# 哈爾濱Z紫大學 实验报告

# 实验(三)

题	目 <u></u>	Binary Bomb
		二进制炸弹
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# 计算机科学与技术学院

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## 第1章 实验基本信息

#### 1.1 实验目的

熟练掌握计算机系统的 ISA 指令系统与寻址方式 熟练掌握 Linux 下调试器的反汇编调试跟踪分析机器语言的方法 增强对程序机器级表示、汇编语言、调试器和逆向工程等的理解

## 1.2 实验环境与工具

#### 1.2.1 硬件环境

X86-64 CPU; 3.60GHz; 16G RAM; 256G SSD; 1T SSD

## 1.2.2 软件环境

Win 10 Ubuntu 20.04.2 LTS WSL

## 1.2.3 开发工具

Visual Studio 2019; Vim; GCC; GDB; Code::Blocks; CLion 2020.3.1 x64

## 1.3 实验预习

上实验课前,认真预习实验指导书(PPT或PDF)

了解实验的目的、实验环境与软硬件工具、实验操作步骤,复习与实验有关的理论知识。

写出 C 语言下包含字符串比较、循环、分支(含 switch)、函数调用、递归、指针、结构、链表等的例子程序 sample.c。

生成执行程序 sample.out。

用 gcc - S 或 CodeBlocks 或 GDB 或 OBJDUMP 等, 反汇编, 比较。

列出每一部分的C语言对应的汇编语言。

修改编译选项-O (缺省 2)、O0、O1、O2、O3,-m32/m64。再次查看生成的汇编语言与原来的区别。

注意 O1 之后无栈帧,EBP 做别的用途。-fno-omit-frame-pointer 加上栈指针。GDB 命令详解 - tui 模式 ^XA 切换 layout 改变等等

有目的地学习:看 VS 的功能 GDB 命令用什么?

## 第2章 实验环境建立

## 2.1 Ubuntu 下 CodeBlocks 反汇编(10 分)

CodeBlocks 运行 hellolinux.c。反汇编查看 printf 函数的实现。

要求: C、ASM、内存(显示 hello 等内容)、堆栈(call printf 前)、寄存器同时在一个窗口。

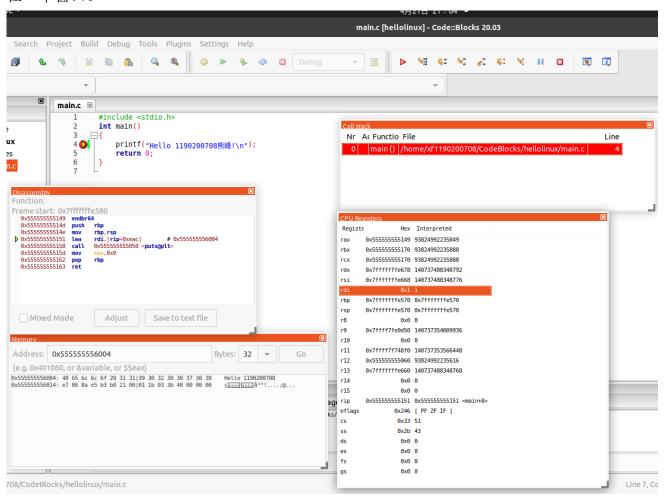


图 2-1 Ubuntu下 CodeBlocks 反汇编截图

## 2. 2 Ubuntu 下 EDB 运行环境建立 (10 分)

用 EDB 调试 hellolinux.c 的执行文件, 截图, 要求同 2.1

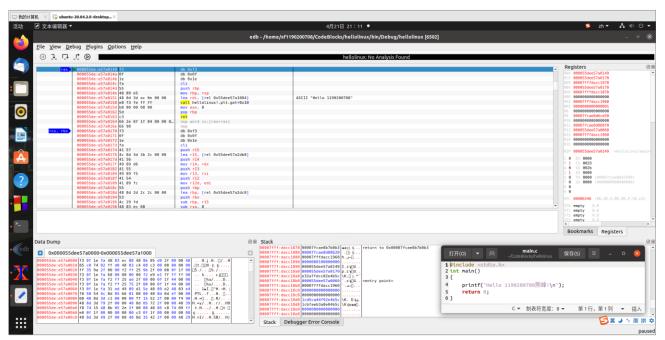


图 2-2 Ubuntu 下 EDB 截图

## 第3章 各阶段炸弹破解与分析

每阶段 15 分 (密码 10 分,分析 5 分),总分不超过 80 分

#### 3.1 阶段1的破解与分析

密码如下: I was trying to give Tina Fey more material.

破解过程:

```
000000004012a6 <main>:
4012a6: 55
                                    %rbp
4012a7: 48 89 e5
                                     %rsp,%rbp
4012aa: 53
4012ab: 48 83 ec 08
                                     $0x8,%rsp
4012af: 83 ff 01
                              cmp $0x1,%edi
4012b2: 0f 84 ed 00 00 00
                                     4013a5 <main+0xff>
4012b8: 48 89 f3
                              mov %rsi,%rbx
                              cmp $0x2,%edi
ine 4013d8 <main+0x132>
4012bb: 83 ff 02
4012be: 0f 85 14 01 00 00
4012c4: 48 8b 7e 08
                              mov 0x8(%rsi),%rdi
4012c8: be 04 30 40 00
                                     $0x403004,%esi
4012cd: e8 5e fe ff ff
                              callq 401130 <fopen@plt>
4012d2: 48 89 05 97 44 00 00 mov %rax,0x44
4012d9: 48 85 c0 test %rax,%rax
                                     %rax,0x4497(%rip)
4012dc: 0f 84 d6 00 00 00
                                     4013b8 <main+0x112>
                              callq 401896 <initialize_bomb>
4012e2: e8 af 05 00 00
4012e7: bf 88 30 40 00
                                     $0x403088, %edi
4012ec: e8 6f fd ff ff
                              callq 401060 <puts@plt>
                              mov $0x4030c8,%edi
4012f1: bf c8 30 40 00
4012f6: e8 65 fd ff ff
                              callq 401060 <puts@plt>
                              callq 401993 <read_line>
4012fb: e8 93 06 00 00
401300: 48 89 c7
                                     %rax,%rdi
401303: e8 f1 00 00 00
                              callq 4013f9 <phase_1>
                                     401abe <phase defuse
```

