# Assignment 4: Data Wrangling

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#### **OVERVIEW**

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on Data Wrangling

#### **Directions**

## \$ Date

- 1. Rename this file <FirstLast>\_A04\_DataWrangling.Rmd (replacing <FirstLast> with your first and last name).
- 2. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 3. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 4. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 5. When you have completed the assignment, **Knit** the text and code into a single PDF file.
- 6. Ensure that code in code chunks does not extend off the page in the PDF.

# Set up your session

- 1a. Load the tidyverse, lubridate, and here packages into your session.
- 1b. Check your working directory.
- 1c. Read in all four raw data files associated with the EPA Air dataset, being sure to set string columns to be read in a factors. See the README file for the EPA air datasets for more information (especially if you have not worked with air quality data previously).
  - 2. Apply the glimpse() function to reveal the dimensions, column names, and structure of each dataset.

```
#1a
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
library(here)

#1b
getwd()

## [1] "/home/guest/EDA_Spring2024"

#1c
03_2018 <- read.csv("~/EDA_Spring2024/Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2018_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
03_2019 <- read.csv("~/EDA_Spring2024/Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2019_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
PM25_2018 <- read.csv("~/EDA_Spring2024/Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
PM25_2019 <- read.csv("~/EDA_Spring2024/Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)

#2
glimpse(03_2018)

## Rows: 9,737
## Columns: 20</pre>
```

<fct> 03/01/2018, 03/02/2018, 03/03/201~

```
## $ Source
                                         <fct> AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS~
## $ Site.ID
                                         <int> 370030005, 370030005, 370030005, ~
                                         <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ POC
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration <dbl> 0.043, 0.046, 0.047, 0.049, 0.047~
## $ UNITS
                                         <fct> ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm~
## $ DAILY AQI VALUE
                                         <int> 40, 43, 44, 45, 44, 28, 33, 41, 4~
## $ Site.Name
                                         <fct> Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylorsvil~
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                                         <int> 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 1~
                                         <dbl> 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100~
## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                         <int> 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201~
                                         <fct> Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                         <int> 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860~
## $ CBSA_CODE
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                         <fct> "Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC", "~
## $ STATE_CODE
                                         <int> 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 3~
## $ STATE
                                         <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, N~
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                         <int> 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, ~
## $ COUNTY
                                         <fct> Alexander, Alexander, ~
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                                         <dbl> 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.913~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                         <dbl> -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.19~
glimpse(03_2019)
## Rows: 10,592
## Columns: 20
                                         <fct> 01/01/2019, 01/02/2019, 01/03/201~
## $ Date
                                         <fct> AirNow, AirNow, AirNow, Ar
## $ Source
                                         <int> 370030005, 370030005, 370030005, ~
## $ Site.ID
## $ POC
                                         <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration <dbl> 0.029, 0.018, 0.016, 0.022, 0.037~
## $ UNITS
                                         <fct> ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                         <int> 27, 17, 15, 20, 34, 34, 27, 35, 3~
## $ Site.Name
                                         <fct> Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylorsvil~
                                         <int> 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 2~
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                         <dbl> 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                         <int> 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201~
                                         <fct> Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                         <int> 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860~
## $ CBSA_CODE
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                         <fct> "Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC", "~
## $ STATE CODE
                                         <int> 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 3~
## $ STATE
                                         <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, N~
## $ COUNTY CODE
                                         <int> 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, ~
## $ COUNTY
                                         <fct> Alexander, Alexander, ~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                         <dbl> 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.913~
## $ SITE LONGITUDE
                                         <dbl> -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.19~
glimpse(PM25_2018)
## Rows: 8,983
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                                   <fct> 01/02/2018, 01/05/2018, 01/08/2018, 01/~
## $ Source
                                   <fct> AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, ~
## $ Site.ID
                                   <int> 370110002, 370110002, 370110002, 370110~
## $ POC
                                   ## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration <dbl> 2.9, 3.7, 5.3, 0.8, 2.5, 4.5, 1.8, 2.5,~
                                   <fct> ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC,~
## $ UNITS
```

```
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                          <int> 12, 15, 22, 3, 10, 19, 8, 10, 18, 7, 24~
## $ Site.Name
                          <fct> Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Linvill~
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                          ## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                          ## $ AQS PARAMETER CODE
                          <int> 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 8850~
## $ AQS PARAMETER DESC
                          <fct> Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass,~
## $ CBSA CODE
                          ## $ CBSA NAME
## $ STATE CODE
                          ## $ STATE
                          <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, North C~
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                          <fct> Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery
## $ COUNTY
                          <dbl> 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235,~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                          <dbl> -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93~
glimpse(PM25_2019)
## Rows: 8,581
## Columns: 20
                          <fct> 01/03/2019, 01/06/2019, 01/09/2019, 01/~
## $ Date
                          <fct> AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, ~
## $ Source
## $ Site.ID
                          <int> 370110002, 370110002, 370110002, 370110~
## $ POC
                          ## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration <dbl> 1.6, 1.0, 1.3, 6.3, 2.6, 1.2, 1.5, 1.5,~
## $ UNITS
                          <fct> ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC,~
                          <int> 7, 4, 5, 26, 11, 5, 6, 6, 15, 7, 14, 20~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
## $ Site.Name
                          <fct> Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Linvill~
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                          ## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                          <int> 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 8850~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                          <fct> Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass,~
## $ CBSA_CODE
                          ## $ CBSA_NAME
## $ STATE CODE
                          ## $ STATE
                          <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, North C~
                          ## $ COUNTY_CODE
## $ COUNTY
                          <fct> Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Aver-
                          <dbl> 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235,~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                          <dbl> -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93~
## $ SITE LONGITUDE
```

