

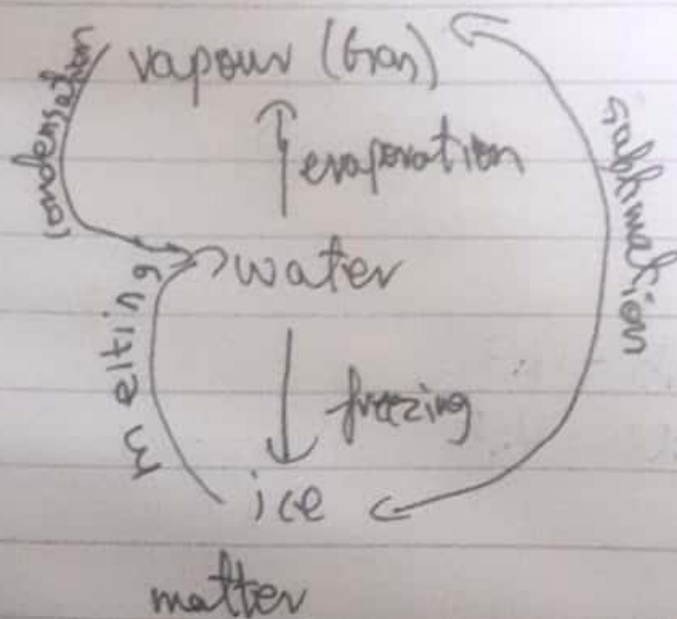
Atomic Structure

Q1) What is Chemistry?

Ans) It is the study of matter & its changes.

Q1) What is a chemical reaction?

Ans) Sharing or transfer of electrons.



pure water
pure = substance

sea water
impure = mixture

100% pure H_2O
chemically combined
compound

100% pure iron (Fe)
same type of particles
element

Q) what is an atom.

Ans) It is the smallest particle of an element which takes part in a chemical reaction.

Atomic Number (Proton Number) (Z)

Q) What is an atomic number?

Ans) Number of protons in the nucleus of an atom

* Atomic Number/proton number is the identity of an element. If protons are changed, the element will change.

Mass Number — Nucleon Number A

Sum of protons and neutrons in the nucleus of an element.

| particle | mass | charge |
|----------|------------------|--------|
| proton | 1 | +1 |
| neutron | 1 | 0 |
| electron | $\frac{1}{1840}$ | -1 |

Ion

Q) What is an ion?

Ans) It is a charged particle

* Number of protons are always equal to the number of electrons in an atom.

G

B

if $7 + 5 = 2+$

two more protons than electrons

or

two less electrons than protons.

Isotopes

Q) What is an isotope?

Ans) Atoms of the same element with a different number of neutrons or different mass.

Isotopes of hydrogen

^1_1H
Hydrogen

$^2_1\text{H} / ^2_1\text{D}$
~~Deuterium~~
Deuterium

$^3_1\text{H} / ^3_1\text{T}$
tritium

* The chemical properties of an element depend on its ~~external shell~~ ^{substance} ~~electrons~~ ^{electrons present in the outermost shell}.

* ~~isotopes~~ are chemically identical because they have

the same number of electrons in the outermost shell.

* ~~th~~

alpha, gamma, beta

* elements which emit energy invisible radiations are called radioactive elements. This phenomena is called radioactivity.

Uses of radioactive isotopes

① Uranium:-

· nuclear weapons, power generation

② Phosphorus ³²P / Iodine
cancer treatment

③ Carbon ¹⁴C
carbon dating

Isotopes and Abundances

¹¹B

20%

¹²B

80%

$$\frac{11 \times 20 + 12 \times 80}{100} = 11.8$$

Electronic Configuration / Arrangement

(Accommodation of electrons in shells or energy levels is called electronic configuration