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THE REPORT FOR DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

Introduction

The data collection analysis is about the manual voting system in Uganda. Basing on Friday, 18 February 2011, Presidential and Parliamentary elections which were held. There were 23,968 polling stations set up in the 112 districts of the country. At many places, clusters of polling stations were set up within the same area, often a school ground or an open space, and designated as Polling Centres. Each polling station was staffed by up to four polling officials under the authority of a Presiding Officer. Copies of the Voters" Register in respect of the Polling Station were supposed to have been made available by the Electoral Commission to Presiding Officers, and by political parties to their polling agents. Each polling station was required to have an Election Constable for law and order duties and each cluster of polling stations an Orderly Officer to direct voters to the proper polling station within that cluster.

Body

The data is collected on the created electronic data collection system using open data kit

Where we created forms in which the first form was data in which we put a provision for where the person collecting the data can put his photo, his name, the place where the information is gathered, the time when he is carrying out the activity, and his telephone of which all those attributes have data type like location, text ,media in which you have to specify the kind of data either audio, photo or video



The second form is called entry in which there is a provision for the date and time when we are to enter the data, provision for how the people are experiencing the manual system, a provision for inputting the advantages and disadvantages, and then the conclusion where the person you are interviewing has to put his /her conclusion



The third is called entry photo where we put the photo of the person you interviewed



The fourth form is called audio of the entrant where there is a provision for the audio for the interviewee and the location of the place from where you are interviewing the person.



The last is called video of the process where we upload the video of the process for example a video of people lining up to vote and electoral commission staff around the polling station and the activities taking place around the polling station



All those forms were created by odk build and then uploaded to the aggregate server and then also the odk collect app was installed on the android phone where data is entered from and it connects to the aggregate server where we view our data collected



The 18 February 2011 Presidential and Parliamentary Elections in Uganda were the country's second multi-party elections and it is clear that in some respects the country is still in the process of consolidating its multi-party political system. There was a largely peaceful campaign and a reasonably not calm Election Day in most areas but this was regrettably marred by localised incidents of violence and poor management by the Electoral Commission. Some serious concerns remain. Of particular note are the overwhelming lack of a level playing field and the "commercialisation of politics". As a result, the 2011 elections in Uganda did not fully meet national, regional and international standards for democratic elections.

References

The Constitution of the Republic of Uganda (1995) Articles 71 & 72

The Uganda presidential and parliamentary report elections by common wealthy