

# Mars Censere Test Notebook

*Richard Offer et al*

This is a RStudio Test Notebook that is used to see how the simulation is running prior to committing.

It requires a database that has been already been generated.

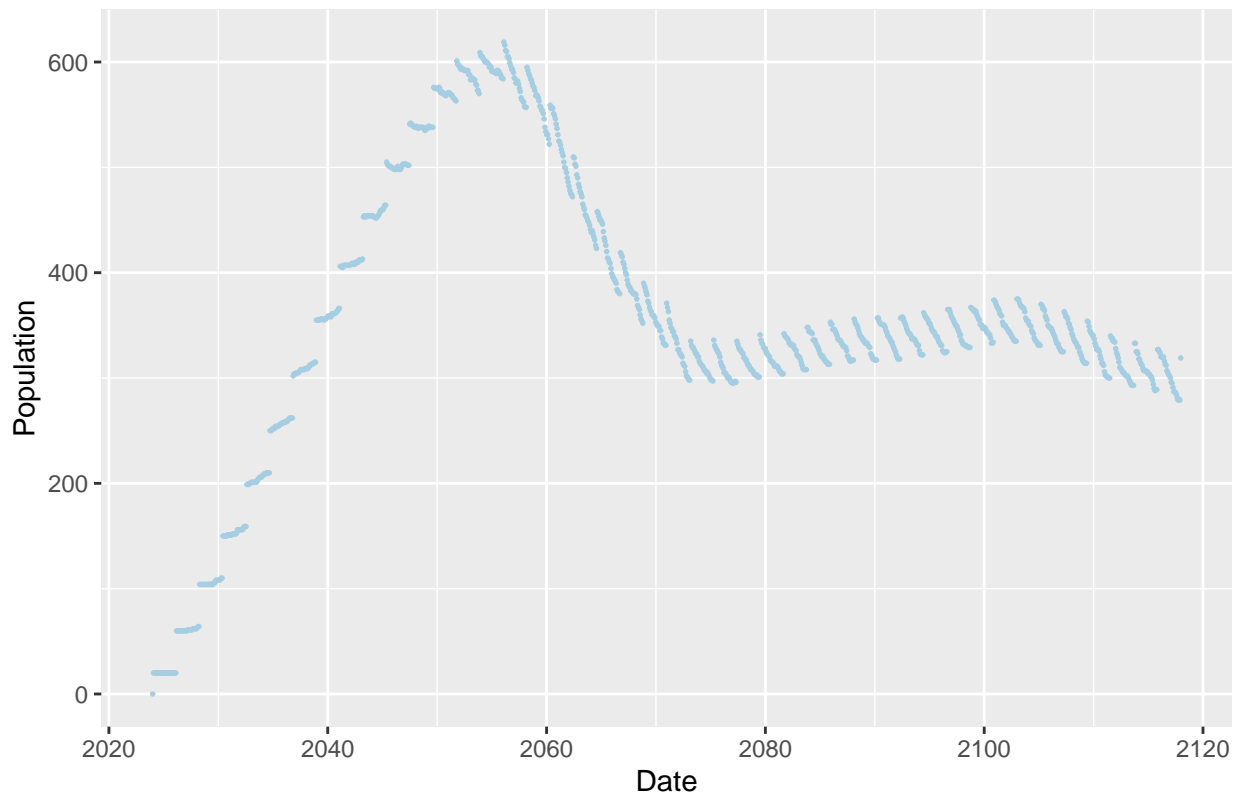
## Loaded Database Details

Value	Details
Path	demographics/f8783755-4893-4340-8cf4-0cdec4a85e5e.db
File Size	2 MBytes
Last Modified	2019-12-20 20:03:22
# Simulations	1

ID	DateLanded	Completed	#Sols	Pop.	Args
1	2024-01-01	2117-12-17	33400	319	astronaut_age_range=32,45 astronaut_gender_ratio=50,50 astronaut_life_expectancy=72,7 continue_simulation= database_dir=demographics/ first_child_delay=350,700 fraction_singles_pairing_per_day=0.1 gap_between_siblings=380,1000 initial_mission_lands=2024-01-01 00:00:00.000+00:00 limit=sols limit_count=33400 martian_gender_ratio=50,50 martian_life_expectancy=72,7 orientation=90,6,4 settlers_per_initial_ship=20,20 settlers_per_ship=40,40 ships_per_initial_mission=1,1 ships_per_mission=1,1

