

SECTION I

Choose the **synonym**

1. The housewife **TASTED** the soup and said it was delicious.
a. cooked B) **tried** C) tried on D) took E) gave
2. The child couldn't find his ball because he **had PUT** it under the bed.
a. take B) took C) carried D) place E) **placed**
3. The streets of Tashkent are **WIDE** and straight.
a. **broad** B) beautiful C) narrow D) long E) plain
4. There was an old man in a barge, whose nose was exceedingly **LARGE**.
a. tiny B) **huge** C) minute D) wide E) small
5. Find the synonym of the following words: **Investigation**
option B) question C) expression D) **search**
6. Find the synonym of the following words: **Explain**
a. Mix B) **define** C) protest D) train
7. Find the synonym of the following words: **Fine**
a. poor B) **excellent** C) inferior D) bad
8. Find the synonym of the following words: **Private**
general B) **personal** C) community D) public
9. Find the synonym of the following words: **Large**
a. thin B) **great** C) long D) soft
10. Find the synonym of the following words: **Crazy**

a. cruel B) chubby C) wild D) **mad**

11. Find the synonym of the following words: **Fundamental**

a. awful B) absurd C) vain D) **basic**

12. Find the synonym of the following words: **Famous**

a. well off B) needy C) rich D) **well-known**

13. Find the synonym of the following words: **Take off**

a. put on B) dress C) wear D) **remove**

14. Find the synonym of the following words: **Annual**

a. **yearly** B) daily C) monthly D) weekly

15. Find the synonym of the following words: **Region**

a. farm B) **area** C) beach D) source

16. Find the synonym of the following words: **Way**

a. bridge B) **road** C) railway D) field

17. Find the synonym of the following words: **Estimate**

a. **guess** B) inform C) miss D) confuse

18. Find the synonym of the following words: **Error**

a. **mistake** B) correct C) result D) right

19. Find the synonym of the following words: **Actually**

a. shortly B) timely C) briefly D) **really**

20. Find the synonym of the following words: **Define**

a. **explain** B) protest C) train D) mix

21. Find the synonym of the following words: **Want**

a. hesitate B) detest C) refuse D) **wish**

22. Find the synonym of the following words: **Fresh**

- a. moldy B) **new** C) rotten D) stale

23. Find the synonym of the following words: **Start**

- a. finish B) come C) **begin** D) leave

24. Find the synonym of the following words: **Mature**

- a. infant B) child C) young D) **adult**

25. Find the synonym of the following words: **Remember**

- a. offer B) forget C) advice D) **recollect**

26. Find the synonym of the following words: **Empty**

- a. filled B) **vacant** C) full D) deep

27. Find the synonym of the following words: **Gift**

- a. **present** B) punishment C) penalty D) fine

28. Find the synonym of the following words: **Area**

- a. source B) farm C) beach D) **region**

29. Find the synonym of the following words: **Fortune**

- a. **luck** B) belief C) religion D) faith

30. Find the synonym of the following words: **Personal**

- a. public B) community C) general D) **private**

31. Find the synonym of the following words: **Watch**

- a. **look at** B) seek C) think D) read

32. Find the synonym of the following words: **Far**

- a. nearby B) near C) **distant** D) close

33. Find the synonym of the following words: **Quantity**

- a. month B) sound C) discount D) **amount**

34.. Find the synonym of the following words: **Below**

- a. near B) **under** C) above D) next to

35. Find the synonym of the following words: **Kind**

- a. rude B) **gentle** C) intelligent D) brainy

36. Find the synonym of the following words: **Narrow**

- a. soft B) long C) **thin** D) brief

37. Find the synonym of the following words: **Pardon**

- a. **forgive** B) forbid C) allow D) promise

38. Find the synonym of the following words: **Shout**

- a. whisper B) whistle C) blow D) **yell**

39.209. Find the synonym of the following words: **Enter**

- a. **get in** B) desert C) abandon D) quit

40. Find the synonym of the following words: **Pleased**

- a. sad B) **happy** C) unhappy D) angry

41. Find the synonym of the following words: **Beautiful**

- a. ugly B) sorrowful C) plain D) **pretty**

42. Find the synonym of the following words: **Little**

- a. large B) huge C) **small** D) big

43. Find the synonym of the following words: **Active**

- a. slow B) idle C) poor D) **energetic**

44. Find the synonym of the following words: **Border**

- a. density B) altitude C) **edge** D) surface

45. Find the synonym of the following words: **End**

- a. compare B) start C) **finish** D) move

46. Find the synonym of the following words: **Old**

- a. **elderly** B) raw C) immature D) young

47. Find the synonym of the following words: **Ask**

- a. response B) reply C) **question** D) call

48. Match the synonyms:

same – alike
look – glare,
remember – recollect

49. Match the synonyms:

question – survey
sleep – go to bed,
search – look for

50. Match the synonyms:

arrive – come back
follow – guide,
compare – differentiate,

51. Match the synonyms:

listen – hear
happen – take place
tick – mark

52. Match the nus to the verbs to make a fixed phrase

GO – to the beach
TAKE – a bus
HAVE – lunch

53. Match the nus to the verbs to make a fixed phrase

GET – dressed
SEND – an email
GO – to bed

54. Match the nouns to the verbs to make a fixed phrase

HAVE – breakfast
RIDE – a bike
TAKE – a shower

55. Match the nouns to the verbs to make a fixed phrase

GET – home
BUY – ? a newspaper
TAKE – a taxi

56. Match the synonyms

- Multiple – many, numerous, several
- Young – juvenile, adolescent, youthful
- Big – large, huge, massive

57. Match the synonyms

- Old – ???- elderly, aged, ancient
- Lovely – ???- beautiful, charming, delightful
- Light – ???- bright, radiant, illuminated

58. Match the synonyms

- Perfect – flawless, impeccable, ideal
- Low – small, short, little
- Local – nearby, regional, community

59. Match the synonyms

- festival – holiday
- Famous – well-known, renowned,
- advertisement – ad

60. Match the synonyms

Multiple-> many, numerous, several
Young-> juvenile, adolescent, youthful
Big-> large, huge, massive

61. Match the synonyms

Old-> elderly, aged, ancient
Lovely-> beautiful, charming, delightful
Light-> bright, radiant, illuminated

62.Match the synonyms

Perfect-> flawless, impeccable, ideal
Low-> small, short, little
Local-> nearby, regional, community

