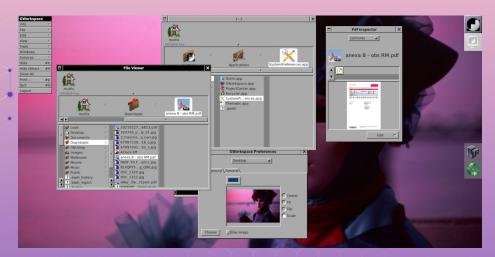


GAMERS NEVER GIVE UP

Jawad Ahmed (Leader), Meagan Mann (Presenter), Ethan Nguyen (Presenter), Zoya Zarei-Joorshari, Kim Hyun Bin, Ripley Visentin

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IkSKwQWkjD0



CONCEPTUAL vs CONCRETE

-Blueprint -Documentation -Idealized developer view -Actual architecture
-Implementation
-Examination of open-source
code

Main Components



Libs-back

Handles rendering across platforms, translating graphics for different systems.



Libs-base

Provides essential system services and forms the foundation.



Libs-corebase

Adds low-level utilities like memory management and networking.



Libs-GUI

Implements the AppKit API for UI elements.

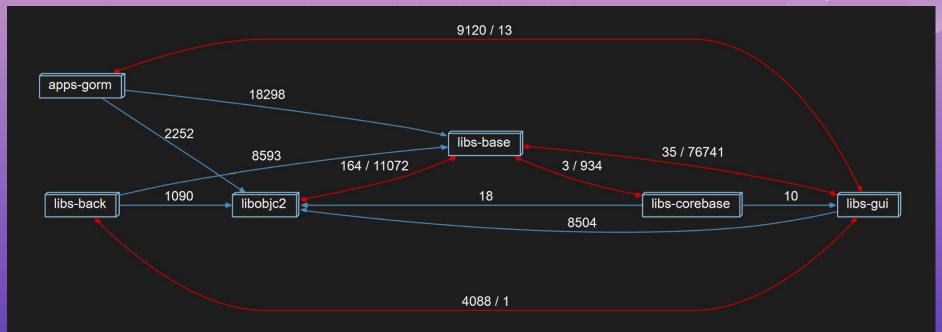


Gorm

A GUI builder for designing interfaces visually.

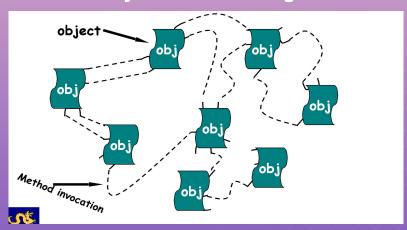
DERIVATION PROCESS

Blue arrows represent one-way dependencies **Red arrows** represent two-way dependencies



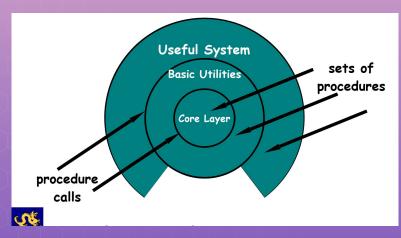
Architectural Style

Object-Oriented Style



CONCEPTUAL

Layered Style



CONCRETE

Gorm

Application

The main GUI application that developers interact with. Depends on GormCore for functionality and InterfaceBuilder for interoperability

GormCore

The core framework that handles the underlying functionality of **Gorm.** The heart of the subsystem, all components depend on it.

GormObjCHeader Parser

Allows the application to understand and link UI components to Objective-C classes. Works closely with GormCore.

InterfaceBuilder

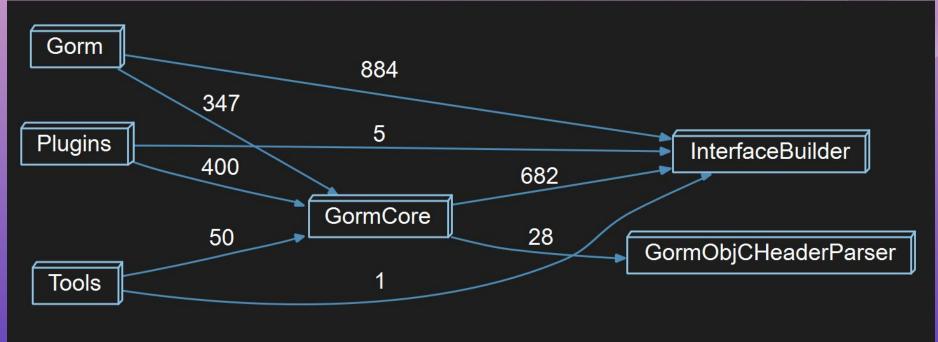
Originally from
Legacy NeXTSTEP,.
Gorm depends on it
to ensure
compatibility with
different Objective-C
environments

Plugins/Tools

Provide and extend functionality by adding additional UI features and command-line operations respectively.
Depends on GormCore.