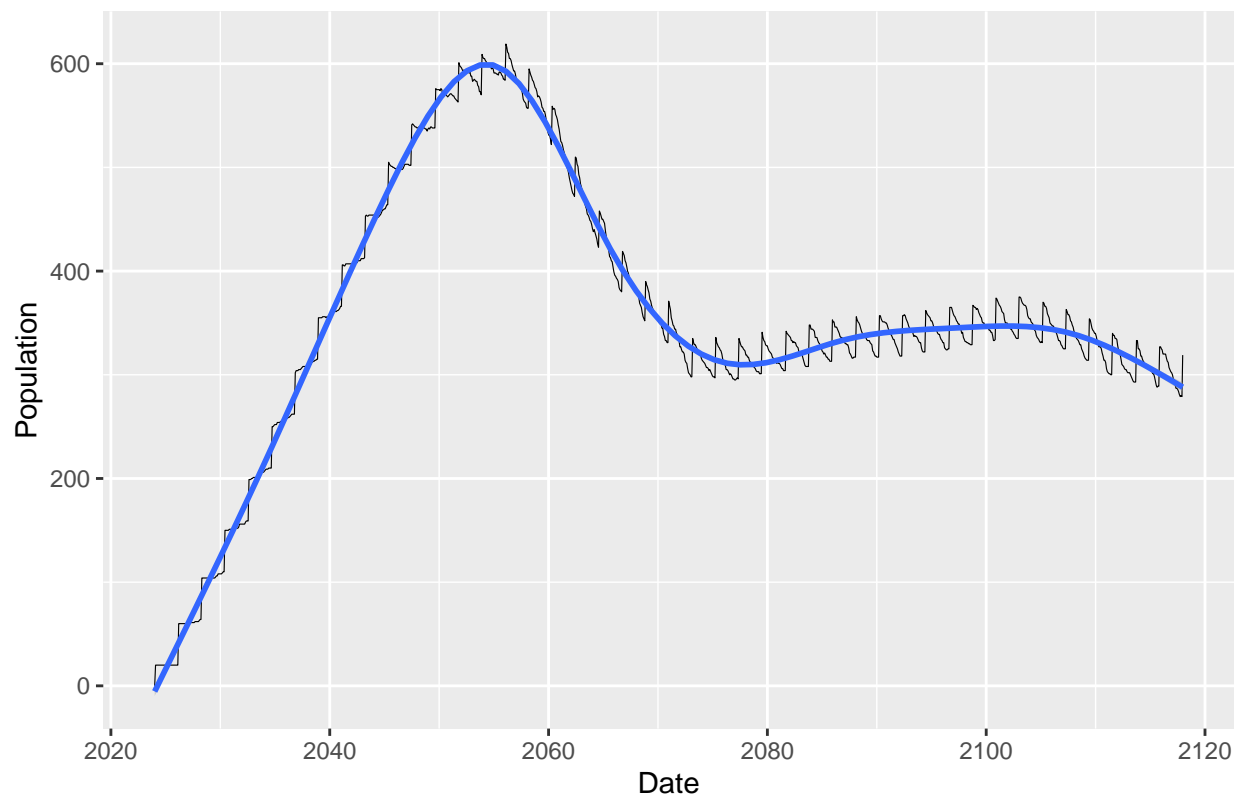
## Database Overview

### Simulation of Martian Population Growth



Any unevenness at the target population limit is due to the simulations with the highest population count completing their target earlier, and obviously if the simulation with the highest population is removed, then the average will drop. Hence the short term spike and drops.

