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Backoffice



Overview

Application orchestrator
Widget development
Backoffice configuration
Actions & Editors

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The hybris backoffice



- → A **Single** User Interface for all Backend Business Tools
- → Built to Manage any kind of data
- For Business and Administrative Users
- Based on Next Generation Cockpit Framework (Cockpit NG)
- Highly Extensible and Configurable
- → Areas (backoffice modules) available as of now:
 - → Backoffice admin area
 - → Commerce Search
 - → OMS Cockpit & Admin



Key concepts of backoffice

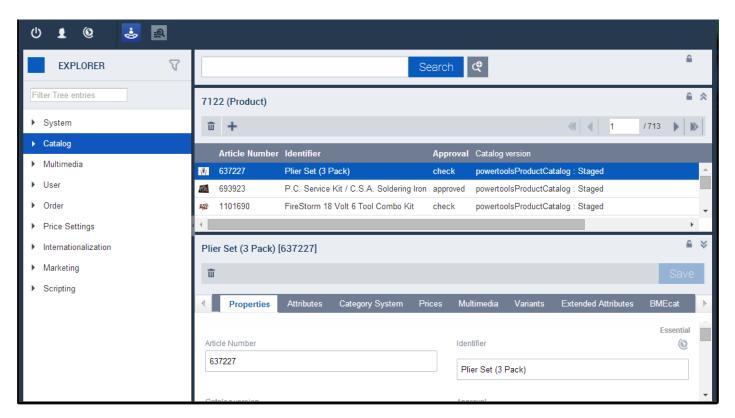


- Web application with ready-to-Use library of UI components called widgets
- By combining and connecting widgets, a backoffice business process can be designed and put together quickly,
- → The mashup can also be designed at runtime using the Application Orchestrator interface or XML configuration
- → Business users will only see set of widgets and tasks that are made available to their **user role.** For e.g. OMS tasks are only visible to fulfillment users.

Backoffice admin area



- Preconfigured data and configuration tools for all platform extensions
- → Default Mashup (Explorer Tree, Search, Result List, Editor Area)
- → Will replace **hmc** in future



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Cockpit NG Framework extensions



backoffice extension:

- backoffice framework and admin area with standard widgets
- → Single web application which is a container for all backoffice modules
- → Contains the Application Orchestrator (**F4**) to design your custom mashup
- → Accessible by default at http://localhost:9001/backoffice

ybackoffice extension template

- → Template you can use to generate a custom extension where you can implement your own backoffice module, widgets or UI configuration
- → You can also use the Application Orchestrator to add your custom components to the backoffice
- → Each extension implemented using ybackoffice will contribute to the main backoffice application.



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Application Orchestrator – key features

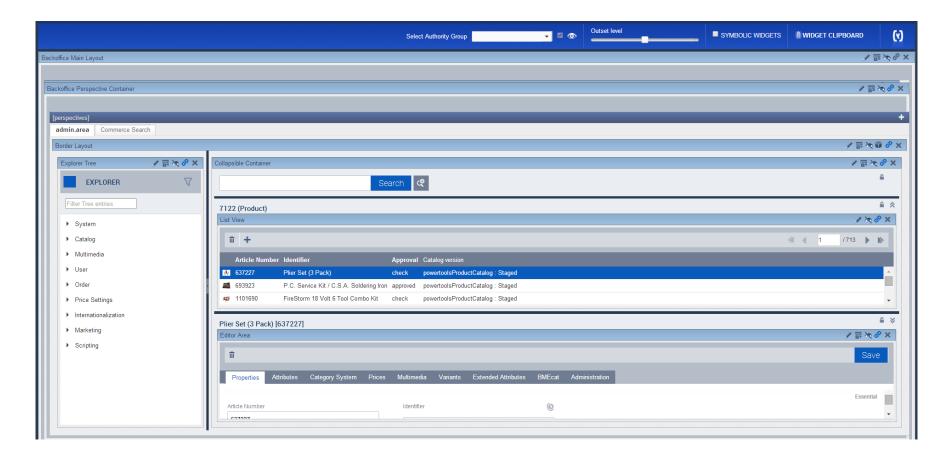


- Accessible by pressing F4 key in the backoffice application
 - only for administrators.
- Add, remove and connect widgets, areas and other components
- Add or change settings of a widget instance
- Connect widgets using their sockets
- Manage UI localization by providing values for labels.
- Manage access restrictions (allowed roles)
- Access and reset application configuration (widgets.xml) and UI configuration (cockpit-config.xml)
- Inspect application mash-up and communication flow
- Consists of two views

Main view



The main widget view is a place where you should add widgets and design a mashup of your application. Here you can see two types of components: widgets and slots/children.