首先主函数调用 phase\_1 函数进行第一次拆弹。

```
000000000004013f9 <phase_1>:
 4013f9: 55
                               push %rbp
 4013fa: 48 89 e5
                                      %rsp,%rbp
 4013fd: be 50 31 40 00
                                      $0x403150,%esi
 401402: e8 32 04 00 00
                               callq 401839 <strings_not_equal>
 401407: 85 c0
                                      %eax,%eax
                                      40140d <phase_1+0x14>
 401409: 75 02
 40140b: 5d
                                      %rbp
 40140c: c3
                               reta
 40140d: e8 23 05 00 00
                               callq 401935 <explode_bomb>
                               jmp
 401412: eb f7
                                      40140b <phase_1+0x12>
```

首先对 phase\_1 分析,函数通过将地址 0x403150 的内容赋给寄存器%esi,再调用 strings not equal 函数,判断输入的字符串与 0x403150 处字符串是否相同,

若%eax 的值为 1, 此时函数跳转到 0x40140d, 并调用 explode\_bomb 函数, 引爆炸弹。

```
0000000000401839 <strings_not_equal>:
    401839: 55
                                                                             push %rbp
    40183a: 48 89 e5
                                                                                                 %rsp,%rbp
    40183d: 41 55
    40183f: 41 54
    401841: 53
                                                                          push %rbx
   401842: 48 83 ec 08 sub $0x8,%rsp
401846: 48 89 fb mov %rdi,%rbx
401849: 49 89 f4 mov %rsi,%r12
40184c: e8 d4 ff ff ff callq 401825 <string_length>
401851: 41 89 c5 mov %eax,%r13d
    401854: 4c 89 e7
                                                                                                %r12,%rdi
   401854: 4c 89 e7 mov %r12,%rdi

401857: e8 c9 ff ff ff callq 401825 <string_length>

401856: 41 39 c5 cmp %eax,%r13d

40185f: 75 1e jne 40187f <strings_not_equal+0x46>

401861: 0f b6 03 movzbl (%rbx),%eax

401864: 84 c0 test %al,%al

401866: 74 10 je 401878 <strings_not_equal+0x3f>

401868: 41 38 04 24 cmp %al,(%r12)

401866: 75 21 jne 40188f <strings_not_equal+0x56>

40186e: 48 83 c3 01 add $0x1,%rbx

401872: 49 83 c4 01 add $0x1,%rbx

401876: eb e9 jmp 401861 <strings_not_equal+0x28>

401878: b8 00 00 00 00 mov $0x0 %eax

      401876: eb e9
      Jmp
      401801 (5)

      401878: b8 00 00 00 00
      mov
      $0x0,%eax

      40187d: eb 05
      Jmp
      401884 (5)

      40187f: b8 01 00 00 00
      mov
      $0x1,%eax

      401884: 48 83 c4 08
      add
      $0x8,%rsp

      401898: 5b
      mov
      $0x8,%rsp

                                                                                               401884 <strings_not_equal+0x4b>
                                                                                                %rbx
    401888: 5h
                                                                                                %r12
    401889: 41 5c
    40188b: 41 5d
                                                                                                 %r13
    40188d: 5d
                                                                                                 %rbp
    40188e: c3
                                                                           retq
    40188f: b8 01 00 00 00
                                                                                                 $0x1,%eax
    401894: eb ee
                                                                              jmp 401884 <strings_not_equal+0x4b>
```

对 strings\_not\_equal 函数分析,首先函数判断字符串的长度,如长度不相同则返回值 1。函数通过调用 string\_length 确定字符串的长度。分别通过%rdi 和%rsi 保存两个字符串的地址。若两个字符串长度相同,再分别对字符串的每一位比较。

string\_length 函数通过对%eax 进行+1 操作,同时使%rdi 所表示的地址+1,不

断进行位的比较,相当于每次移动位一次,计算出长度。

```
(gdb) disass phase 1
Dump of assembler code for function phase 1:
=> 0x000000000004013f9 <+0>:
                                push
   0x000000000004013fa <+1>:
                                        %rsp,%rbp
                                mov
   0x000000000004013fd <+4>:
                                mov
                                       $0x403150, %esi
                                callq 0x401839 <strings not equal>
   0x00000000000401402 <+9>:
   0x00000000000401407 <+14>:
                                       %eax,%eax
                                test
                                       0x40140d <phase 1+20>
   0x00000000000401409 <+16>:
                                jne
   0x0000000000040140b <+18>:
                                       %rbp
                                pop
   0x0000000000040140c <+19>:
                                retq
  0x0000000000040140d <+20>:
                                callq 0x401935 <explode_bomb>
   0x00000000000401412 <+25>:
                                       0x40140b <phase 1+18>
                                jmp
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) x/s 0x403150
                "I was trying to give Tina Fey more material."
```

通过反汇编,找到 0x403150 处所存放的字符串。

故 phase\_1 的密码为 I was trying to give Tina Fey more material.

#### 3.2 阶段2的破解与分析

密码如下: 011235

破解过程:

```
40130d: bf f8 30 40 00 mov $0x4030f8,%edi

401312: e8 49 fd ff ff callq 401060 <puts@plt>

401317: e8 77 06 00 00 callq 401993 <read_line>

40131c: 48 89 c7 mov %rax,%rdi

40131f: e8 f0 00 00 00 callq 401414 <phase_2>

401324: e8 95 07 00 00 callq 401abe <phase_defused>
```

