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## Autoencoder-based Graph Construction for SSL Problem formulation: $L = \left\{ (x_i, y_i) \right\}_{i=1}^m, \quad U = \left\{ z_i \right\}_{i=m+1}^n$ $x_i \in X$ , $y_i \in Y = \{1,2,--,c\}$ Loss 1= label data 47 supervised loss 5 unlabel data 67 regularization term regularization terms: consistency loss + feature matching loss Consistency loss: $\int_{C} l(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} l_{C} \left( f(x_{i}; \theta, \theta), \widehat{f}(x_{i}; \theta', \theta') \right)$ 其中, f(x; p, s)为模型预测结果, 多为施加于以上的随机抗动 f(xi, o', g') to teacher model, 2、(\*)为超熟函数 teature matching loss: $L_g(\theta, W) = \sum_{x_i, x_j \in LUU} (g(h(x_i; \theta), h(x_j; \theta), W_{ij}))$ 其中, 人: X—> 尺户 为输入空间到低维特征空间的映射. 111. 1111 地面在路线的12.1123 1局数月其为大门

VVij、内内及四カビロルリングリンへ(につかいっちゃつつ) lg(·,·): 取决于Wij的一种超离度量  $lg = \left\{ \left\| h(x_i) - h(x_j) \right\|^2 \right\} \quad \text{if } W_{ij} = 1$   $\left\{ \max(0, \max_i - \|h(x_i) - h(x_j)\|^2, x_i \right\} \quad \text{if } W_{ij} = 1$ if Wij I margin为预定义的正数 使用 matrix completion 的站 构建 W. SSL Framework. Ls(0) + 2, 2, (0) + 2, 2, (0) (2)

Autoencoder-based Graph Construction for SSL
Our approach
打成少社等特色,使用神经网络进行mathic completion 工作
4. Learning the graph with autoencoder
$\frac{1}{1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} h(x_i),  h(x_i) \in \mathbb{R}^d, \text{ feature vectors.}$
$X = [h(x_1), \dots, h(x_n)] \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times n}$ $Z = [X] \qquad \qquad u(y_1), \dots, u(y_m) \in \mathbb{R}^{C}, \text{ one-hot-coded label vectors}$
Completing & enables predict all labels.
in put dropout: U-宏概等的 label-presence dumn何量由O,即至于[uly]]->=[n(xj)]->=[h(xj)]
最终得到 $Z = [Y]$ (7).  autoencoder loss:
$\int_{\Lambda_{7}}^{\Lambda_{7}}  A   dA = \sum_{\lambda}^{\Lambda_{1}}  A_{\lambda} ^{2} +  A_{\lambda} ^{2} + $

其中, (分,分)表示autoencoder go(区)的输出. MCH力事問增函数 记证(yi) to predict label vector, Fi=argmax[~~(yi)]k 且此, similarity graph W为:  $W_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } \widetilde{y}_i = \widetilde{y}_j \\ 0, & \text{if } \widetilde{y}_i \neq \widetilde{y}_j \end{cases}$ 4.2 Simultaneous training (10) Lsl0) + w(+) (L(0) + 2 /g(0,W)) + LAE (0, 0) 文献[11][14] Baperiments 数据集: MUIST, SVHW, CIFAX-10