ch-en-u4aie20003-lab6

March 5, 2023

1 NAME- BACHU GANESH

2 ROLL NUMBER-CH.EN.U4AIE20003

Data pipeline

Baseline model: train a simple CNN from scratch Transfer learning: pretraiend ConvNet as a feature extractor Transfer learning: fine-tune a pretrained ConvNet Test accuracy & visualize predictions

```
[1]: # Enable TensorFlow 2.0
#%tensorflow_version 2.x
```

Colab only includes TensorFlow 2.x; %tensorflow_version has no effect.

MB 2.9 MB/s eta 0:00:00

```
Requirement already satisfied: google-pasta>=0.1.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (0.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: protobuf<3.20,>=3.9.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (3.19.6)
Requirement already satisfied: flatbuffers>=2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (23.1.21)
Requirement already satisfied: libclang>=13.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (15.0.6.1)
Requirement already satisfied: tensorflow-io-gcs-filesystem>=0.23.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (0.31.0)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: h5py>=2.9.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (3.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.12.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (1.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: termcolor>=1.1.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (2.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (57.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: astunparse>=1.6.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (1.6.3)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (23.0)
Requirement already satisfied: tensorflow-estimator<2.12,>=2.11.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (2.11.0)
Requirement already satisfied: opt-einsum>=2.3.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (3.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.20 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (1.22.4)
Requirement already satisfied: tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (2.11.2)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=3.6.6 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (4.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: grpcio<2.0,>=1.24.3 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (1.51.3)
Requirement already satisfied: gast<=0.4.0,>=0.2.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (0.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: keras<2.12,>=2.11.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (2.11.0)
Requirement already satisfied: absl-py>=1.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (1.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: wrapt>=1.11.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
packages (from tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (1.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: wheel<1.0,>=0.23.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from astunparse>=1.6.0->tensorflow-
gpu==2.11) (0.38.4)
Requirement already satisfied: google-auth-oauthlib<0.5,>=0.4.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (0.4.6)
Requirement already satisfied: google-auth<3,>=1.6.3 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (2.16.1)
Requirement already satisfied: requests<3,>=2.21.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (2.25.1)
Requirement already satisfied: tensorboard-plugin-wit>=1.6.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (1.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied: werkzeug>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
```

```
packages (from tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (2.2.3)
Requirement already satisfied: markdown>=2.6.8 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
packages (from tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (3.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: tensorboard-data-server<0.7.0,>=0.6.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (0.6.1)
Requirement already satisfied: cachetools<6.0,>=2.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from google-
auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (5.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1-modules>=0.2.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from google-
auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (0.2.8)
Requirement already satisfied: rsa<5,>=3.1.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
packages (from google-auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-
gpu==2.11) (4.9)
Requirement already satisfied: requests-oauthlib>=0.7.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from google-auth-
oauthlib<0.5,>=0.4.1->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (1.3.1)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata>=4.4 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
markdown>=2.6.8->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (6.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: chardet<5,>=3.0.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (4.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
packages (from requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-
gpu==2.11) (2.10)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (1.26.14)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (2022.12.7)
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.1.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
werkzeug>=1.0.1->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (2.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
packages (from importlib-
metadata>=4.4->markdown>=2.6.8->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11)
(3.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1<0.5.0,>=0.4.6 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from pyasn1-modules>=0.2.1->google-
auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (0.4.8)
Requirement already satisfied: oauthlib>=3.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-
packages (from requests-oauthlib>=0.7.0->google-auth-
oauthlib<0.5,>=0.4.1->tensorboard<2.12,>=2.11->tensorflow-gpu==2.11) (3.2.2)
Installing collected packages: tensorflow-gpu
Successfully installed tensorflow-gpu-2.11.0
```

```
[2]: '2.11.0'
```

3 Data pipeline

Load the tf flowers dataset tf flowers is one of the TensorFlow 2.0 datasets with 3670 samples.

Downloading and preparing dataset Unknown size (download: Unknown size, generated: Unknown size, total: Unknown size) to /root/tensorflow_datasets/tf_flowers/3.0.1...