main 函数首先将读到的内容地址传给%rdi 寄存器,再调用 phase\_2 函数。

```
(gdb) disass phase 2
Dump of assembler code for function phase 2:
=> 0x00000000000401414 <+0>:
                                 push
   0x00000000000401415 <+1>:
                                         %rsp,%rbp
                                 mov
   0x00000000000401418 <+4>:
                                 push
                                         %rbx
                                         $0x28,%rsp
   0x00000000000401419 <+5>:
                                 sub
                                         -0x30(%rbp),%rsi
   0x0000000000040141d <+9>:
                                 lea
   0x00000000000401421 <+13>:
                                 callq 0x401957 <read_six_numbers>
   0x00000000000401426 <+18>:
                                         $0x0,-0x30(%rbp)
                                 cmpl
   0x0000000000040142a <+22>:
                                        0x401432 <phase 2+30>
                                 jne
   0x0000000000040142c <+24>:
                                         $0x1,-0x2c(%rbp)
                                 cmpl
                                         0x401437 <phase 2+35>
   0x00000000000401430 <+28>:
                                 je
   0x00000000000401432 <+30>:
                                 callq 0x401935 <explode bomb>
   0x00000000000401437 <+35>:
                                         $0x2,%ebx
                                 mov
   0x0000000000040143c <+40>:
                                        0x401446 <phase_2+50>
                                 jmp
   0x0000000000040143e <+42>:
                                 callq 0x401935 <explode bomb>
   0x00000000000401443 <+47>:
                                         $0x1, %ebx
                                 add
   0x00000000000401446 <+50>:
                                 cmp
                                         $0x5, %ebx
                                        0x401469 <phase 2+85>
   0x00000000000401449 <+53>:
                                 jg
   0x0000000000040144b <+55>:
                                 movslq %ebx,%rdx
   0x0000000000040144e <+58>:
                                 lea
                                         -0x2(%rbx),%ecx
   0x00000000000401451 <+61>:
                                 movslq %ecx,%rcx
   0x00000000000401454 <+64>:
                                 lea
                                         -0x1(%rbx), %eax
   0x00000000000401457 <+67>:
                                 cltq
   0x00000000000401459 <+69>:
                                         -0x30(%rbp, %rax, 4), %eax
                                 mov
   0x0000000000040145d <+73>:
                                         -0x30(%rbp,%rcx,4),%eax
                                 add
                                        %eax,-0x30(%rbp,%rdx,4)
   0x00000000000401461 <+77>:
                                 cmp
   0x00000000000401465 <+81>:
                                        0x401443 <phase_2+47>
                                 je
   0x00000000000401467 <+83>:
                                        0x40143e <phase_2+42>
                                 jmp
   0x00000000000401469 <+85>:
                                         $0x28,%rsp
                                 add
   0x0000000000040146d <+89>:
                                 pop
                                         %rbx
   0x0000000000040146e <+90>:
                                         %rbp
                                 pop
   0x000000000040146f <+91>:
                                 retq
End of assembler dump.
```

对 phase\_2 函数分析,函数通过判断%ebx 是否大于 5,控制循环的次数为 4,同时还需满足-0x30(%rbp,%rdx,4)与%eax 是否相等,若相等则继续循环,否则调用explode\_bomb 函数引爆炸弹。

```
(gdb) disass read_six_numbers
Dump of assembler code for function read_six_numbers:
                                 push
   0x00000000000401957 <+0>:
                                        %rbp
   0x00000000000401958 <+1>:
                                        %rsp,%rbp
                                 mov
                                        %rsi,%rdx
   0x0000000000040195b <+4>:
                                 mov
   0x0000000000040195e <+7>:
                                 lea
                                        0x4(%rsi),%rcx
   0x00000000000401962 <+11>:
                                lea
                                        0x14(%rsi), %rax
   0x00000000000401966 <+15>:
                                        %rax
                                 push
   0x00000000000401967 <+16>:
                                        0x10(%rsi),%rax
                                lea
                                push
   0x0000000000040196b <+20>:
                                        %rax
   0x0000000000040196c <+21>:
                                 lea
                                        0xc(%rsi),%r9
   0x00000000000401970 <+25>:
                                lea
                                        0x8(%rsi),%r8
   0x00000000000401974 <+29>:
                                        $0x403303,%esi
                                mov
   0x00000000000401979 <+34>:
                                        $0x0,%eax
                                 mov
                                 callq 0x401110 < isoc99_sscanf@plt>
   0x0000000000040197e <+39>:
   0x00000000000401983 <+44>:
                                 add
                                        $0x10,%rsp
   0x00000000000401987 <+48>:
                                 cmp
                                        $0x5,%eax
                                 jle
                                        0x40198e <read six numbers+55>
   0x0000000000040198a <+51>:
   0x0000000000040198c <+53>:
                                 leaveq
   0x000000000040198d <+54>:
                                retq
   0x0000000000040198e <+55>:
                                 callq 0x401935 <explode_bomb>
End of assembler dump
```

在对 read\_six\_numbers 函数分析,根据 phase\_2 的函数%rsi = %rsp - 0x30。由 phase\_2 可得第一个数为 0,第二个数为 1。

第三个数: %ebx = 2 -> %rdx = 2 -> %ecx = 0 -> %rcx = 0 -> %eax = 1 ->

第四个数: %ebx = 3 -> %rdx = 3 -> %ecx = 1 -> %rcx = 1 -> %eax -> 2 -> %eax = 1 -> %eax = 2, 故第四个数为 2.

第五个数: %ebx = 4 -> %rdx = 4 -> %ecx = 2 -> %rcx = 2 -> %eax = 3 -> %eax = 2 -> %eax = 3, 故第五个数位 3.

第六个数: %ebx = 5 -> %rdx = 5 -> %ecx = 3 -> %rcx = 3 -> %eax = 4 -> %eax = 3 -> %eax = 5, 故第六个数位 5.

```
(gdb) disass read six numbers
Dump of assembler code for function read six numbers:
  0x00000000000401957 <+0>: push %rbp
  0x00000000000401958 <+1>:
                           mov
                                   %rsp,%rbp
  0x000000000040195b <+4>: mov
                                   %rsi,%rdx
  0x000000000040195e <+7>: lea 0x4(%rsi),%rcx
  0x0000000000401962 <+11>: lea 0x14(%rsi),%rax
  0x0000000000401966 <+15>: push %rax
  0x0000000000401967 <+16>: lea 0x10(%rsi),%rax
  0x000000000040196b <+20>: push %rax
  0x000000000040196c <+21>: lea 0xc(%rsi),%r9
  0x0000000000401970 <+25>: lea 0x8(%rsi),%r8
  0x0000000000401974 <+29>: mov $0x403303, %esi
  0x0000000000401979 <+34>: mov $0x0,%eax
  0x00000000040197e <+39>: callq 0x401110 < isoc99 sscanf@plt>
  0x00000000000401983 <+44>:
                          add $0x10,%rsp
  0x00000000000401987 <+48>:
                           cmp
                                   $0x5, %eax
  0x0000000000040198a <+51>:
                           jle 0x40198e <read six numbers+55>
                           leaveq
  0x0000000000040198c <+53>:
  0x0000000000040198d <+54>:
                           reta
  0x000000000040198e <+55>: callq 0x401935 <explode bomb>
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) x/s 0x403303
             "%d %d %d %d %d %d"
```

故由图可知,输入格式为"%d %d %d %d %d %d",因此密码为 011235.

