## Numpy

```
In [2]: import sys
sys.version
Out[2]: '3.13.5 | packaged by Anaconda, Inc. | (main, Jun 12 2025, 16:37:03) [MSC v.192
9 64 bit (AMD64)]'
In [3]: import numpy as np #np,ab,etc we can give anyything
In [4]: np.__version__
Out[4]: '2.1.3'

Create list
```

```
In [6]: my_list=[0,1,2,3,4,5]
         my_list
 Out[6]: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
 In [7]: type(my_list)
Out[7]: list
 In [9]:
         arr=np.array(my_list)
Out[9]: array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
In [10]: type(arr)
Out[10]: numpy.ndarray
In [12]: print(type(arr))
         print(type(my_list))
        <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
        <class 'list'>
In [15]: np.arange(10) #arange the number from start to end with step number
Out[15]: array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9])
In [16]: np.arange(10,20)
Out[16]: array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19])
In [18]: np.arange(10,50,5)
Out[18]: array([10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45])
```

```
In [19]: np.arange(10,30,3)
Out[19]: array([10, 13, 16, 19, 22, 25, 28])
In [20]: np.arange(10,50,5,4)
       TypeError
                                                Traceback (most recent call last)
       Cell In[20], line 1
        ----> 1 np.arange(10,50,5,4)
       TypeError: Cannot interpret '4' as a data type
In [22]: np.arange(20,10)
Out[22]: array([], dtype=int64)
In [23]: np.arange(8,20)
Out[23]: array([ 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19])
In [29]: np.arange(20,8) #first arg should be less than second arg
Out[29]: array([], dtype=int64)
In [26]: np.arange(-20,8)
Out[26]: array([-20, -19, -18, -17, -16, -15, -14, -13, -12, -11, -10, -9,
                                                                           -8,
                 -7, -6, -5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4,
                 6, 7])
In [30]: n=np.arange(-20,8)
Out[30]: array([-20, -19, -18, -17, -16, -15, -14, -13, -12, -11, -10, -9, -8,
                 -7, -6, -5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3,
                     7])
In [31]: np.zeros(3)
Out[31]: array([0., 0., 0.])
In [33]: np.zeros(3,dtype=int) #this is called hyper-parameter tuning(user-defined)
Out[33]: array([0, 0, 0])
In [34]: z=np.zeros(5)
In [35]: z
Out[35]: array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
In [43]: np.zeros((5,3)) # here 5 is row and 3 is column
```

```
Out[43]: array([[0., 0., 0.],
                [0., 0., 0.],
                [0., 0., 0.],
                [0., 0., 0.],
                [0., 0., 0.]])
In [40]: np.zeros((2,2)) #2d array
Out[40]: array([[0., 0.],
                [0., 0.]])
In [42]: np.zeros((3,3),dtype=int) #3d array
Out[42]: array([[0, 0, 0],
                [0, 0, 0],
                [0, 0, 0]])
In [45]: nd=np.zeros((5,9),dtype=int) #nd array or multi-d array
         nd
Out[45]: array([[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
                [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
                [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
                [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
                [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]]
In [46]: np.ones(3)
Out[46]: array([1., 1., 1.])
In [48]: np.ones(3,dtype=int)
Out[48]: array([1, 1, 1])
In [49]: np.ones((10,10),dtype=int)
Out[49]: array([[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
                [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
                [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
                [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
                [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
                [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
                [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
                [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
                [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
                [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]]
         nd1=np.ones((10,10),dtype=int)
In [50]:
         nd1
```