Dataset tf_flowers downloaded and prepared to /root/tensorflow_datasets/tf_flowers/3.0.1. Subsequent calls will reuse this data.

```
[5]: print("Total number of samples:", metadata.splits['train'].num_examples)
```

Total number of samples: 3670

```
[6]: num_classes = metadata.features['label'].num_classes
num_train = len(list(raw_train))
num_validation = len(list(raw_validation))
num_test = len(list(raw_test))

print("Number of classes:", num_classes)
```

```
print("Number of training samples:", num_train)
     print("Number of validation samples:", num_validation)
     print("Number of test samples:", num_test)
    Number of classes: 5
    Number of training samples: 2936
    Number of validation samples: 367
    Number of test samples: 367
[7]: # Inspect datasets before data preprocessing
     print(raw_train)
     print(raw_validation)
     print(raw_test)
    <PrefetchDataset element_spec=(TensorSpec(shape=(None, None, 3), dtype=tf.uint8,</pre>
    name=None), TensorSpec(shape=(), dtype=tf.int64, name=None))>
    <PrefetchDataset element_spec=(TensorSpec(shape=(None, None, 3), dtype=tf.uint8,</pre>
    name=None), TensorSpec(shape=(), dtype=tf.int64, name=None))>
    <PrefetchDataset element_spec=(TensorSpec(shape=(None, None, 3), dtype=tf.uint8,</pre>
    name=None), TensorSpec(shape=(), dtype=tf.int64, name=None))>
[8]: # Get labels / class names
     class_names = np.array(metadata.features['label'].names)
     print(class_names)
```

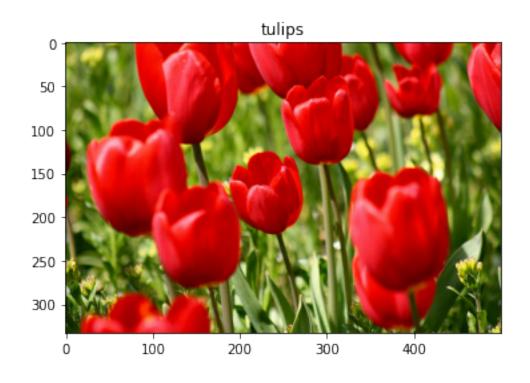
['dandelion' 'daisy' 'tulips' 'sunflowers' 'roses']

4 Visualize the data

Let's take a look a few of the flower images

```
[9]: label_names = metadata.features['label'].int2str

for image, label in raw_train.take(2):
   plt.figure()
   plt.imshow(image)
   plt.title(label_names(label))
```





5 Image preprocessing

Resize, normalize, augment, shuffle and batch the data.

Resize and normalize dataset

```
[10]: IMG_SIZE = 224
      IMG_SHAPE = (IMG_SIZE, IMG_SIZE, 3)
      def format_example(image, label):
        image = tf.cast(image, tf.float32)
        image = tf.image.resize(image, (IMG_SIZE, IMG_SIZE))
        image = image/255.0
        return image, label
[11]: train = raw_train.map(format_example)
      validation = raw_validation.map(format_example)
      test = raw_test.map(format_example)
[12]: def augment_data(image, label):
        image = tf.image.random_flip_left_right(image)
        image = tf.image.random contrast(image, lower=0.0, upper=1.0)
        image = tf.stack(image, axis=0)
        image = tf.image.random_crop(image, size=[IMG_SIZE, IMG_SIZE, 3])
        return image, label
[13]: train = train.map(augment_data)
     Shuffle and batch dataset
[14]: BATCH_SIZE = 32
      SHUFFLE_BUFFER_SIZE = 1000
      train_batches = train.shuffle(SHUFFLE_BUFFER_SIZE).batch(BATCH_SIZE).repeat()
      validation_batches = validation.batch(BATCH_SIZE).repeat()
      test_batches = test.batch(BATCH_SIZE)
[15]: # Inspect datasets after data preprocessing
      print(train_batches)
      print(validation_batches)
      print(test_batches)
     <RepeatDataset element_spec=(TensorSpec(shape=(None, 224, 224, 3),</pre>
     dtype=tf.float32, name=None), TensorSpec(shape=(None,), dtype=tf.int64,
     name=None))>
     <RepeatDataset element spec=(TensorSpec(shape=(None, 224, 224, 3),</pre>
     dtype=tf.float32, name=None), TensorSpec(shape=(None,), dtype=tf.int64,
     name=None))>
     <BatchDataset element_spec=(TensorSpec(shape=(None, 224, 224, 3),</pre>
```

```
dtype=tf.float32, name=None), TensorSpec(shape=(None,), dtype=tf.int64,
name=None))>
```

```
[16]: # Inspect a batch of data
for image_batch, label_batch in train_batches.take(1):
    pass

image_batch.shape
```