#### 3.3 阶段3的破解与分析

密码如下: 0-158 或 1-631 或 2-315 或 3-464 或 40 或 5-464 破解过程:

```
(gdb) p/x *0x4031b0
1 = 0x4014e6
(gdb) p/x *0x4031b8
$2 = 0x4014ac
(gdb) p/x *0x4031c0
$3 = 0x4014ed
(gdb) p/x *0x4031c8
$4 = 0x4014f4
(gdb) p/x *0x4031d0
$5 = 0x4014fb
(gdb) p/x *0x4031d8
$6 = 0x401502
(gdb) p/x *0x4031e0
$7 = 0x401509
(gdb) p/x *0x4031e8
$8 = 0x401510
```

```
00000000000401470 <phase_3>:
  401470: 55
                                       %rbp
                                       %rsp,%rbp
  401471: 48 89 e5
  401474: 48 83 ec 10
                                       $0x10,%rsp
  401478: 48 8d 4d f8
                                      -0x8(%rbp),%rcx
  40147c: 48 8d 55 fc
                                      -0x4(%rbp),%rdx
  401480: be 0f 33 40 00
                                     $0x40330f,%esi
  401485: b8 00 00 00 00
                                      $0x0,%eax
  40148a: e8 81 fc ff ff
                               callq 401110 <__isoc99_sscanf@plt>
  40148f: 83 f8 01
                                      $0x1,%eax
  401492: 7e 11
                                    4014a5 <phase 3+0x35>
  401494: 8b 45 fc
                                      -0x4(%rbp), %eax
  401497: 83 f8 07
                                       $0x7, %eax
  40149a: 77 7b
                                      401517 <phase_3+0xa7>
  40149c: 89 c0
                                     %eax,%eax
  40149e: ff 24 c5 b0 31 40 00 jmpq
                                      *0x4031b0(,%rax,8)
                               callq 401935 <explode bomb>
  4014a5: e8 8b 04 00 00
  4014aa: eb e8
                               imp
                                      401494 <phase 3+0x24>
  4014ac: b8 00 00 00 00
                                      $0x0,%eax
  4014b1: 2d 3c 01 00 00
                               sub $0x13c,%eax
  4014b6: 05 95 00 00 00
                                      $0x95,%eax
  4014bb: 2d d0 01 00 00
                                      $0x1d0,%eax
  4014c0: 05 d0 01 00 00
                                    $0x1d0,%eax
  4014c5: 2d d0 01 00 00
                               sub $0x1d0,%eax
  4014ca: 05 d0 01 00 00
                               add $0x1d0,%eax
  4014cf: 2d d0 01 00 00
                                      $0x1d0, %eax
  4014d4: 83 7d fc 05
                               cmpl $0x5,-0x4(%rbp)
  4014d8: 7f 05
                                      4014df <phase_3+0x6f>
  4014da: 39 45 f8
                                      %eax,-0x8(%rbp)
  4014dd: 74 05
                                      4014e4 <phase_3+0x74>
  4014df: e8 51 04 00 00
                               callq 401935 <explode bomb>
  4014e4: c9
                               leaveg
 4014e5: c3
                               retq
 4014e6: b8 d9 01 00 00
                                      $0x1d9,%eax
                                      4014b1 <phase_3+0x41>
 4014eb: eb c4
                               jmp
 4014ed: b8 00 00 00 00
                                      $0x0, %eax
 4014f2: eb c2
                                      4014b6 <phase 3+0x46>
                               jmp
 4014f4: b8 00 00 00 00
                                      $0x0, %eax
 4014f9: eb c0
                                      4014bb <phase 3+0x4b>
                               jmp
 4014fb: b8 00 00 00 00
                                      $0x0,%eax
 401500: eb be
                                      4014c0 <phase_3+0x50>
                               jmp
 401502: b8 00 00 00 00
                                      $0x0, %eax
                                      4014c5 <phase_3+0x55>
 401507: eb bc
                               jmp
 401509: b8 00 00 00 00
                                      $0x0,%eax
 40150e: eb ba
                               jmp
                                      4014ca <phase_3+0x5a>
 401510: b8 00 00 00 00
                                      $0x0, %eax
 401515: eb b8
                                      4014cf <phase_3+0x5f>
                               jmp
                               callq 401935 <explode bomb>
 401517: e8 19 04 00 00
 40151c: b8 00 00 00 00
                                      $0x0,%eax
 401521: eb b1
                                      4014d4 <phase_3+0x64>
                               jmp
```

对 phase\_3 函数分析,phase\_3 函数部分主要为 switch 语句。%eax<=7,故在地址 40149e 的间接跳转,根据%eax 的值分别跳转到\*0x4014e6, \*0x4014ac, \*0x4031c0, \*0x4031c8, \*0x4031d0, 0x4031d8, 0x4031e0, 0x4031e8, 通过 gdb 查看地址为 0x4014ed, 0x4014f4, 0x4014fb, 0x401502, 0x401509, 0x401510。依次对对应地址汇编代码分析,得出源码:

```
void phase_3()
   switch(val)
    {
        case0:
            a=0x1d9;
            a=0x13c;
            a+=0x95;
            a=0x1d0;
                       //a = -158
            break;
        case1:
            a=0;
            a=0x13c;
            a+=0x95;
            a=0x1d0;
                       //a = -631
            break;
        case2:
            a=0;
            a+=0x95;
            a=0x1d0;
                       //a = -315
            break;
        case3:
```

```
a=0;
           a=0x1d0; //a=-464
           break;
       case4:
           a=0;
                  //a=0
           break;
       case5:
           a=0;
           a=0x1d0; //a=-464
           break;
       case6:
           a=0;
                  //a=0
           break;
       case7:
           a=0;
           a=0x1d0; //a=-464
           break;
   }
   if(val>5)
       explode_bomb();
}
                        That's number 2. Keep going!
                        0 -158
                       Halfway there!
                        That's number 2. Keep going!
                        1 -631
                        Halfway there!
```

```
That's number 2. Keep going!
2 -315
Halfway there!

That's number 2. Keep going!
3 -464
Halfway there!

That's number 2. Keep going!
4 0
Halfway there!

That's number 2. Keep going!
5 -464
Halfway there!
```

