

$$X^2(a_0, a_1, a_2) = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - (a_0 + a_1 x_i + a_2 x_i^2))^2$$

• la derivada de la suma es la suma de las derivadas

$$\frac{\partial X^2}{\partial a_0} = \sum_{i=1}^n \{-2 \{y_i - [a_0 + a_1 x_i + a_2 x_i^2]\}\} = \sum_{i=1}^n 0$$

$\Downarrow$

$$\frac{\partial X^2}{\partial a_0} = \sum_{i=1}^n \{-2 [y_i - (a_0 + a_1 x_i + a_2 x_i^2)]\} = 0$$

$\Downarrow$

$$\frac{\partial X^2}{\partial a_0} = \sum_{i=1}^n \{-2 [-y_i + a_0 + a_1 x_i + a_2 x_i^2]\} = 0$$

$\Downarrow$

$$\frac{\partial X^2}{\partial a_0} = \sum_{i=1}^n \{a_0 + a_1 x_i + a_2 x_i^2 - y_i\} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial X^2}{\partial a_0} = \sum_{i=1}^n \{a_0 + a_1 x_i + a_2 x_i^2 = y_i\}$$

• Repitiendo el Proceso similar to para  $\frac{\partial X^2}{\partial a_1}$  y  $\frac{\partial X^2}{\partial a_2}$  se obtiene:

$$\frac{\partial X^2}{\partial a_1} = \sum_{i=1}^n -2(y_i - [a_0 + a_1 x_i + a_2 x_i^2])(x_i) = \sum 0$$

$\Downarrow$

$$\frac{\partial X^2}{\partial a_1} = \sum_{i=1}^n \{a_0 x_i + a_1 x_i^2 + a_2 x_i^3 = y_i x_i\}$$

$$\frac{\partial X^2}{\partial a_2} = \sum_{i=1}^n -2(y_i - [a_0 + a_1 x_i + a_2 x_i^2])(x_i^2) = \sum 0$$

$\Downarrow$

$$\frac{\partial X^2}{\partial a_2} = \sum_{i=1}^n [a_0 x_i^2 + a_1 x_i^3 + a_2 x_i^4 = y_i x_i^2]$$