[16]: TensorShape([32, 224, 224, 3])

6 Training

```
[17]: # Set training parameters
NUM_EPOCHS = 10
steps_per_epoch = round(num_train)//BATCH_SIZE
validation_steps = round(num_validation)//BATCH_SIZE
```

```
[18]: # Display training curves
def display_training_curves(history, title):
    acc = history.history['accuracy']
    val_acc = history.history['val_accuracy']

    loss = history.history['loss']
    val_loss = history.history['val_loss']

    epochs_range = range(NUM_EPOCHS)

    plt.plot(epochs_range, acc, label='Train accuracy')
    plt.plot(epochs_range, val_acc, label='Val accuracy')
    plt.title(title)
    plt.legend(loc='upper left')
    plt.figure()

    plt.show()
```

7 Baseline - train from scratch

Train a very simple CNN model and use the accuracy metrics as baseline to compare with transfer learning results.

Create model

```
[19]: def build_model_from_scratch():
    model = Sequential([
```

```
# Must define the input shape in the first layer of the neural network
   Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=3, padding='same', activation='relu',
input_shape=IMG_SHAPE),
   MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2),

Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=3, padding='same', activation='relu'),
   MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2),

Flatten(),
   Dense(64, activation='relu'),
   Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
])

return model
```

[20]: simple_cnn_model = build_model_from_scratch()

[21]: simple_cnn_model.summary()

Model: "sequential"

• • •	Output Shape	
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 32)	
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 112, 112, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 64)	18496
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 56, 56, 64)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 200704)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 64)	12845120
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 5)	325
Total params: 12,864,837 Trainable params: 12,864,837 Non-trainable params: 0		

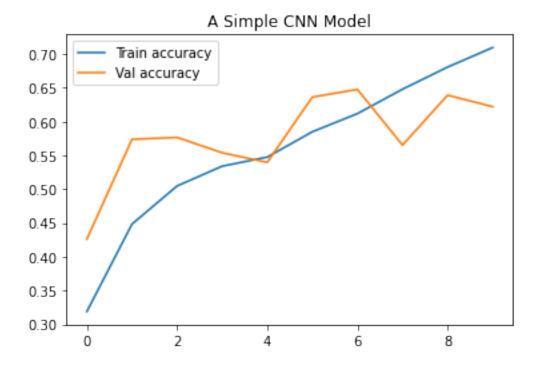
Compile and train the model

```
[22]: def train_model(model):
     model.compile(optimizer='adam',
             loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
             metrics=['accuracy'])
     history = model.fit(train_batches,
           epochs=NUM EPOCHS,
           validation_data=validation_batches,
           steps_per_epoch=steps_per_epoch,
           validation_steps=validation_steps)
     return history
[23]: %%time
   history = train_model(simple_cnn_model)
  Epoch 1/10
  accuracy: 0.3190 - val_loss: 1.3401 - val_accuracy: 0.4261
  Epoch 2/10
  0.4483 - val_loss: 1.1256 - val_accuracy: 0.5739
  Epoch 3/10
  0.5048 - val_loss: 1.0393 - val_accuracy: 0.5767
  Epoch 4/10
  0.5341 - val_loss: 1.1216 - val_accuracy: 0.5540
  Epoch 5/10
  0.5475 - val_loss: 1.2216 - val_accuracy: 0.5398
  Epoch 6/10
  0.5851 - val_loss: 1.0281 - val_accuracy: 0.6364
  Epoch 7/10
  0.6119 - val_loss: 0.9794 - val_accuracy: 0.6477
  0.6481 - val_loss: 1.3184 - val_accuracy: 0.5653
  Epoch 9/10
  0.6808 - val_loss: 1.1413 - val_accuracy: 0.6392
  Epoch 10/10
  0.7097 - val_loss: 1.2268 - val_accuracy: 0.6222
```

CPU times: user 1min 23s, sys: 5.52 s, total: 1min 28s

Wall time: 1min 5s

```
[24]: # Display training curve display_training_curves(history, "A Simple CNN Model")
```



<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

8 Transfer learning

Now let's see how transfer learning can help achieve better results.