#### 3.4 阶段 4 的破解与分析

密码如下: 242 或 363 或 484

破解过程:

```
0000000000040156e <phase_4>:
 40156e: 55
                                      %rbp
                                      %rsp,%rbp
 40156f: 48 89 e5
 401572: 48 83 ec 10
                                      $0x10,%rsp
 401576: 48 8d 4d fc
                               lea -0x4(%rbp),%rcx
 40157a: 48 8d 55 f8
                                      -0x8(%rbp),%rdx
 40157e: be 0f 33 40 00
                                      $0x40330f,%esi
                                      $0x0, %eax
 401583: b8 00 00 00 00
                               callq 401110 <__isoc99_sscanf@plt>
 401588: e8 83 fb ff ff
 40158d: 83 f8 02
                                      $0x2,%eax
 401590: 75 0d
                                      40159f <phase_4+0x31>
 401592: 8b 45 fc
                                      -0x4(%rbp),%eax
 401595: 83 f8 01
                                      $0x1, %eax
 401598: 7e 05
                                      40159f <phase_4+0x31>
 40159a: 83 f8 04
                               cmp $0x4,%eax
 40159d: 7e 05
                                      4015a4 <phase 4+0x36>
 40159f: e8 91 03 00 00
                               callq 401935 <explode_bomb>
 4015a4: 8b 75 fc
                                      -0x4(%rbp),%esi
 4015a7: bf 05 00 00 00
                                      $0x5, %edi
 4015ac: e8 72 ff ff ff
                               callq 401523 <func4>
 4015b1: 39 45 f8
                                      %eax, -0x8(%rbp)
                                      4015b8 <phase_4+0x4a>
 4015b4: 75 02
 4015b6: c9
                               leaveq
 4015b7: c3
                               retq
 4015b8: e8 78 03 00 00
                               callq 401935 <explode_bomb>
 4015bd: eb f7
                                      4015b6 <phase_4+0x48>
```

对 phase\_4 的函数分析, 首先对\_\_isoc99\_sscanf@plt 函数传参, 通过 gdb 工具,

查看 0x40330f 处字符串,得到%esi 中控制的输入格式为%d %d。

```
That's number 2. Keep going!
0 -158
Halfway there!
1 1

Breakpoint 1, phase_4 (input=0x40 124 phases.c: No such file or (gdb) x/s 0x40330f
0x40330f: "%d %d"
(gdb) []
```

由于指令 lea -0x4(%rbp),%rcx; lea -0x8(%rbp),%rdx,可以得到,输入控制符中第一个数为-0x8(%rbp),第二个数为-0x4(%rbp)。代码中存在 cmp 与 jle 的混合使用,判断输入的第二个数,若第二个数大于4或小于等于1,则调用 explode\_bomb()函数,炸弹爆炸;若大于1小于等于4,则调用 func4()函数,在调用 func4()函数前,第一个参数%rdi = 5; %rsi = -0x4(%rbp).

对 func4()函数分析:

该函数存在两个参数%rdi 与%rsi,根据 phase\_4()函数,可得,第一个参数为 5, 第二个参数为输入进的第二个数。分析可得源码大致如下:

```
#include <stdio.h>
pint fun4(int v1,int v2)
{
    int a,b,c,d;
    if(v1<=0)
        return 0;
    else if(v1==1)
        return v2;
    else
    {
        return fun4( v1: v1-1,v2)+fun4( v1: v1-2,v2)+v2;
    }
}
pint main() {
    for(int i=2;i<=4;i++)
        printf( format: "%d %d\n",fun4( v1: 5,i),i);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

运行可得:

故答案为 24 2 或 36 3 或 48 4.

#### 3.5 阶段5的破解与分析

密码如下: IOAPUW(答案不唯一)

破解过程:

对 phase\_5 函数分析:

```
callq 401825 <string_length>
cmp $0x6,%eax
jne 4015f9 <phase_5+0x3a>
```

0函数调用 string\_length()函数(在阶段 1 中已详细分析),若字符串长度不等于 6,则调用 explode\_bomb()函数,炸弹爆炸,故字符串长度为 6。

```
      0x00000000004015df <+32>:
      movslq %eax,%rcx

      0x00000000004015e2 <+35>:
      movzbl (%rbx,%rcx,1),%edx

      0x00000000004015e6 <+39>:
      and $0xf,%edx

      0x00000000004015e9 <+42>:
      movzbl 0x4031f0(%rdx),%edx

      0x00000000004015f0 <+49>:
      mov %dl,-0x17(%rbp,%rcx,1)

      0x00000000004015f4 <+53>:
      add $0x1,%eax
```

```
(gdb) x/s 0x4031f0 0x4031f0 <array.3401>: "maduiersnfotvbylSo you think you can stop the bomb with ctrl-c, do you?"
```

```
      0x000000000401600 <+65>:
      movb
      $0x0,-0x11(%rbp)

      0x0000000000401604 <+69>:
      mov
      $0x4031a6,%esi

      0x0000000000401609 <+74>:
      lea
      -0x17(%rbp),%rdi

      0x000000000040160d <+78>:
      callq
      0x401839 <strings_not_equal>
```

```
(gdb) x/s 0x4031a6
0x4031a6: "flames"
```

对%rcx 依次赋值 0-5,由于%rbx 是输入的字符串的地址,通过%rcx 的赋值,实现对输入的字符串进行每一位的操作。将输入的每一位字符与 0xf 做与操作,并将其存入%edx 中,在通过%edx 对 0x4031f0 处的字符串寻址,0x4031f0 处的字符串为 "maduiersnfotvbylSo you think you can stop the bomb with ctrl-c, do you?",而

在接下来的函数中,将对每一位输入的字符对 0x4031f0 处的字符串寻址后,得到的新字符串与 0x4031a6 处的字符串相比。通过 gdb 工具查看 0x4031a6 处的字符串可得 "flames"字符串,故相对 0x4031f0 的偏移量依次为 9、15、1、0、5、7。根据此偏移量,可以计算应输入的字符串的 ASCII 值,计算公式为偏移量+n\*16。偏移量取不同值或每个字符 n 都可以取不同值,因此关卡答案较多。答案取 n=4,此时答案为 IOA@EG; 取 n=5,答案为 Y\_QPUW; 部分取 n=4,部分取 n=5 时,答案为 IOAPUW。本题答案众多,仅需按照所示公式计算即可。

```
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day!
Phase 1 defused. How about the next one?
That's number 2. Keep going!
Halfway there!
So you got that one. Try this one.
IOAPUW
Good work! On to the next...
```

```
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day! Phase 1 defused. How about the next one? That's number 2. Keep going! Halfway there! So you got that one. Try this one. IOA@EG Good work! On to the next...
```

```
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day!

