

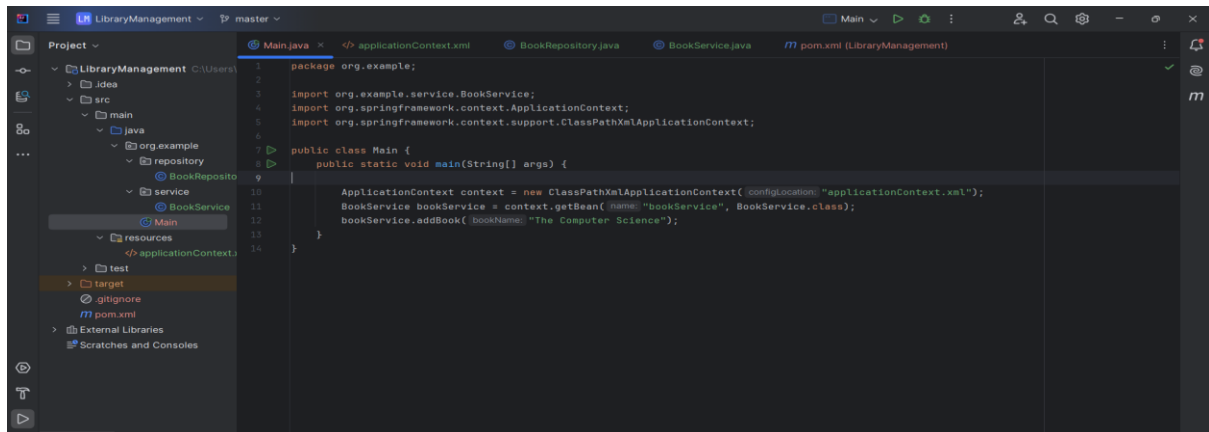
## Week - 3

### Exercise 1: Configuring a Basic Spring Application

#### Scenario:

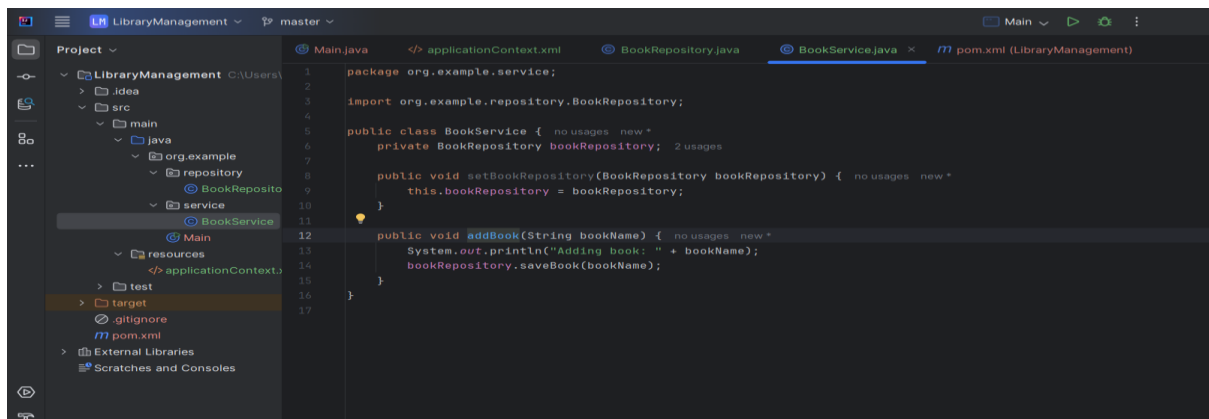
Your company is developing a web application for managing a library. You need to use the Spring Framework to handle the backend operations