63..Match the synonyms

world-> earth
Famous-> well-known, renowned, celebrated
advertisement -> ad

64.Match the synonyms

partner -> companion
couple -> pair
conversation -> talk

65.Match the synonyms

village -> town
furniture -> furnishings
sofa -> couch
price -> cost

66.Match the synonyms

pub -> bar
difference -> distinction
singular -> individual
plural -> multiple

67.Match the synonyms

study -> research
air conditioning -> cooling
plan -> blueprint

68.Match the synonyms

description -> details
communication -> message
ghosts -> spirits
guests -> visitors

69.Match the synonyms

Usually-> commonly, typically, generally
Very-> extremely, exceedingly, highly
Never-> not ever, not once, at no time
Sometimes-> occasionally, at times, now and then

70.Match the synonyms

create -> make
remember -> recall
decide -> choose
interview -> question

71.Match the synonyms

give -> provide
believe -> trust
stay -> remain
appear -> show

72.Match definitions to the terms

something that the person cooked – ???- food
an aromatic or pungent vegetable substance used to flavor food – spices

containing or made from milk – dairy
a shop or restaurant which sells hot cooked food that you eat somewhere else
– takeaway

73.Match the synonyms

couple->pair
prepare->make
dish->meal
quick->fast

74.Match the antonyms

healthy->harmful
less->more
different->same
get tired of->enjoy

75.Match the explanation of pronouns

None – ???-> show ->nothing
a little – ???-> show -> small amount of
quite a lot – ???-> show ->large amount of

76.304. Match the definition to the terms

Stain – dirty mark that is difficult to remove.
Flea – a very small insect that can jump and that lives on and bites animals and people
Carpet – a floor covering made from thick woven fabric

77.Match an appropriate answer

Countable – things you can count, e.g. apples.
uncountable – things you can't count, e.g. rice, meat NOT
Uncountable nouns are normally – show ->singular.

78.Match the suitable answer

We use How much_____? – with uncountable nouns
We use How many_____? – with plural countable nouns.
We use: quite a lot (of) – for a medium quantity

79.In comparative degree

one-syllable adjectives take – ? -er (or -r if the adjective ends in e)
one- or two-syllable adjectives ending consonant + y is changed to – ? y-ier
two- or more syllable adjectives take – more + adj

80.. I need___ information about the city.

Some
Any
a

81. I always have _____egg for breakfast.

82.an

83.some

84.any

85.Can you help me? I need _____advice.

some

an

any

86.Can I have _____ milk, please?

some

any

a

87.Have you got _____ pen?

a

an

some

88.We didn't see _____people in the streets.

any

some

a

89.3 My wife doesn't want _____dog.

a

an

some

90.315. I didn't see _____ in the library.

a) any classmates

b) some classmates

c) any classmate

91.I have _____ in my house.

a) some new furniture

b) a new furniture

c) some new furnitures

92. Can I have _____ apple, please?

- a) an
- b) some
- c) any

93. Which of the following is a countable noun?

- a) book
- b) information
- c) sand
- d) water

94. Which of the following is a countable noun?

- a) chair
- b) music
- c) air
- d) oil

95. Which of the following is a countable noun?

- a) flower
- b) music
- c) oil
- d) sand

96.355. Which of the following is an uncountable noun?

- a) rice
- b) car
- c) apple
- d) dog

97. Which of the following is an uncountable noun?

- a) money
- b) pen
- c) dog
- d) book

98. Which of the following is the correct comparative form of the adjective "bad"?

- a) worse
- b) badder
- c) worser
- d) worst

99. Which of the following is the correct comparative form of the adjective "big"?

- a) bigger
- b) biggest
- c) bigly
- d) bigging

100. Which of the following is the correct comparative form of the adjective "far"?

- a) further
- b) farther
- c) more far
- d) furthest

101. Which of the following is the correct comparative form of the adjective "fast"?

- a) faster
- b) fastest
- c) fastly
- d) fasting

102. Which of the following is the correct comparative form of the adjective "funny"?

- a) funnier
- b) funniest
- c) funnily
- d) funnying

103. Which of the following is the correct comparative form of the adjective "good"?

- a) better
- b) gooder
- c) best
- d) well

104. Which of the following is the correct comparative form of the adjective "hot"?

- a) hotter
- b) hottest
- c) hotly
- d) hotting

105. Which of the following is the correct comparative form of the adjective "much"?

- a) more
- b) mucher
- c) most
- d) morer

106. 366. Which of the following is the correct comparative form of the adjective "tall"?

- a) taller
- b) tallest
- c) tallly
- d) talling

107. Which of the following is the correct comparative form of the adjective "little"?

- a) less
- b) littler
- c) lesser
- d) littlest

108. The woman, _____ is my neighbor, has two dogs.

- a) who
- b) whom
- c) whose
- d) that

109. The man, _____ is wearing a green shirt, is my boss.

- a) who
- b) whom
- c) whose
- d) that

110. I don't like coffee, _____ I drink tea instead.

a) so

b) or

c) because

111. My uncle died _____ the war.

A) via B) in C) for

112. The phone rang _____ I was having supper.

A) while B) during C) for D) in

113. I lived in Paris _____ several years.

A) while B) during C) for D) in

114. _____ I was in Paris, I made a lot of friends.

A) While B) During C) For D) In

115. I was in hospital _____ three weeks.

A) while B) during C) for D) in

116. _____ my stay in hospital, the nurses looked after me very

A) While B) During C) For D) In

117. A football match lasts _____ ninety minutes.

A) while B) during C) for D) in

118. I hurt my leg _____ I was playing football yesterday.

A) while B) during C) for D) in

119. I hurt my leg _____ the second half of the match.

A) via B) until C) for D) in

120. Traffic is always bad _____ the rush hour.

A) while B) during C) for

121. Last week I was held up _____ three hours.

A) while B) during C) for D) in

122. Peter came round _____ we were eating.

A) while B) during C) for D) in

123. 403. Peter came round _____ the meal.