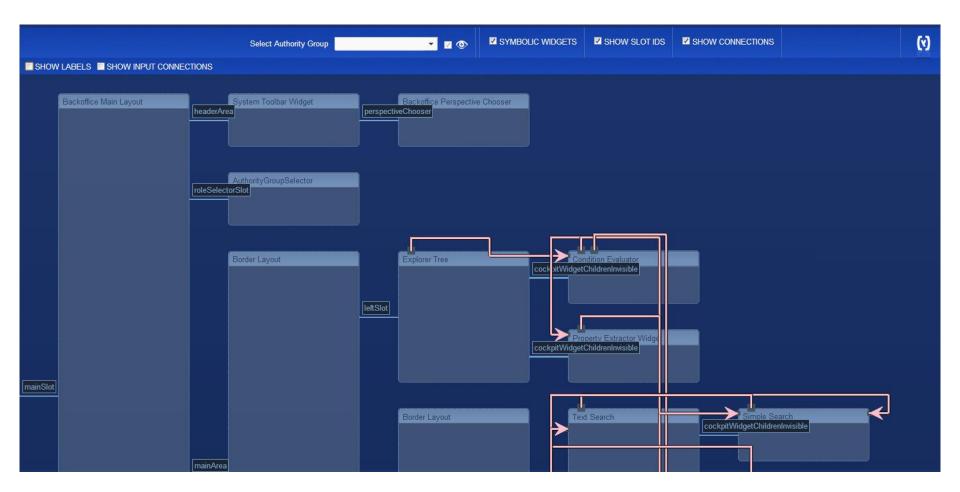


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Symbolic widgets view



The symbolic widgets view helps to get an overview of your application's mash-up. It shows widget dependencies and how connections are established. You can also add widgets here.



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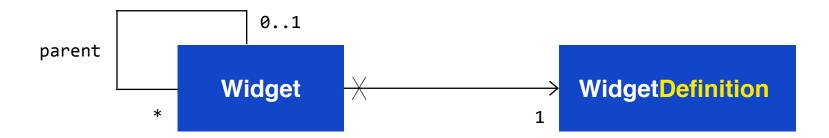
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Widgets



- → A widget is a stand-alone, **deployable** component with a clearly defined interface and a specific purpose.
- → A Widget **definition** describes a widget type, its ID and name, its **view** and **controller** classes. Also any additional settings specific to that widget
- → A widget used in an application is an **instance** of a widget definition.
- → You can take a widget sub-tree (a widget group) and reuse it in other application, just like a single widget.

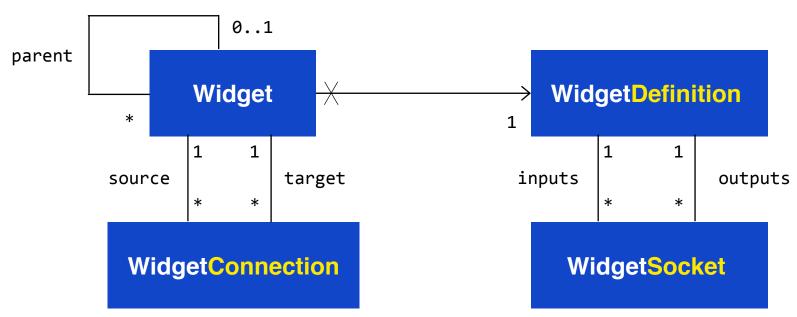


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Widget communication



- → To have a meaningful backoffice application, widgets have to communicate with each other.
- → A widget can have inputs and outputs, called sockets, which have an ID and a type definition. This helps with compatibility checking when connecting two widgets.
- → Every widget connection references both source and target widgets, and the IDs of the input and output sockets.