#### Main.java



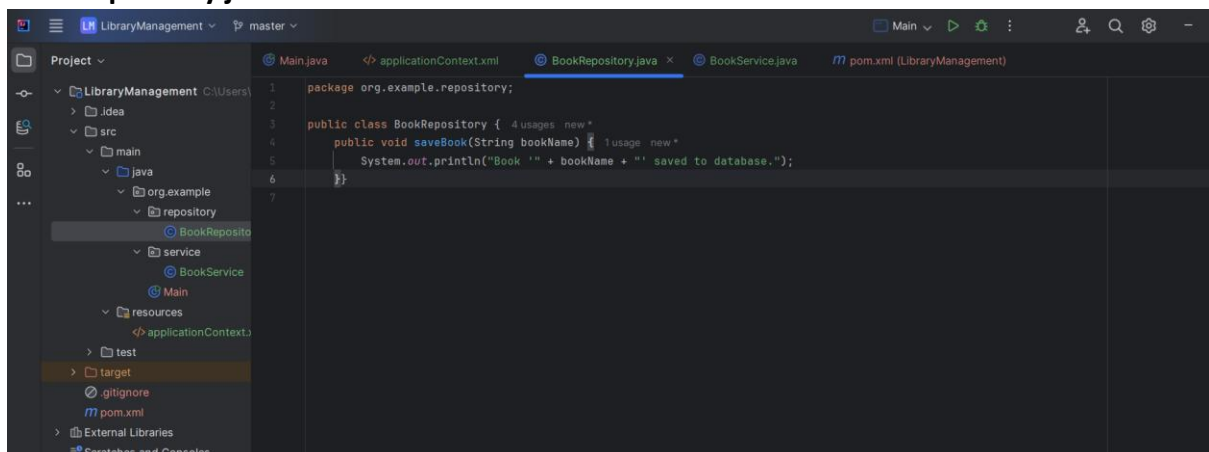
```
1 package org.example;
2
3 import org.example.service.BookService;
4 import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
5 import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;
6
7 public class Main {
8     public static void main(String[] args) {
9
10
11         ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("applicationContext.xml");
12         BookService bookService = context.getBean("bookService", BookService.class);
13         bookService.addBook("The Computer Science");
14     }
15 }
```

#### BookService.java



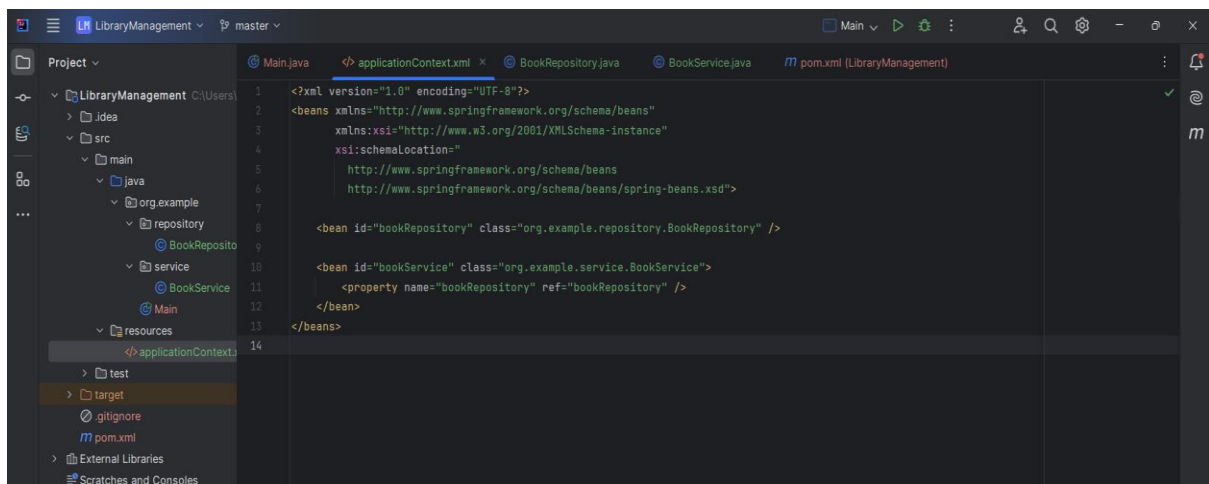
```
1 package org.example.service;
2
3 import org.example.repository.BookRepository;
4
5 public class BookService {
6     private BookRepository bookRepository;
7
8     public void setBookRepository(BookRepository bookRepository) {
9         this.bookRepository = bookRepository;
10     }
11
12     public void addBook(String bookName) {
13         System.out.println("Adding book: " + bookName);
14         bookRepository.saveBook(bookName);
15     }
16 }
17
```