Phase 1 defused. How about the next one?

That's number 2. Keep going!

Halfway there!

So you got that one. Try this one.

Y_QPUW

Good work! On to the next...
```

## 3.6 阶段 6 的破解与分析

密码如下: 432615

破解过程:

```
> 000000000000401624 <phase 6>:
   401624: 55
                                        %rbp
                                        %rsp,%rbp
   401625: 48 89 e5
                                 mov
   401628: 41 55
                                        %r13
                                 push
   40162a: 41 54
                                        %r12
   40162c: 53
                                 push %rbx
   40162d: 48 83 ec 58
                                        $0x58,%rsp
   401631: 48 8d 75 c0
                                        -0x40(%rbp),%rsi
   401635: e8 1d 03 00 00
                                 callq 401957 <read six numbers>
   40163a: 41 bc 00 00 00 00
                                        $0x0,%r12d
   401640: eb 29
                                         40166b <phase 6+0x47>
                                 jmp
   401642: e8 ee 02 00 00
                                 callq 401935 <explode bomb>
   401647: eb 37
                                        401680 <phase 6+0x5c>
                                 jmp
   401649: 83 c3 01
                                         $0x1,%ebx
   40164c: 83 fb 05
                                         $0x5, %ebx
   40164f: 7f 17
                                         401668 <phase 6+0x44>
   401651: 49 63 c4
                                 movslq %r12d,%rax
                                 movslq %ebx,%rdx
   401654: 48 63 d3
   401657: 8b 7c 95 c0
                                         -0x40(%rbp,%rdx,4),%edi
   40165b: 39 7c 85 c0
                                         %edi,-0x40(%rbp,%rax,4)
   40165f: 75 e8
                                        401649 <phase 6+0x25>
   401661: e8 cf 02 00 00
                                 callq 401935 <explode bomb>
   401666: eb e1
                                 jmp
                                        401649 <phase_6+0x25>
   401668: 45 89 ec
                                        %r13d,%r12d
   40166b: 41 83 fc 05
                                         $0x5, %r12d
   40166f: 7f 19
                                        40168a <phase_6+0x66>
   401671: 49 63 c4
                                 movslq %r12d,%rax
   401674: 8b 44 85 c0
                                        -0x40(%rbp,%rax,4),%eax
                                         $0x1,%eax
   401678: 83 e8 01
   40167b: 83 f8 05
                                        $0x5,%eax
   40167e: 77 c2
                                        401642 <phase 6+0x1e>
   401680: 45 8d 6c 24 01
                                       0x1(%r12),%r13d
                                 lea
   401685: 44 89 eb
                                 mov
                                        %r13d,%ebx
   401688: eb c2
                                      40164c <phase_6+0x28>
                                  jmp
```

对 phase\_6 函数分析:

函数通过调用 read\_six\_numbers()函数,实现六个数字的输入,假设 int\_num[6] 为输入的六个数字。函数将%r12d 初始化为 0,并与 5 相比,形成循环。函数将%eax 赋值为 int\_num 数组中每个数时,进行减 1 操作,并与 5 做比较,若%eax 大于等于 5,则炸弹爆炸,故数组中的每个数都小于 6。函数还检查输入的六个数是否相等,若六个数字中,存在相等的情况,则炸弹爆炸。

```
Contents of section .data:

4052d0 eb010000 01000000 e0524000 00000000 ...R@...

4052e0 1e020000 02000000 f0524000 00000000 ...R@...

4052f0 ce020000 03000000 00534000 00000000 ...S@...

405300 ba030000 04000000 10534000 00000000 ...S@...

405310 ae010000 05000000 20534000 00000000 ...S@...

405320 06020000 06000000 00000000 000000000 ...S@...

405330 9b010000 00000000 000000000 000000000 ....

405350 9d334000 00000000 000000000 000000000 ....

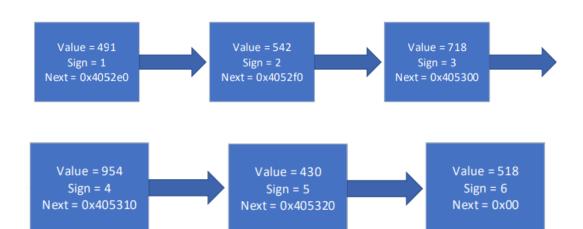
405350 9d334000 00000000 000000000 000000000 ...

405360 000000000 000000000 000000000 ....
```

通过反汇编查看 0x4052d0 的数据,为链表类型数据。

```
struct link
{
    int value;
    int sign;
    struct link* next;
}
```

初始链接状态为:



