



Software Quality Assurance and Testing (SQAT) **White Box Testing (Part 2)**

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The contents of these course slides is (in great part) based on:
Neil Taylor (2019) *Course presentations for Software Quality Assurance and Testing (SQAT)*, Aberystwyth University.



Introduction

Continuing to think about White Box Testing:

- Control Flow
- Cyclomatic Complexity
- Basis Paths



Learning Objectives

- Discuss the use of cyclomatic complexity and basis paths to guide the process to select test cases.



Control Flow Graphing & Basis Paths

- Control Flow Graphs can be used to understand the connections within the code
 - How one part of the code moves to the next part
 - Helps us to understand the control structure
 - Cyclomatic Complexity to measure function complexity
 - Help for testing
- Basis Path is an independent path through
 - Each path represents a path to test
 - Developed by T McCabe & A H Watson

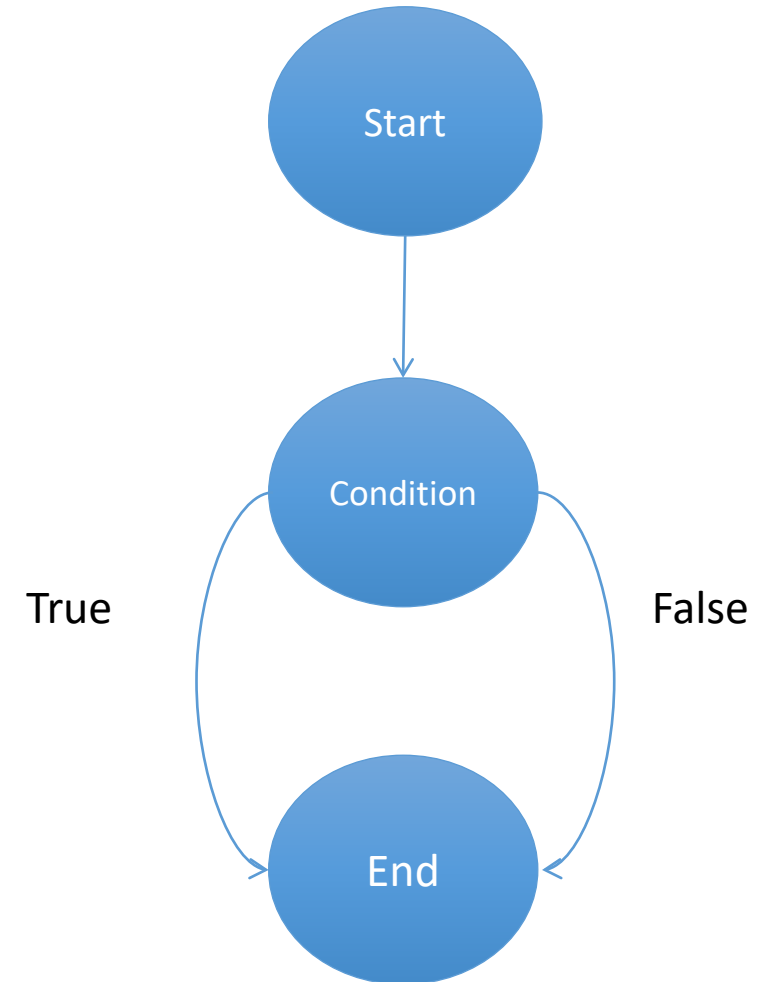


Control flow graph

Contains:

- Nodes – represents actions in the code. We are particularly interested in conditions that change the flow in the code.
- Edges – Arrows that link the Nodes.
- Start and Entry Point

```
public String  
getSubstring(String s, int p)  
{  
    String result = null;  
    if(s.length > p) {  
        result = s.substring(p);  
    }  
    return result;  
}
```





Cyclomatic Complexity

- Calculation that gives an indication of complexity
- Higher the number, the more complex the code is
- Two similar ways to calculate
 - Number of Edges – Number of Nodes + 2
 - Number of condition clauses + 1
- Can use the calculation for testing to indicate a minimum number of tests for a section of code

```
public String getSubstring(String s, int p)
{
    String result = null;
    if(s.length > p) {
        result = s.substring(p);
    }
    return result;
}
```

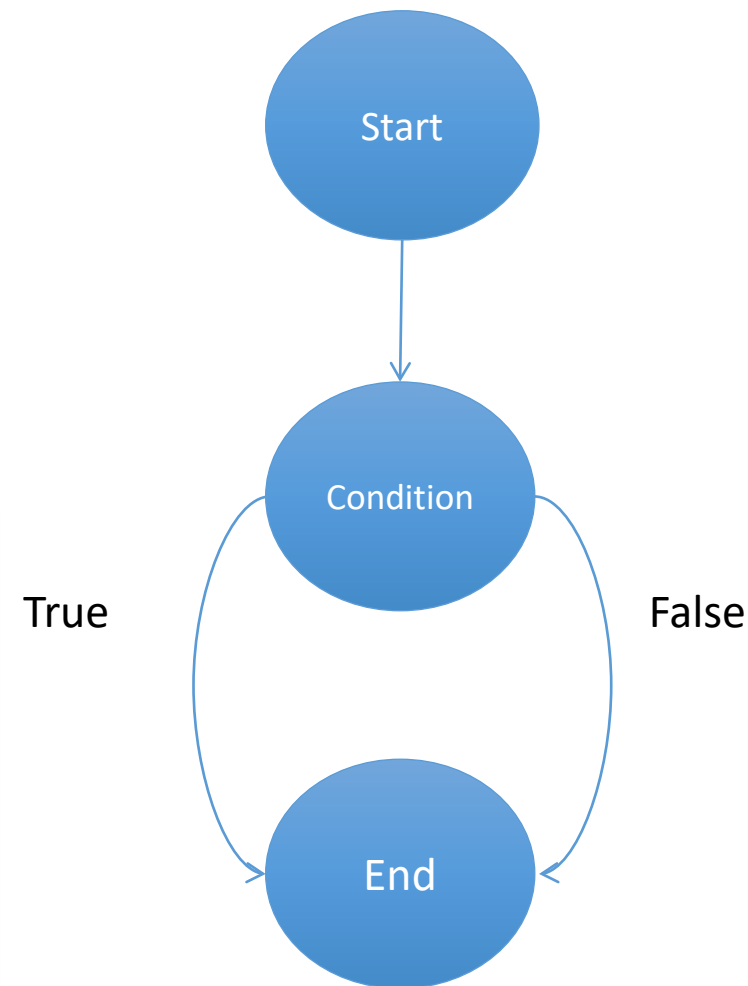
Cyclomatic Complexity:

Either:

$$E - N + 2 \rightarrow 3 - 3 + 2 = 2$$

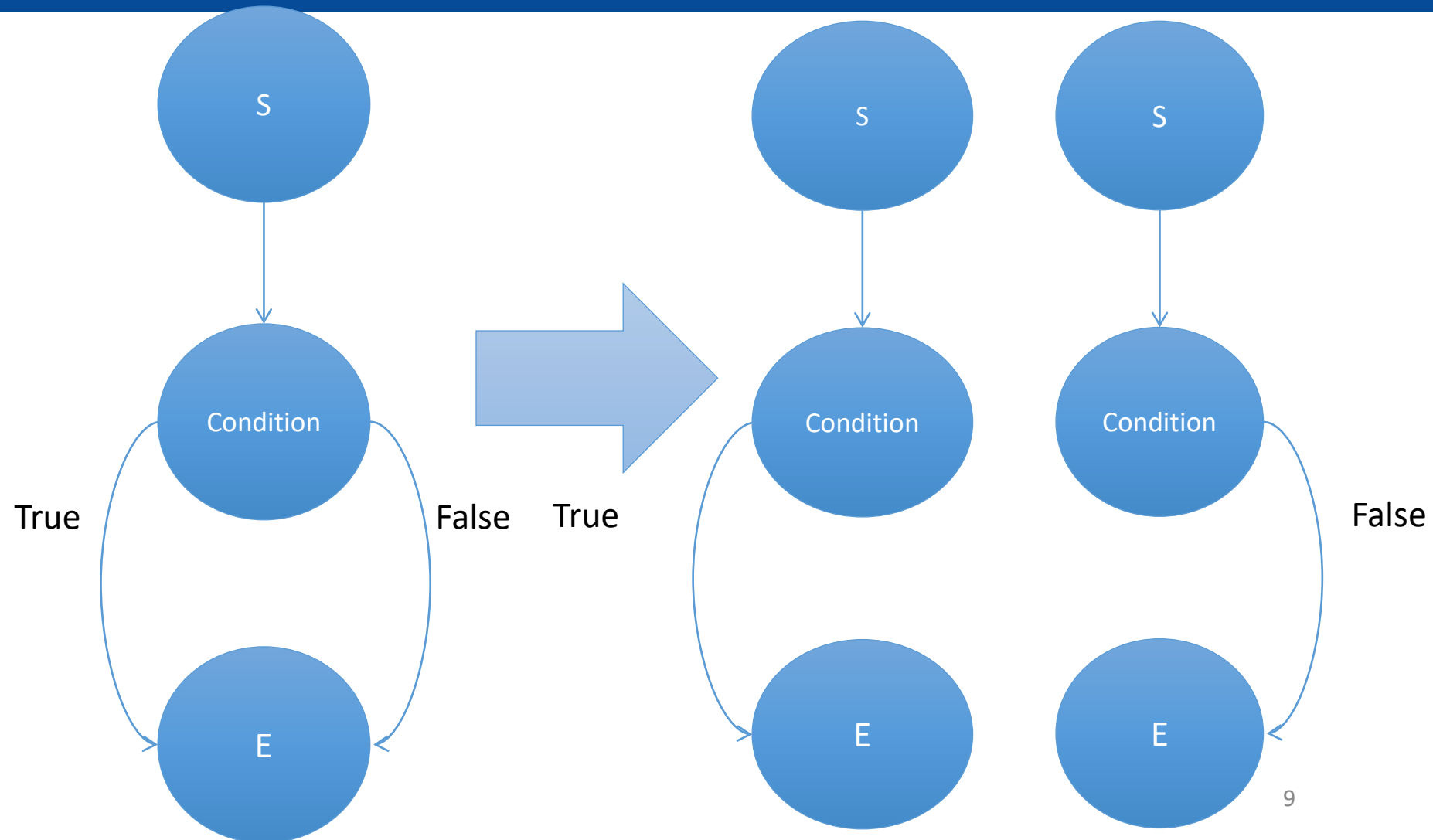
Or

$$C + 1 \rightarrow 1 + 1 = 2$$



Basis Path

- Independent path through the code
- We should test each independent path



Example



Example taken from “*How We Test Software At Microsoft*”

- A function counts the instances of the letter C in strings that begin with a letter A



A0

```
private static int CountC(string myString){  
    int index = 0, i = 0, j = 0, k = 0;  
    char[] strArray = myString.ToCharArray();
```

A1

```
    if(strArray[index] == 'A') {
```

A2

```
        while(++index < strArray.Length) {
```

A3

```
            if(strArray[index] == 'B') {
```

```
                j = j + 1;
```

```
            }
```

A4

```
            else if(strArray[index] == 'C') {
```

```
                i = i + j;
```

```
                k = k + 1;
```

```
                j = 0;
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
        i = i + j;
```

```
    }
```

A5

```
    return i;
```

```
}
```



Decision Table

Two test cases can be used to evaluate each conditional clause to True or False at least once.

ID	Input	A1	A2	A3	A4	Expected	Actual
1	D	F	-	-	-	0	0
2	ABCD	T	T & F	T & F	T & F	1	1

Test Case 2 follows the path:

$A_0 \rightarrow A_1(T) \rightarrow A_2(T) \rightarrow A_3(T) \rightarrow A_2(T) \rightarrow A_3(F) \rightarrow A_4(T) \rightarrow A_2(T) \rightarrow A_3(F) \rightarrow A_4(F) \rightarrow A_2(F) \rightarrow A_5$

Do these test cases exercise all of the paths?



Basis Paths

- Cyclomatic Complexity for this section of code?
 - Diagram drawn on board
- What is the calculation?



Basic Path Table for CountC

Basis Path	Path	Input	Expected
1	$A0 \rightarrow A1(F) \rightarrow A5$	D	0
2	$A0 \rightarrow A1(T) \rightarrow A2(F) \rightarrow A5$	A	0
3	$A0 \rightarrow A1(T) \rightarrow A2(T) \rightarrow A3(T) \rightarrow A2(F) \rightarrow A5$	AB	0
4	$A0 \rightarrow A1(T) \rightarrow A2(T) \rightarrow A3(F) \rightarrow A4(T) \rightarrow A2(F) \rightarrow A5$	AC	1
5	$A0 \rightarrow A1(T) \rightarrow A2(T) \rightarrow A3(F) \rightarrow A4(F) \rightarrow A2(F) \rightarrow A5$	AD	0

Truth Table for CountC



Test	Param	A1	A2	A3	A4	Expected	Actual
1	D	F	-	-	-	0	0
2	A	T	F	-	-	0	0
3	AB	T	T & F	T	-	0	1
4	AC	T	T & F	F	T	1	0
5	AD	T	T & F	F	F	0	0

This set of tests highlight some problems in the code.
We don't get the correct values for test cases 3 and 4

Summary



- Looked at a way to think about the complexity of a piece of code
- Used that to guide the number of test cases that we should think about
- Considered an example from the Microsoft book, which illustrates the use of the technique.



Any Questions?
