第六章

```
(1) 直接插入:
60
40,60
40, 60, 120,
40, 60, 120, 185
20, 40, 60, 120, 185,
20, 40, 60, 120, 135, 185
20, 40, 60, 120, 135, 150, 185
20, 40, 60, 120, 130, 135, 150, 185
20, 40, 45, 60, 120, 130, 135, 150, 185
 (2)冒泡
60, 40, 120, 185, 20, 135, 150, 130, 45
40, 60, 120, 20, 135, 150, 130, 45, 185
40, 60, 20, 120, 135, 130, 45, 150, 185
40, 20, 60, 120, 130, 45, 135, 150, 185
20, 40, 60, 120, 45, 130, 135, 150, 185
20, 40, 60, 45, 120, 130, 135, 150, 185
20, 40, 45, 60, 120, 130, 135, 150, 185
(3) 快排
60, 40, 120, 185, 20, 135, 150, 130, 45
45, 40, 20, 60, 185, 135, 150, 130, 120
20, 40, 45, 60, 120, 135, 150, 130, 185
20, 40, 45, 60, 120, 135, 150, 130, 185
20, 40, 45, 60, 120, 130, 135, 150, 185
 (4) 堆排序
60, 40, 120, 185, 20, 135, 150, 130, 45
建立最大堆:
185, 130, 150, 120, 20, 60, 135, 40, 45
堆排序:
150, 130, 135, 120, 20, 60, 45, 40, 185
135, 130, 60, 120, 20, 40, 45, 150, 185
130, 120, 60, 45, 20, 40, 135, 150, 185
120, 45, 60, 40, 20, 130, 135, 150, 185
60, 45, 20, 40, 120, 130, 135, 150, 185
45, 40, 20, 60, 120, 130, 135, 150, 185
40, 20, 45, 60, 120, 130, 135, 150, 185
20, 40, 45, 60, 120, 130, 135, 150, 185
 (5) 归并(递归结果)
60, 40, 120, 185, 20, 135, 150, 130, 45
 (60, 40, 120, 185) (20, 135, 150, 130, 45)
```

```
(60, 40) (120, 185) (20, 135, 150, 130, 45)

(60) (40) (120) (185) (20, 135, 150, 130, 45)

(40, 60) (120, 185) (20, 135, 150, 130, 45)

(40, 60, 120, 185) (20, 135, 150, 130, 45)

(40, 60, 120, 185) (20, 135) (150, 130, 45)

(40, 60, 120, 185) (20) (135) (150, 130, 45)

(40, 60, 120, 185) (20, 135) (150, 130, 45)

(40, 60, 120, 185) (20, 135) (150) (130, 45)

(40, 60, 120, 185) (20, 135) (150) (130) (45)

(40, 60, 120, 185) (20, 135) (150) (45, 130)

(40, 60, 120, 185) (20, 135) (45, 130, 150)

(40, 60, 120, 185) (20, 45, 130, 135, 150)

20, 40, 45, 60, 120, 130, 135, 150, 185
```

2、

增量序列改成: {7,3,1}

986543210

186543290 增量为{7}

140283596 增量为{3}

012345689 增量为{1}

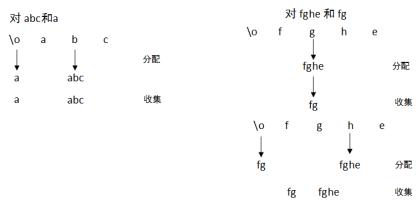
3、

3.解:

原始序列: fghe ef abc degh fg wvw xyzfg ba a 第一趟分配: \0 b d f e u abc degh ef ba fghe uvw xyzfg

收集: abc a ba degh ef fghe fg uvw xyzfg

fg



最后: a abc ba degh ef fg fghe uvw xyzfg

5、

	比较次数			移动次数		
	相等	正序	逆序	相等	正序	逆序
直接插入排序	0(n)	$0(n^2)$	$0(n^2)$	$0(n^2)$	0	$0(n^2)$
希尔排序	$0(n^{1.3})$	$0(n^{1.3})$	$0(n^{1.3})$	0	0	$0(n^2)$
快速排序	$O(n \log_2 n)$	$0(n^2)$	$0(n^2)$	$O(n \log_2 n)$	$O(n \log_2 n)$	$O(n \log_2 n)$
归并排序	$O(n \log_2 n)$					

8、

5个数据时,基于比较的排序算法至少要比较多少次。 最少比较次数: 4次。

7个数据时,基于比较的排序算法至少要比较多少次。 最少比较次数: 6次