```
40168a: be 00 00 00 00
                                   $0x0,%esi
40168f: eb 08
                                   401699 <phase_6+0x75>
                             jmp
401691: 48 89 54 cd 90
                                   %rdx,-0x70(%rbp,%rcx,8)
401696: 83 c6 01
                                   $0x1,%esi
401699: 83 fe 05
                                   $0x5,%esi
40169c: 7f 1c
                                   4016ba <phase 6+0x96>
                      mov
mov
40169e: b8 01 00 00 00
                                   $0x1,%eax
4016a3: ba d0 52 40 00
                                  $0x4052d0,%edx
4016a8: 48 63 ce
                           movslq %esi,%rcx
4016ab: 39 44 8d c0
                           cmp %eax,-0x40(%rbp,%rcx,4)
                                   401691 <phase_6+0x6d>
4016af: 7e e0
                                 0x8(%rdx),%rdx
4016b1: 48 8b 52 08
4016b5: 83 c0 01
                                 $0x1,%eax
4016b8: eb ee
                            jmp
                                   4016a8 <phase_6+0x84>
4016ba: 48 8b 5d 90
                                   -0x70(%rbp),%rbx
4016be: 48 89 d9
                                   %rbx,%rcx
4016c1: b8 01 00 00 00
                                   $0x1,%eax
4016c6: eb 12
                            jmp 4016da <phase_6+0xb6>
4016c8: 48 63 d0
                           movslq %eax,%rdx
4016cb: 48 8b 54 d5 90
                                   -0x70(%rbp,%rdx,8),%rdx
4016d0: 48 89 51 08
                                   %rdx,0x8(%rcx)
4016d4: 83 c0 01
                                   $0x1,%eax
                            add
4016d7: 48 89 d1
                                   %rdx,%rcx
                     cmp
                                   $0x5,%eax
4016da: 83 f8 05
4016dd: 7e e9
                                   4016c8 <phase_6+0xa4>
4016df: 48 c7 41 08 00 00 00 movq $0x0,0x8(%rcx)
4016e6: 00
4016e7: 41 bc 00 00 00 00 mov
                                   $0x0,%r12d
4016ed: eb 08
                                   4016f7 <phase_6+0xd3>
4016ef: 48 8b 5b 08
                                   0x8(%rbx),%rbx
4016f3: 41 83 c4 01
                                   $0x1,%r12d
4016f7: 41 83 fc 04
                                   $0x4,%r12d
4016fb: 7f 11
                                   40170e <phase_6+0xea>
4016fd: 48 8b 43 08
                                   0x8(%rbx),%rax
401701: 8b 00
                                   (%rax),%eax
401703: 39 03
                                   %eax,(%rbx)
401705: 7d e8
                                 4016ef <phase_6+0xcb>
401707: e8 29 02 00 00 callq 401935 <explode_bomb>
40170c: eb e1
                                   4016ef <phase_6+0xcb>
40170e: 48 83 c4 58
                                   $0x58,%rsp
401712: 5b
                                   %rbx
401713: 41 5c
                                   %r12
401715: 41 5d
                                   %r13
401717: 5d
                                   %rbp
401718: c3
                             retq
```

phase\_6 函数按照所输入的数字的大小,进入第 int\_num[i]-1 个节点,并读取 next,例如:第一个数为 4 时,则进入 sign=3 的节点,并读取 next,即 0x405300,保存到栈中。

在读取完毕后, 栈中保存的地址如表格所示:

0x405310	
0x4052d0	
0x405320	
0x4052e0	
0x4052f0	
0x405300	

函数 phase\_6 对已经存放好的栈中的地址链接。

```
(gdb) p/x $rdx (gdb) p/x $rdx (gdb) p/x $rdx

$4 = 0x4052f0 $7 = 0x4052e0 $10 = 0x405320

(gdb) p/x $rcx (gdb) p/x $rcx (gdb) p/x $rcx

$6 = 0x405300 $8 = 0x4052f0 $11 = 0x4052e0
```

```
(gdb) p/x $rdx (gdb) p/x $rdx

$13 = 0x4052d0 $15 = 0x405310

(gdb) p/x $rcx (gdb) p/x $rcx

$14 = 0x405320 $16 = 0x4052d0
```

根据汇编代码,依次使 M[%rcx+8] = %rdx,使各个节点相互连接,根据输入的数字进行重新排序。

接下来 phase\_6 函数对新排列好的链表进行检查,依次检查前一个节点的值是 否大于等于后一个节点的值,如果不是,则调用 explode\_bomb,炸弹爆炸。若检 查完链表符合降序,则拆解成功。

因此对应的六个数字应该是432615.

答案为432615

## 3.7 阶段7的破解与分析(隐藏阶段)

密码如下:50

破解过程:

```
0000000000401abe <phase_defused>:
                                                                               # 40576c <num_input_strings>
  401abe: 83 3d a7 3c 00 00 06 cmpl
                                                $0x6,0x3ca7(%rip)
  401ac5: 74 01
                                                401ac8 <phase_defused+0xa>
  401ac7: c3
                                       retq
  401ac8: 55
                                                %rbp
  401ac9: 48 89 e5
                                                %rsp,%rbp
  401acc: 48 83 ec 60
                                      sub $0x60,%rsp
  401ad0: 4c 8d 45 b0
                                      lea -0x50(%rbp),%r8
  401ad4: 48 8d 4d a8
                                      lea -0x58(%rbp),%rcx
  401ad8: 48 8d 55 ac
                                               -0x54(%rbp),%rdx
  401adc: be 59 33 40 00 mov $0x403359,%esi
401ae1: bf 70 58 40 00 mov $0x405870,%edi
401ae6: b8 00 00 00 00 mov $0x0,%eax
401aeb: e8 20 f6 ff ff callq 401110 <_iisoc99_sscanf@plt>
  401af0: 83 f8 03
                                      cmp $0x3,%eax
                                      je 401b01 <phase_defused+0x43>
  401af3: 74 0c
  401af5: bf 98 32 40 00 mov $0x403298,%edi
401afa: e8 61 f5 ff ff callq 401060 <puts@plt>
  401aff: c9
                                      leaveq
  401b00: c3
                                     retq
  401b01: be 62 33 40 00 mov $0x403362,%esi
401b06: 48 8d 7d b0 lea -0x50(%rbp),%rdi
401b0a: e8 2a fd ff ff callq 401839 <strings_not_equal>
  401b0f: 85 c0
                                      test %eax,%eax
  401b11: 75 e2
                                      jne 401af5 <phase_defused+0x37>
  401b13: bf 38 32 40 00 mov $0x403238,%edi

401b18: e8 43 f5 ff ff callq 401060 <puts@plt>

401b1d: bf 60 32 40 00 mov $0x403260,%edi
  401b22: e8 39 f5 ff ff
                                    callq 401060 <puts@plt>
  401b27: b8 00 00 00 00
                                                $0x0,%eax
  401b2c: e8 22 fc ff ff
                                     callq 401753 <secret_phase>
                                      jmp 401af5 <phase_defused+0x37>
  401b31: eb c2
```

(gdb) x/s 0x403362 0x403362: "DrEvil"

通过对 phase\_defused 函数解读,可以发现,该函数调用了 secret\_phase 函数,观察到将 0x403362 传给%esi,并调用 string\_not\_equal 函数检查是否相等,若不相等,则跳过该隐藏关卡,若相等,则调用隐藏关卡函数。使用 gbd 工具查看位于0x403362 地址处的字符串,为 DrEvil,即为隐藏关卡打开的字符串,在 phase\_4 后添加该字符串后,出现隐藏关卡。

```
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day! Phase 1 defused. How about the next one? That's number 2. Keep going! Halfway there! So you got that one. Try this one. Good work! On to the next... Curses, you've found the secret phase! But finding it and solving it are quite different...
```