A) while B) during C) on D) in

124. It's my birthday _____ next week.
A) at B) in C) on D) -
125. "When?"
"_____ Monday."
A) At B) In C) On D) -
126. _____ when were you born?
A) At B) In C) On D) -
127. _____ 8.00 _____ the morning.
A) At / in B) In / in C) On / in D) - / in
128. I'm meeting Alan _____ this evening.
A) at B) in C) on D) -
129. "What time?"
"_____ six."
A) At B) In C) On D) -
130. What did you do _____ the weekend?
A) at B) in C) with D) -
131. _____ Friday evening we went to a party.
A) At B) In C) On D) -
132. We slept late _____ Saturday morning.
A) at B) in C) on D) -
133. She _____ a uniform.
A) wear B) to wear C) wearing D) wears
134. He _____ his car every weekend.
A) wash B) washes C) washing D) washed
135. Rosemary _____ three languages.
A) speaks B) talks C) tells D) know
136. My dad _____ at 7 o'clock everyday.
A) stands up B) looks up C) gets up D) jumps up
137. Isabel is a flight attendant. She _____ passengers.
A) serve B) to serve C) serves D) serving

138. Their son _____ in this hospital.
A) **works** B) begins C) starts D) likes
139. Jim's a postman. He _____ letters to people.
A) answers B) works C) **delivers** D) serves
140. Jane's a doctor. She _____ ill people.
A) looks at B) speaks to C) **helps** D) serves drinks
141. Bern _____ in a flat in Birmingham.
A) **lives** B) stands C) has D) wants
142. Nancy's uncle is a pilot. He _____ all over the world.
A) goes B) sees C) **travels** D) delivers
143. In winter Sheila _____ skiing and in summer _____ tennis.
A) makes / plays B) **goes / plays**
C) does / plays D) starts / *
144. My friend's son _____ Turkish and English at university.
A) has B) plays C) **studies** D) goes
145. Most of the people _____ work at 8 o'clock every morning.
A) finishes B) goes C) does D) **start**
146. A: _____ does Tony Blair live?
B: In Great Britain.
A) When B) **Where** C) What time D) How
147. _____ does your father do in his free time?
A) Why B) What kind C) How many D) **What**
148. _____ does Andy's little brother play with?
A) **Who** B) Why C) How old D) Where
149. A: _____ does Natalie's nephew do?
B: He's an architect.
A) How B) Whom C) When D) **What**
150. You are _____ me.
A) older B) oldest C) **older than** D) older then
151. New York is _____ Paris.
A) dirty B) **dirtier than** C) the dirtiest D) dirtier

152. Prague is one of the _____ cities in Europe,
A) **most beautiful** B) more beautiful
B) beautiful D) the most beautiful
153. How many children _____ they _____?
A) **have / got** B) have / get
B) does / got D) has / got
154. A country is quieter _____ a city.
A) with B) to C) **than** D) ago
155. The house is 50 meters _____ the sea.
A) to B) by C) for D) **from**
156. She came _____ the garage.
A) out B) of C) **out of** D) up
157. He jumped _____ the lake.
A) into B) to C) **in** D) at
158. He walked _____ the hill.
A) **to** B) at C) out D) up
159. A country is _____ than a city.
A) cheap B) **cheaper** C) cheapest D) more cheaper
160. A city is _____ than the country.
A) the most exciting B) exciting
B) **more exciting** D) excited
161. Your class is _____ than my class.
A) noisy B) noisiest C) **noisier** D) more noisy
162. Life in a country is _____ in a city.
A) slow B) **slower than** C) slower D) slowly
163. Brain's car is _____ in our district.
A) fast B) faster C) **the fastest** D) more fast
164. Paris is _____ Madrid.
A) big than B) bigger C) **bigger than** D) biggest
165. Madrid is much _____.
A) cheap B) **cheaper** C) cheapest D) the cheapest

166. Why did you leave London? You had a _____ job.
A) better B) best C) gooder D) **the best**
167. London _____ got a lot of parks.
A) **has** B) have C) does D) do
168. You are very _____ today. What's up?
A) **sad** B) attractive C) ugly D) thin
169. They bought a _____ house in London. It has more than 12 rooms.
A) small B) cool C) **large** D) heavy
170. Don't worry, be _____!
A) **happy** B) nice C) different D) sorry
171. Mary is John's wife and John is her _____.
A) friend B) **husband** C) relative D) mate
172. 527. If we _____ (finish) work early, we _____ (go) to the cinema.
a) finish / will go
b) finished / will go
c) finish / would go
173. If it _____ (rain) tomorrow, we _____ (stay) at home.
a) **rains** / will stay
b) rained / will stay
c) rains / would stay
174. If we _____ (not hurry), we _____ (miss) the train.
a) don't hurry / will miss
b) didn't hurry / would miss
c) don't hurry / would miss
175. If she _____ (study) hard, she _____ (pass) the exam.
a) studies / will pass
b) studied / will pass
c) studies / would pass
176. If you _____ (not call) me back soon, I _____ (get) worried.
a) don't call / will get

- b) didn't call / would get
- c) don't call / would get

177. If he _____ (be) late again, he _____ (lose) his job.

- a) is / will lose
- b) was / will lose
- c) is / would lose

178. If they _____ (have) time, they _____ (visit) the museum.

- a) have / will visit
- b) had / will visit
- c) have / would visit

179. If I _____ (find) a good job, I _____ (move) to a bigger apartment.

- a) find / will move
- b) found / will move
- c) find / would move

180. If you _____ (exercise) regularly, you _____ (feel) better.

- 181. exercise / will feel
- exercised / will feel
- exercise / would feel

182. If we _____ (book) the tickets in advance, we _____ (get) a discount.

- a) book / will get
- b) booked / will get
- c) book / would get

183. Match the definition to the professions

Painter-> a person who creates paintings or works of art using paint and a canvas or other materials.

Artist-> a person who creates works of art, such as paintings, sculptures, or drawings, using their imagination and creativity.

Dancer-> a person who performs or practices various styles of dance as a form of expression or entertainment.

Poet-> a person who writes poetry, which is a form of literature that uses language and imagery to express emotions, ideas, and experiences.

184. Match the definition to the professions

Composer-> a person who writes music, often for orchestras, choirs, or other musical ensembles.

Novelist-> a person who writes fiction, typically in the form of novels, which are lengthy works of narrative prose.

Inventor-> a person who creates or discovers new devices, products, or processes, often through a process of experimentation and innovation.

Musician-> a person who plays or creates music, often using instruments such as guitars, pianos, or drums.