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What constitutes a Widget?



Widget definition (definition.xml)

- → Component interface i.e. inputs and outputs
- → Other meta info e.g. controller class, view file, author, name

→ Widget view (.zul)

- Standard ZK XML syntax with added hybris tags
- → Change and refresh browser. No compile required!

→ Controller

- → Java class containing business logic
- → Standard syntax allowing you to react to inputs and component events

Example widget definition: Chat widget



myextension/backoffice/resources/widgets/mychat/definition.xml

```
<widget-definition id="org.cuppytrailbackoffice.widgets.mychat"</pre>
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="http://www.hybris.com/schema/cockpitng/widget
-definition.xsd">
    <name>My Chat</name>
    <description>My chat widget.</description>
    <sockets>
        <input type="java.lang.String" id="incomingMsg"/>
        <output type="java.lang.String" id="outgoingMsg"/>
    </sockets>
    <controller</pre>
        class="com.hybris.cuppytrailbackoffice.widgets.MyChatController"/>
</widget-definition>
```

→ myextension is a custom extension generated using ybackoffice

Example widget view: Chat widget



view.zul

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Example widget controller: Chat widget



```
public class MyChatController extends DefaultWidgetController
   private Label lastMsgLabel;
   private Textbox msgInput;
   @ViewEvent(componentID = "sendBtn", eventName =
   Events. ON CLICK)
   public void sendMsg()
       sendOutput("outgoingMsg", msgInput.getText());
   @SocketEvent(socketId = "incomingMsg")
   public void updateTranscript(final String msg)
       lastMsgLabel.setValue(msg);
```

Chat widget in backoffice





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UI Configuration



UI configuration is responsible for the user interface configuration. Here you define the UI of each widget instance. There are three different versions of this configuration, consulted in the following order:

- cockpit-config.xml: Merged configuration of the whole backoffice
 application. You can modify it at runtime from the Application Orchestrator
 --> Show cockpit-config.xml. This file is stored as a hybris Media item.
- mybackoffice/backoffice/resources/mybackoffice-backoffice-config.xml: Configuration of components defined in the mybackoffice extension. It can also be loaded at runtime by doing a reset in the Application Orchestrator
- mybackoffice/backoffice/resources/widgets/mywidget/cockpit-config.xml (optional): Configuration of a specific widget. Think of it as the widget's default configuration.

UI Configuration: Example



Base Configuration for a type

List view configuration (Type specific)

Backoffice – Application configuration



Application configuration holds information about all widgets added to your application, keeps information things like viewing restrictions and socket connections. There are two different versions of this configuration, consulted in the following order:

- → \${HYBRIS_DATA_DIR}/backoffice/config/backoffice-widgets.xml: Merged configuration of the whole backoffice application. Not to be modified directly, it updates automatically when you add/remove widgets and create widget connections using the Application Orchestrator.
- mybackoffice/backoffice/resources/mybackoffice-backoffice-widgets.xml: Default configuration of components defined in the mybackoffice extension.

Performing a reset of widgets.xml in the Application Orchestrator will result in a loss of the dynamic configuration and the default configuration from all backoffice module extensions will be loaded.



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Actions & Editors



- Actions

- Actions are used to trigger an action that might perform a CRUD operation on objects or trigger other widgets.
- Some default actions available in backoffice are:
- + → Create/Delete action: Create or Delete an object of a Type
- Principal permission action: Manage permissions for a Principal

→ Editors

- → Editors are used to properly handle different types of data for editing. For example, special editors might be required for editing dates and ranges.
- → Some available editors:
 - → Default Boolean editor:

 ☐ True ☐ False ☐ N/A
 - → Localized simple editor: en V Localized value

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Creating custom actions/editors



Create Action/Editor definition (definition.xml)

- → For Actions it contains
 - → The implementing class <actionClassName>
 - → Data type of input and output
 - Icons to be displayed in the view for the action
- → For Editors it contains
 - The data type of the property being edited
 - → The implementing class <editorClassName>

2. Create implementing class

- → For Actions, it should extend CockpitAction
- → For Editors, the class should extend CockpitEditorRenderer

Your custom action/editor can be used directly in a widget's view (zul)

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