```
0000000000401753 <secret_phase>:
 401753: 55
                                      %rbp
 401754: 48 89 e5
                                     %rsp,%rbp
 401757: 53
                                     %rbx
 401758: 48 83 ec 08
                                      $0x8,%rsp
 40175c: e8 32 02 00 00
                              callq 401993 <read_line>
 401761: 48 89 c7
                                     %rax,%rdi
 401764: e8 d7 f9 ff ff
                              callq 401140 <atoi@plt>
 401769: 89 c3
                                     %eax,%ebx
 40176b: 8d 40 ff
                                     -0x1(%rax), %eax
 40176e: 3d e8 03 00 00
                              cmp $0x3e8,%eax
 401773: 77 27
                                    40179c <secret_phase+0x49>
 401775: 89 de
                              mov %ebx,%esi
 401777: bf f0 50 40 00
                              mov $0x4050f0,%edi
 40177c: e8 98 ff ff ff
                              callq 401719 <fun7>
 401781: 83 f8 01
                                     $0x1,%eax
 401784: 75 1d
                                      4017a3 <secret_phase+0x50>
 401786: bf 80 31 40 00
                                      $0x403180, %edi
                              callq 401060 <puts@plt>
 40178b: e8 d0 f8 ff ff
                              callq 401abe <phase_defused>
 401790: e8 29 03 00 00
 401795: 48 83 c4 08
                                      $0x8,%rsp
 401799: 5b
                                      %rbx
 40179a: 5d
 40179b: c3
                              retq
 40179c: e8 94 01 00 00
                              callq 401935 <explode_bomb>
 4017a1: eb d2
                                     401775 <secret_phase+0x22>
 4017a3: e8 8d 01 00 00
                              callq 401935 <explode_bomb>
 4017a8: eb dc
                                     401786 <secret_phase+0x33>
```

分析 secret\_phase 函数,注意到在调用 fun7 函数时,此时%edi=0x4050f0,%esi 为输入的值,且该值小于 0x3e8,否则调用 explode\_bomb 函数,炸弹爆炸。在调用 fun7 函数后,若返回值不为 1,则炸弹爆炸,故 fun7 函数返回值为 1。

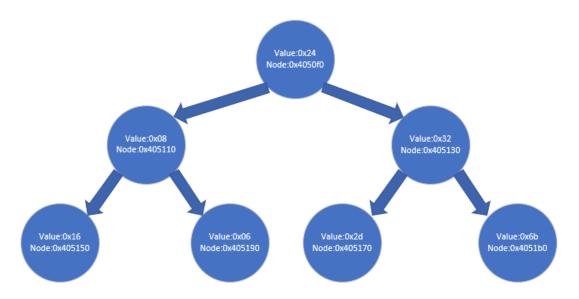
```
00000000000401719 <fun7>:
 401719: 48 85 ff
                                       %rdi,%rdi
 40171c: 74 2f
                                       40174d <fun7+0x34>
 40171e: 55
 40171f: 48 89 e5
                                       %rsp,%rbp
 401722: 8b 07
                                       (%rdi),%eax
 401724: 39 f0
                                       %esi,%eax
 401726: 7f 09
                                       401731 <fun7+0x18>
 401728: 75 14
                                       40173e <fun7+0x25>
 40172a: b8 00 00 00 00
                                       $0x0,%eax
 40172f: 5d
                                       %rbp
 401730: c3
                               reta
 401731: 48 8b 7f 08
                                       0x8(%rdi),%rdi
 401735: e8 df ff ff ff
                               callq 401719 <fun7>
 40173a: 01 c0
                                       %eax,%eax
 40173c: eb f1
                                       40172f <fun7+0x16>
                                jmp
 40173e: 48 8b 7f 10
                                       0x10(%rdi),%rdi
 401742: e8 d2 ff ff ff
                               callq 401719 <fun7>
 401747: 8d 44 00 01
                                       0x1(%rax,%rax,1),%eax
 40174b: eb e2
                                       40172f <fun7+0x16>
                               jmp
 40174d: b8 ff ff ff ff
                                       $0xffffffff, %eax
 401752: c3
                                retq
```

对函数 fun7 分析并得出代码大致如下:

```
\label{eq:fun7} \begin{split} & \text{fun7}(x,y) \\ & \\ & \text{if}(x == 0) \\ & \text{return 0xffffffff}; \\ & \text{if}(M[x] > y) \\ & \text{return 2*fun7}(M[\%\text{rdi} + 0x8], y) \\ & \text{else if } (M[x] != y) \\ & \text{return 2*fun7}(M[\%\text{rdi} + 0x10], y) + 1; \\ & \text{else} \\ & \text{return 0;} \\ & \\ & \\ \end{split}
```

```
Contents of section .data:
4050f0 24000000 00000000 10514000 00000000
                                     $.....Qe.....
405100 30514000 00000000 00000000 000000000
                                      0Qa.....
405110 08000000 00000000 90514000 00000000
                                      PQ@....
                                      2.....pQ@.....
405130 32000000 00000000
                                      .Q@.....
405140 b0514000 00000000 00000000 00000000
405150 16000000 000000000 70524000 00000000
                                      .....pR@.....
                                      0R@.....
405170 2d000000 00000000 d0514000 00000000
                                      -....Qa.....
                                      .R@.....
405180 90524000 00000000 00000000 00000000
405190 06000000 000000000 f0514000 00000000
                                      ....Qe.....
4051a0 50524000 00000000 00000000 00000000
                                      PR@....
4051b0 6b000000 000000000 10524000 00000000
                                      k.....R@.....
4051c0 b0524000 00000000 00000000 00000000
                                      .R@.....
4051d0 28000000 000000000 00000000 000000000
4051e0 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
```

对 0x4050f0 处的数据分析,该处数据为二叉树型数据结构。



通过计算可得, 当输入为 50 时, fun7 函数最终返回值为 1, 符合条件。即答案为 50.

## 第4章 总结

## 4.1 请总结本次实验的收获

通过本次实验,我掌握了计算机系统的 ISA 指令系统与寻址方式,同时能够熟练掌握 linux 下调试器的反汇编调试跟踪分析机器语言的方法,对 GDB 调试的功能更加得心应手,同时更深入的了解到汇编语言对应的高级程序语言,对函数的过程,栈的使用更加清晰。

## 4.2 请给出对本次实验内容的建议

希望 ppt 内容更加翔实,以便更好理解实验。

注:本章为酌情加分项。

## 参考文献

[1] RANDALE.BRYANT, DAVIDR.O 'HALLARON. 深入理解计算机系统[M]. 机械工业出版社, 2011.