## 1.3 Input File Formats

Finite Element codes usually have input les in sophisticated tekt formats. While simple in principle, the sheer amount of user options and the way these are expressed in the input le varies wildly between di erent codes. We make the common assumption that the input les consist of sections (sometimes called input cards). These sections always start with a \magic" word, followed by an arbitrary amount of lines containing the input data. The input le is parsed in a procedural way, calling a

## 1.3.3 Data composition

The data compositor method is used to write the data to a model input 
| le. By

Subclass the FETextFile class:

```
class SuperFEMTextFile(FETextFile):
    type = 'superfem'
```

create an input le descriptor le superfem. fe.

implement the extractor methods (and possibly the compose methods)

The name of the input le descriptor le should be the same as the the one given in the type variable of the SuperFEM class.

## 1.4 Output le formats

Extracting data from output les is much more involved than parsing input les. Depending on the fantasy of the model programmer, these les can be in any form of binary data format you could think of. If you have a description of the output le format (or the code) you're lucky o . Due to this, no general framework can be given. However I am are happy to provide a framework to read Fortran output