Hands-on Short Course from the Genomics Research Core Installation Guide

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In this hands-on course, we will use several R packages to play with RNA-Seq data. We all have different computers, operation systems and environment settings. You can directly use the R console from the command line or choose RStudio – a user-friendly integrated development environment (IDE). Although the latest version of R is recommended, you do not need to install from scratch if your computer already has R/RStudio. Just simply check the packages to make sure your version supports them. And feel free to opt out the packages you only want to see how it works on my screen. If it is your first time installing R, very likely you will need all following steps. Let's get started, or scroll down to where interests you!

Step 1: Install R

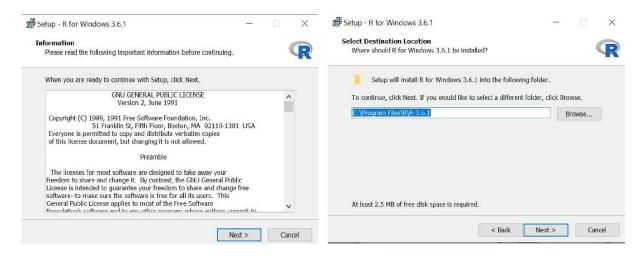
1.1 The latest version is R-3.6.3 (https://cran.rstudio.com/).

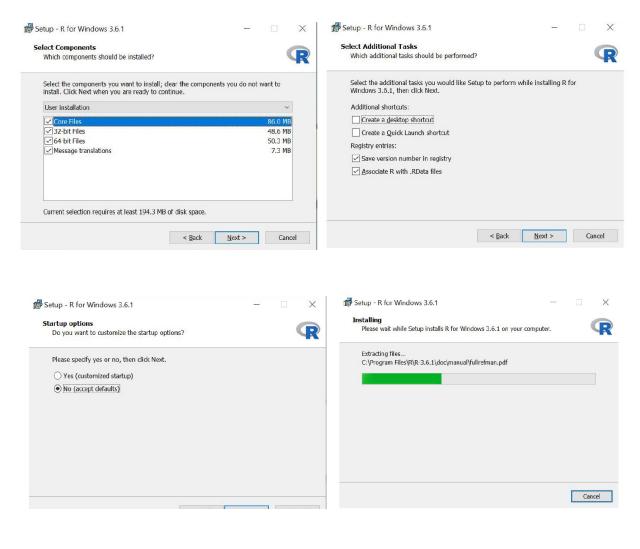
Download precompiled binary distributions for your operation system:

Windows (32/64 bit)	https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/base/R-3.6.3-win.exe
Mac (OS X 10)	https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/macosx/R-3.6.3.pkg
Linux	https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/linux/

Note: you OS might ask for additional tools to build R. The Rtools download link is near the base link you just used.

1.2 Here is an example of installation on Windows.







Note: you can choose to only install 64-bit files by unclicking 32-bit files on 64-bit windows 10/8/7.

Step 2: Install RStudio

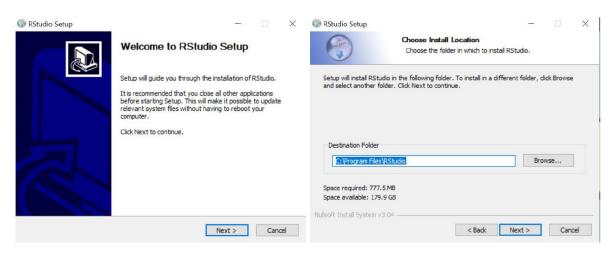
2.1 Download free RStudio Desktop 1.2.5042 from

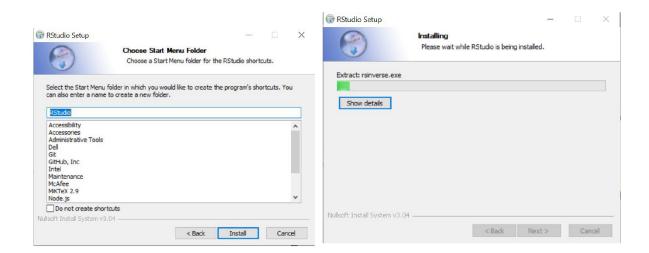
https://rstudio.com/products/rstudio/download/#download

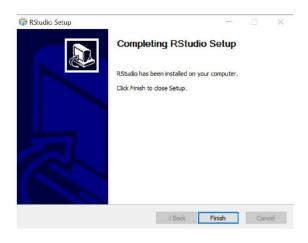
Windows	https://download1.rstudio.org/desktop/windows/RStudio-1.2.5042.exe
Mac (OS X 10)	https://download1.rstudio.org/desktop/macos/RStudio-1.2.5042.dmg
Linux (red hat)	https://download1.rstudio.org/desktop/fedora28/x86_64/rstudio-1.2.5042-
	x86_64.rpm

Note: other linux installers and tarballs are on the same page.

2.2 Here is an example of installation on Windows.



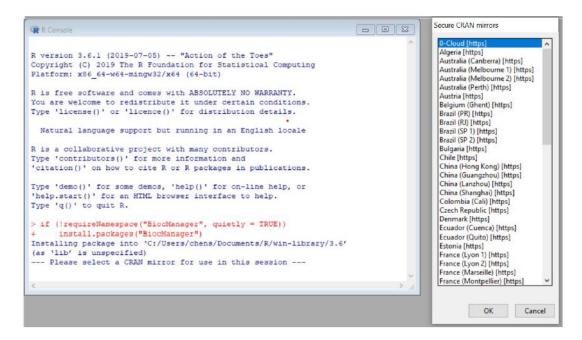




Step 3: Install R packages (Bioconductor packages and other R packages)

- **3.1** Install Bioconductor https://www.bioconductor.org/install/
- 3.1.1 Open a R console and enter the command to install BiocManager (an installation tool).

if (!requireNamespace("BiocManager", quietly = TRUE))
install.packages("BiocManager")



3.1.2 Once you have Biocmanager, you can install any available packages you want.

The whole latest version 3.10:

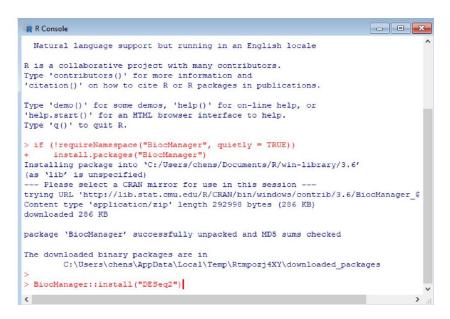
```
BiocManager::install(version = "3.10")
```

The core packages or update installed packages:

```
BiocManager::install()
```

Specific package by name:

BiocManager::install("DESeq2")



3.1.3 Install Bioconductor packages we need for the course:

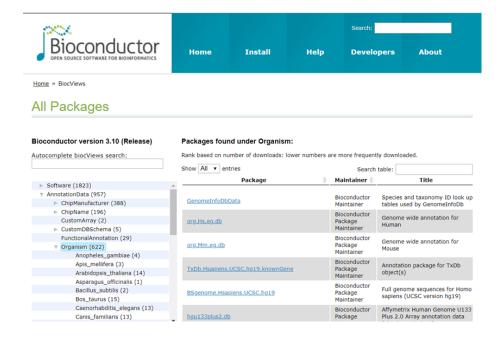
```
BiocManager::install("clusterProfiler")

BiocManager::install("edgeR")

BiocManager::install("org.Hs.eg.db")
```

org.Hs.eg.db is Bioconductor's human genome wide annotation package. The full list of annotation packages can be found in this link.

https://www.bioconductor.org/packages/release/BiocViews.html# Organism



3.2 Install other R packages we need for the course in R prompt.

install.packages("dplyr")
install.packages("tidyr")
install.packages("ggplot2")

Can't wait to start playing in R? Go ahead!

Here are a few cheat sheets I keep at hand.

Base R:

http://github.com/rstudio/cheatsheets/raw/master/base-r.pdf

dplyr:

https://github.com/rstudio/cheatsheets/raw/master/data-transformation.pdf

ggplot2:

https://github.com/rstudio/cheatsheets/raw/master/data-visualization-2.1.pdf

RStudio IDE:

https://github.com/rstudio/cheatsheets/raw/master/rstudio-ide.pdf