Ansible

the easiest automation, ever.

What is Ansible?



 Ansible is a radically simple IT automation engine that automates cloud provisioning, configuration management, application deployment, intraservice orchestration, and many other IT needs.

Manage Infrastructure

- Easiest Automation Language
- Scalable Ad-Hoc Parallel Execution
- Multi-tier Orchestration
- Ansible models your IT infrastructure by describing how all of your systems interrelate, rather than just managing one system at a time.

Ansible USP's

- Simple, Easy
- Minimal requirements
- Ready for various clouds & Docker
- Secure, only SSH
- Audit-able
- · Role-based access in paid version

Ansible vs. Puppet

- No agents
- No master
- No database
- No Ruby programming
- No network & firewall changes
- No new public key infrastructure

Concept: Inventory

- All machines in infrastructure/cloud
- Arbitrary grouping
- Dynamic inventory
- Can be used for staging

Concept: Playbook

- name: webapp server setup

hosts: webservers

sudo: yes

pre_tasks:

include: webservers/pre_tasks.yml

roles:

- common
- geerlingguy.java
- hostclick.tomcat

post_tasks:

include: webservers/post_tasks.yml

Concept: Actions

name: 'fix JAVA_HOME'
shell: echo export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/jre > /etc/profile.d/jre.sh

name: 'fix permissions'file: dest=/etc/profile.d/jre.sh mode=0755

name: 'fix "web" in firewall configuration'
lineinfile: dest=/etc/sysconfig/iptables
line='-A INPUT -p tcp -m tcp --dport 8080 -j ACCEPT'
state=present
insertbefore=^COMMIT

name: 'restart iptables'service: name=iptables state=restarted

Jinja2

- · variable: value
- my_config = {{ variable }}
- {% if 'webservers' in group_names %}
- {% for user in users %}

Concept: Module

- · cloud
- clustering
- commands
- database
- files
- inventory
- messaging
- monitoring

- network
- · notification
- packaging
- source control
- system
- utilities
- web infrastructure
- Windows

Concept: Role

- Roles are ways of automatically loading certain vars_files, tasks, and handlers based on a known file structure.
- Grouping content by roles also allows easy sharing of roles with other users.
- http://galaxy.ansible.com

Concept: Idempotency

- Speed reduces when changing blindly
- System life cycle as transaction log
- No uncertainty: describe desired state
- Ensure no changes unless things change
- Tripwire real changes for audit

Best Practice

- Don't solve everything with Ansible
- Package your deployables
- Provide simple wrappers
- Create smoketests
- Use tags to test and verify
- Long running tasks should run in screen
- Validate proper ordering

DRY

- Avoid duplication
- Re-use Galaxy roles
- Leverage Jinja2 templates

Playbooks

- Make it readable
- Keep it simple
- Always provide a task name
- Always define state
- Over-use comments and white-space

Tag all the things

- Tags help organization
- Tags can help in testing
- —skip-tags=tags,to,skip
- —tags=only,run,these,tags

Demo

https://github.com/bbaassssiiee/lunchbox