## Wrangle individual datasets to create processed files.

- 3. Change the Date columns to be date objects.
- 4. Select the following columns: Date, DAILY\_AQI\_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC, COUNTY, SITE LATITUDE, SITE LONGITUDE
- 5. For the PM2.5 datasets, fill all cells in AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC with "PM2.5" (all cells in this column should be identical).
- 6. Save all four processed datasets in the Processed folder. Use the same file names as the raw files but replace "raw" with "processed".

```
#3
03_2018$Date <- as.Date(03_2018$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
03_2019$Date <- as.Date(03_2019$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
PM25_2018$Date <- as.Date(PM25_2018$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
```

```
PM25_2019$Date <- as.Date(PM25_2019$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")

#4

03_2018.cols <- select(03_2018, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATT
03_2019.cols <- select(03_2019, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATT
PM25_2018.cols <- select(PM25_2018, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_
PM25_2019.cols <- select(PM25_2019, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_
#5

PM25_2019.cols$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <- "PM2.5"

#6

write.csv(03_2018.cols, file = "~/EDA_Spring2024/Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2018_processed.csv")
write.csv(03_2019.cols, file = "~/EDA_Spring2024/Data/Processed/EPAair_D3_NC2019_processed.csv")
write.csv(PM25_2018.cols, file = "~/EDA_Spring2024/Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_processed.csv")
write.csv(PM25_2018.cols, file = "~/EDA_Spring2024/Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_processed.csv")
write.csv(PM25_2018.cols, file = "~/EDA_Spring2024/Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_processed.csv")
```

#### Combine datasets

- 7. Combine the four datasets with rbind. Make sure your column names are identical prior to running this code.
- 8. Wrangle your new dataset with a pipe function (%>%) so that it fills the following conditions:
- Include only sites that the four data frames have in common: "Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne", "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School" (the function intersect can figure out common factor levels but it will include sites with missing site information, which you don't want...)
- Some sites have multiple measurements per day. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate daily means: group by date, site name, AQS parameter, and county. Take the mean of the AQI value, latitude, and longitude.
- Add columns for "Month" and "Year" by parsing your "Date" column (hint: lubridate package)
- Hint: the dimensions of this dataset should be  $14,752 \times 9$ .
- 9. Spread your datasets such that AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 are in separate columns. Each location on a specific date should now occupy only one row.
- 10. Call up the dimensions of your new tidy dataset.
- 11. Save your processed dataset with the following file name: "EPAair O3 PM25 NC1819 Processed.csv"

```
#7
colnames(03_2018.cols) == colnames(03_2019.cols) #checking columns are the same

## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
colnames(PM25_2018.cols) == colnames(PM25_2019.cols)

## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
colnames(PM25_2018.cols) == colnames(03_2018.cols)
```

```
data.combined <- rbind(03_2018.cols, 03_2019.cols, PM25_2018.cols, PM25_2019.cols)
#8
data.combined.filtered <- data.combined %>%
  filter(Site.Name %in% c("Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Midd
  group_by(Date, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY) %>%
  summarise(AQI.mean = mean(DAILY_AQI_VALUE),
            latitude.mean = mean(SITE LATITUDE),
            longitude.mean = mean(SITE_LONGITUDE)) %>%
  mutate( Month = month(Date),
           Year = year(Date))
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Date', 'Site.Name', 'AQS_PARAMETER_DESC'.
## You can override using the `.groups` argument.
data.spread <- data.combined.filtered %>%
  spread(AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, AQI.mean)
#10
dim(data.spread)
## [1] 8976
#11
write.csv(data.spread, file = "~/EDA_Spring2024/Data/Processed/EPAair_03_PM25_NC1819_Processed.csv")
```

### Generate summary tables

- 12. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate a summary data frame. Data should be grouped by site, month, and year. Generate the mean AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 for each group. Then, add a pipe to remove instances where mean **ozone** values are not available (use the function drop\_na in your pipe). It's ok to have missing mean PM2.5 values in this result.
- 13. Call up the dimensions of the summary dataset.

14. Why did we use the function drop\_na rather than na.omit? Hint: replace drop\_na with na.omit in part 12 and observe what happens with the dimensions of the summary date frame.

```
data.spread.summ1 <- data.spread %>%
group_by(Site.Name, Month, Year) %>%
summarise(Ozone.mean = mean(Ozone),
```

```
PM2.5.mean = mean(PM2.5)) %>%
na.omit(Ozone.mean)

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Site.Name', 'Month'. You can override
## using the `.groups` argument.

#13
dim(data.spread.summ1)
```

**##** [1] 101 5

Answer: I think drop\_na() drops missing values according to the specified coloumn whereas na.omit take out any rows that have missing values.