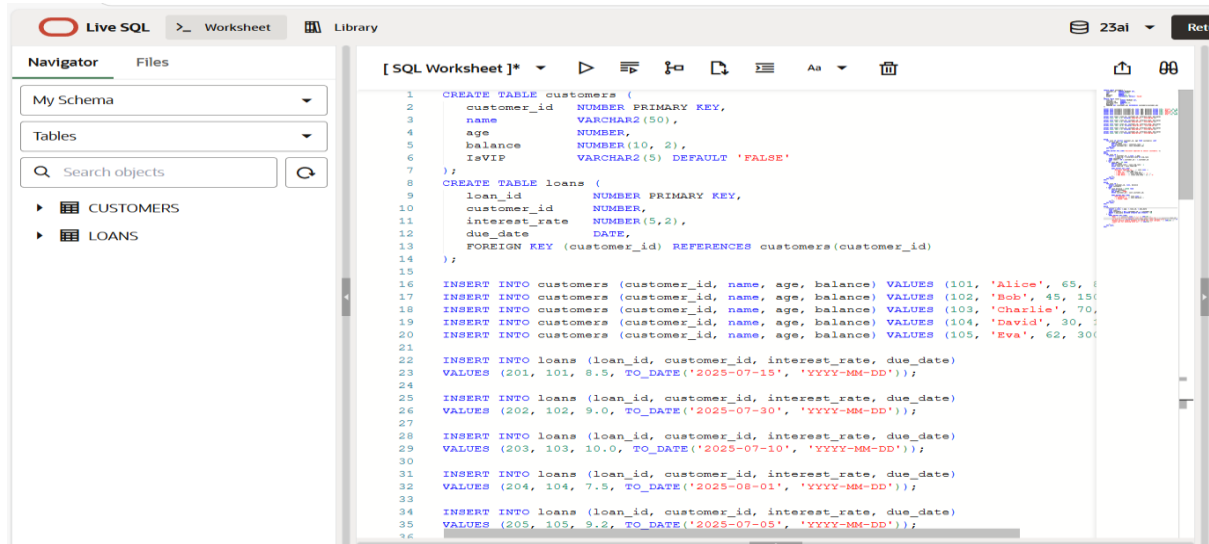


WEEK – 2

Exercise 1: Control Structures

Table created and inserted the value

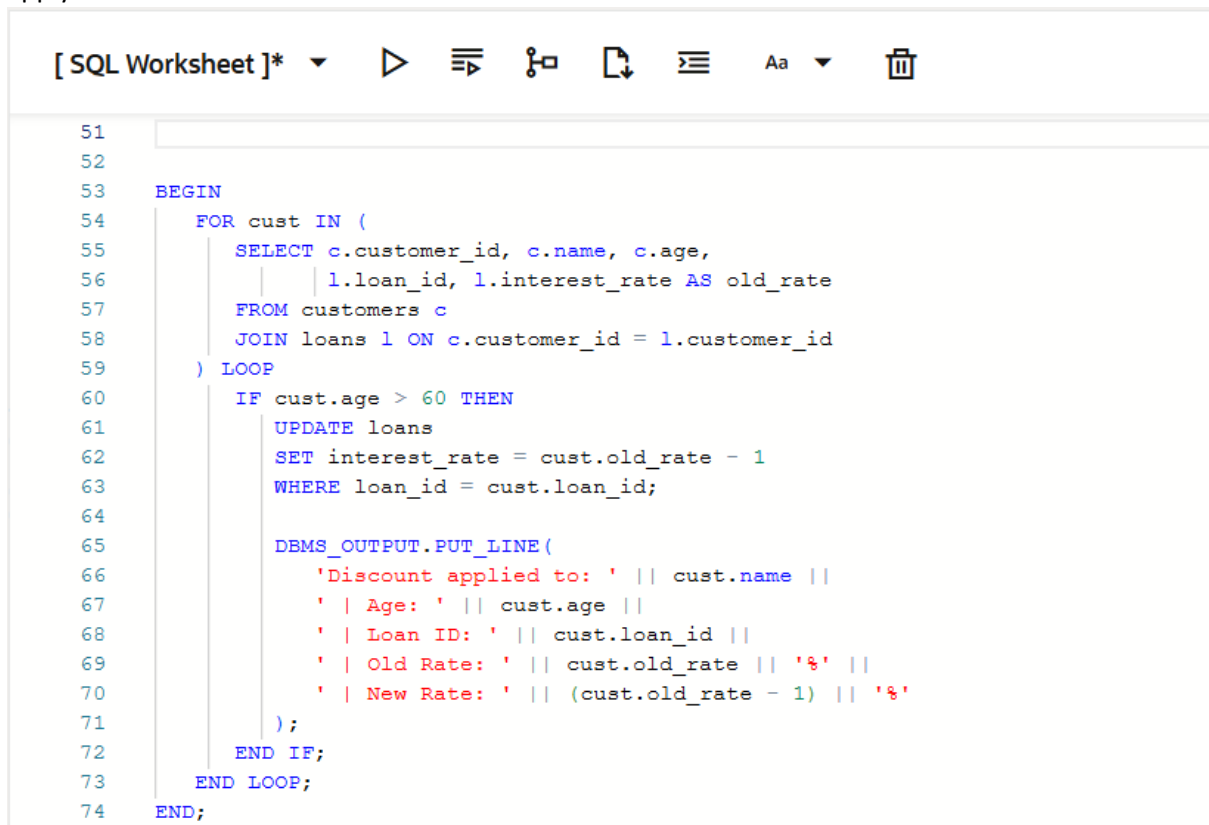


The screenshot shows the Live SQL interface with a worksheet containing the following SQL code:

```
1 CREATE TABLE customers (  
2   customer_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,  
3   name VARCHAR2(50),  
4   age NUMBER,  
5   balance NUMBER(10, 2),  
6   isVIP VARCHAR2(5) DEFAULT 'FALSE'  
7 );  
8  
9 CREATE TABLE loans (  
10  loan_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,  
11  customer_id NUMBER,  
12  interest_rate NUMBER(5,2),  
13  due_date DATE,  
14  FOREIGN KEY (customer_id) REFERENCES customers(customer_id)  
15 );  
16  
17 INSERT INTO customers (customer_id, name, age, balance) VALUES (101, 'Alice', 65, 1500);  
18 INSERT INTO customers (customer_id, name, age, balance) VALUES (102, 'Bob', 45, 1500);  
19 INSERT INTO customers (customer_id, name, age, balance) VALUES (103, 'Charlie', 70, 1500);  
20 INSERT INTO customers (customer_id, name, age, balance) VALUES (104, 'David', 30, 1500);  
21 INSERT INTO customers (customer_id, name, age, balance) VALUES (105, 'Eva', 62, 3000);  
22  
23 INSERT INTO loans (loan_id, customer_id, interest_rate, due_date) VALUES (201, 101, 8.5, TO_DATE('2025-07-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD'));  
24  
25 INSERT INTO loans (loan_id, customer_id, interest_rate, due_date) VALUES (202, 102, 9.0, TO_DATE('2025-07-30', 'YYYY-MM-DD'));  
26  
27 INSERT INTO loans (loan_id, customer_id, interest_rate, due_date) VALUES (203, 103, 10.0, TO_DATE('2025-07-10', 'YYYY-MM-DD'));  
28  
29 INSERT INTO loans (loan_id, customer_id, interest_rate, due_date) VALUES (204, 104, 7.5, TO_DATE('2025-08-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'));  
30  
31 INSERT INTO loans (loan_id, customer_id, interest_rate, due_date) VALUES (205, 105, 9.2, TO_DATE('2025-07-05', 'YYYY-MM-DD'));
```

i) Scenario 1:

Write a PL/SQL block that loops through all customers, checks their age, and if they are above 60, apply a 1% discount to their current loan interest rates.



