A Profiling Grid for Language Teachers

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		BASIC		INDEPENDENT		PROFICIENT	
		T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	T6
LANGUAGE	Language Proficiency	studying the language at tertiary levelB1 proficiency	studying the language at tertiary levelB2 proficiency	a B2 certificate in the language; oral competence at C1 level	a C1 examination certificate (eg CAE); oral competence at C2 level	 degree in the language, or: a C2 examination certificate (eg CPE) 	 native speaker, or: language degree or C2 certificate plus a natural command of the language
	Language Awareness	answer simple queries with the help of refer- ence works	answer queries related to high frequency structures	give correct models of usage on most occasions answer most language queries satisfactorily at A1-B1, using refer- ence sources as necessary	give correct models of usage on most occasions answer language queries adequately though not always comprehensively, using reference sources as necessary	 give correct examples of usage on all occasions answer language queries reliably 	provide clear explanations teach usage and register at all levels understand what is confusing learners give comprehensive, accurate answers to queries
QUALIFICATIONS	Language Teacher Qualifications	 taking a certificate in teaching the target language, or: following an internal training course 	a minimum of 30 hours documented, structured training in language aware- ness and methodology of teaching the target language	a minimum of 60 hours of docu- mented, structured training in teaching the target language	degree in the target language, or: internationally recognised (min. 100 hour) certificate in teaching the target language	 degree or degree module in teaching the target language, or: internationally recognised (min. 100 hour) certificate in teaching the target language 	masters degree or module in language teaching or applied linguistics or: postgraduate or professional diploma in teaching the language (min. 200 hours)
	Language Teaching Practice	experience of team- teaching or of acting as a teacher's assistant	experience of supervision and assessment while teach- ing phases of lessons	a minimum of 2 hours of docu- mented, assessed teaching practice has been observed & had feedback on some actual teaching	a minimum of 6 hours of documented, assessed teaching practice has been observed & had feedback on at least 5 hrs of real teaching	 a minimum of 12 hours of docu- mented, assessed teaching practice has been observed & had feedback on at least 8 hours of teaching 	a minimum of 18 hours of documented, assessed teaching practice has been observed & had feedback on at least 12 hours of teaching
	Teaching Experience	taught some lessons or parts of lessons at one or two levels	own class(es) but limited experience which only in- cludes teaching at lower levels	a minimum of 200 hours, documented teaching experience taught a range of levels up to B1	a minimum of 800 hours, documented teaching experience taught all levels except C1 & C2	 a minimum of 2,400 hours, documented teaching experience taught all levels except C2, examination or specialised classes 	a minimum of 4,000 hours, documented teaching experience taught all levels successfully, general, exam and specialised
COMPLEMENT-ARY CORE COMPTENCIES SILLS	Methodology: knowledge and skills	sensitisation to learning theories and features of language familiarity with a limited range of tech- niques and materials for one or two levels	basic understanding of learning theories and features of language familiarity with techniques and materials for 2+ levels select new techniques & materials with advice from colleagues	familiarity with theories of language learning and with learning styles familiarity with an expanding range of techniques and materials choose which to apply based on the needs of a particular group evaluate usefulness of techniques and materials in teaching context	familiarity with learning theory, learning styles and learning strategies identify the theoretical rationale behind a wide range of techniques and materials, with which familiar evaluate appropriateness of techniques and materials in different teaching situations	 good familiarity with teaching approaches, learning styles, strategies provide theoretical rationale for teaching approach and for a very wide range of techniques / materials evaluate materials effectively from practical and theoretical perspectives 	detailed knowledge of theories of language and learning select an optimum combination of techniques to suit each type of learner and learning situation & provide clear theoretical rationale for decisions
	Lesson and Course Plan- ning	work with lesson plans in teachers' notes to published materials	use published or in-house materials to develop plans for different types of lessons plan phases and timing of various lesson types	use a syllabus and specified materials to prepare lesson plans that are well-balanced and meet the needs of the group; adjust these plans as required take account of lesson outcomes in planning next lesson	analyse individual learners' needs in detail, including learning-to-learn plan clear main and supplementary objectives for lessons provide a rationale for lesson stages select/design supplementary activities ensure lesson-to-lesson coherence	 plan a balanced, varied scheme of work for a module based on detailed needs analysis design tasks to exploit linguistic and communicative potential of materials design multi-level tasks to meet individual needs and lesson objectives 	 plan an entire course with recycling and revision create or select appropriate activities for balanced learning modules with communicative and linguistic content design multi-level tasks to meet individual needs and lesson objectives
	Interaction Management and Monitor- ing	alternate between whole class teaching and pair practice fol- lowing suggestions in a teachers' guide	manage teacher-class interaction effectively give clear instructions for pair and group work monitor the resulting activity give clear feedback	set up pairs and groups efficiently ensure all learners are involved in productive pair and group work monitor performance at all times bring the class back together and manage feedback	set up a varied and balanced sequence of class, group and pair work appropriate to the lesson objectives monitor individual and group work effectively providing or eliciting appropriate feedback	set up group interaction focused on multiple learning objectives monitor individual and group per- formances accurately and thoroughly give various forms of relevant individual feedback	facilitate task-based learning manage learner-centred, multi-level group work derive appropriate action points from monitoring and analysis of the interaction
	Assessment	supervise and mark class quizzes and pro- gress tests	supervise and mark tests write a class quiz or revision activity to revise recent work	select suitable progress tests and set up and supervise them use the results and simple oral and written tasks to assess learners' progress and things to work on use a homework marking code to increase language awareness	conduct tests and interviews if given material to do so train learners to code their errors to increase language awareness design or select appropriate quizzes, revision activities, and progress tests CEFR standardisation experience	coordinate placement testing and progress assessment (oral & written) use video & hw codes to help learners recognise strengths / weaknesses use CEFR criteria reliably to assess spoken and written proficiency	write progress tests develop assessment tasks run CEFR standardisation sessions use video & hw codes to help learners recognise strengths / weaknesses use CEFR criteria reliably to assess spoken and written proficiency
	Teacher Development	take part in training sessions cooperate with colleagues with set tasks regularly observe real teaching	take an active part in group work during training liaise well with other teachers observe & team-teach with teachers at restricted levels act on observation feedback	take an active part in various kinds of in-service training/development actively seek advice from colleagues and relevant books observe colleagues at various levels act on colleagues' feedback on serial observations of own teaching	develop awareness and competence through professional reading lead discussions sometimes and exchange ideas about materials and techniques seek opportunities to be observed and receive feedback on own teaching	 act as mentor to less experienced colleagues lead a training session or even series of sessions given materials to use and distance support from a colleague seek opportunities for peerobservation 	create a series of training modules for less experienced teachers run a teacher CPD programme take part in institutional or (inter) national projects observe colleagues and provide effective feedback
	Digital Media	write a worksheet foll- owing conventions follow menus to operate software download from resource sites	search effectively for material on the internet select and download from resource sites organize materials in hierarchically structured folders	use data projectors for class lessons with internet, DVD etc use software for handling images, DVDs, sound files use a camcorder to record tasks set a class an exercise with CALL materials	create lessons with downloaded texts, pictures, graphics, etc. devise tasks using internet-based media such as wikis, blogs, webquests set & supervise individual CALL work coordinate project work with media (camcorder, internet downloads etc)	 use PowerPoint for presentations, including animation train students to select and use CALL exercises effectively use authoring program to create CALL troubleshoot with basic equipment (e.g. data projector, printer). 	show colleagues how to use new soft/hardware, incl. authoring programs design blended learning modules use any standard Windows software, including media, video editing troubleshoot hardware



