

DZ 11

1

$$\left(\frac{1-i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^n = \left(\frac{1}{2} - i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^n = \left(\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + i\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right)\right)^n = \cos\left(-\frac{n\pi}{3}\right) + i\sin\left(-\frac{n\pi}{3}\right)$$

2

$$(\cos x + i\sin x)^5 = \cos 5x + i\sin 5x$$

$$(\cos x + i\sin x)^5 = \cos^5 x + 5i\cos^4 x \sin x + 10i^2 \cos^3 x \sin^2 x + 10i^3 \cos^2 x \sin^3 x + 5i^4 \cos x \sin^4 x + i^5 \sin^5 x =$$

$$\cos^5 x + 5i\cos^4 x \sin x - 10\cos^3 x \sin^2 x - 10i\cos^2 x \sin^3 x + 5\cos x \sin^4 x + i\sin^5 x =$$

$$(\cos^5 x - 10\cos^3 x \sin^2 x + 5\cos x \sin^4 x) + i(5\cos^4 x \sin x - 10\cos^2 x \sin^3 x + \sin^5 x)$$

$$\cos 5x + i\sin 5x = (\cos^5 x - 10\cos^3 x \sin^2 x + 5\cos x \sin^4 x) + i(5\cos^4 x \sin x - 10\cos^2 x \sin^3 x + \sin^5 x)$$

$$\cos 5x = \cos^5 x - 10\cos^3 x \sin^2 x + 5\cos x \sin^4 x = \cos^5 - 10\cos^3(1 - \cos^2 x) + 5\cos x(1 - \cos^2 x)^2 =$$

$$\cos^5 x - 10\cos^3 x + 10\cos^5 x + 5\cos x - 10\cos^3 x + 5\cos^5 x = 16\cos^5 x - 20\cos^3 x + 5\cos x$$

3

$$\sqrt[4]{-4} = \sqrt[4]{4}\left(\cos\frac{\pi+2\pi k}{4} + i\sin\frac{\pi+2\pi k}{4}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2}\left(\cos\frac{\pi}{4} + i\sin\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \\ \sqrt{2}\left(\cos\frac{3\pi}{4} + i\sin\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) \\ \sqrt{2}\left(\cos\frac{5\pi}{4} + i\sin\frac{5\pi}{4}\right) \\ \sqrt{2}\left(\cos\frac{7\pi}{4} + i\sin\frac{7\pi}{4}\right) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1+i \\ 1-i \\ -1+i \\ -1-i \end{bmatrix}$$

4

$$\sqrt[6]{64} = \sqrt[6]{64}\left(\cos\frac{2\pi k}{6} + i\sin\frac{2\pi k}{6}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 2(1+0i) \\ 2\left(\frac{1}{2} + i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \\ 2\left(-\frac{1}{2} + i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \\ 2(-1+i0) \\ 2\left(-\frac{1}{2} - i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \\ 2\left(\frac{1}{2} - i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2+2i\sqrt{3} \\ -2+2i\sqrt{3} \\ -2 \\ -2-2i\sqrt{3} \\ 2-2i\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

5

$$\sqrt[3]{2-2i} = \left(2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - i\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{2}\left(\cos\frac{-\pi+8\pi k}{4} + i\sin\frac{-\pi+8\pi k}{4}\right) =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sqrt[3]{2}\left(\cos\frac{-\pi}{12} + i\sin\frac{-\pi}{12}\right) \\ \sqrt[3]{2}\left(\cos\frac{7\pi}{12} + i\sin\frac{7\pi}{12}\right) \\ \sqrt[3]{2}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + i\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \end{bmatrix}$$

6

$$(z+1)^n - (z-1)^n = 0$$

Пусть $z = \cos 2a + i \sin 2a$

Тогда $z+1 = \cos 2a + i \sin 2a + 1 = 2\cos^2 a - 1 + i2\sin a \cos a + 1 = 2\cos^2 a + 2i\sin a \cos a$

а $z-1 = \cos 2a + i \sin 2a + 1 = 1 - 2\sin^2 a + i2\sin a \cos a + 1 = -(2\sin^2 a - 2i\sin a \cos a)$

$$\frac{z+1}{z-1} = -\frac{2\cos^2 a + 2i\sin a \cos a}{2\sin^2 a - 2i\sin a \cos a} = -\frac{\cos a(\cos a - i\sin a)}{-i\sin a(-i\sin a + i\cos a)} = \frac{\cos a}{i\sin a} = -i \operatorname{ctg} a$$

$$\left(\frac{z+1}{z-1}\right)^n = 1$$

$$\frac{z+1}{z-1} = \sqrt[n]{1} = \cos \frac{2\pi k}{n} + i \sin \frac{2\pi k}{n}$$

$$-i \operatorname{ctg} a = \cos \frac{2\pi k}{n} + i \sin \frac{2\pi k}{n}$$

$$a = \operatorname{arccctg}\left(-\frac{\cos \frac{2\pi k}{n} + i \sin \frac{2\pi k}{n}}{i}\right)$$

$$z = \cos 2a + i \sin 2a$$

7

$$256x^8 + 1 = 0$$

$$x = \sqrt[8]{-\frac{1}{256}} = \sqrt[8]{\frac{1}{256}} \left(\cos \frac{2\pi k}{8} + i \sin \frac{2\pi k}{8} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + i \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \\ \frac{1}{2} (0 + i) \\ \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + i \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \\ -\frac{1}{2} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$256x^8 + 1 = \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right) \left(x - i\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{4}\right) \left(x - \frac{-\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{4}\right) \left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right) \left(x + i\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{4}\right) \left(x + \frac{-\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{4}\right)$$

$$= \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right) \left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right) \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{4}\right) \frac{4x^2 + 2\sqrt{2}x + 1}{4} \frac{4x^2 - 2\sqrt{2}x + 1}{4}$$