#### BookRepository.java

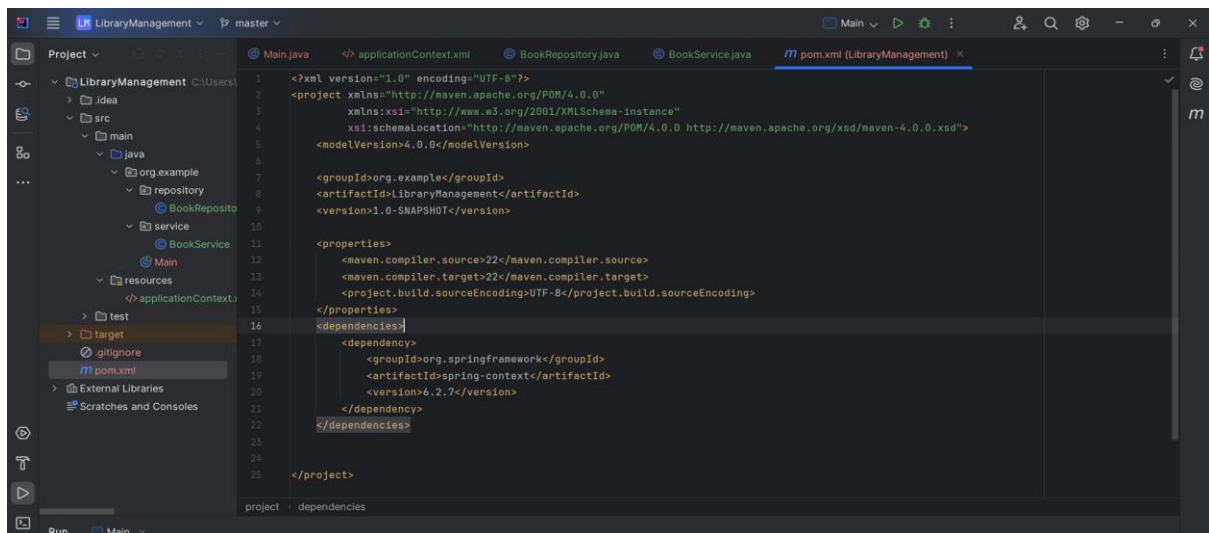


```
1 package org.example.repository;
2
3 public class BookRepository {
4     public void saveBook(String bookName) {
5         System.out.println("Book '" + bookName + "' saved to database.");
6     }
7 }
```

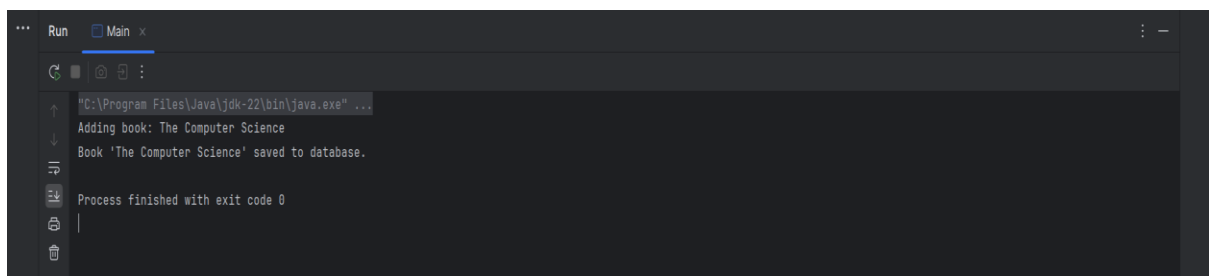
## ApplicationContext.xmlm



## Pom.xml



## Output



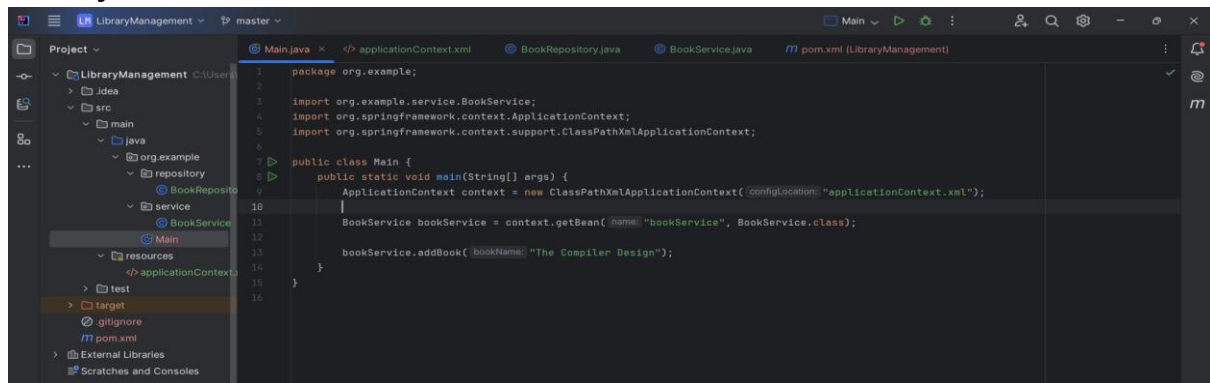
## Exercise 2: Implementing Dependency Injection

### Scenario:

In the library management application, you need to manage the dependencies between the `BookService` and `BookRepository` classes using Spring's IoC and DI.

