

# Probability Questions

$$p\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{birth of} \\ \text{non} \\ \text{identical} \end{array}\right) = \frac{1}{12.5} \quad .16 \quad (1)$$

$$p\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{birth of} \\ \text{identical} \end{array}\right) = \frac{1}{300}$$

$$p\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{identical} \\ \text{twin} \end{array} / \text{twin}\right) = \frac{p(\text{identical} \cap \text{twin})}{p(\text{twin})} = \frac{\frac{5}{17}}{\frac{5}{17} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{12}{17}} = \boxed{\frac{5}{11}}$$

$$p\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{picking} \\ \text{chocolate} \\ \text{cookie from 1} \end{array}\right) = \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{8} \quad .375$$

$$p\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{picking chocolate} \\ \text{cookie from 2} \end{array}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{8}$$

$$p\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{picked bowl} \\ 1 \end{array} / \begin{array}{c} \text{chocolate} \\ \text{cookie} \end{array}\right) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{4}}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}} = \boxed{\frac{3}{5}}$$

$$p\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{yellow from} \\ 1996 \end{array}\right) = 0.14 \cdot 0.1 = 0.014 \quad (2)$$

$$p(\text{yellow}/1996) * p(\text{green}/1994) = 0.014$$

$$p\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{yellow from} \\ 1994 \end{array}\right) = 0.2 \cdot 0.2$$

$$p(\text{yellow}/1994) * p(\text{green}/1996) = 0.04$$

$$p\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{yellow from} \\ 1994 \end{array} / \begin{array}{c} \text{one yellow} \\ \text{one green} \end{array}\right) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot 0.2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0.2}{(0.5 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 0.2) + (0.5 \cdot 0.1 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 0.14)} =$$



$$\frac{0.01}{0.01 + \frac{1}{2000}} = \frac{20}{21} \approx \boxed{0.95}$$

$$P(\text{false positive}) = \frac{9999}{10,000} \cdot \frac{1}{100} = \frac{99.99}{10,000} \quad \text{.1c (3)}$$

$$P(\text{sick-positive}) = \frac{1}{10,000}$$

$$P(\text{positive/identified}) = \frac{P(\text{positive} \cap \text{identified positive})}{P(\text{identified positive})}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + 99.99} \approx \boxed{\frac{1}{101}}$$

$$P(\text{fixed false positive}) = \frac{199}{200} \cdot \frac{1}{100} \quad \text{.2}$$

$$P(\text{fixed positive}) = \frac{1}{200}$$

$$P(\text{fixed/identified}) = \frac{1}{1.99 + 1} \approx \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}$$

the same answer as in question 4  
1:  $\frac{5}{11}$



# Random Variables

$$E(X) = 6 \times \frac{1}{3} - 3 \times \frac{2}{3} = \boxed{0\$} \quad (1)$$

because:

$$P(\text{divisible by } 3) = \frac{1}{3}, \quad P(\text{not divisible by } 3) = \frac{2}{3}.$$

$$E(X) = 5 \times \frac{6}{25} + 0 \times \frac{4}{25} - 6 \times \frac{15}{25} = \boxed{-\frac{12}{5}\$} \quad (2)$$

because:  $P(\text{add up to more than } 12) = \frac{6}{25}$

$$P(\text{add up to less than } 12) = \frac{15}{25} \rightarrow P(\text{break even}) = \frac{4}{25}.$$

$$\text{mean} = 8 \times 0.4 = 3.2 \quad (3)$$

$$\text{std} = \sqrt{8 \times 0.4 \times 0.6} = 1.38 \approx \boxed{1.4}$$

$$\text{mean} = 26, \sigma = 2 \quad (4)$$

$$P(26 < X < 30) = P(X < 30) - P(X < 26) = 0.97725 - 0.5 = 0.47725.$$

$$P(X > 3) = \frac{0.4 \cdot 2}{2} = \frac{4}{10} = \boxed{0.4} \quad (5)$$

$$P\left(\begin{matrix} 3 \text{ out of} \\ 4 \text{ have} \\ \text{children} \end{matrix}\right) = 4 \times (0.6^3 \times 0.4) = \boxed{0.3456} \quad (6)$$

(END)

\* each positive have a negative value so that their sum is 0:

$$E(X) = (-10) * 0.1 - 5 * 0.35 + 0 * 0.1 + 5 * 0.35 - 10 * 0.1 = 0$$