Feature extractor Use MobileNetV2 as a feature extractor and add a classifier on top of it.

Create base model

Freeze all layers of the base model

```
[26]: base_model.trainable = False
```

Add a classifier head

Create a new model by adding a classifier on top of the base model.

```
[27]: def build_mobilenetv2_model(base_model):
    model = Sequential([
        base_model,
        Conv2D(32, 3, activation='relu'),
        GlobalAveragePooling2D(),
        Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')]
    )
    return model
```

```
[28]: model = build_mobilenetv2_model(base_model)
```

Compile the model

[30]: model.summary()

Model: "sequential_1"

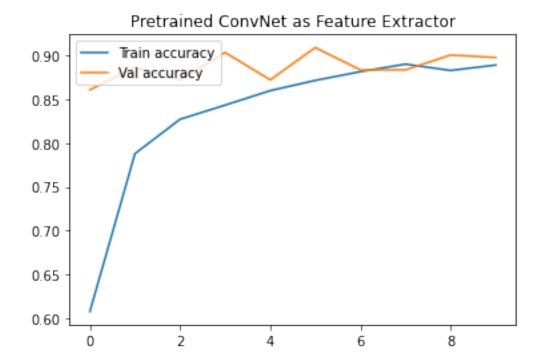
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
mobilenetv2_1.00_224 (Functional)	(None, 7, 7, 1280)	2257984
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 5, 5, 32)	368672
<pre>global_average_pooling2d (G lobalAveragePooling2D)</pre>	(None, 32)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 5)	165
Total params: 2,626,821		=======

Total params: 2,626,821 Trainable params: 368,837 Non-trainable params: 2,257,984

Train the model

```
[31]: %%time
   history = model.fit(train_batches,
             epochs=NUM_EPOCHS,
             validation_data=validation_batches,
             steps_per_epoch=steps_per_epoch,
             validation_steps=validation_steps)
  Epoch 1/10
  accuracy: 0.6075 - val_loss: 0.4419 - val_accuracy: 0.8608
  Epoch 2/10
  0.7879 - val_loss: 0.3968 - val_accuracy: 0.8864
  Epoch 3/10
  0.8271 - val_loss: 0.4475 - val_accuracy: 0.8722
  Epoch 4/10
  0.8433 - val_loss: 0.3957 - val_accuracy: 0.9034
  Epoch 5/10
  0.8598 - val_loss: 0.4629 - val_accuracy: 0.8722
  Epoch 6/10
  0.8716 - val_loss: 0.4141 - val_accuracy: 0.9091
  Epoch 7/10
  0.8815 - val_loss: 0.3956 - val_accuracy: 0.8835
  Epoch 8/10
  0.8902 - val_loss: 0.4223 - val_accuracy: 0.8835
  0.8829 - val_loss: 0.3939 - val_accuracy: 0.9006
  Epoch 10/10
  0.8891 - val_loss: 0.4393 - val_accuracy: 0.8977
  CPU times: user 1min 24s, sys: 5.66 s, total: 1min 29s
  Wall time: 1min 2s
```

[32]: # Display training curve display_training_curves(history, "Pretrained ConvNet as Feature Extractor")



<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

9 Fine tuning

Unfreeze top layers for fine tuning

```
[33]: # Unfreeze all layers in base model
base_model.trainable = True
```

```
[34]: # Let's take a look to see how many layers are in the base model print("Number of layers in the base model: ", len(base_model.layers))
```

Number of layers in the base model: 154

```
[35]: # Fine-tune from this layer onwards
fine_tune_at = 100

# Freeze all the layers before the `fine_tune_at` layer
for layer in base_model.layers[:fine_tune_at]:
    layer.trainable = False
```

