

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Загрузка датасета

```
In [26]: data = pd.read_excel('данные для дз.xlsx')
data = data.drop('Unnamed: 5',axis=1)
data
```

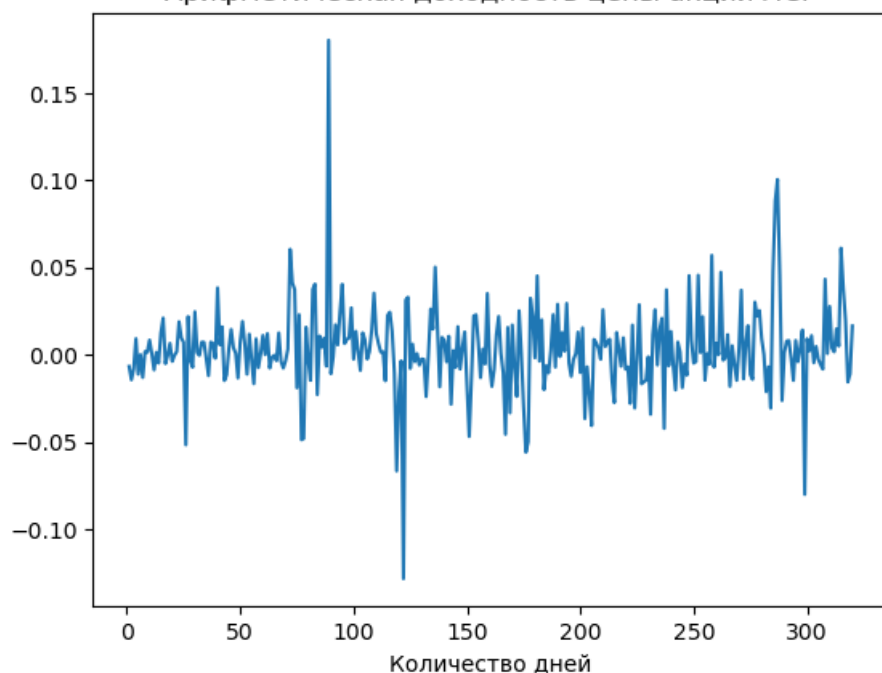
```
Out[26]:
```

	Дата	ЛСП	USD_RUB	ср.знач	дисп	ареф.ЛСП	геом.ЛСП	ареф.дол	геом.долл
0	2023-01-11	472.8	70.3002	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	2023-01-12	469.6	69.6094	471.200000	0.238602	-0.006768	-0.006791	-0.009826	-0.009875
2	2023-01-13	462.8	69.0202	468.400000	0.410460	-0.014480	-0.014586	-0.008464	-0.008500
3	2023-01-14	459.0	67.7775	466.050000	1.143911	-0.008211	-0.008245	-0.018005	-0.018169
4	2023-01-17	463.2	67.5744	465.480000	1.371487	0.009150	0.009109	-0.002997	-0.003001
...
316	2024-04-10	1126.0	92.7463	686.326183	72.979393	0.038362	0.037645	0.001785	0.001784
317	2024-04-11	1148.0	93.2198	687.777987	72.885484	0.019538	0.019350	0.005105	0.005092
318	2024-04-12	1130.0	93.7196	689.164263	72.812663	-0.015679	-0.015804	0.005362	0.005347
319	2024-04-13	1117.6	93.4419	690.503125	72.727344	-0.010973	-0.011034	-0.002963	-0.002967
320	2024-04-16	1136.0	93.5891	691.890966	72.647923	0.016464	0.016330	0.001575	0.001574

321 rows × 9 columns

```
In [36]: plt.plot(data['ареф.ЛСП'])
plt.title('Арифметическая доходность цены акции ЛСП')
plt.xlabel('Количество дней')
plt.show()
```

Арифметическая доходность цены акции ЛСП



Судя по графику, наш ряд стационарен. Докажем это

```
In [59]: from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller
```

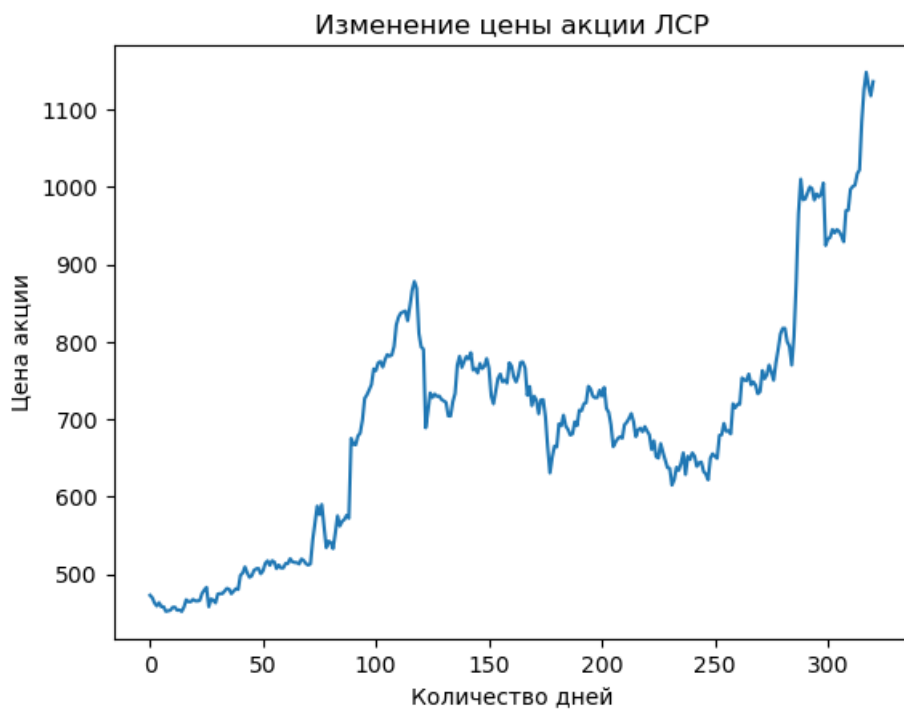
```
print('Результат теста:')
df_result = adfuller(data['ареф.ЛСП'][1:])
print(f'Значение p_value: {df_result[1]}')

if df_result[1] <= 0.05:
    print("ряд является стационарным.")
else:
    print("ряд не является стационарным.")
```

Результат теста:
Значение p_value: 1.7242023195479813e-29
ряд является стационарным.

```
In [38]: plt.plot(data['ЛСП'])
plt.title('Изменение цены акции ЛСП')
plt.xlabel('Количество дней')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Цена акции')  
plt.show()
```



ACF и PACF

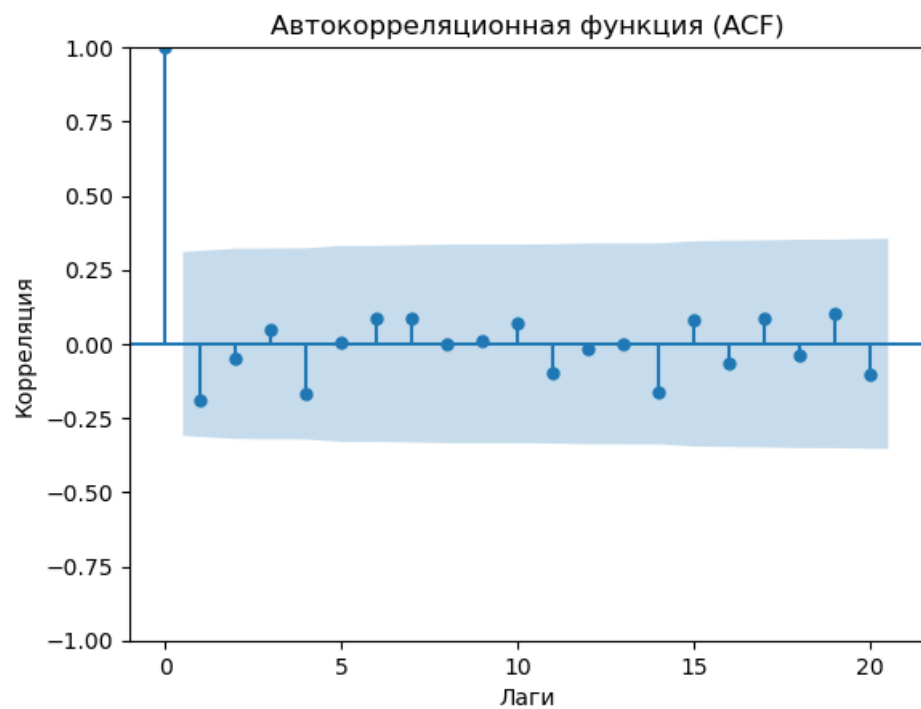
```
In [27]: from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot_acf, plot_pacf
```

```
In [47]: data_areth = data['апеф.ЛСР'][1:41]  
data_areth
```

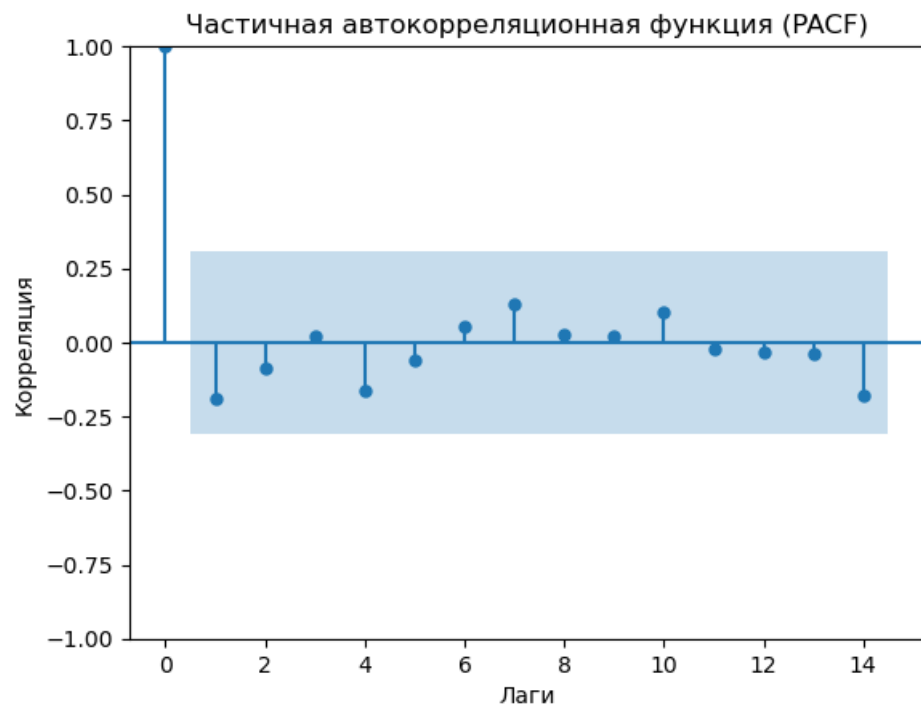
```
Out[47]: 1 -0.006768  
2 -0.014480  
3 -0.008211  
4 0.009150  
5 -0.011226  
6 0.000000  
7 -0.013100  
8 0.001770  
9 0.001325  
10 0.008381  
11 0.000437  
12 -0.008745  
13 0.001323  
14 -0.004846  
15 0.012395  
16 0.020988  
17 -0.005139  
18 -0.000430  
19 0.006460  
20 -0.003851  
21 -0.000430  
22 0.001719  
23 0.018876  
24 0.009684  
25 0.007089  
26 -0.051760  
27 0.021834  
28 -0.003419  
29 -0.007290  
30 0.024622  
31 0.001265  
32 -0.000421  
33 0.007161  
34 0.007110  
35 -0.002076  
36 -0.012068  
37 0.007161  
38 0.006274  
39 -0.002078  
40 0.038317  
Name: апеф.ЛСР, dtype: float64
```

```
In [48]: plot_acf(data_areth, lags = 20)  
plt.title('Автокорреляционная функция (ACF)')  
plt.xlabel('Лаги')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Корреляция')  
plt.show()
```



```
In [49]: plot_pacf(data_areth, lags=14, method='ywm')  
plt.title('Частичная автокорреляционная функция (PACF)')  
plt.xlabel('Лаги')  
plt.ylabel('Корреляция')  
plt.show()
```



Построение моделей

MA

```
In [50]: from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA
```

```
In [51]: lsr_data = data['апеф.ЛСР'][1:]  
lsr_data
```

```
Out[51]:1 -0.006768
2 -0.014480
3 -0.008211
4 0.009150
5 -0.011226
...
316 0.038362
317 0.019538
318 -0.015679
319 -0.010973
320 0.016464
Name: ареф.ЛСР, Length: 320, dtype: float64

In [60]: model_ma1 = ARIMA(lsr_data, order=(0, 0, 1)) # Параметры p,d,q. p-порядок авторегрессии, d-порядок интегрирования, q-порядок скользящего среднего
result_ma1 = model_ma1.fit()

result_ma1.summary()

Out[60]: SARIMAX Results

Dep. Variable: ареф.ЛСР No. Observations: 320

Model: ARIMA(0, 0, 1) Log Likelihood: 733.107

Date: Tue, 30 Apr 2024 AIC: -1460.215

Time: 22:35:27 BIC: -1448.910

Sample: 0 HQIC: -1455.701

- 320

Covariance Type: opg

coef std err z P>|z| [0.025 0.975]
const 0.0030 0.001 2.026 0.043 9.85e-05 0.006
ma.L1 0.0663 0.043 1.528 0.127 -0.019 0.151
sigma2 0.0006 1.88e-05 31.789 0.000 0.001 0.001

Ljung-Box (L1) (Q): 0.00 Jarque-Bera (JB): 1767.64
Prob(Q): 0.98 Prob(JB): 0.00
Heteroskedasticity (H): 1.06 Skew: 0.84
Prob(H) (two-sided): 0.78 Kurtosis: 14.39

Warnings:
[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).

Модель:
$y_t = 0.0030 + u_t + 0.0663*u_{t-1}$

In [64]: model_ma2 = ARIMA(lsr_data, order=(0, 0, 2))
result_ma2 = model_ma2.fit()

result_ma2.summary()
```

Out[64]:

SARIMAX Results							
Dep. Variable:	apeφ.ЛCP	No. Observations:	320				
Model:	ARIMA(0, 0, 2)	Log Likelihood	733.164				
Date:	Tue, 30 Apr 2024	AIC	-1458.329				
Time:	22:41:56	BIC	-1443.256				
Sample:	0	HQIC	-1452.310				
- 320							
Covariance Type:	opg						

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.0030	0.002	1.980	0.048	3.1e-05	0.006
ma.L1	0.0633	0.044	1.426	0.154	-0.024	0.150
ma.L2	0.0257	0.060	0.430	0.667	-0.091	0.143
sigma2	0.0006	1.93e-05	31.047	0.000	0.001	0.001
Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):	0.01	Jarque-Bera (JB):		1747.47		
Prob(Q):	0.94	Prob(JB):		0.00		
Heteroskedasticity (H):	1.05	Skew:		0.84		
Prob(H) (two-sided):	0.78	Kurtosis:		14.32		

Warnings:
[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).

Модель:
\$y_t = 0.0030 + u_t + 0.0663*u_{t-1} + 0.0257 * u_{t-2}\$

AR модели

```
In [67]: model_ar1 = ARIMA(lsr_data, order=(1, 0, 0))
result_ar1 = model_ar1.fit()

result_ar1.summary()
```

Out[67]:

SARIMAX Results							
Dep. Variable:	apeφ.ЛCP		No. Observations:	320			
Model:	ARIMA(1, 0, 0)		Log Likelihood	733.132			
Date:	Tue, 30 Apr 2024		AIC	-1460.263			
Time:	22:47:19		BIC	-1448.958			
Sample:	0		HQIC	-1455.749			
- 320							
Covariance Type:	opg						
	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]	
const	0.0030	0.002	2.011	0.044	7.78e-05	0.006	
ar.L1	0.0689	0.042	1.626	0.104	-0.014	0.152	
sigma2	0.0006	1.89e-05	31.724	0.000	0.001	0.001	
Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):	0.00		Jarque-Bera (JB):		1762.75		
Prob(Q):	0.99		Prob(JB):		0.00		
Heteroskedasticity (H):	1.06		Skew:		0.84		
Prob(H) (two-sided):	0.78		Kurtosis:		14.37		

Warnings:
[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).

Модель:
\$y_t = 0.0030 + 0.0689*y_{t-1} + \epsilon_t\$

```
In [68]: model_ar2 = ARIMA(lsr_data, order=(2, 0, 0))
result_ar2 = model_ar2.fit()

result_ar2.summary()
```

```
Out[68]: SARIMAX Results
Dep. Variable:   аеф.ЛСР   No. Observations:   320
Model:          ARIMA(2, 0, 0)   Log Likelihood    733.163
Date:           Tue, 30 Apr 2024   AIC   -1458.327
Time:           22:51:25           BIC   -1443.253
Sample:         0               HQIC  -1452.308
               - 320
Covariance Type: opg

               coef    std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025   0.975]
const    0.0030      0.002      1.976   0.048   2.48e-05   0.006
ar.L1     0.0671      0.044      1.519   0.129   -0.019   0.154
ar.L2     0.0141      0.060      0.236   0.814   -0.103   0.132
sigma2    0.0006     1.95e-05   30.689   0.000    0.001   0.001

Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):  0.00      Jarque-Bera (JB):  1749.83
Prob(Q):             0.99      Prob(JB):         0.00
Heteroskedasticity (H): 1.05      Skew:         0.84
Prob(H) (two-sided):  0.78      Kurtosis:      14.33
```

```
Warnings:
[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).
```

```
Модель:
$y_t = 0.0030 + 0.0671*y_{t-1} + 0.0141*y_{t-2} + \epsilon_t$
```

```
ARMA модели
```

```
In [71]: model_arma11 = ARIMA(lsr_data, order=(1, 0, 1))
result_arma11 = model_arma11.fit()
```

```
result_arma11.summary()
```

```
Out[71]: SARIMAX Results
Dep. Variable:   аеф.ЛСР   No. Observations:   320
Model:          ARIMA(1, 0, 1)   Log Likelihood    733.148
Date:           Tue, 30 Apr 2024   AIC   -1458.296
Time:           22:57:40           BIC   -1443.223
Sample:         0               HQIC  -1452.277
               - 320
Covariance Type: opg

               coef    std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025   0.975]
const    0.0030      0.002      1.946   0.052  -2.25e-05   0.006
ar.L1     0.2387      0.784      0.305   0.761   -1.297   1.774
ma.L1    -0.1724      0.797     -0.216   0.829   -1.735   1.390
sigma2    0.0006     1.99e-05   30.089   0.000    0.001   0.001

Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):  0.00      Jarque-Bera (JB):  1750.24
Prob(Q):             0.97      Prob(JB):         0.00
Heteroskedasticity (H): 1.06      Skew:         0.85
Prob(H) (two-sided):  0.78      Kurtosis:      14.33
```

```
Warnings:
[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).
```

```
Модель:
$y_t = 0.0030 + 0.2387*y_{t-1} + u_t - 0.1724*u_{t-1}$
```

```
In [72]: model_arma12 = ARIMA(lsr_data, order=(1, 0, 2))
result_arma12 = model_arma12.fit()
```

```
result_arma12.summary()
```

Out[72]:

SARIMAX Results

Dep. Variable:	apeφЛCP	No. Observations:	320
Model:	ARIMA(1, 0, 2)	Log Likelihood	733.108
Date:	Tue, 30 Apr 2024	AIC	-1456.215
Time:	22:57:41	BIC	-1437.374
Sample:	0	HQIC	-1448.692
	- 320		
Covariance Type:	opg		

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.0030	0.002	1.978	0.048	2.77e-05	0.006
ar.L1	0.5962	41.604	0.014	0.989	-80.947	82.139
ma.L1	-0.5298	41.611	-0.013	0.990	-82.086	81.027
ma.L2	-0.0405	2.730	-0.015	0.988	-5.391	5.310
sigma2	0.0006	2.01e-05	29.875	0.000	0.001	0.001

Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):	0.00	Jarque-Bera (JB):	1769.17
Prob(Q):	0.98	Prob(JB):	0.00
Heteroskedasticity (H):	1.06	Skew:	0.84
Prob(H) (two-sided):	0.78	Kurtosis:	14.40

Warnings:

[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).

Модель:

$y_t = 0.0030 + 0.5962 \cdot y_{t-1} + u_t - 0.5298 \cdot u_{t-1} - 0.0405 \cdot u_{t-2}$

In [73]:

```
model_arma21 = ARIMA(lsr_data, order=(2, 0, 1))
result_arma21 = model_arma21.fit()

result_arma21.summary()
```

Out[73]:

SARIMAX Results

Dep. Variable:	apeφЛCP	No. Observations:	320
Model:	ARIMA(2, 0, 1)	Log Likelihood	733.140
Date:	Tue, 30 Apr 2024	AIC	-1456.280
Time:	22:59:52	BIC	-1437.438
Sample:	0	HQIC	-1448.756
	- 320		
Covariance Type:	opg		

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.0030	0.002	1.890	0.059	-0.000	0.006
ar.L1	-0.4263	6.786	-0.063	0.950	-13.726	12.873
ar.L2	0.0406	0.450	0.090	0.928	-0.841	0.922
ma.L1	0.4952	6.793	0.073	0.942	-12.819	13.810
sigma2	0.0006	1.91e-05	31.356	0.000	0.001	0.001

Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):	0.00	Jarque-Bera (JB):	1757.01
Prob(Q):	0.98	Prob(JB):	0.00
Heteroskedasticity (H):	1.05	Skew:	0.84
Prob(H) (two-sided):	0.79	Kurtosis:	14.36

Warnings:

[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).

Модель:

$y_t = 0.0030 - 0.4263 \cdot y_{t-1} + 0.0406 \cdot y_{t-2} + u_t + 0.4952 \cdot u_{t-1}$

In [74]:

```
model_arma22 = ARIMA(lsr_data, order=(2, 0, 2))
result_arma22 = model_arma22.fit()
```

```
result_arma22.summary()

Out[74]: SARIMAX Results

Dep. Variable:   ареф.ЛСР   No. Observations:   320

Model:   ARIMA(2, 0, 2)   Log Likelihood   735.480

Date:   Tue, 30 Apr 2024   AIC   -1458.959

Time:   23:02:34   BIC   -1436.349

Sample:   0   HQIC   -1449.931

- 320

Covariance Type:   opg

coef   std err      z   P>|z|   [0.025   0.975]

const   0.0030    0.002    1.954   0.051   -8.86e-06    0.006

ar.L1    1.2130    0.135    8.997   0.000    0.949    1.477

ar.L2   -0.8895    0.122   -7.318   0.000   -1.128   -0.651

ma.L1   -1.1506    0.137   -8.371   0.000   -1.420   -0.881

ma.L2    0.8566    0.130    6.571   0.000    0.601    1.112

sigma2    0.0006   2.8e-05   21.058   0.000    0.001    0.001

Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):   0.01   Jarque-Bera (JB):   1529.91

Prob(Q):   0.94   Prob(JB):   0.00

Heteroskedasticity (H):   1.05   Skew:   0.78

Prob(H) (two-sided):   0.81   Kurtosis:   13.60

Warnings:
[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).
```