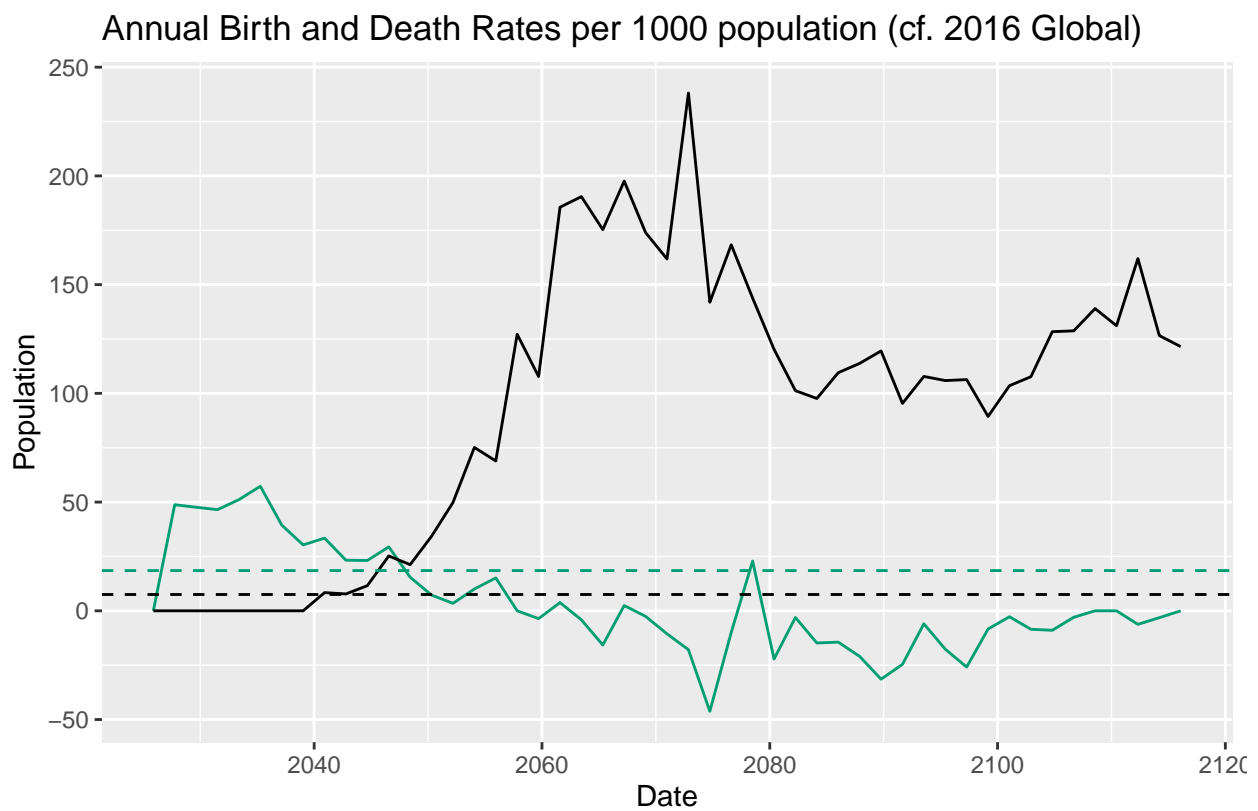
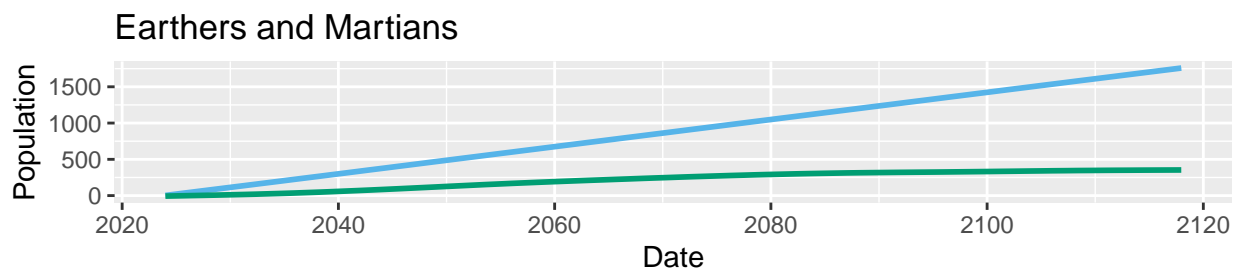
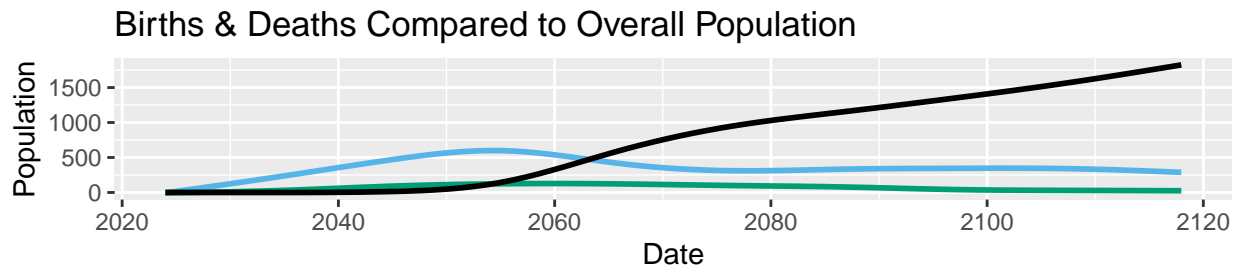
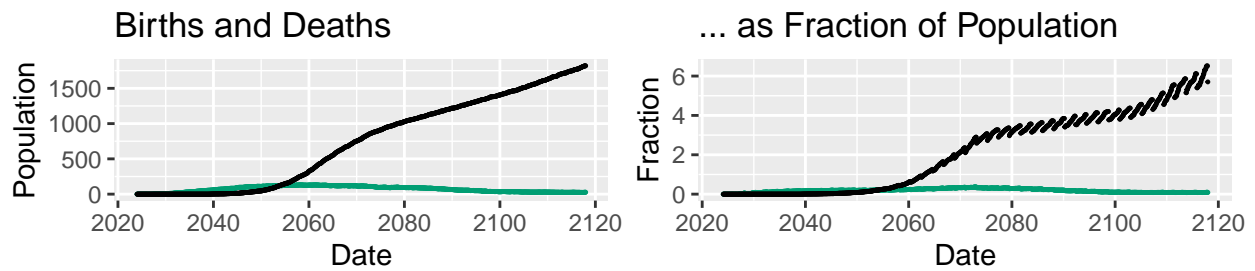
Mean & Smoothed Mean of Population Growth Across All Simulations



As a fraction in population, you should still see the impact of new missions landing, the sudden influx of adults depresses the fraction of population that are children.

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## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

```
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Birth\\_rate](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Birth_rate)

# Population Pyramid