185. Match the synonyms

complete-> finish

use-> utilize,

find-> discover

186. Match the synonyms

answer-> reply

repeat-> say again

compose-> create

187. Match the synonyms

act-> play

ask-> inquire

answer-> reply

perform-> act, do, execute

188. Match the synonyms

publish-> print, release, issue

escape-> get away, flee, run away

call-> phone, ring, dial

interested in-> fascinated by, curious about, keen on

189. Match the fixed prepositions to the verbs

escape-> from

interested-> in

differ-> from

190. Match the synonyms

events-> gatherings, occasions, functions, happenings
firms-> companies, businesses, enterprises, organizations
clients-> customers, patrons, buyers, consumers

191. Match the synonyms

VIPs-> celebrities, notables, dignitaries, luminaries
relationships-> connections, bonds, ties, associations
customers-> clients, buyers, consumers, patrons

192. Match the synonyms

suppliers-> vendors, providers, sources, distributors
staff-> employees, personnel, team, workforce
law firm-> legal practice, attorney's office, legal agency, law office

193. Match the synonyms

concert-> performance, show, gig, recital
positive-> optimistic, hopeful, affirmative, encouraging
feeling-> emotion, sentiment, sensation, impression

194. Match the synonyms

purpose-> aim, goal, objective, intention
loyalty-> faithfulness, allegiance, devotion, dedication
venue-> location, place, site, setting

195. Match the synonyms

cruise-> voyage, journey, trip, excursion
budget-> financial plan, spending plan, allocation, funds
host-> entertainer, presenter, emcee, master of ceremonies
possibilities-> options, opportunities, potential, chances

196. Match the synonyms

entertain-> amuse, delight, please, make happy
use-> employ, utilize, apply, take advantage of
improve-> enhance, better, upgrade, refine, develop

197. Match the synonyms

invite-> ask, request, summon, call upon, welcome
reinforce-> strengthen, fortify, bolster, support, enhance

feel-> sense, perceive, experience, detect, notice

198. Match the synonyms

ensure-> guarantee, assure, confirm, make sure, secure

vary-> change, alter, modify, diversify, fluctuate

depend-> rely, count, trust, hinge, be based

include-> contain, incorporate, embrace, involve, comprise

199. Match the synonyms

Major-> important, significant, main, primary

Cultural-> artistic, traditional, ethnic, folk, heritage

Corporate-> business, commercial, company, organizational

200. Match the synonyms

Special-> unique, exceptional, particular, extraordinary

Endless-> infinite, limitless, boundless, never-ending

careful-> attentive, watchful

201. Match the definitions

Go over budget-> To exceed the amount of money that has been allocated or planned for a particular project

Hold an event-> To organize and conduct a gathering or occasion for a specific purpose

Book a venue-> To reserve or secure a location for an event or activity

202. Match the definitions

Accept invitation-> To agree to attend an event, gathering, or occasion that has been offered

Ensure the loyalty-> To secure devotion of customers, clients, or employees to a particular brand, company, or cause

Varies from country to country-> something is not the same in different places

203. . My grandfather's watch _____ a present.

a) was

b) were

c) am

d) is

204. _____ those headphones expensive?

a) Were

b) Was

c) Am

d) Is

205. I _____ hungry that morning before yesterday.

a) wasn't

b) weren't

c) am not

d) are not

206. We _____ at Laura's party last night.

a) were

b) was

c) am

d) is

207. The teacher _____ here yesterday.

a) wasn't

b) weren't

c) am not

d) is not

208. 563. _____ you late for work this morning?

Were

Was

Am

Is

209. It _____ really cold last night.

a) was

b) were

c) am

d) is

210. Matt and Alice _____ at the meeting last week.

a) weren't

b) wasn'

- c) am not
- d) are not

211. Form a noun from verb
sing → _____

- a) singer
- b) singor
- c) singist
- d) singian

212. Form a noun from verb

write → _____

- a) writer
- b) writor
- c) writist
- d) writian

213. Form a noun from verb

invent → _____

- a) inventor
- b) inventer
- c) inventist
- d) inventian

214. Form a noun from verb

act → _____

- a) actor
- b) acter
- c) actist
- d) action

215. Form a noun from verb

paint → _____

- a) painter
- b) paintor
- c) paintist

d) paintian

216. Form a noun from verb

direct → _____

a) director

b) directer

c) directist

d) directian

217. Form a noun from verb

compose → _____

a) composer

b) composor

c) composist

d) composian

218. Form a noun from noun that refers to a person

science → _____

a) scientist

b) sciencer

c) scienceor

d) scienceian

219. Form a noun from noun that refers to a person

politics → _____

a) politician

b) politicor

c) politicist

d) politicianian

220. Which adverb is used to indicate 'at the present continuous time'?

a) now

b) always

c) yesterday

221. Match the synonyms

booking -> reservation, appointment, arrangement
pay -> give, transfer, hand over, remit
change -> alter, modify, transform, convert
needed -> required, necessary, essential, demanded

222. Match the synonyms

played -> acted, portrayed, performed, staged
realized -> noticed, recognized, understood, comprehended
phoned -> called, dialed, rang, telephoned

223. Match the synonyms

looked -> searched, scoured, sought, examined
tried -> attempted, endeavored, sought, aimed
saved -> conserved, preserved, rescued, safeguarded

224. Match the second part of the sentence

I travelled by -> bus to my hometown to visit my family.
I booked some tickets -> for the concert next month.
I posted a photo -> online to share my experience with my friends.

225. Match the second part of the sentence

I downloaded a song -> to add to my workout playlist.
I walked more than 5 -> km to get some fresh air and exercise.
I played sport with my -> friends in the park on the weekend.

226. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

a clock that makes a noise to wake you up -> alarm clock
a drug that stops pain -> aspirin
a substance that you use to wash yourself -> soap

227. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

an organization that makes or sells things -> company
the person who tells you what work to do -> boss
someone who buys things from a shop or company -> customer
a person, company, or organization that employs people -> employer

228. 6 Match the words with corresponding definitions:

someone who is paid to work for someone else -> employee

a room where someone works at a desk, or where people work together -> office
the pay you receive from the organization you work for -> salary
money added to someone's wages, especially as a reward for good work -> bonus

229. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

the people who work for an organization -> staff

a piece of work that someone has to do -> task

someone who travels around an area selling their company's products -> sales rep

someone whose job is to design new styles of clothes -> fashion designer

230. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

someone whose job is to give advice about the use of computers -> IT consultant

a reporter for news from abroad -> foreign correspondent

someone whose job is to give advice how to exercise and be fit -> personal trainer

someone whose job is to save people from danger -> rescue worker

231. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

a group of people who have been chosen to work together to do a particular job -> team

the period of time when someone is alive -> life

to be in a difficult situation -> under pressure

how well or ill you are -> health

232. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

something bad or difficult that you have to deal with -> problem

someone who buys things from a shop or company -> customer

someone whose job is to keep records of how much money a business has received and spent -> accountant

someone whose job is to design buildings -> architect

233. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

a man or woman who works in business -> businessman/woman

the most important cook in a restaurant -> chef

someone whose job is to repair electrical equipment -> electrician

someone whose job is to buy and sell houses and land for people -> estate agent

234. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

a woman who works at home doing the cooking, cleaning etc for her family -> housewife

someone whose job is to advise people about the law and speak for them in court -> lawyer

someone who works for one person and helps them do their job -> (PA) personal assistant

someone whose job is to repair water pipes, toilets etc -> plumber

235. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

someone who works at a desk near the entrance of a hotel or other organization, and helps people when they arrive -> receptionist

someone who sells things in a shop -> sales assistant

someone who works or is trained in science -> scientist

a member of the army of a country, especially someone who is not an officer -> soldier

236. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

to search for something -> look for

to go from one place to another, or to several places, especially ones that are far away -> travel around

to leave a place, escape for a while -> get away

to stay in one place because you are expecting a particular thing to come or happen -> wait for

237. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

to think about something that you would like to happen or have -> dream about

to return to a place -> go back

to live or work in a different place -> move to

to use your mind to decide about something, form an opinion, imagine something etc -> think about

238. Match the words with corresponding definitions

a thing or person that everyone knows about -> famous

the crime of deliberately killing someone -> murder

an illegal action -> crime

a building where criminals are kept -> prison

239. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

to achieve what you have been trying to do -> successful

a room or building containing books that you can borrow, and computers that you can use to get information -> library

a shop that sells books -> bookshop

a room in a school or university where students learn with a teacher -> classroom

240. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

a large round vegetable with thick green leaves that you cook and eat -> cabbage

a sweet food that is made by mixing flour, butter, sugar, eggs etc together, and baking it -> cake

a long thin orange vegetable that grows under the ground -> carrot

a farm bird that you keep for its meat and eggs -> chicken

241. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

pain in your back -> backache

if you give a cough, air suddenly comes out of your throat with a short sound, for example because you are ill -> cough

a pain in your head -> headache

painful -> sore

242. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

a drug that makes you feel less pain -> painkiller

if you stop doing something and relax for a while -> rest

pain at the back of your mouth and inside your neck -> sore throat

a common illness which is like a very bad cold -> flu

243. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

to take and use something that belongs to someone else and give it back to them later -> borrow

a list of things that you have bought or that someone has done for you, showing how much you have to pay for them -> bill

money in the form of coins and paper notes -> cash

a small plastic card that you use to buy things and pay for them later -> credit card

244. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

something that belongs to you -> possession

to put money in a bank or buy something in order to get more money back later when you sell it -> invest in

to give an additional amount of money to someone such as a waiter or taxi driver -> tip

245. Match the words with corresponding definitions:

a large boat -> ship

a car with a driver that you pay to drive you somewhere -> taxi

an electric vehicle that moves along the street on metal tracks -> tram

246. Which verb tense is used in the phrase "it's warm outside"?

a) present

- b) past
- c) future
- d) present perfect

247. 719. Choose the correct form of the verb to complete the sentence:
I _____ playing football with my friends on weekends.

- a) love
- b) loves
- c) loving
- d) loved

248. Choose the correct word to fill in the gap:
I'm not a big fan of coffee, but I really like _____.

- a) drinking
- b) to drink
- c) drink
- d) tea

249. I don't allow _____ to take my calculator.

- a) anybody
- b) nobody
- c) nothing
- d) not anybody

250. This man is never afraid of _____.

- a) anything
- b) nothing
- c) everything
- d) something

251. Can you hear _____?

- a) anything
- b) something
- c) nothing
- d) not anything

252. They _____ late yesterday, ...?

- a) returned/didn't they
- b) return/don't they

- c) returns/doesn't he
- d) returned/are they

253. People usually _____ at home Christmas – time, and _____ the day with their families.

- a) stay/spend
- b) is staying/was spending
- c) had stayed/spent
- d) stayed/spent

254. We _____ to the Institute every day.

- a) go
- b) goes
- c) went
- d) shall go

255. Next summer students _____ at the factory.

- a) will work
- b) works
- c) work
- d) worked

256. The boys _____ football yesterday.

- a) played
- b) plays
- c) play
- d) shall play

257. _____ students study mathematics every day?

- a) do
- b) does
- c) did
- d) shall

258. _____ you _____ engineers next year?

- a) will/become
- b) do/ become
- c) do/ became
- d) shall/ become

259. They _____ for us near the door.

- a) are waiting
- b) waits
- c) is waiting
- d) am waiting

260. What _____ in the room now?

- a) are they doing
- b) they are doing
- c) they do
- d) will they do

261. I'm busy now. I _____ to the radio.

- a) am listening
- b) listen
- c) am listen
- d) listening

262. They _____ the TV when I came in.

- a) were watching
- b) watched
- c) have watched
- d) watch

263. When I phoned she _____ a bath.

- a) was having
- b) had
- c) was have
- d) has

264. What language _____ at the moment?

- a) is she speaking
- b) she is speaking
- c) does she speak
- d) she speaks

265. Mum is in the kitchen. She _____ a cake.

- a) is making
- b) makes
- c) make
- d) making

266. At the moment we _____ over the capital of our country.

- a) are flying
- b) is flying
- c) flies
- d) fly

267. Where is Jim? – He _____ in the garden.

- a) worked
- b) works
- c) work
- d) is working

268. I remember he _____ when I _____ him.

- a) was crying/saw
- b) was crying/was seeing
- c) cried/saw
- d) cried/was seeing

269. What is this water for? – I _____ my car in the garage.

- a) washed
- b) wash
- c) was washing
- d) am going to wash

270. We _____ our English exam from 1 to 3 tomorrow.

- a) will be taking
- b) will have taken
- c) take
- d) took

271. Mary and Ann _____ still _____ for you outside a telephone box.

- a) are/waiting
- b) was/waiting

- c) were/waiting
- d) had/waited

272. He _____ for you at 7 in the evening next Sunday.

- a) will be waiting
- b) was waiting
- c) were waiting
- d) have waited

273. We can go out now. It ...

- a) isn't raining
- b) don't rain
- c) rains
- d) has rained

274. _____ the weather good when you _____ tennis?

- a) is/played
- b) was/were playing
- c) will be/played
- d) is/will be playing

275. They _____ a new plan now.

- a) are discussing
- b) discuss
- c) discussed
- d) will discuss

276. Nodira _____ her lessons when we _____ to see her.

- a) is preparing/come
- b) prepared/came
- c) was preparing/came
- d) will prepare/came

277. At the end of May the students _____ for their examinations.

- a) will be preparing
- b) prepare
- c) will prepare
- d) prepared

278. Who _____ to the right of you?

- a) is sitting
- b) are sitting
- c) sat
- d) were sitting

279. What lesson _____ you _____ now?

- a) are/having
- b) do/have
- c) did/have
- d) were/having

280. They _____ the subject when I _____ them.

- a) were studying/joined
- b) study/join
- c) studied/joined
- d) studies/join

281. Last year in June they _____ a tunnel through the mountain.

- a) were constructing
- b) constructed
- c) was constructing
- d) constructs

282. Look at the child. He _____ a basket full of plums.

- a) is carrying
- b) carries
- c) will carry
- d) has carried

283. Mary _____ the flowers when I _____ her.

- a) was watering/saw
- b) watered/saw
- c) watered/had seen
- d) waters/have seen

284. We _____ this question tomorrow morning.

- a) will be discussing
- b) discuss

- c) discussed
- d) are discussing

285. I _____ dinner when you _____ me up.

- a) was having/rang
- b) had dinner/ring
- c) have dinner/ring
- d) has dinner/ring

286. He didn't take many clothes with _____ – only a few skirts.

- a) him
- b) them
- c) his
- d) your

287. They invited me to stay with _____ in _____ hotel.

- a) them/their
- b) they/their
- c) us/my
- d) me/my

288. I see _____ on the table.

- a) something
- b) somewhere
- c) anywhere
- d) anything

289. Is that _____ ticket or _____ ?

- a) your/mine
- b) his/my
- c) her/their
- d) your/our

290. _____ hair is darker than _____ .