Compile the model

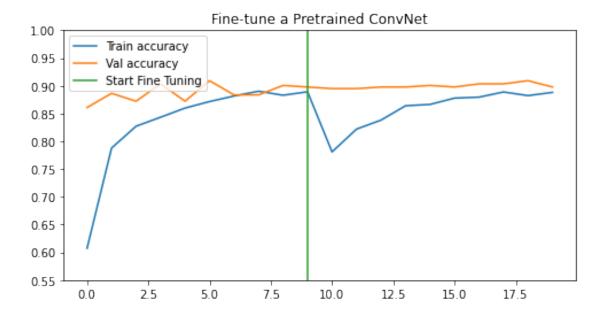
```
[36]: model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', optimizer = Adam(1e-5),
```

```
[37]: model.summary()
    Model: "sequential_1"
    Layer (type)
                         Output Shape
    ______
    mobilenetv2_1.00_224 (Funct (None, 7, 7, 1280)
                                             2257984
    ional)
    conv2d_2 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 5, 5, 32)
                                             368672
    global_average_pooling2d (G (None, 32)
    lobalAveragePooling2D)
    dense_2 (Dense)
                          (None, 5)
                                             165
    Total params: 2,626,821
    Trainable params: 2,230,277
    Non-trainable params: 396,544
    Continue to train the model
[38]: INITIAL EPOCHS = 10
    FINE_TUNE_EPOCHS = 10
    TOTAL_EPOCHS = INITIAL_EPOCHS + FINE_TUNE_EPOCHS #20
[39]: %%time
    history_fine = model.fit(train_batches,
                   epochs=TOTAL_EPOCHS,
                                          #20
                   initial_epoch=INITIAL_EPOCHS, #10
                   validation data=validation batches,
                   steps_per_epoch=steps_per_epoch,
                   validation_steps=validation_steps)
    Epoch 11/20
    accuracy: 0.7809 - val_loss: 0.4390 - val_accuracy: 0.8949
    0.8220 - val_loss: 0.4325 - val_accuracy: 0.8949
    Epoch 13/20
    0.8382 - val_loss: 0.4255 - val_accuracy: 0.8977
    Epoch 14/20
```

metrics=['accuracy'])

```
0.8640 - val_loss: 0.4247 - val_accuracy: 0.8977
   Epoch 15/20
   0.8664 - val_loss: 0.4118 - val_accuracy: 0.9006
   Epoch 16/20
   0.8778 - val_loss: 0.4066 - val_accuracy: 0.8977
   Epoch 17/20
   0.8795 - val_loss: 0.3955 - val_accuracy: 0.9034
   Epoch 18/20
   0.8888 - val_loss: 0.3937 - val_accuracy: 0.9034
   Epoch 19/20
   0.8822 - val_loss: 0.3839 - val_accuracy: 0.9091
   Epoch 20/20
   0.8881 - val_loss: 0.4000 - val_accuracy: 0.8977
   CPU times: user 1min 45s, sys: 4.89 s, total: 1min 50s
   Wall time: 1min 27s
[40]: # Display training curve
   acc = history.history['accuracy'] + history_fine.history['accuracy']
   val_acc = history.history['val_accuracy'] + history_fine.history['val_accuracy']
   plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
   plt.plot(acc, label='Train accuracy')
   plt.plot(val_acc, label='Val accuracy')
   plt.ylim([0.8, 1])
   plt.plot([NUM_EPOCHS-1, NUM_EPOCHS-1], plt.ylim(ymin=0.55), label='Start Fine_

¬Tuning')
   plt.title("Fine-tune a Pretrained ConvNet")
   plt.legend(loc='upper left')
   plt.show()
```



10 Test accuracy

```
[41]: # Evaluate the model on the test dataset
score = model.evaluate(test_batches, verbose=0)

# Print test accuracy
print('\n', 'Test accuracy:', score[1])
```

Test accuracy: 0.9046321511268616

11 Visualize predictions

First we get images and labels from a test batch, and then use the retrained model to make predictions.

```
[42]: image_batch, label_batch = next(iter(test_batches))

image_batch = image_batch.numpy()

label_batch = label_batch.numpy()

predicted_batch = model.predict(image_batch)

predicted_batch = tf.squeeze(predicted_batch).numpy()

predicted_class_ids = np.argmax(predicted_batch, axis=-1)

predicted_class_names = class_names[predicted_class_ids]
```

```
1/1 [=======] - 1s 1s/step
```

Then we visualize some of the images and compare whether the predicted labels equal to the true labels.

```
[43]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))

# Display 16 test images with predictions
for i in range(16):
    plt.subplot(4, 4, i+1)
    # Display each image
    plt.imshow(image_batch[i])
    # Set title color: green if prediction correct and red if prediction incorrect
    title_color = "green" if predicted_class_ids[i] == label_batch[i] else "red"
    plt.title(predicted_class_names[i].title(), color=title_color)
    plt.axis('off')

_ = plt.suptitle("Model Predictions")
```

Model Predictions



[]: