## **VECTORS**

## 12<sup>th</sup> Maths - Chapter 10 - EXERCISE 5.9

1. Find the position vector of a point **R** which divides the line joining two points **P** and **Q** whose position vectors are  $\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$  externally in the ratio 1:2.Also show that **P** is the midpoint of the linesegment RQ. **Solution:** The input parameters for this problem are available in Table 1

Symbol	Value	Description
P	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	First point
Q	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$	Second point

Table 1

**R** divides the line joining two points **P** and **Q** 

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

When  ${\bf R}$  divides line segment joining  ${\bf P}$  and  ${\bf Q}$  externally,

$$\mathbf{R} = \frac{1\mathbf{Q} - 2\mathbf{P}}{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 3\\5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

Also, Let the midpoint of  $\boldsymbol{R}$  and  $\boldsymbol{Q}$  be  $\boldsymbol{P}$  , Position vector of  $\boldsymbol{P}$  is given by

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{(\mathbf{R} + \mathbf{Q})}{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

equation (4) is same as equation (1) See Fig. 1.

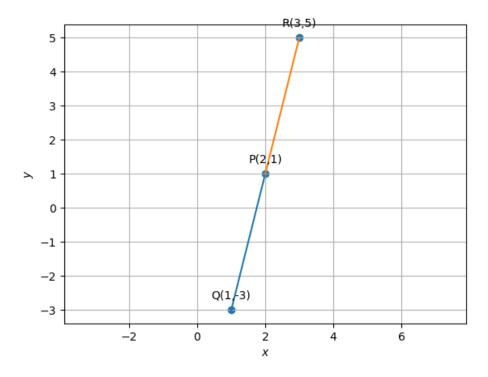


Figure 1