The screenshot shows the Live SQL interface with a worksheet containing the following PL/SQL code:

```
1  
2  
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38  
39  
40  
41  
42  
43  
44  
45  
46  
47  
48  
49  
50  
51  
52  
53 BEGIN  
54   FOR cust IN (  
55     SELECT c.customer_id, c.name, c.age,  
56            l.loan_id, l.interest_rate AS old_rate  
57     FROM customers c  
58     JOIN loans l ON c.customer_id = l.customer_id  
59   ) LOOP  
60     IF cust.age > 60 THEN  
61       UPDATE loans  
62       SET interest_rate = cust.old_rate - 1  
63       WHERE loan_id = cust.loan_id;  
64  
65       DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(  
66         'Discount applied to: ' || cust.name ||  
67         ' | Age: ' || cust.age ||  
68         ' | Loan ID: ' || cust.loan_id ||  
69         ' | Old Rate: ' || cust.old_rate || '%' ||  
70         ' | New Rate: ' || (cust.old_rate - 1) || '%'  
71       );  
72     END IF;  
73   END LOOP;  
74 END;
```

Output:



Query result


Script output

DBMS output

Explain Plan

SQL history











Discount applied to: Alice | Age: 65 | Loan ID: 201 | Old Rate: 6.5% | New Rate: 5.5%
Discount applied to: Charlie | Age: 70 | Loan ID: 203 | Old Rate: 8% | New Rate: 7%
Discount applied to: Eva | Age: 62 | Loan ID: 205 | Old Rate: 7.2% | New Rate: 6.2%

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Elapsed: 00:00:00.121

ii) Scenario 2:

Write a PL/SQL block that iterates through all customers and sets a flag IsVIP to TRUE for those with a balance over \$10,000.

[SQL Worksheet]*      Aa 

75

76 BEGIN

77 FOR cust IN (

78 SELECT customer_id, name, balance

79 FROM customers

80) LOOP

81 IF cust.balance > 10000 THEN

82 UPDATE customers

83 SET IsVIP = 'TRUE'

84 WHERE customer_id = cust.customer_id;

85

86 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(

87 'VIP updated: ' || cust.name ||

88 ' | Balance: \$' || cust.balance ||

89 ' | IsVIP: TRUE'

90);

91 END IF;

92 END LOOP;

93 END;

Output :



Query result


Script output

DBMS output

Explain Plan

SQL history





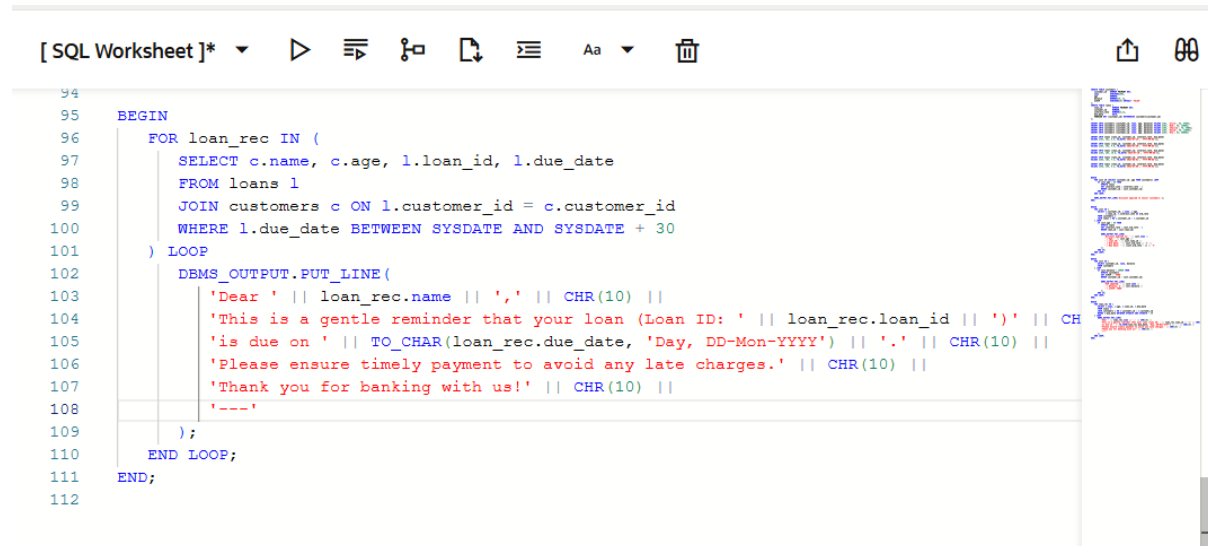
VIP updated: Eva | Balance: \$30000 | IsVIP: TRUE
VIP updated: Bob | Balance: \$15000 | IsVIP: TRUE
VIP updated: David | Balance: \$12000 | IsVIP: TRUE

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Elapsed: 00:00:00.014

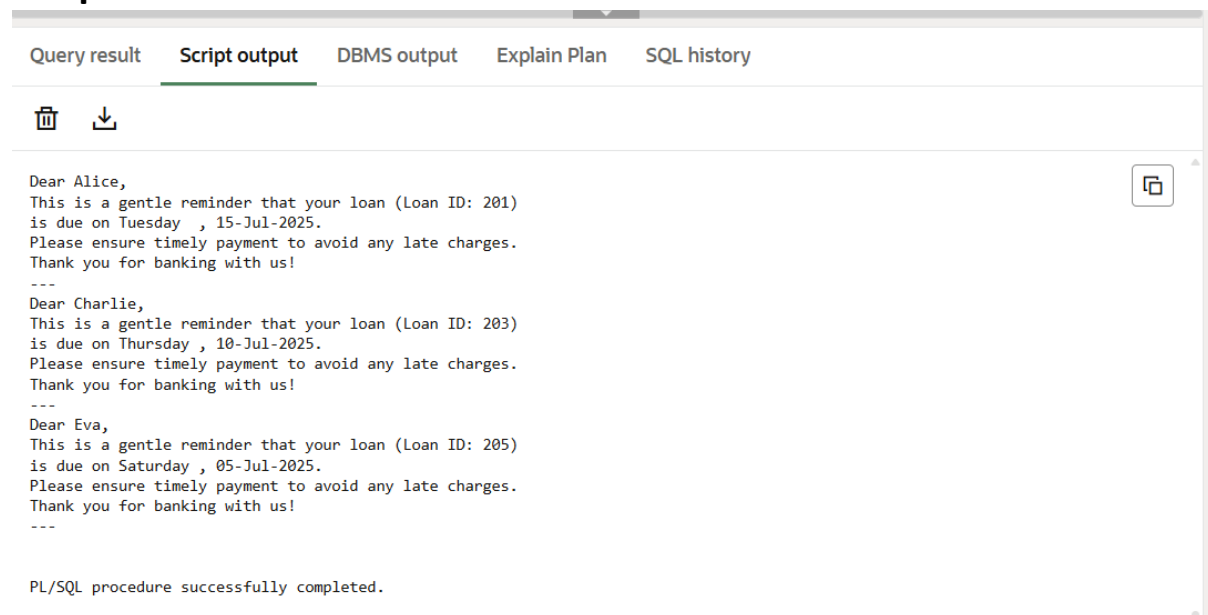
ii) Scenario 3:

Write a PL/SQL block that fetches all loans due in the next 30 days and prints a reminder message for each customer



```
94
95 BEGIN
96   FOR loan_rec IN (
97     SELECT c.name, c.age, l.loan_id, l.due_date
98     FROM loans l
99     JOIN customers c ON l.customer_id = c.customer_id
100    WHERE l.due_date BETWEEN SYSDATE AND SYSDATE + 30
101   ) LOOP
102     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(
103       'Dear ' || loan_rec.name || ',' || CHR(10) ||
104       'This is a gentle reminder that your loan (Loan ID: ' || loan_rec.loan_id || ') ' || CH
105       'is due on ' || TO_CHAR(loan_rec.due_date, 'Day, DD-Mon-YYYY') || '.' || CHR(10) ||
106       'Please ensure timely payment to avoid any late charges.' || CHR(10) ||
107       'Thank you for banking with us!' || CHR(10) ||
108       '---'
109     );
110   END LOOP;
111 END;
112
```

Output:



Query result **Script output** DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history

Dear Alice,
This is a gentle reminder that your loan (Loan ID: 201)
is due on Tuesday , 15-Jul-2025.
Please ensure timely payment to avoid any late charges.
Thank you for banking with us!

Dear Charlie,
This is a gentle reminder that your loan (Loan ID: 203)
is due on Thursday , 10-Jul-2025.
Please ensure timely payment to avoid any late charges.
Thank you for banking with us!

Dear Eva,
This is a gentle reminder that your loan (Loan ID: 205)
is due on Saturday , 05-Jul-2025.
Please ensure timely payment to avoid any late charges.
Thank you for banking with us!

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Exercise 3: Stored Procedures

Table Created and Row inserted

```
[ SQL Worksheet ]*  ▶  ⌵  🔍  📄  ⌵  Aa  🗑️

193
194 CREATE TABLE accounts (
195     account_id    NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
196     customer_name  VARCHAR2(50),
197     account_type   VARCHAR2(20),
198     balance        NUMBER(10, 2)
199 );
200
201 INSERT INTO accounts VALUES (1001, 'Alice', 'Savings', 5000);
202 INSERT INTO accounts VALUES (1002, 'Bob', 'Savings', 15000);
203 INSERT INTO accounts VALUES (1003, 'Charlie', 'Current', 7000);
204 INSERT INTO accounts VALUES (1004, 'David', 'Savings', 8000);
205 COMMIT;
206
207 CREATE TABLE employees (
208     emp_id         NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
209     name           VARCHAR2(50),
210     department     VARCHAR2(30),
211     salary         NUMBER(10,2)
212 );
213
214 INSERT INTO employees VALUES (1, 'Anjali', 'HR', 40000);
215 INSERT INTO employees VALUES (2, 'Ravi', 'IT', 60000);
216 INSERT INTO employees VALUES (3, 'Sneha', 'IT', 65000);
217 INSERT INTO employees VALUES (4, 'Vikas', 'Finance', 55000);
218 COMMIT;
219
```

i)Scenario 1:



Write a stored procedure **ProcessMonthlyInterest** that calculates and updates the balance of all savings accounts by applying an interest rate of 1% to the current balance.

```
[ SQL Worksheet ]*  ▶  ⌵  🔍  📄  ⌵  Aa  🗑️

220
221 CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE ProcessMonthlyInterest
222 IS
223     v_interest NUMBER;
224 BEGIN
225     FOR acc IN (SELECT account_id, customer_name, balance FROM accounts WHERE account_type = 'Sa
226     v_interest := acc.balance * 0.01;
227
228     UPDATE accounts
229     SET balance = balance + v_interest
230     WHERE account_id = acc.account_id;
231
232     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Interest applied to ' || acc.customer_name ||
233     ' | Interest: $' || v_interest ||
234     ' | New Balance: $' || (acc.balance + v_interest));
235 END LOOP;
236 END;
237
238 BEGIN
239     ProcessMonthlyInterest;
240 END;
```

Output

Query result **Script output** DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history

```
SQL> BEGIN
      ProcessMonthlyInterest;
END;
```

Interest applied to Alice | Interest: \$50 | New Balance: \$5050
Interest applied to Bob | Interest: \$150 | New Balance: \$15150
Interest applied to David | Interest: \$80 | New Balance: \$8080

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Elapsed: 00:00:00.016

ii)Scenario 2:

Write a stored procedure **UpdateEmployeeBonus** that updates the salary of employees in a given department by adding a bonus percentage passed as a parameter

[SQL Worksheet]* ▶ ≡ 🔑 ↺ ≡ Aa ▼ 🗑️

```
244
245 CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE UpdateEmployeeBonus (
246     p_department IN VARCHAR2,
247     p_bonus_pct IN NUMBER
248 )
249 IS
250     v_bonus NUMBER;
251 BEGIN
252     FOR emp IN (
253         SELECT emp_id, name, salary
254         FROM employees
255         WHERE department = p_department
256     ) LOOP
257         v_bonus := ROUND(emp.salary * (p_bonus_pct / 100), 2);
258
259         UPDATE employees
260         SET salary = salary + v_bonus
261         WHERE emp_id = emp.emp_id;
262
263         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(
264             'Bonus added for: ' || RPAD(emp.name, 10) ||
265             '| Bonus Amount: ' || TO_CHAR(v_bonus, '99999.99') ||
266             '| New Salary: ' || TO_CHAR(emp.salary + v_bonus, '999999.99')
267         );
268     END LOOP;
269 END;
270 /
```

Output

```
Bonus added for: Alice Johnson | Bonus Amount: 6000.00 | New Salary: 76000.00
Bonus added for: Bob Brown     | Bonus Amount: 6500.00 | New Salary: 66500.00
```

iii)Scenario 3:

Write a stored procedure **TransferFunds** that transfers a specified amount from one account to another, checking that the source account has sufficient balance before making the transfer.

```
[ SQL Worksheet ]*  ▶  ⌵  🔍  📄  ⌵  Aa  🗑️

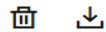
276 /
277 CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE TransferFunds (
278     p_from_account IN NUMBER,
279     p_to_account    IN NUMBER,
280     p_amount        IN NUMBER
281 )
282 IS
283     v_from_balance  NUMBER;
284     v_to_balance    NUMBER;
285     v_from_name     VARCHAR2(50);
286     v_to_name       VARCHAR2(50);
287 BEGIN
288     |
289     | SELECT balance, customer_name INTO v_from_balance, v_from_name
290     | FROM accounts WHERE account_id = p_from_account;
291
292     | SELECT balance, customer_name INTO v_to_balance, v_to_name
293     | FROM accounts WHERE account_id = p_to_account;
294
295
296     IF v_from_balance < p_amount THEN
297         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Transfer failed: ' || v_from_name || ' (Account ' || p_from_account
298         | | ' ) has insufficient funds. Available: ₹' || TO_CHAR(v_from_balance,
299
300
301         UPDATE accounts
302         SET balance = balance - p_amount
303         WHERE account_id = p_from_account;
304
305         UPDATE accounts
306         SET balance = balance + p_amount
307         WHERE account_id = p_to_account;
308
309         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Transfer Successful!');
310         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Amount Transferred: ₹' || TO_CHAR(p_amount, '99999.99'));
311         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('From: ' || v_from_name || ' (Account ' || p_from_account || ')':
```

```
[ SQL Worksheet ]*  ▶  ⌵  🔍  📄  ⌵  Aa  🗑️  ⬆️  📄

296 IF v_from_balance < p_amount THEN
297     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Transfer failed: ' || v_from_name || ' (Account ' || p_from_account
298     | | ' ) has insufficient funds. Available: ₹' || TO_CHAR(v_from_balance,
299
300
301     UPDATE accounts
302     SET balance = balance - p_amount
303     WHERE account_id = p_from_account;
304
305     UPDATE accounts
306     SET balance = balance + p_amount
307     WHERE account_id = p_to_account;
308
309     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Transfer Successful!');
310     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Amount Transferred: ₹' || TO_CHAR(p_amount, '99999.99'));
311     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('From: ' || v_from_name || ' (Account ' || p_from_account || ')');
312     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('To: ' || v_to_name || ' (Account ' || p_to_account || ')');
313
314
315     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Updated Balance - ' || v_from_name || ': ' || TO_CHAR(v_from_balance
316     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Updated Balance - ' || v_to_name || ': ' || TO_CHAR(v_to_balance
317 END IF;
318
319 EXCEPTION
320     WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
321         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Transfer failed: One or both account IDs not found.');
```

Output

Query result **Script output** DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history



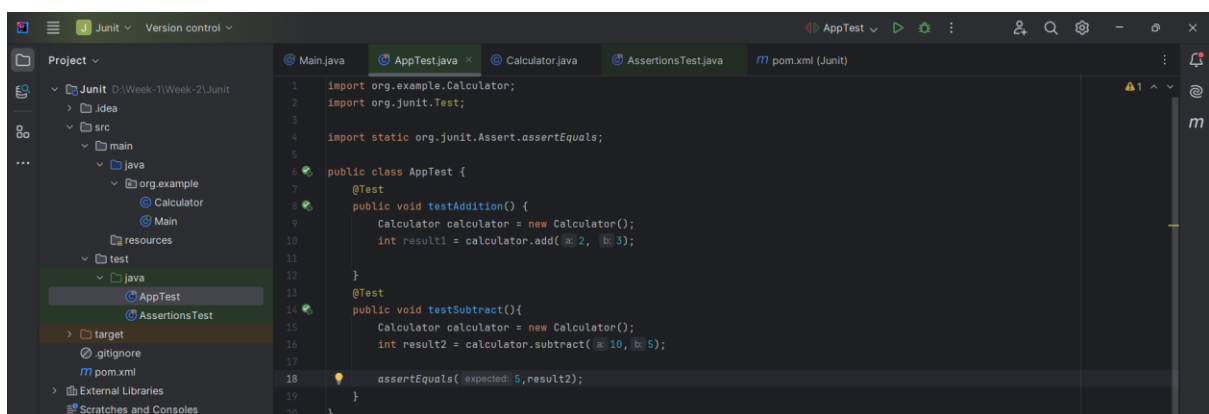
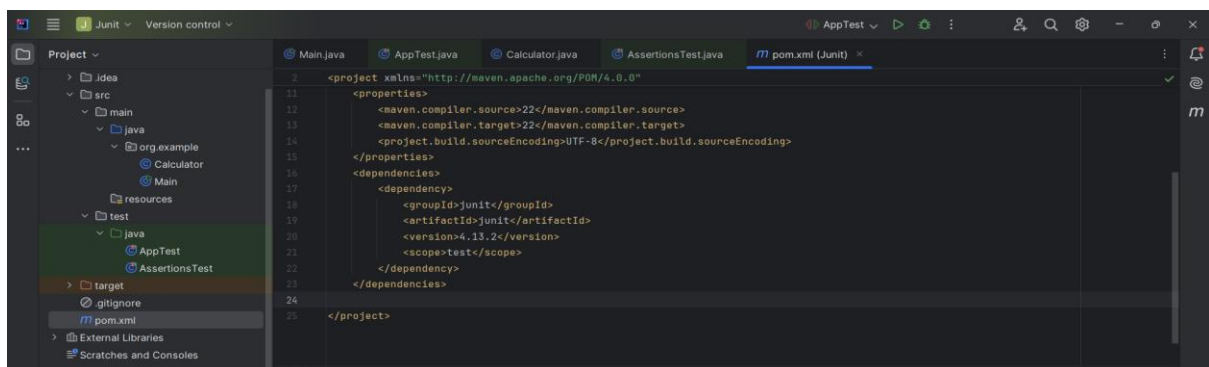
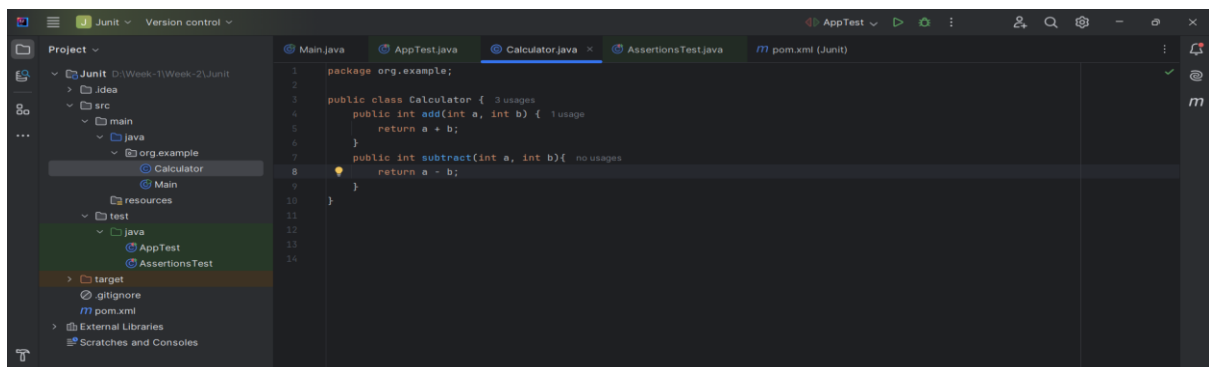
Elapsed: 00:00:00.019

```
SQL> BEGIN
      TransferFunds(1002, 1003, 2000); -- Bob to Charlie
      END;
```

