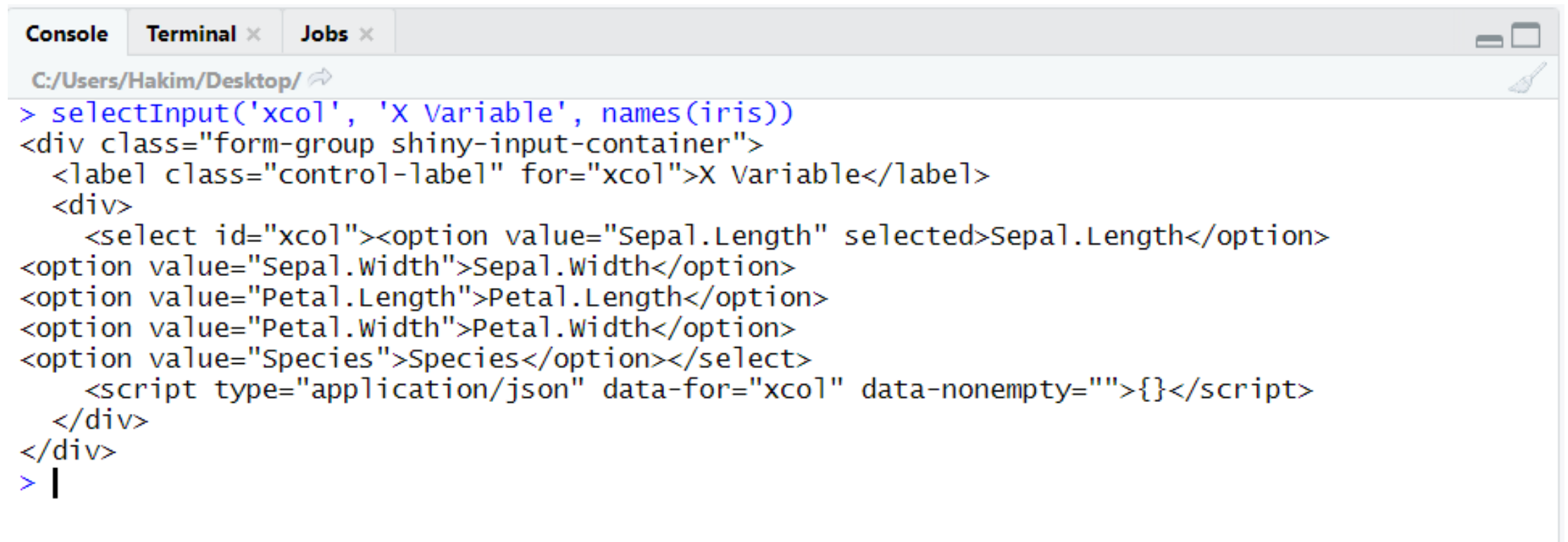
```
textInput("Id", "Label")  
## <div class="form-group shiny-  
input-container">  
##   <label for = "Id">  
Label</label>  
##   <input id="Id" type="text"  
class="form-control" value=""/>  
## </div>
```

```
sidebarPanel(  
  div("First div"),  
  div("Second div")  
)  
## <div class="col-sm-4">  
##   <form class="well">  
##     <div>First div</div>  
##     <div>Second div</div>  
##   </form>  
## </div>
```



R-Shiny and HTML (Cont.)

- To check the equivalent HTML of shiny functions, run the shiny function in the r-console



```
Console Terminal x Jobs x
C:/Users/Hakim/Desktop/
> selectInput('xcol', 'X Variable', names(iris))
<div class="form-group shiny-input-container">
  <label class="control-label" for="xcol">X Variable</label>
  <div>
    <select id="xcol"><option value="Sepal.Length" selected>Sepal.Length</option>
    <option value="Sepal.Width">Sepal.Width</option>
    <option value="Petal.Length">Petal.Length</option>
    <option value="Petal.Width">Petal.Width</option>
    <option value="Species">Species</option></select>
    <script type="application/json" data-for="xcol" data-nonempty="">{}</script>
  </div>
</div>
> |
```

Demo

- In the demo, you will learn how to:
 - Create simple interactive plot using Shiny
 - Select parameters using `selectInput()` and `numericInput()`
 - Select input file and reading them
 - Rend plots
 - Create conditional panels



Reading Material

- Useful resources:
 - Shiny official tutorial - <http://shiny.rstudio.com/tutorial>
 - Cheat sheet - <http://shiny.rstudio.com/images/shiny-cheatsheet.pdf>
 - Publish your app free - <http://www.shinyapps.io>
 - Examples - <http://www.showmeshiny.com/>
 - Tutorial by Dean Attali - <http://deanattali.com/blog/building-shiny-apps-tutorial/>