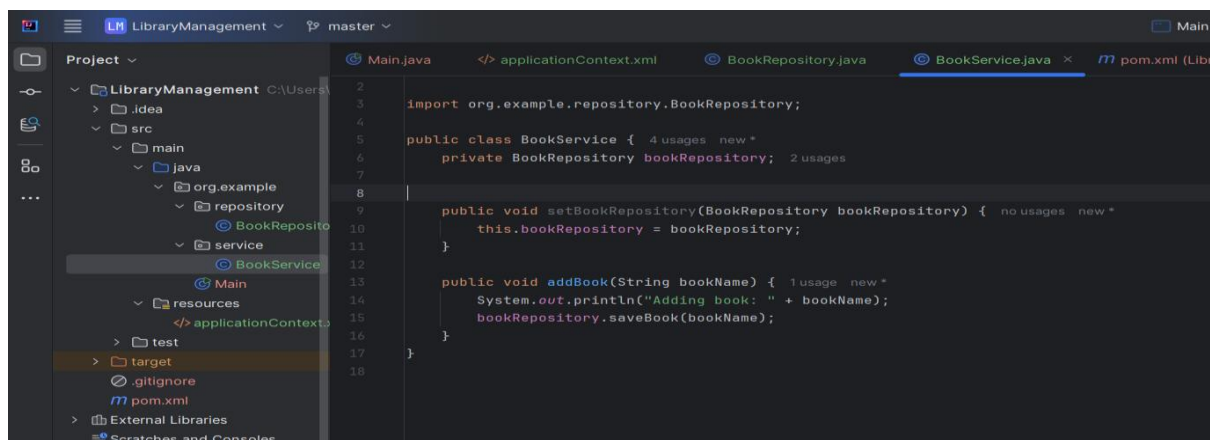
### Setter-based Dependency Injection

#### Main.java



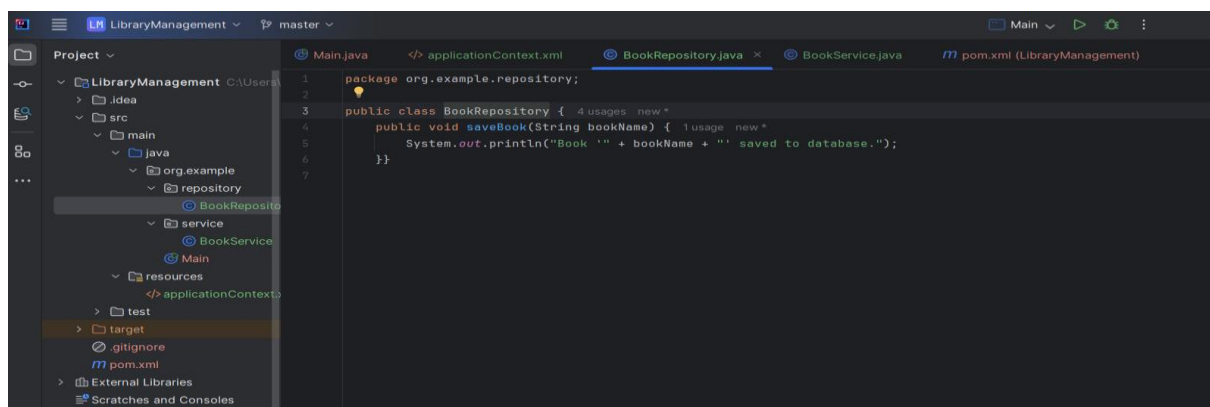
```
1 package org.example;
2
3 import org.example.service.BookService;
4 import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
5 import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;
6
7 public class Main {
8     public static void main(String[] args) {
9         ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("applicationContext.xml");
10
11         BookService bookService = context.getBean("bookService", BookService.class);
12
13         bookService.addBook("The Compiler Design");
14     }
15 }
```

