BSP Project Description: < PROJECT TITLE >

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Abstract

This document is a template for the project subject description (PSD for short) report that is to be delivered by any BiCS student at the end of the phase 1 of a Bachelor Semester Project (BSP). The Latex source files are available at:

https://github.com/nicolasguel fi/lu.uni.course.bics.global

This template is to be used using the Latex document preparation system or using any document preparation system. The whole document should be 1500 words (\pm 500 words) for S2 to S6 students and 3000 words (\pm 500 words) for S1 students (excluding the annexes) and the proportions must be preserved. The other documents to be delivered (summaries, ...) should have their format adapted from this template.

A tutor (or any person having contributed to the BSP work) is not a coauthor per se for a student's work. It is possible to exploit a BSP report to produce a scientific and technical publication. In this case, the authors list has to be discussed and agreed with the concerned parties.

1. Plagiarism statement

This 350 words section without this first paragraph must be included in the submitted report and placed after the conclusion. This section is not counting in the total words quantity.

I declare that I am aware of the following facts:

- As a student at the University of Luxembourg I must respect the rules of intellectual honesty, in particular not to resort to plagiarism, fraud or any other method that is illegal or contrary to scientific integrity.
- My report will be checked for plagiarism and if the plagiarism check is positive, an internal procedure will be started by my tutor. I am advised to request a precheck by my tutor to avoid any issue.
- As declared in the assessment procedure of the University
 of Luxembourg, plagiarism is committed whenever the
 source of information used in an assignment, research
 report, paper or otherwise published/circulated piece of

work is not properly acknowledged. In other words, plagiarism is the passing off as one's own the words, ideas or work of another person, without attribution to the author. The omission of such proper acknowledgement amounts to claiming authorship for the work of another person. Plagiarism is committed regardless of the language of the original work used. Plagiarism can be deliberate or accidental. Instances of plagiarism include, but are not limited to:

- Not putting quotation marks around a quote from another person's work
- 2) Pretending to paraphrase while in fact quoting
- 3) Citing incorrectly or incompletely
- 4) Failing to cite the source of a quoted or paraphrased work
- 5) Copying/reproducing sections of another person's work without acknowledging the source
- 6) Paraphrasing another person's work without acknowledging the source
- 7) Having another person write/author a work for oneself and submitting/publishing it (with permission, with or without compensation) in one's own name ('ghost-writing')
- 8) Using another person's unpublished work without attribution and permission ('stealing')
- Presenting a piece of work as one's own that contains a high proportion of quoted/copied or paraphrased text (images, graphs, etc.), even if adequately referenced

Auto- or self-plagiarism, that is the reproduction of (portions of a) text previously written by the author without citing that text, i.e. passing previously authored text as new, may be regarded as fraud if deemed sufficiently severe.

2. Main required competencies ([5%..10%] of total words)

Describe in these sections the main scientific and technical competencies that is required to be known by you before starting the project. Do not describe in details this knowledge but only abstractly. All the content of this section shall not be used, even partially, in the deliverable sections. It is important not to include in this section all the knowledge you have been obliged to acquire in order to produce the deliverable. It should only state the knowledge the student possessed before starting the project and that was mandatory to possess to be capable to produce the deliverables. It explicitly defines the technical and scientific pre-condition for the project. It is also useful to avoid project failures due to over or under complex subjects.

2.1. Scientific main required competencies

2.2. Technical main required competencies

3. A Scientific Deliverable 1 ($[\pm 40\%]$ of total words)

The description of what will be presented in the scientific deliverables section of the final report. This section must present and be based on a state of the art of the topics addressed by the scientific part of the project.

4. A Technical Deliverable $1([\pm 40\%])$ of total words)

The description of what will be presented in the technical deliverables section of the final report. This section must present and be based on a state of the art of the topics addressed by the technical aspects of the project.

References

[BiCS(2021)] BiCS Bachelor Semester Project Report Template. https://github.com/nicolasguelfi/lu.uni.course.bics.global University of Luxembourg, BiCS - Bachelor in Computer Science (2021).

[BiCS(2021)] Bachelor in Computer Science: BiCS Semester Projects Reference Document. Technical report, University of Luxembourg (2021) [Armstrong and Green(2017)] J Scott Armstrong and Kesten C Green. Guidelines for science: Evidence and checklists. Scholarly Commons, pages 1–24, 2017. https://repository.upenn.edu/marketing_papers/181/

5. Appendix

All images and additional material go there.

5.1. Source Code

The following environment shows the correct and mandatory way to insert your code.

Listing 1: Caption example.

```
import numpy as np
   def incmatrix(genl1,genl2):
        m = len(genl1)
        n = len(genl2)
        M = None #to become the incidence matrix
        VT = np.zeros((n*m,1), int) #dummy variable
        #compute the bitwise xor matrix
        M1 = bitxormatrix(genl1)
10
        M2 = np.triu(bitxormatrix(genl2),1)
11
        for i in range(m-1):
13
            for j in range(i+1, m):
14
                [r,c] = np.where(M2 == M1[i,j])
15
                for k in range(len(r)):
16
                    VT[(i)*n + r[k]] = 1;
                    VT[(i)*n + c[k]] = 1;
                    VT[(j)*n + r[k]] = 1;
19
                    VT[(j)*n + c[k]] = 1;
20
                    if M is None:
22
                        M = np.copy(VT)
23
                    else:
24
                        M = np.concatenate((M, VT), 1)
25
26
                    VT = np.zeros((n*m,1), int)
27
28
        return M
29
```