- a) her/mine
- b) my/her
- c) his/her
- d) your/my

291. Look! _____ is knocking at our door.

- a) somebody
- b) somewhere
- c) anywhere
- d) anything

292. Is there _____ milk in the glass?

Yes, there is _____ .

- a) any/some
- b) any/no
- c) some/much
- d) any/many

293. Is _____ absent today? No, _____ is present.

- a) anybody/everybody
- b) somebody/anybody
- c) everybody/nobody
- d) anyone/somebody

294. – Do you know that man?

- Yes, I know _____ but I can't remember _____
name.

- a) this/that
- b) you/your
- c) him/his
- d) her/his

295. _____ is that man in green suit? I don't know _____ .

- a) who/him
- b) what/him
- c) who/his
- d) what/his

296. We didn't want _____ to find it out.

- a) her
- b) hers
- c) herself
- d) she

297. Are you sure this is _____ umbrella and not _____ ?

- a) your/mine
- b) yours/mine
- c) yours/my
- d) your/my

298. Fill in the blank: Are _____ apples in the basket?

- a) there any
- b) there some
- c) there is

299. Fill in the blank: _____ a book on the table.

- a) There is
- b) There are
- c) There was

300. Fill in the blank: Are _____ pencils in the box?

- a) there any
- b) there some
- c) there is

301. Fill in the blank: _____ a big tree in the park.

- a) There is
- b) There are
- c) There was

302. Fill in the blank: Are _____ chairs in the room?

- a) there any
- b) there some
- c) there is

303. Fill in the blank: _____ a movie on TV tonight?

- a) Is there
- b) Are there
- c) There is

304. Fill in the blank: Are _____ birds in the sky?

- a) there any
- b) there some
- c) there is

305. Fill in the blank: ____ a lot of people at the party.

- a) There are
- b) There is
- c) There was

306. Fill in the blank: Are ____ flowers in the vase?

- a) there any
- b) there some
- c) there is

307. Match the words to their meaning

Going back to work-> returning to a job after a period of absence.

Getting up early-> waking up at an early hour, usually in the morning.

Morning-> the period of time between midnight and noon.

Tube-> the underground railway system in London.

308. Match the synonyms for the words/phrases

love -> adore, cherish, enjoy

outside -> outdoors, exterior

winter -> chilly season, cold season

Saturday -> last day of the week

309. Match the synonyms for the words/phrases

mornings -> early hours, a.m.

Friday evenings -> end of the week

Monday -> first day of the week

310. Match the antonyms for the words

hot->cold

happy->sad

fast->slow

light->dark

311. Match the antonyms for the words

big->small
up->down
good->bad
old->young

312. Match the antonyms for the words

rich->poor
day->night
give->take
love->hate

313. Match the antonyms for the words

hard->easy
success->failure
alive->dead
thick->thin

314. Match the antonyms for the words

deep->shallow
sweet->sour
near->far

315. Read about Michael and his problems, then answer the True/False questions

Michael works in a restaurant in the centre of Madrid, Spain. He goes to work at 5pm, but yesterday at 5pm, he wasn't on the bus, he was in a taxi going to the hospital. He was very sick! Usually, he works in the kitchen all evening, but yesterday he wasn't in the kitchen. He was in the X-ray department of the hospital because the doctors were worried about his stomach pains.

He goes to work in the restaurant by bus. **T/F**

316. In my job I meet a lot of interesting people. People like talking to me. They don't just want a hot dog, they want a conversation. It's great working at night. It's never hot, people are relaxed and they're very hungry. Some nights I sell over 300 hot dogs. I have one customer, Hector - he's a taxi driver; he eats ten hot dogs every night. People want more than just a hot dog; they want to talk. **True/** False

317. 1 When I think of the 1960s I think of family. We always did things together. We were a big family with three of us boys and five girls. At the

weekend we played football or other games and we often went for walks. Sometimes we went to the theatre in town and watch a play. The important thing was that we were together. We always worked as a team and occasionally went to the local theater to see a play. **True**/ False

318. It's an item of clothing many of us wear every day and it's often the only thing we wear on the top half of our body. After its introduction over 100 years ago as underwear for American soldiers, the T-shirt is now one of the most common items of clothing. The T-shirt was first worn by American troops over a century ago. **True**/ False

319. T-shirts - you name it! T-shirts are popular because they are more than just clothes people can express themselves wearing T-shirts. A slogan on the front of your T-shirt can show people what you believe in; a T-shirt with your favorite band's logo can show people what kind of music you like; you can even wear your favorite photos by printing them on a T-shirt. T-shirts have a logo. **TRUE**/ FALSE

320. I spend a lot of time with my son. I want him to learn about hard work and good values, and I want to be an example for him. My husband is away a lot, but we speak on the phone every day. I think one reason why I am successful in my professional life is because he isn't at home all the time! My husband is often at home and example for my son. True or **False**

321. 1409. Guess whether the statement true or false
I play the piano for an hour every day, late at night. I think it helps me with my operations - it's technical in the same way. I also go to the hairdresser twice a week. I do a lot of my research there! They turn the music off for me and I use the time to read all my academic papers. Playing the piano helps me with operations. **True** or False

322. I often do two operations a day, and I also have lectures and more meetings. At home, I have dinner with my son. Between 9.30 and 11.30 p.m., I do research and I watch the news on TV. One or two nights a week I'm on call, so I probably need to do operations during the night. I often work at weekends, too. But that's OK. I think I have a fantastic life because I love my work. I work only on weekdays. True **/False**

323. I_____ a student of English.

a) are b) is c) **am** d) aren't

324. Tim and Sue_____ teachers.

a) **are** b) is c) isn't d) aren't

325. _____'s your first name?

a) Who b) **What** c) How d) Where

326. Those are your books and_____ are mine.

a) **these** b) this c) it d) that

327. I love music but I_____ like TV.

a) do b) does c) **don't** d) doesn't

328. 1419. _____ she like sport?

a) Do b) **Does** c) Is d) Don't

329. When_____ have lunch?

a) is he b) he's c) do he d) **does he**

330. Do you like_____ DVDs?

a) watch b) **watching** c) watches d) to watching

331. What_____ your father look like?

a) is b) do c) are d) **does**

332. How many children_____ got?

a) they've b) **have they** c) they d) do they

333. She_____ jeans to work.

a) wears usually b) is usually wearing
c) **usually wears** d) is wearing usually

334. _____ two armchairs and a sofa in the living room.