#### BookService.java



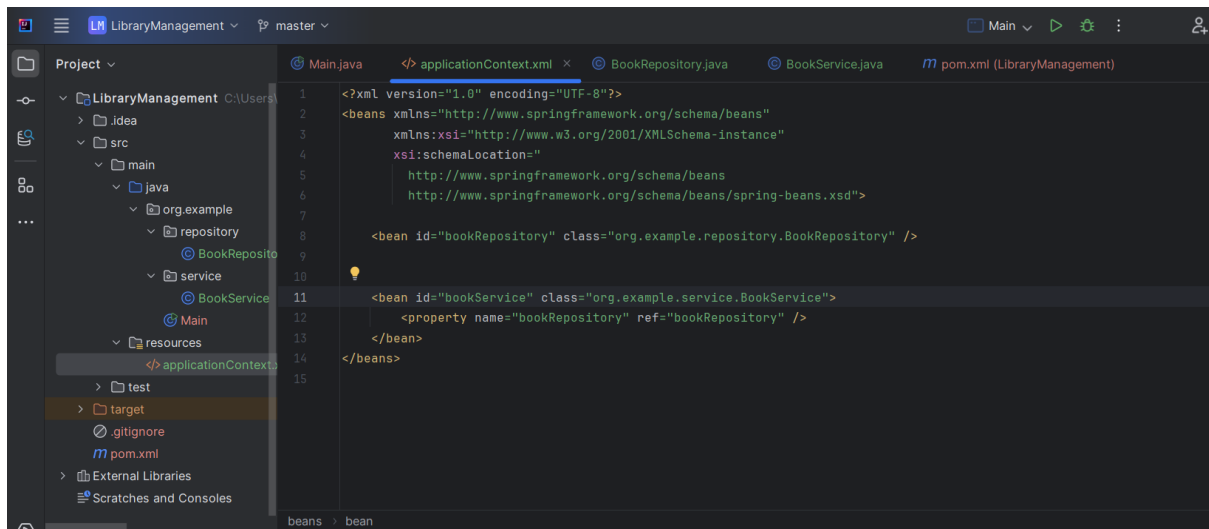
```
1 import org.example.repository.BookRepository;
2
3 public class BookService {
4     private BookRepository bookRepository;
5
6     public void setBookRepository(BookRepository bookRepository) {
7         this.bookRepository = bookRepository;
8     }
9
10    public void addBook(String bookName) {
11        System.out.println("Adding book: " + bookName);
12        bookRepository.saveBook(bookName);
13    }
14 }
```

#### BookRepository.java

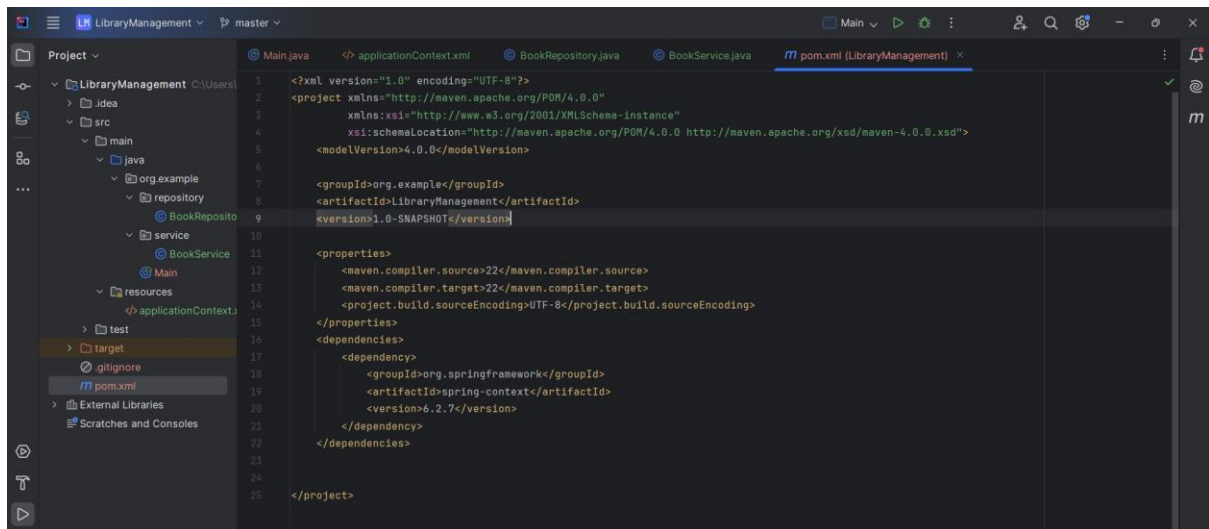


```
1 package org.example.repository;
2
3 public class BookRepository {
4     public void saveBook(String bookName) {
5         System.out.println("Book '" + bookName + "' saved to database.");
6     }
7 }
```

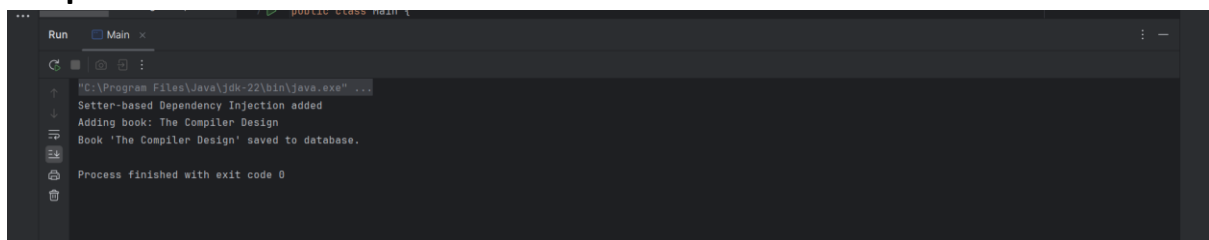
## ApplicationContext.xml



## Pom.xml



## Output

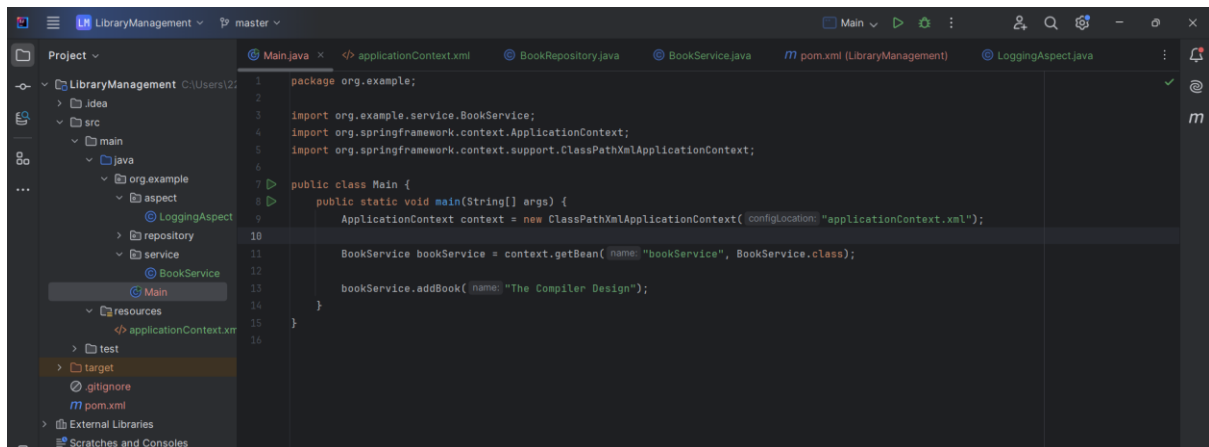


## Exercise 4: Creating and Configuring a Maven Project

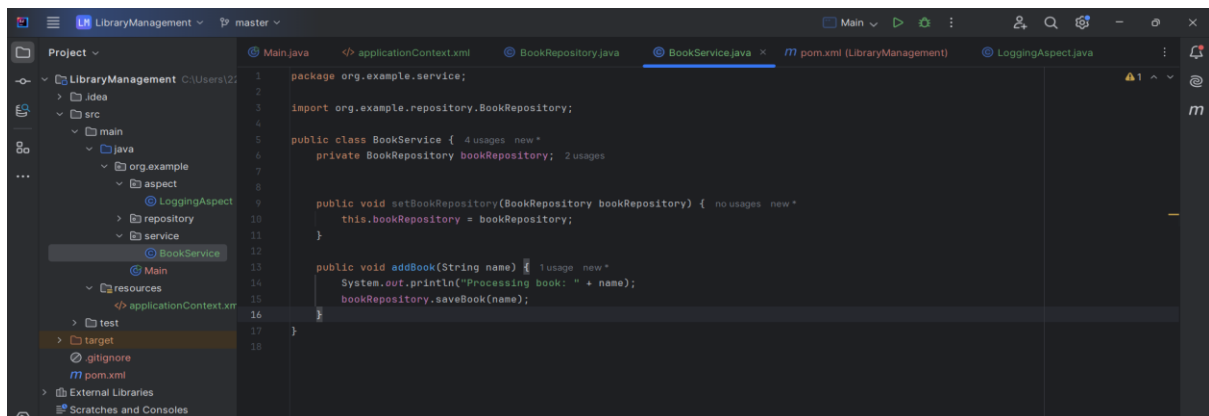
### Scenario:

You need to set up a new Maven project for the library management application and add Spring dependencies.

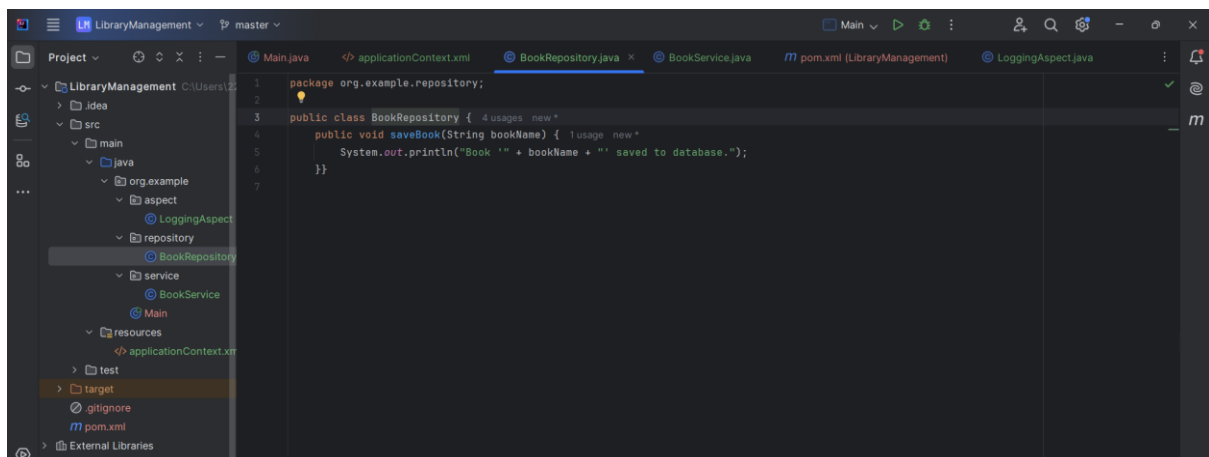
### Main.java



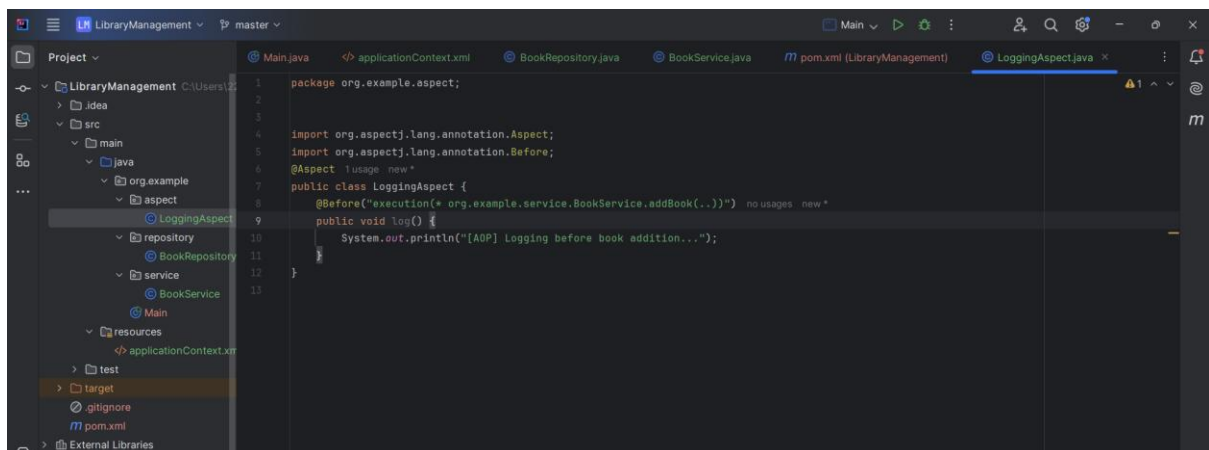
### BookService.java



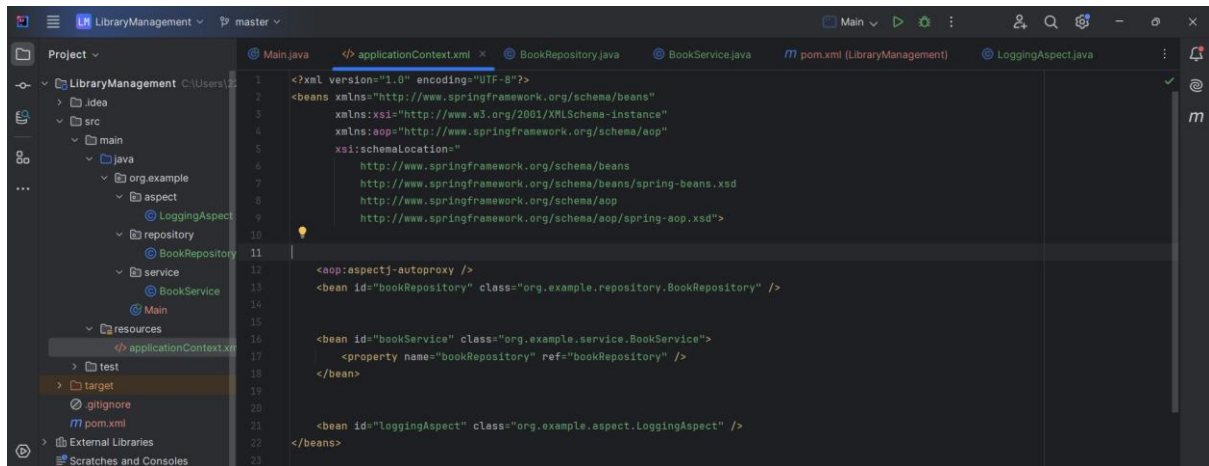
### BookRepository.java



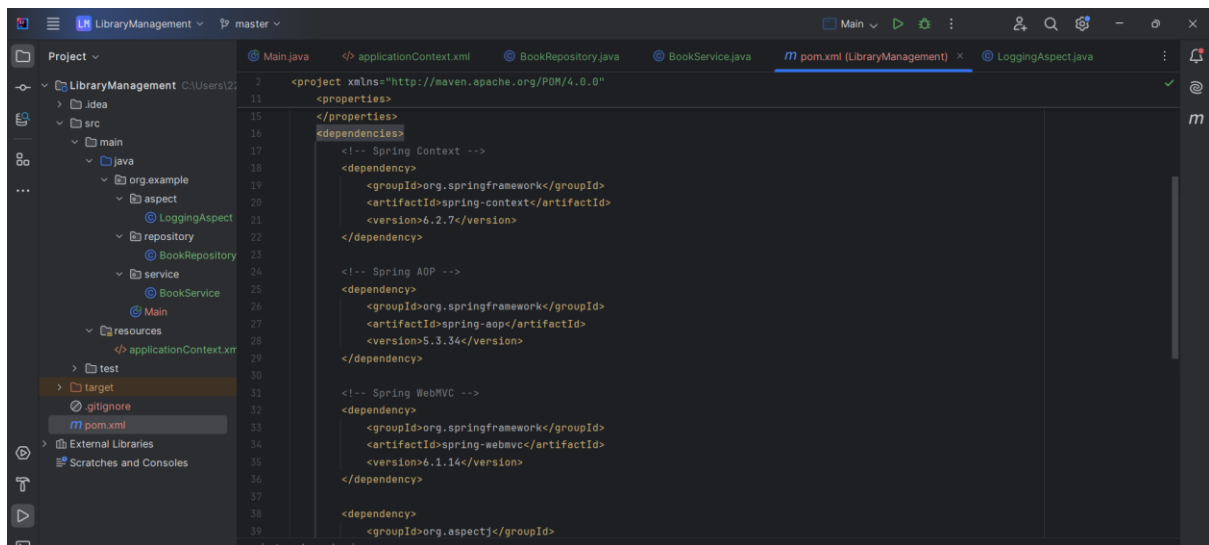
## LoggingAspect.java

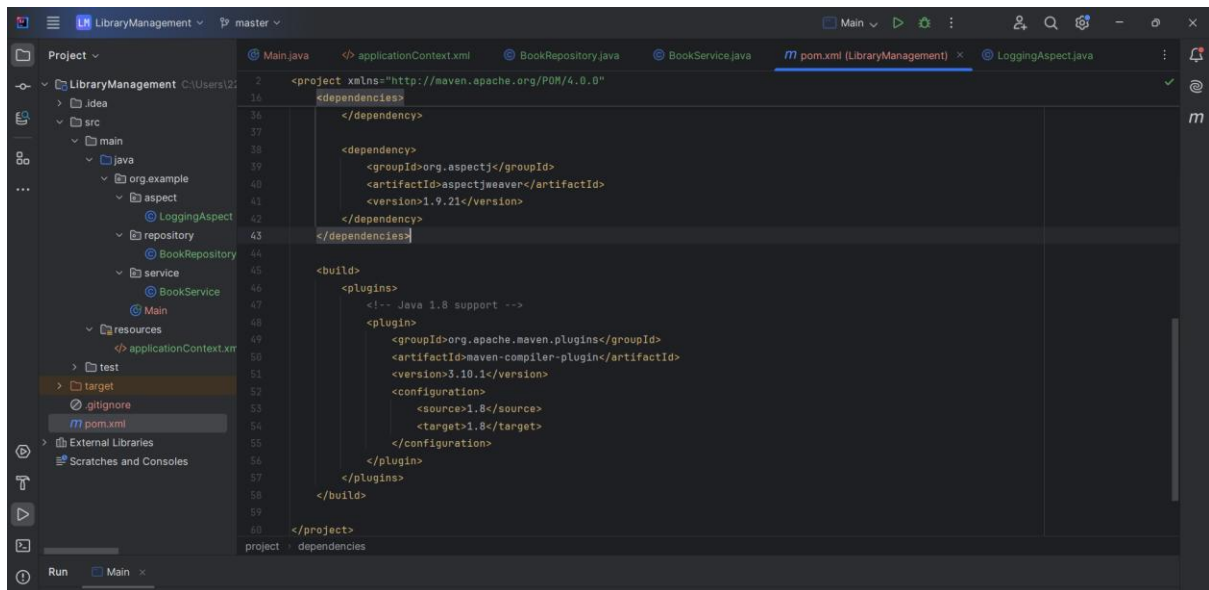


## ApplicationContext.java



## Pom.xml





## Output