A Profiling Grid for Language Teaching Professionals

Background and Aims

The grid is inspired by the self-assessment grid in the Common European Framework of Reference (CEFR Table 2) and European Language Portfolio (ELP)¹. A common European framework was first conceptualised in terms of categories for objectives, with lists of sub-components. A set of reference levels was in the proposal for the ELP, but was moved to the CEFR by the Symposium that recommended the CEFR and ELP. In the pilot editions the levels were in an Appendix, being moved into the main body for the published 2001 edition as a result of feedback.

The aim of the CEFR is to encourage reflection on current practice, use of a common metalanguage and, last but not least, agreement on common reference points: the six Common Reference Levels A1-C2. Moves towards a common European framework for teacher education (concerned with initial language teacher education for state school teachers) have also had an initial focus on categories for objectives, with lists of sub-components². The EAQUALS Profiling Grid introduces (a) the idea of a set of reference levels and (b) a one-page overview of competence (like CEFR Table 2).

Stages

The three broad stages "Basic," "Independent" and "Proficient" reflect the three broad levels of the CEFR.

- At the Basic stage, teaching knowledge and competence is holistic and in the process of being acquired.
- Already by T4, specialization in a certain direction may be noticeable: there are many different ways to be an 'independent' or 'proficient' teacher. T5-6 teachers may in addition acquire specialized "expert" skills in certain supplementary areas.

Categories

The four broad categories "Language," "Qualifications," "Core Competencies" and "Complementary skills" are intended to reflect the main aspects of a language teaching professional's profile. Some people may have high-level <u>core competencies</u> yet lack significant formal <u>qualifications</u>. Others may have high-level paper qualifications but be lacking in core competencies (including experience) at the equivalent level. <u>Complementary skills</u> may develop during a person's career, or may reflect experience or latent talents that they bring with them to the profession.

Language proficiency relates primarily to non-native speakers, though many native-speaker teachers will not be at T6. Language awareness, however, relates to both native- and non-native speakers.

Qualifications relate to the norms for the sector and national context concerned. Many contexts have T4 as their minimum standard and this would be reflected in the relevant country notes for inspectors. For extensive teaching in some national contexts, the norm is lower and therefore the EAQUALS minimum standard for those specific contexts is T3.

Core competencies: Descriptors for different core competencies could be used for teacher self-assessment, as a reference point for developing teacher training curricula for different levels, for defining training tasks, for documenting the competencies demonstrated in training, and for the observation of teaching (by peers, trainers or managers). Areas for which descriptors could be further developed include:

- Language awareness and sensitivity to learner problems
- The nature of language learning
- Course design
- Setting learning objectives
- Classroom management
- Inter-cultural awareness and sensitivity
- Teaching techniques
- Assessment of progress
- Checking learning and giving feedback

Complementary skills could be a considerably longer list than those in the grid. Teacher Development and Digital Media have been included because, whilst not core classroom competencies, they are central to the professional life of a language teaching institution. Other complementary skills for which descriptors could be developed include:

- Learner counselling
- Managing people
- School administration
- Quality management
- Language testing

 $^{\rm 1}$ CEFR Tables 1-3 and descriptor scales were developed by Brian North

² European Profile for Language Teacher Education (University of Southampton); European Portfolio for Student Teachers of Languages (David Newby) Brian North, Galya Mateva, Richard Rossner 2007- 2009 © **EAQUALS**