- a) It's b) **There are** c) There have d) There's

335. There aren't _____ wardrobes in the main bedroom.

- a) **any** b) some c) the d) a

336. _____ does that jacket cost?

- a) How often b) How long c) How many d) **How much**

337. _____ did you leave your job?

- a) Where b) What c) **Why** d) Which

338. Arrange the words to make affirmative sentences. Place time expressions at the end of the sentences.

339. // I → will / go/ home/ now

340. **We will give him the present tomorrow** →

341. **We met her at the station last night** →

342. was / last week / he / in hospital →

343. in Greece / spend / I / will / next year / my holiday →

344. must / at five o'clock / leave / we / the house →

345. the library / take / I / the book / will / today / to →

346. my mum / breakfast / in the morning / made →

347. tonight / want / to the cinema / to go / we →

348. wrote / last week / they / at school / a test →

349. Put expressions of time and place at the end of the sentence.

350. leave / seven / in / must / at / the / we / house / o'clock / morning / the

351. usually / on / her / she / grandparents / Saturday / visits / afternoon

352. in / cinema / they / the / yesterday / of / met / o'clock / front / eight / at
353. homework / with / couldn't / the / he / English / her / help
354. had / wasn't / yesterday / a / my / school / because / she / cold / at / sister
355. the / and / to / disco / movies / went / then / a / we / to
356. usually / tennis / times / week / parents / three / play / a / my
357. half / during / always / at / to / have / I / up / week / past / get / the / six
358. news / them / we / the / afternoon / tell / tomorrow / will
359. still / them / and / found / the / dad / keys / hasn't / lost
360. always / the / Sunday / make / on / they / breakfast
361. friends / plays / the / with / she / her / in / often / park
362. bed / makes / he / his / never
363. sometimes / on / play / we / Sunday / cards
364. hardly / the / watch / they / TV / afternoon / ever / in
365. o'clock / always / up / I / at / get / seven
366. have / lunch / fish / seldom / for / we
367. reads / sister / the / my / newspaper / often
368. weekends / usually / boys / football / the / at / play

Write down the sentences into correct order.

369. is / near / school / There / new / a / our / cinema
370. got / my / problem / I / with / have / homework / a
371. when / can / help / she / thinks / problem / we / Mary / has / her / a
372. well / think / your / very / I / don't / father / drives
373. to / we / On / a / restaurant / sometimes / Sundays / go
374. circus / went / with / we / ago, / the / Two / my / to / parents / months
375. did / very / The / trick / well / magician / his
376. after / Jim / sister / Mother / look / asked / his / to / younger
377. her / Cindy / you / I / found / Can / tell / that / have / necklace
378. way / on / bike / Mike / on / is / his / to / his / school
379. o'clock / by / are / sure / make / you / eight / here
380. Ireland / liked / much / in / was / month / very / I / and / last / there / it / I
381. arrested / murder / man / the / who / a / of / was / police / guilty
382. George / bus / morning / work / the / every / to / takes
383. news, / phoned / immediately / When / I / heard / her / the / I
384. shopping / Monday / open / mall / next / will / the / new
385. minutes / name / remembered / after / her / few / I / a
386. tried / before / you / this / Have / ever

387. days / going / for / Boston / week / to / I'm / few / next / a
388. see / party / you / Tom's / Friday / didn't / at / last / I
389. alarm / immediately / got / rang, / the / of / the / When / bed /
out / I
390. were / while / couldn't / find / for / We / for / but / looking / a /
it / it

391. Michael Palin has travelled all over the world several times but he has lived in the same house in London since 1968.

1 Michael Palin has never moved house.

a) True b) **False**

392. Some of you might remember him from the Monty Python films he acted in between 1969 and 1983, but in 1989, Michael started doing TV travel programmes for the BBC. He's now more famous for his travel books and DVDs than for his acting.

2 He acted in the first Monty Python film in 1989.

a) True b) **False**

393. His first series *Around the World in 80 days* followed the same route as the Jules Verne novel of the same name. And like Phileas Fogg, the hero of the book, Michael didn't get on a plane.

3 He travelled around the world in 80 days by plane.

a) True b) **False**

394. His programmes have taken Michael from the North to the South Pole, around the Pacific Ocean, across the Sahara desert, up into the Himalayas and through Eastern Europe.

4 When he was in India, he met the Dalai Lama.

a) True b) **False**

395. He has had breakfast in Alaska, Sunday lunch at 5,000 metres on Mount Everest, and slept in a tent in Antarctica. He's met the Dalai Lama in India, done Tai Chi in Shanghai and driven one of the last steam trains in Poland.

There are three steam trains in Poland.

a) True b) False

396. It's hard to believe that Michael Palin hasn't been everywhere, but there are still places he would like to visit: Syria, Georgia, Brazil, Argentina – the list goes on. He hasn't got any plans for another TV series at the moment – but I'm sure it won't be long before he's off on his travels again.

Michael is going to do another TV series in May.

a) True b) False c) Doesn't say

397. Write the correct word next to the definition.

398. It's very hot in this place. d e s e r t

399. There are thousands of trees. f o r e s t

400. You can buy fruit and vegetables here. m a r k e t

401. You can often swim outdoors here. l a k e

402. People like climbing these. m o u n t a i n

403. It's smaller than a town. v i l l a g e

404. You can only walk on these roads, not drive. p e d e s t r i a n s t r e e t

405. Not safe. d a n g e r o u s

406. . Hi, how are you?

a) I'm Bruno.

b) Great, thanks.

c) And you?

407. Can I have an orange juice, please?

a) Thank you.

b) Yes, here you are.

c) How much is it?

408. Thank you. Have a good day!

a) No problem.

- b) Of course.
- c) Thanks. You too.

409. What time does it open?

- a) On three.
- b) Nice to meet you.
- c) At nine.