Transfer Successful!
Amount Transferred: ₹ 2000.00
From: Bob (Account 1002)
To: Charlie (Account 1003)
Updated Balance - Bob: 11150.00
Updated Balance - Charlie: 11000.00

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

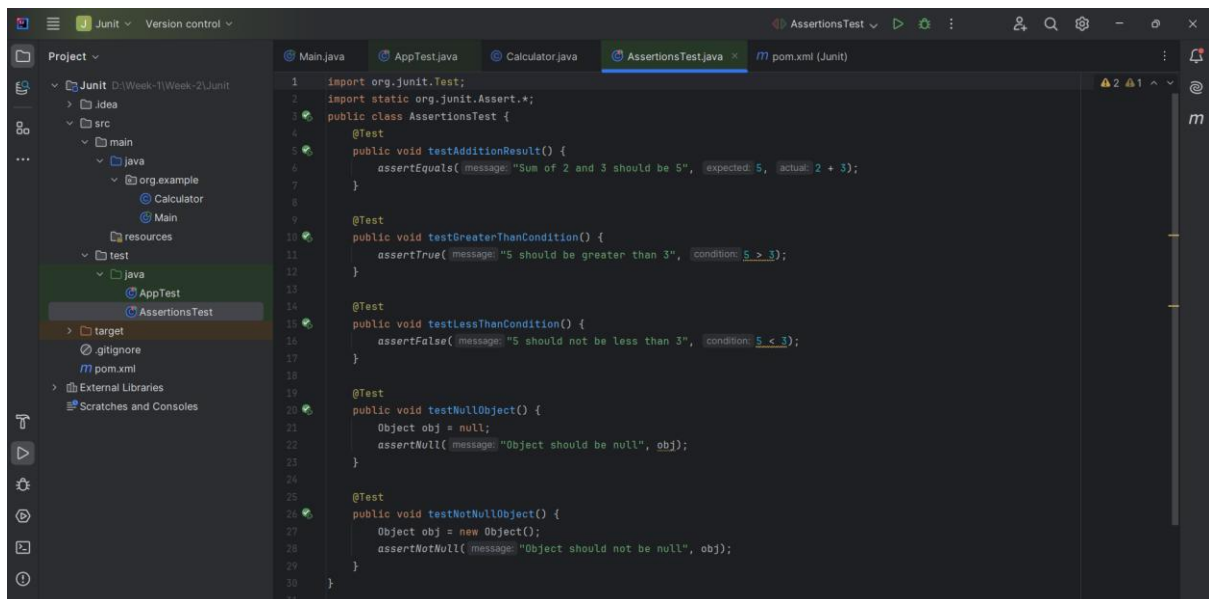
Exercise 1: Setting Up Junit



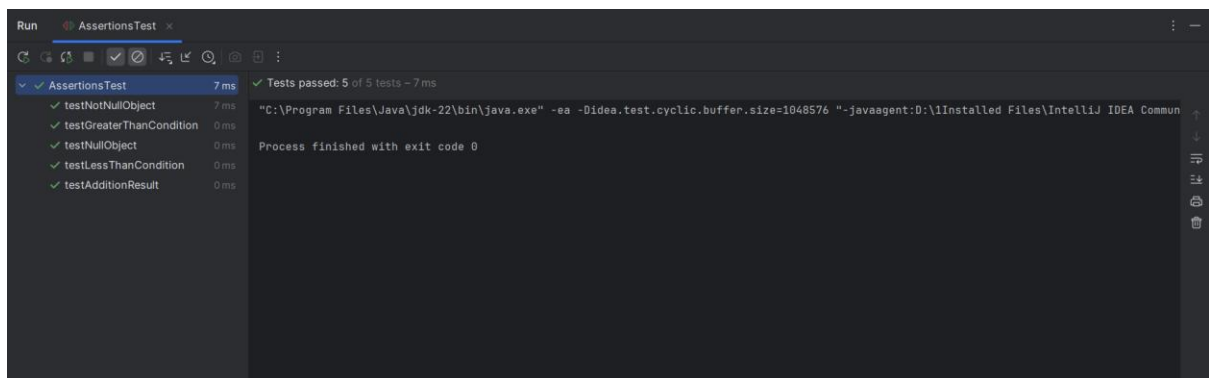
Output:



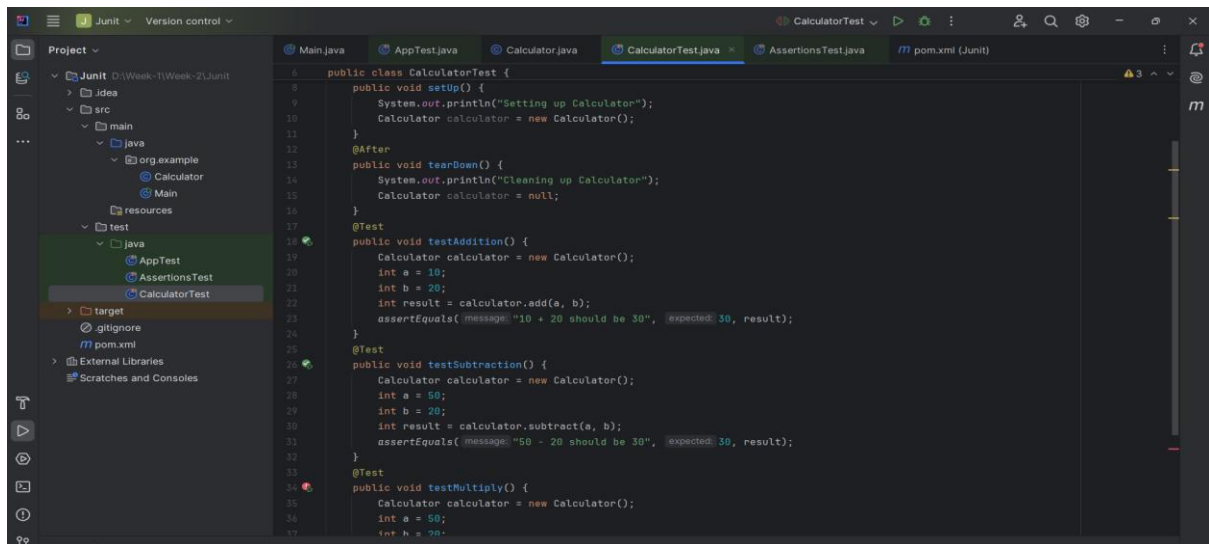
Exercise 3: Assertions in Junit



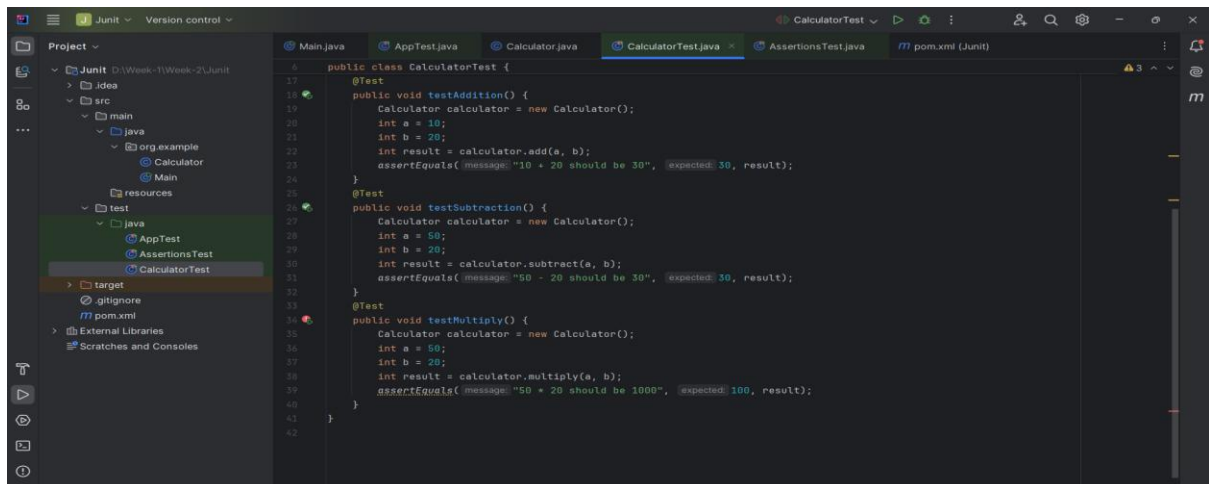
Output:



Exercise 4: Arrange-Act-Assert (AAA) Pattern, Test Fixtures, Setup and Teardown Methods in Junit

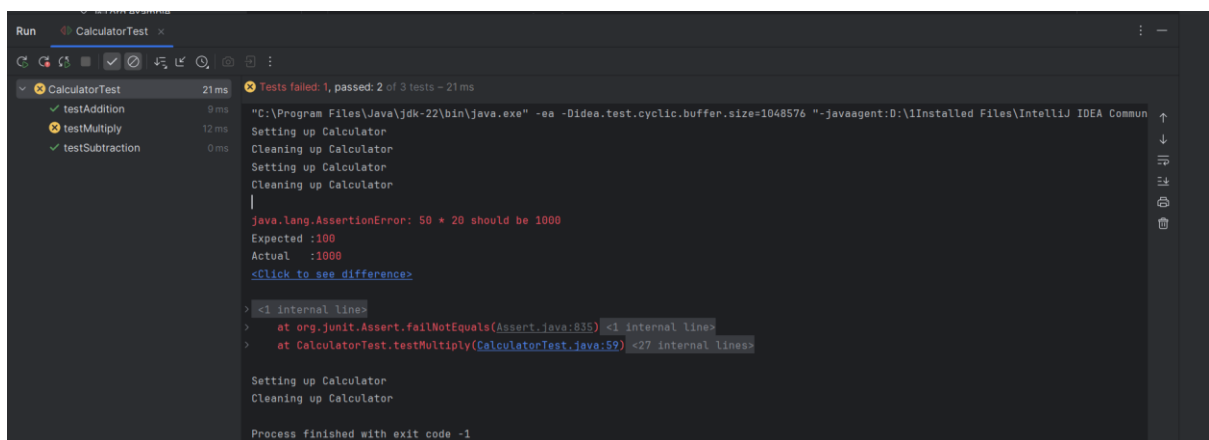


```
1 public class CalculatorTest {
2     public void setUp() {
3         System.out.println("Setting up Calculator");
4         Calculator calculator = new Calculator();
5     }
6     @After
7     public void tearDown() {
8         System.out.println("Cleaning up Calculator");
9         Calculator calculator = null;
10    }
11    @Test
12    public void testAddition() {
13        Calculator calculator = new Calculator();
14        int a = 10;
15        int b = 20;
16        int result = calculator.add(a, b);
17        assertEquals("10 + 20 should be 30", expected: 30, result);
18    }
19    @Test
20    public void testSubtraction() {
21        Calculator calculator = new Calculator();
22        int a = 50;
23        int b = 20;
24        int result = calculator.subtract(a, b);
25        assertEquals("50 - 20 should be 30", expected: 30, result);
26    }
27    @Test
28    public void testMultiply() {
29        Calculator calculator = new Calculator();
30        int a = 50;
31        int b = 20;
32    }
```



```
1 public class CalculatorTest {
2     public void setUp() {
3         System.out.println("Setting up Calculator");
4         Calculator calculator = new Calculator();
5     }
6     @After
7     public void tearDown() {
8         System.out.println("Cleaning up Calculator");
9         Calculator calculator = null;
10    }
11    @Test
12    public void testAddition() {
13        Calculator calculator = new Calculator();
14        int a = 10;
15        int b = 20;
16        int result = calculator.add(a, b);
17        assertEquals("10 + 20 should be 30", expected: 30, result);
18    }
19    @Test
20    public void testSubtraction() {
21        Calculator calculator = new Calculator();
22        int a = 50;
23        int b = 20;
24        int result = calculator.subtract(a, b);
25        assertEquals("50 - 20 should be 30", expected: 30, result);
26    }
27    @Test
28    public void testMultiply() {
29        Calculator calculator = new Calculator();
30        int a = 50;
31        int b = 20;
32        int result = calculator.multiply(a, b);
33        assertEquals("50 * 20 should be 1000", expected: 1000, result);
34    }
35 }
```

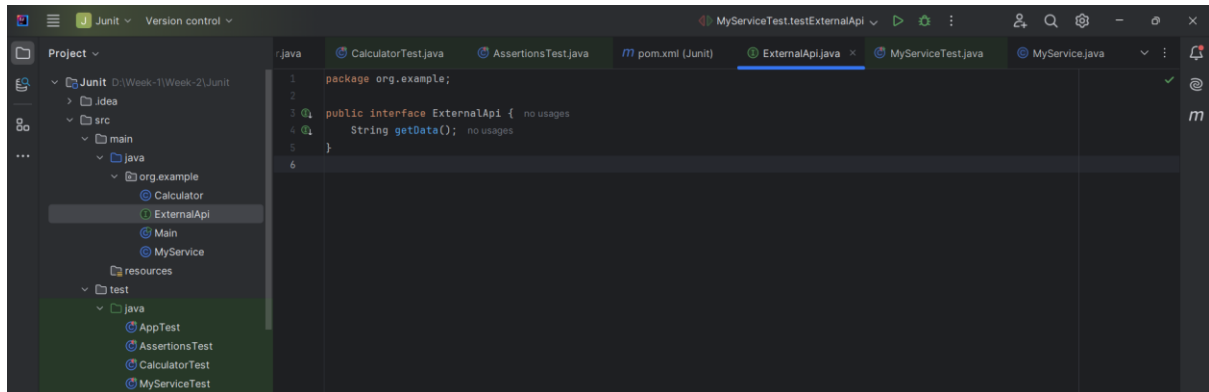
Output:



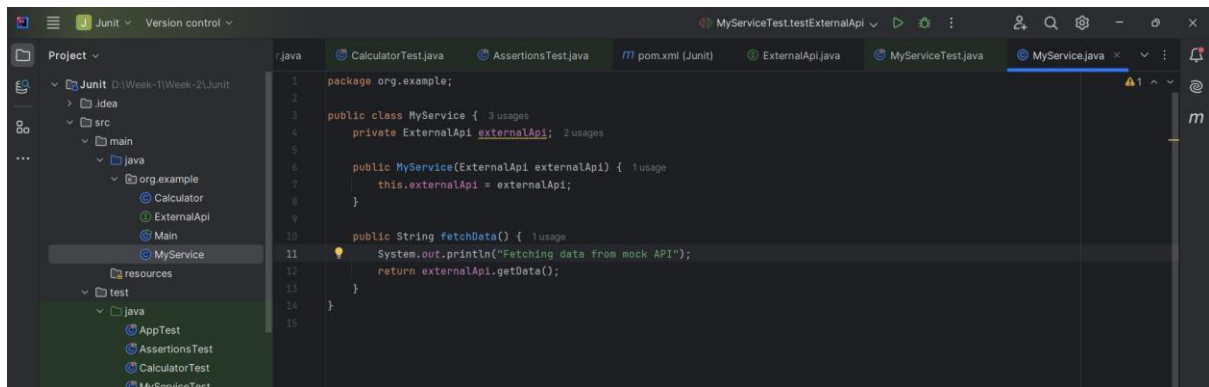
```
Run CalculatorTest
Tests failed: 1, passed: 2 of 3 tests - 21 ms
testAddition 9 ms
testMultiply 12 ms
testSubtraction 0 ms
Setting up Calculator
Cleaning up Calculator
Setting up Calculator
Cleaning up Calculator
java.lang.AssertionError: 50 * 20 should be 1000
Expected :100
Actual   :1000
Click to see difference
> <1 internal line>
> at org.junit.Assert.failNotEquals(Assert.java:835) <1 internal line>
> at CalculatorTest.testMultiply(CalculatorTest.java:59) <27 internal lines>
Setting up Calculator
Cleaning up Calculator
Process finished with exit code -1
```

Exercise 1: Mocking and Stubbing

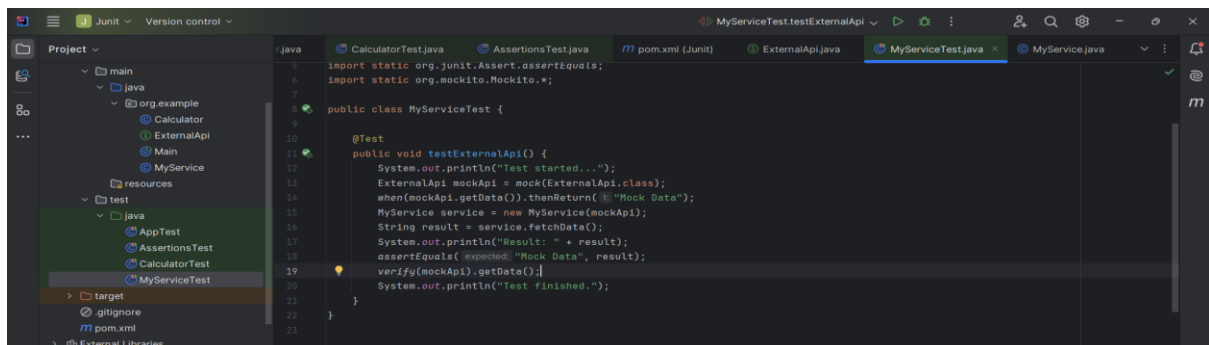
1.ExternalApi Interface



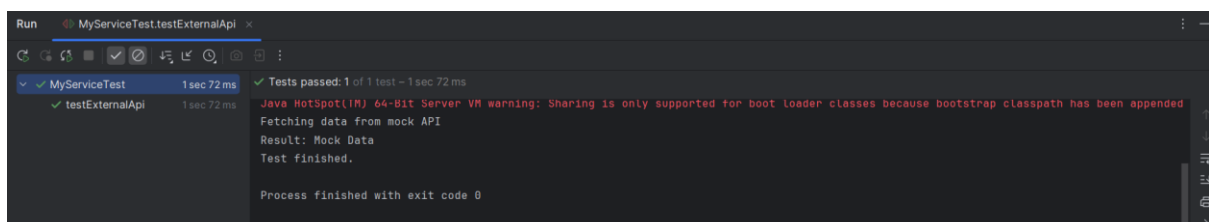
2.MyService Class



3.MyServiceTest

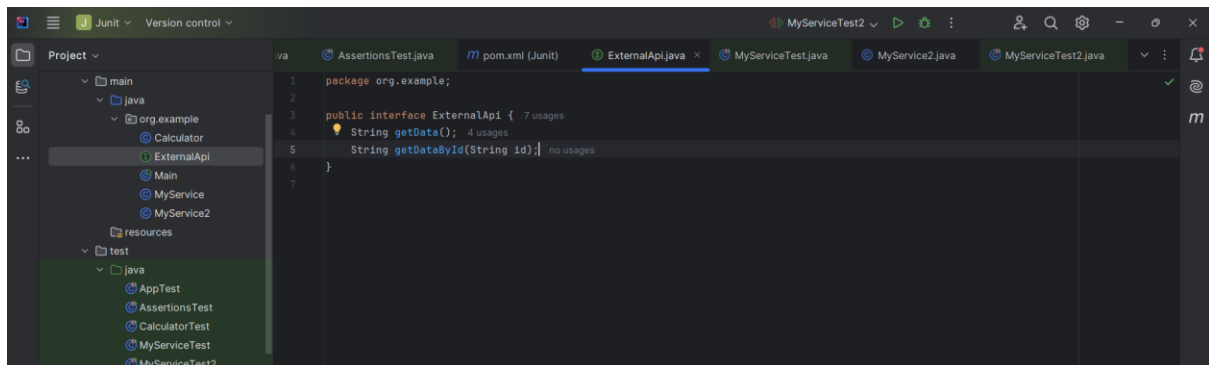


Output

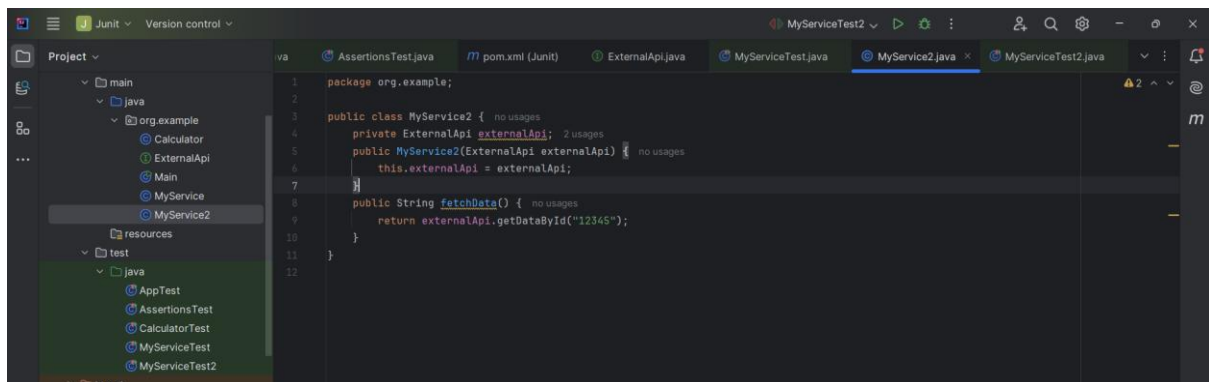


Exercise 2: Verifying Interactions

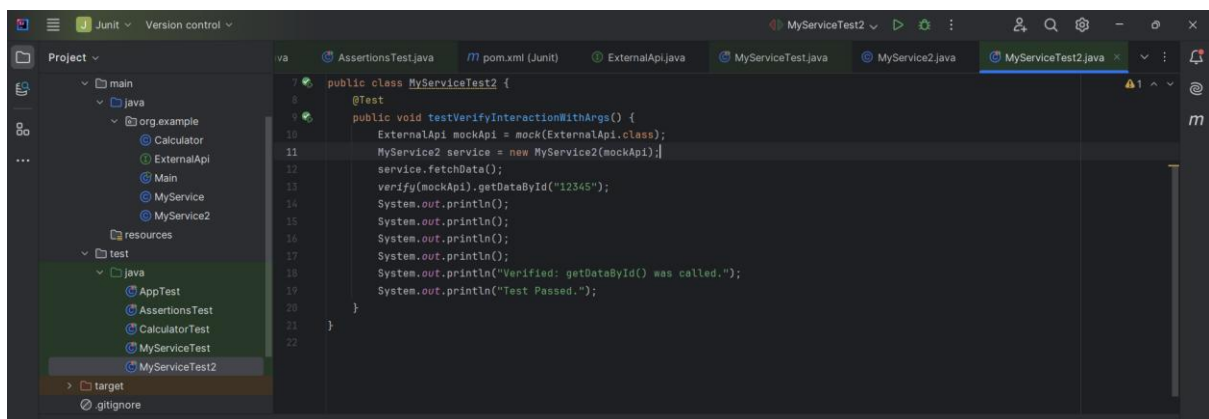
1.ExternalApi



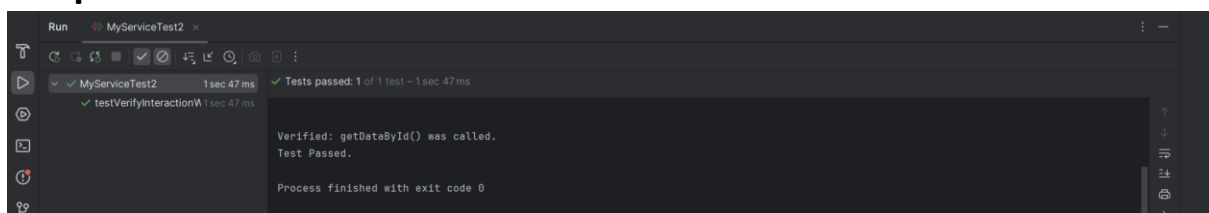
2.MyService Class



3.MyServiceTest

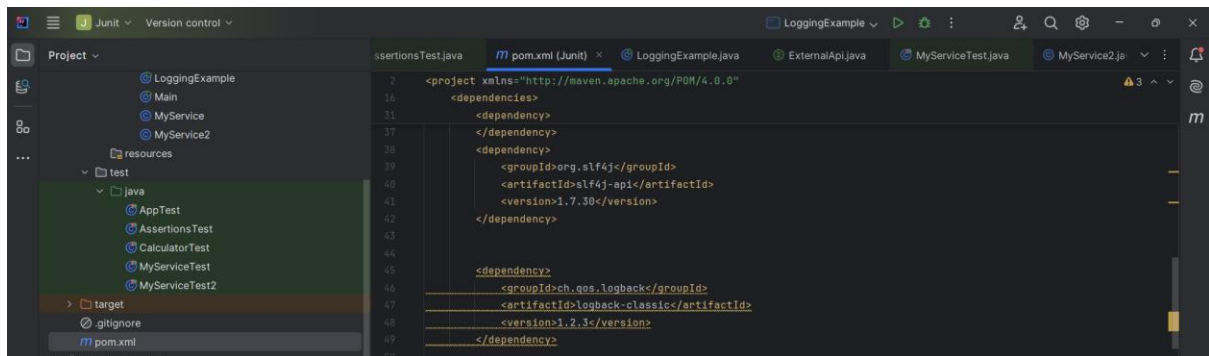


Output

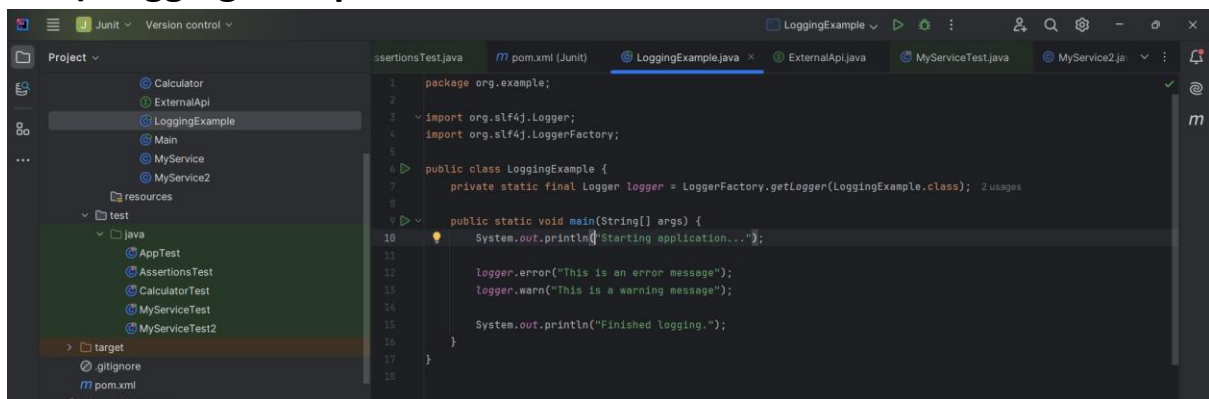


Exercise 1: Logging Error Messages and Warning Levels

1) Pom.xlm



2) LoggingExample



Output

