

Exercise sheet 8: Suffix-Trees

Exercise 1

You are given the text $T = CAGTAGTAGC$

Question 1A Draw the corresponding suffix tree

Solution



Question 1B Describe the steps of a counting query for $P = TAG$

Solution

- start at root node
- locate outgoing edge that starts with T
- match subsequent characters of the pattern
- in the subtree rooted at \overline{TAG} count the number of leaves $\Rightarrow 2$

Question 1C Describe the steps of a reporting query for $P = AG$

Solution

- start at root node
- locate outgoing edge that start with A
- match subsequent characters of the pattern
- in the subtree rooted at \overline{AG} report the labels of all leaves $\Rightarrow \{2, 5, 8\}$

Exercise 2

Question 2A Draw a generalized suffix tree for the sequences $A = CCATG$ and $B = CATG$.

Hint 1 Concatenate the two sequences using a unique character for splitting. e.g. $CCATG\#CATG\$$.

Dont forget to include suffix links

Formulae $sl(v) = w$

$v = \overline{cb}$

$w = \overline{b}$

$c : \text{character}, b : \text{string}$

remember: over lined strings are a representation for the node at that string

Solution

CCATG#CATG\$



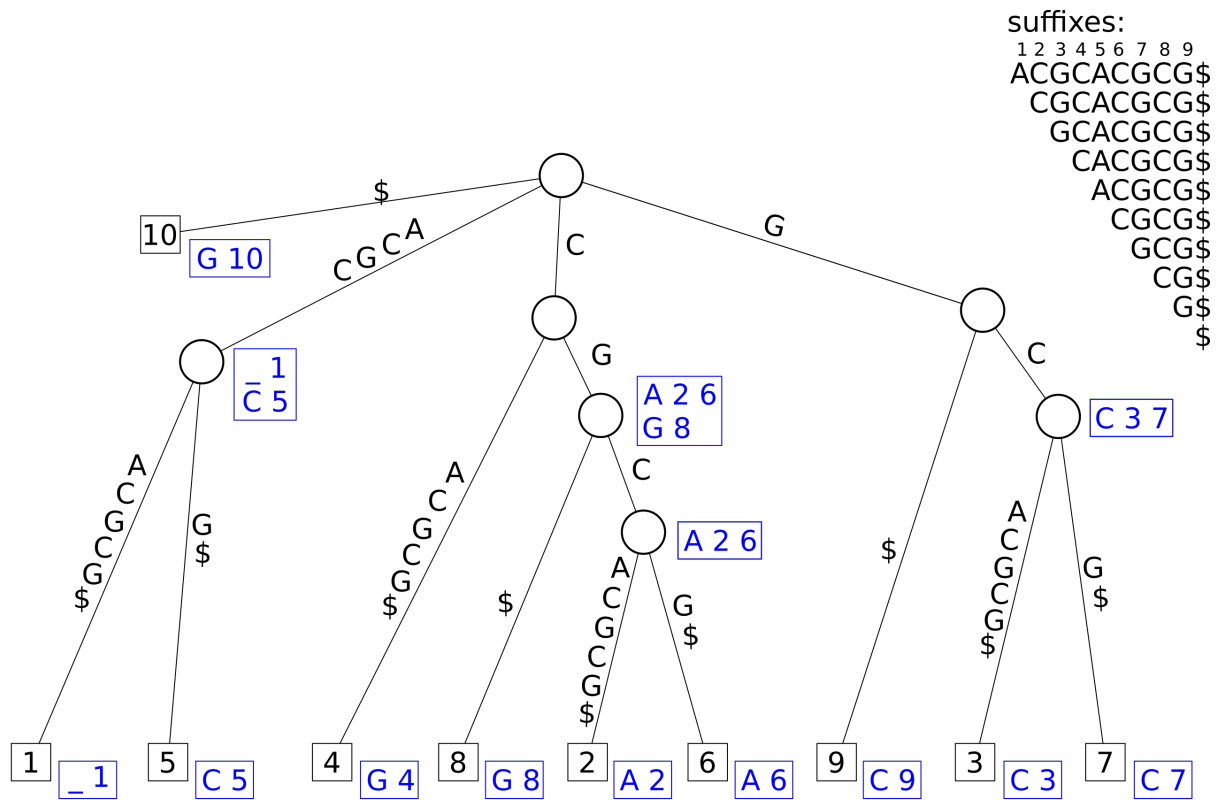
Question 2B Find the Maximal Unique Matches of the sequences $A = CCATG$ and $B = CATG$ using the tree from A)

Solution $CATG$ is the only MUM as $v = \overline{CATG}$ has no suffix links pointing to it

Exercise 3

Question 3A Draw a generalized suffix tree for the sequence $A = ACGCACGCG$.

Solution



Question 3B Find all maximal pairs of length at least 2

Solution $ACGC : (1, 5, 4)$

$CG : (2, 8, 2), (6, 8, 2)$