410. How about going to the cinema tomorrow?

- a) See you there.
- b) Oh, what time does it start?
- c) Sounds good. What's on?

411. Can I help you?

- a) Here you are.
- b) No, thanks. I'm just looking.
- c) What size are you?

412. Could you repeat that, please?

- a) Yes, of course.
- b) No, thanks.
- c) Yes, please.

413. Where's the film on?

- a) At 6.30.
- b) It's £6.50.
- c) At the ABC.

414. Matthew: I'm a clothes designer and a businessman. I make clothes and sell them on the internet.

1 Matthew designs clothes. **T** / F

415. I love making clothes and selling them! My friends like my clothes and now I make and sell them to other people. They like them, too.

That's really important to me.

He sells his clothes in a shop. **T** / **F**

People like buying his clothes. **T** / **F**

416. I work for 12 hours every day Monday to Friday – and I never have a holiday!

He takes a holiday every summer. **T / F**

417. I get up at 6 and go running. I start work at 8a.m and leave at 8 in the evening!

He works eight hours a day. **T / F**

418. I don't have much free time! But I always listen to music when I work. I love it. I like listening to new bands – but I hate rock music. I spend all my free time with my family. I've got two wonderful daughters. They give me a lot of ideas for my clothes!

He hates new bands. **T / F**

419. He's got two children. **T / F**

420. Test for writing. Write the correct form of jumbled words. All letters must be in small.

Don't use any punctuation marks!

421. Let's take some sandwiches. I always get very hungry (grnyhu) after a walk.

422. It rained a lot and I got very _____ (wet).

423. It hurt when I got _____ (stung) by a bee.

424. I need a map. I don't want to get _____ (lost).

425. She got _____ (sunburnt) on the beach.

426. Let's not go for a long walk. Grandad gets _____ (tired) very quickly these days.

427. Why don't we drink some water? We won't get _____ (thirsty) then.

428. Can you open the window? It's getting really _____ (hot) in here.

429. Write the correct form of the verb "go-went" in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don't use any punctuation mark

430. Write the correct form of the verb "come-came" in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don't use any punctuation mark

431. Write the correct form of the verb "sit-sat" in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don't use any punctuation mark

432. Write the correct form of the verb “put-put” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
433. Write the correct form of the verb “run-ran” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
434. Write the correct form of the verb “leave-left” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
435. Write the correct form of the verb “spend-spent” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
436. Write the correct form of the verb “see-saw” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
437. Write the correct form of the verb “feel-felt” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
438. Write the correct form of the verb “fly-flew” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
439. Write the correct form of the verb “try-tried” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
440. Write the correct form of the verb “pass-pass” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
441. Write the correct form of the verb “sing-sang” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
442. Write the correct form of the verb “study-studied” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
443. Write the correct form of the verb “like-liked” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
444. Write the correct form of the verb “find-found” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
445. Write the correct form of the verb “buy-bought” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
446. Write the correct form of the verb “sell-sold” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
447. Write the correct form of the verb “sleep-slept” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
448. Write the correct form of the verb “may-might” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
449. Write the correct form of the verb “must-had to” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
450. Write the correct form of the verb “can-could” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
451. Write the correct form of the verb “move-moved” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
452. Write the correct form of the verb “am-was” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
453. Write the correct form of the verb “do-did” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark

454. Write the correct form of the verb “cut-cut” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
455. Write the correct form of the verb “have-had” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
456. Write the correct form of the verb “swim-swam” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
457. Write the correct form of the verb “wash-washed” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark
458. Write the correct form of the verb “say-said” in past simple. All words must be in small letters. Don’t use any punctuation mark

459. six, seven, _____, nine, ten
a) three b) twelve c) eight d) five
460. “What's your _____?” – “I'm American.”
a) name b) nationality c) country d) home
461. “What _____ is it?” – “It's half past two.”
a) time b) hour c) day d) old
462. Sunday, Monday, _____, Wednesday
a) Saturday b) Thursday c) Tuesday d) Friday
463. March, _____, May, June, July
a) April b) January c) August d) November
464. He's got a _____ and two sisters.
a) father b) brother c) family d) friend
465. My favourite _____ is dinner.
a) lunch b) drink c) food d) meal
466. We've got two _____: a son and a daughter.
a) parents b) people c) children d) friends
467. I'd like a _____ of coffee, please.
a) cup b) glass c) plate d) bottle
468. He's _____ the newspaper.
a) reading b) watching c) listening d) seeing
469. September is my favourite _____.
a) year b) autumn c) month d) season
470. “How old is your _____?” – “She's thirteen.”

a) brother b) son c) boyfriend d) **sister**

471. I always have a big _____ in the morning.

a) lunch b) **breakfast** c) dinner d) supper

472. Those are very nice _____. Where did you buy them?

a) shirt b) dress c) **trousers** d) handbag

473. "What does he look like?" – "He's quite tall and he's got short, dark _____."

a) glasses b) eyes c) head d) **hair**

474. "Where can I buy some envelopes?" – "At the _____."

a) baker's b) newsagent's c) **library** d) grocer's

475. "What was the _____ like in Vienna?" – "It was cold and cloudy."

a) time b) **weather** c) cold d) temperature

476. I've got a new dishwasher and a fridge in my _____.

a) bathroom b) study c) office d) **kitchen**

477. It's very _____ in here. I can't hear anything.

a) **noisy** b) quiet c) exciting d) clean

478. Complete the phrases with the correct preposition.

1 wait _ For _ a bus

2 argue _ with _ a friend

3 dream _ about _ an old house

479. Complete the phrases with the correct preposition.

4 play with _ friends

5 speak _ to _ your teacher

6 think _ About _ something

490. His father is **a/an** _____. He works for New York Times.

A) **journalist** B) actor C) writer D) scientist

491. English will be very _____ for you in the future.

A) harm B) horrible C) **useful** D) nonsense

492. Between what _____ is education compulsory?

A) years B) periods C) **ages** D) times

493. What are the _____ of your exam?

A) reasons B) finals C) **results** D) ends

494. I _____ 200\$ a week from my job.

A) takes B) **earn** C) pay D) borrow

495. If you have financial difficulties, I can _____ you some money.

A) **lend** B) borrow C) rent D) pay

496. Why don't you _____ a bank account?

A) make B) **open** C) do D) pay

497. I don't like to be in _____.

A) owe B) borrow C) lend D) **debt**

498. She earns a lot of money. She is very _____.

A) cruel B) tolerant C) **well-off** D) large

499. He can't _____ luxuries. He is poor.

A) stay B) make C) **afford**

500. I will have to get a (an) _____ job in the evenings.

A) plus B) **extra** C) high D) further