

DataStax Enterprise Analytics

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DSE Analytics

Data extraction, transformation and load (ETL)

Cross-table operations, JOIN, UNION

Ad-Hoc queries

Complex analytics e.g. machine learning

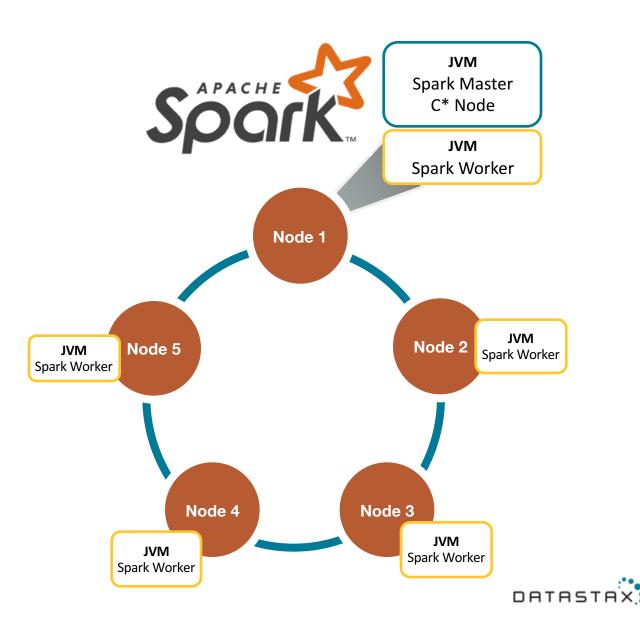
Streaming processing





Architecture overview

- HA for Spark Master
- All nodes are worker nodes
- No extra software needed e.g. Zookeeper, Yarn



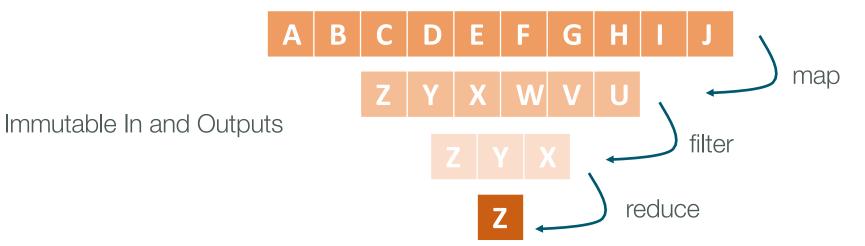
Spark data model RDD

RDD = Resilient Distributed Dataset

A collection with following qualities:

- immutable
- iterable
- serializable
- distributed
- parallel
- lazy

Partitioned RDD

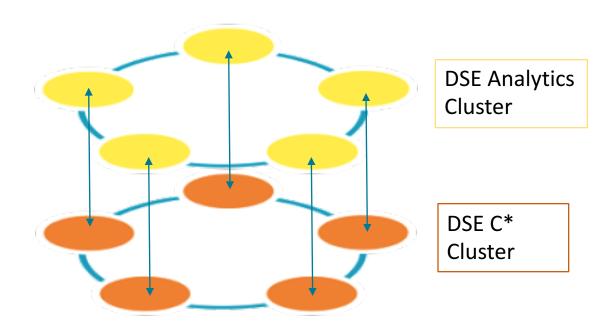


Transformations are state less



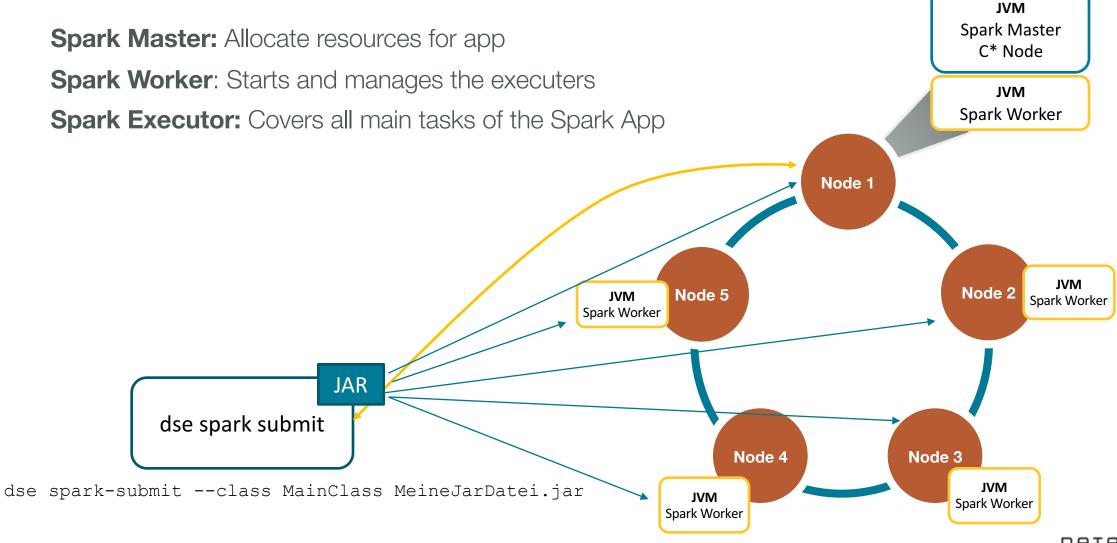
Token Ranges Aware

- Simple provisioning and deployment
- Data locality: less network hops
- Pushdown Predicates
- Caching





Submit Spark Jobs to DSE Analytics



Features of DSE Analytics

- DSE Cassandra tables exposed as
 - Apache Spark™ RDDs
 - Apache Spark™ DataFrames
- Load data from DSE C* to DSE Analytics
- Write data from DSE Analytics to DSE C*
- Object mapper: Mapping of C* tables and rows to Scala / Java objects
- All DSE C* types supported and converted to Scala / Java types
- Server side data selection
- Virtual Nodes support
- Data Locality awareness
- Scala, Python and Java APIs



DSE Analytics - REPL

```
$ dse spark
scala> val table = sc.cassandraTable[CassandraRow](
retailer', 'sales').select("name", "item").where("name= ?", "gregg")
table: com.datastax.spark.connector.rdd.CassandraTableScanRDD [com.datastax.spark.connector.CassandraRow] =
CassandraTableScanRDD[5] at RDD at CassandraRDD.scala:15
// With collect the data gets read from Cassandra
scala> table.collect()
res1: Array[com.datastax.spark.connector.CassandraRow] = Array(CassandraRow{name: gregg, item: PlayStation 4},
CassandraRow{name: gregg, item: iMac}, CassandraRow{name: gregg, item: Microsoft Xbox})
scala> table.collect().foreach(println);
CassandraRow{name: gregg, item: PlayStation 4}
CassandraRow{name: gregg, item: iMac}
CassandraRow{name: gregg, item: Microsoft Xbox}
```



DSE Analytics - Spark SQL

Save to DSE

sc.parallelize(Seq(A,B,C)).saveToCassandra("demo", "collections")

Spark RDD JOIN with NOSQL!

churnRateRdd.join(custJourney).saveToCassandra("customerESxty", "churns")

Use Spark SQL to select the database

val track_count_by_year = sqlContext.sql("select 'dummy' as dummy, album_year as year, count(*) as
track_count from tmp_tracks_by_album group by album_year")



DSE Analytics Features

- Easy setup and config
 - No need to setup a separate Apache Spark™ cluster
 - No need to tweak classpaths or config files
- High availability of DSE Analytics Master
- Enterprise security
 - Password / Kerberos / LDAP authentication
 - SSL for all DSE Analytics to DES C* connections



Lab 6: Hands-on DSE Analytics

Thank You!