Модель:
\$y_t = 0.0030 + 1.2130*y_{t-1} - 0.8895*y_{t-2} + u_t - 1.1506*u_{t-1} + 0.8566*u_{t-2}\$

ARIMA модели

```
In [80]: !pip install pmdarima

Collecting pmdarima
  Downloading pmdarima-2.0.4-cp39-cp39-win_amd64.whl (614 kB)
----- 615.0/615.0 kB 921.9 kB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.3.2 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pmdarima) (1.9.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.19 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pmdarima) (1.4.4)
Requirement already satisfied: Cython!=0.29.18,!<0.29.31,>=0.29 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pmdarima) (0.29.32)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools!=50.0.0,>=38.6.0 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pmdarima) (63.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=17.1 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pmdarima) (21.3)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pmdarima) (1.26.11)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=0.22 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pmdarima) (1.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.11 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pmdarima) (1.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: statsmodels>=0.13.2 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pmdarima) (0.13.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.21.2 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pmdarima) (1.21.5)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=3.0.5,>=2.0.2 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from packaging>=17.1->pmdarima) (3.0.9)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.1 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas>=0.19->pmdarima) (2.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas>=0.19->pmdarima) (2022.1)
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from scikit-learn>=0.22->pmdarima) (2.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5.2 in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from statsmodels>=0.13.2->pmdarima) (0.5.2)
Requirement already satisfied: six in c:\users\arsen\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from patsy>=0.5.2->statsmodels>=0.13.2->pmdarima) (1.16.0)
Installing collected packages: pmdarima
Successfully installed pmdarima-2.0.4

In [95]: import pmdarima as pm
# Библиотека pmdarima автоматически подбирает лучшую модель
model = pm.auto_arma(data['ЛСР'],seasonal=False,trace=True)
model
```



```
Performing stepwise search to minimize aic
ARIMA(2,1,2)(0,0,0)[0] intercept : AIC=inf, Time=1.23 sec
ARIMA(0,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] intercept : AIC=2758.382, Time=0.04 sec
ARIMA(1,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] intercept : AIC=2755.946, Time=0.14 sec
ARIMA(0,1,1)(0,0,0)[0] intercept : AIC=2756.151, Time=0.27 sec
ARIMA(0,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] : AIC=2760.644, Time=0.03 sec
ARIMA(2,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] intercept : AIC=2757.860, Time=0.29 sec
ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,0,0)[0] intercept : AIC=2757.887, Time=0.33 sec
ARIMA(2,1,1)(0,0,0)[0] intercept : AIC=2759.846, Time=0.99 sec
ARIMA(1,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] : AIC=2757.292, Time=0.08 sec
```

Best model: ARIMA(1,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
Total fit time: 3.420 seconds
Out[95]:ARIMA(order=(1, 1, 0), scoring_args={}, suppress_warnings=True)
В предыдущих моделях мы использовали уже готовый стационарный ряд (арифметическая доходность ЛСР), а в модели ARIMA я использовал
изначальный ряд, то есть цена акции ЛСР, так как модель ARIMA сама по себе делает из ряда стационарный ряд

```
In [96]: model.summary()
```

Out[96]:

SARIMAX Results

Dep. Variable:	y	No. Observations:	321			
Model:	SARIMAX(1, 1, 0)	Log Likelihood	-1374.973			
Date:	Tue, 30 Apr 2024	AIC	2755.946			
Time:	23:28:17	BIC	2767.251			
Sample:	0	HQIC	2760.460			
	- 321					
Covariance Type:	opg					
	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
intercept	1.8402	1.021	1.802	0.072	-0.162	3.842
ar.L1	0.1173	0.037	3.181	0.001	0.045	0.190
sigma2	315.9224	10.842	29.138	0.000	294.672	337.173
Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):	0.00	Jarque-Bera (JB):	1108.51			
Prob(Q):	0.98	Prob(JB):	0.00			
Heteroskedasticity (H):	2.26	Skew:	0.11			
Prob(H) (two-sided):	0.00	Kurtosis:	12.12			

```
Warnings:
[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).
Модель:
$y_t = 1.8402 + 1.2130*y_{t-1}$
```

Критерий Акаике. Лучшая модель.

```
In [104]: import numpy as np
n=321
ak_ma1 = np.log(0.0006) + 2*(1+0+1)/n
ak_ma2 = np.log(0.0006) + 2*(2+0+1)/n
ak_ar1 = np.log(0.0006) + 2*(0+1+1)/n
ak_ar2 = np.log(0.0006) + 2*(0+2+1)/n
ak_arma11 = np.log(0.0006) + 2*(1+1+1)/n
ak_arma12 = np.log(0.0006) + 2*(1+2+1)/n
ak_arma21 = np.log(0.0006) + 2*(2+1+1)/n
ak_arma22 = np.log(0.0006) + 2*(2+2+1)/n
akaike = pd.DataFrame({'Модель': ['AR(1)', 'AR(2)', 'MA(1)', 'MA(2)', 'ARMA(1,1)', 'ARMA(1,2)', 'ARMA(2,1)', 'ARMA(2,2)'],
                        'AIC': [ak_ar1, ak_ar2, ak_ma1, ak_ma2, ak_arma11, ak_arma12, ak_arma21, ak_arma22]})
akaike
```

```

Out[104]:
      Модель      AIC
0      AR(1)  -7.406120
1      AR(2)  -7.399889
2      MA(1)  -7.406120
3      MA(2)  -7.399889
4     ARMA(1,1) -7.399889
5     ARMA(1,2) -7.393659
6     ARMA(2,1) -7.393659
7     ARMA(2,2) -7.387428

In [109]: akaike.loc[akaike["AIC"].idxmin()]

```

```

Out[109]: Модель      AR(1)
      AIC      -7.40612
      Name: 0, dtype: object
По результатам критерия Акаике, можно сделать вывод, что AR(1) является лучшей моделью

```

Прогноз данных

```

In [111]: from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA

forecast = result_ar1.forecast(steps=5)

# Вывод прогноза
print("Прогноз цен акций на следующие 5 дней:")
print(forecast)

Прогноз цен акций на следующие 5 дней:
321    0.003963
322    0.003101
323    0.003042
324    0.003038
325    0.003037
Name: predicted_mean, dtype: float64

In [112]: # Первая цена акции (используется для прогноза)
initial_price = data['ЛСР'].iloc[-1]

# Преобразование прогноза арифметической доходности в цены акций
forecast_prices = [initial_price * (1 + return_) for return_ in forecast]

# Вывод прогноза цен акций на следующие 5 дней
print("Прогноз цен акций на следующие 5 дней:")
for i, price in enumerate(forecast_prices, start=1):
    print(f"День {i}: {price}")

```

```

Прогноз цен акций на следующие 5 дней:
День 1: 1140.5018561293696
День 2: 1139.5229528543214
День 3: 1139.4554754717894
День 4: 1139.4508241469146
День 5: 1139.4505035235845
И так, мы спрогнозировали цены акций ЛСР на последующие 5 дней, то есть с 17.04.2024 на 21.04.2024

In [ ]:

```