Dependency Graph of Gorm

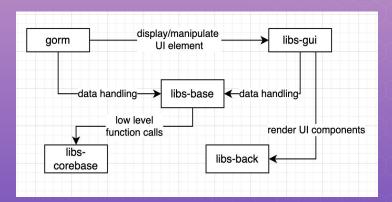


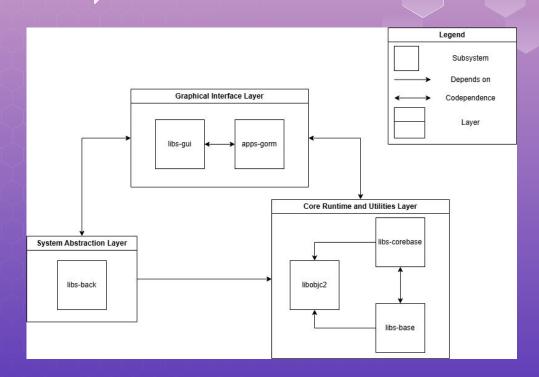


High Level Reflexion Analysis

Object Oriented Architecture

Layered Architecture





High Level Unexpected Dependencies



Subsystem Reflexion Analysis

Gorm → **InterfaceBuilder**: Gorm relies on InterfaceBuilder for cut/paste operations, palettes, and document handling.

GormCore → **InterfaceBuilder**: InterfaceBuilder provides GormCore with resource management and UI element controls.

Plugins → GormCore → InterfaceBuilder: GormCore uses plugins to recognize file types like XIB, Nib, Gorm, and GModel.

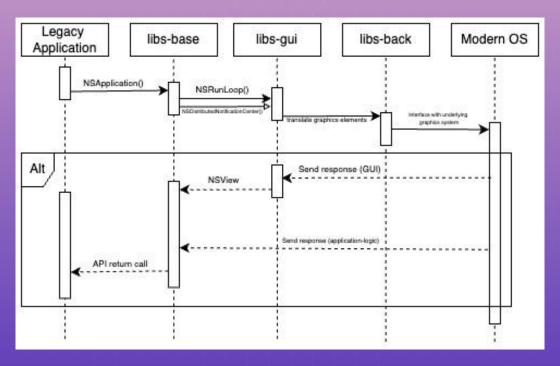
Gorm → **GormCore**: GormCore manages GUI logic, file handling, and data models for UI elements.

GormCore → **GormObjCHeaderParser**: Parses Objective-C classes for GUI design.

gormtool → **GormCore**: GormCore enables gormtool to import/export classes and process file types.

Sequence Diagrams: Use Case I

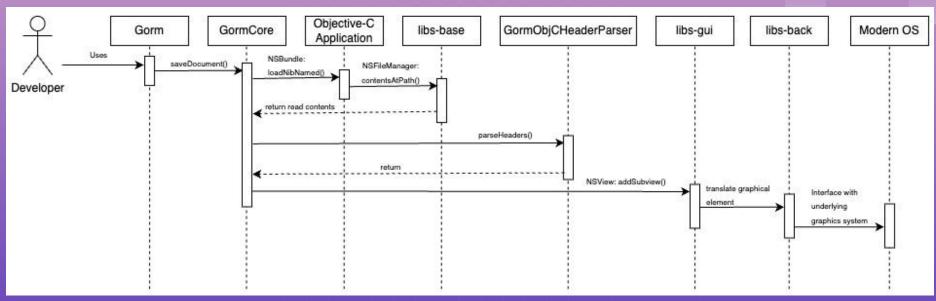
Modernizing Legacy OpenStep Applications



Sequence Diagrams: Use Case 2

Cross-Platform Development With Objective-C





Lessons Learned

1. Conceptual vs Concrete Architecture:

The shift from conceptual to concrete architecture showed the difficulty of balancing ideal designs with real-world constraints, leading to a more structured Layered Architecture.

2. **Dependency Analysis**:

Automated tools uncovered unexpected cross-layer dependencies, emphasizing the need to understand system interactions.

3. **Documenting Architectural Decisions**:

Documenting both ideal and actual designs helped identify inconsistencies and guide improvements for scalability and maintainability.

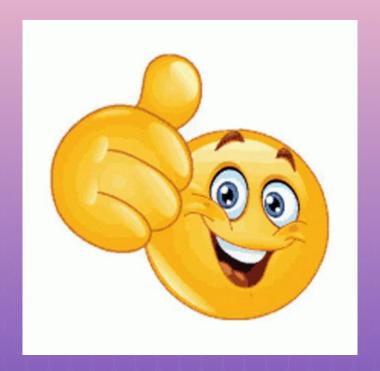


Concrete Architecture Analysis: Used the Understand tool to examine subsystem dependencies.

Reflexion Analysis: Identified convergences, divergences, and absences in the architecture.

Architectural Shift: Initially designed as **object-oriented**, but transitioned to a **layered architecture**.

apps-gorm Subsystem: Detailed examination and updated **sequence diagrams** validated the benefits of the layered structure.



Thanks! Questions?